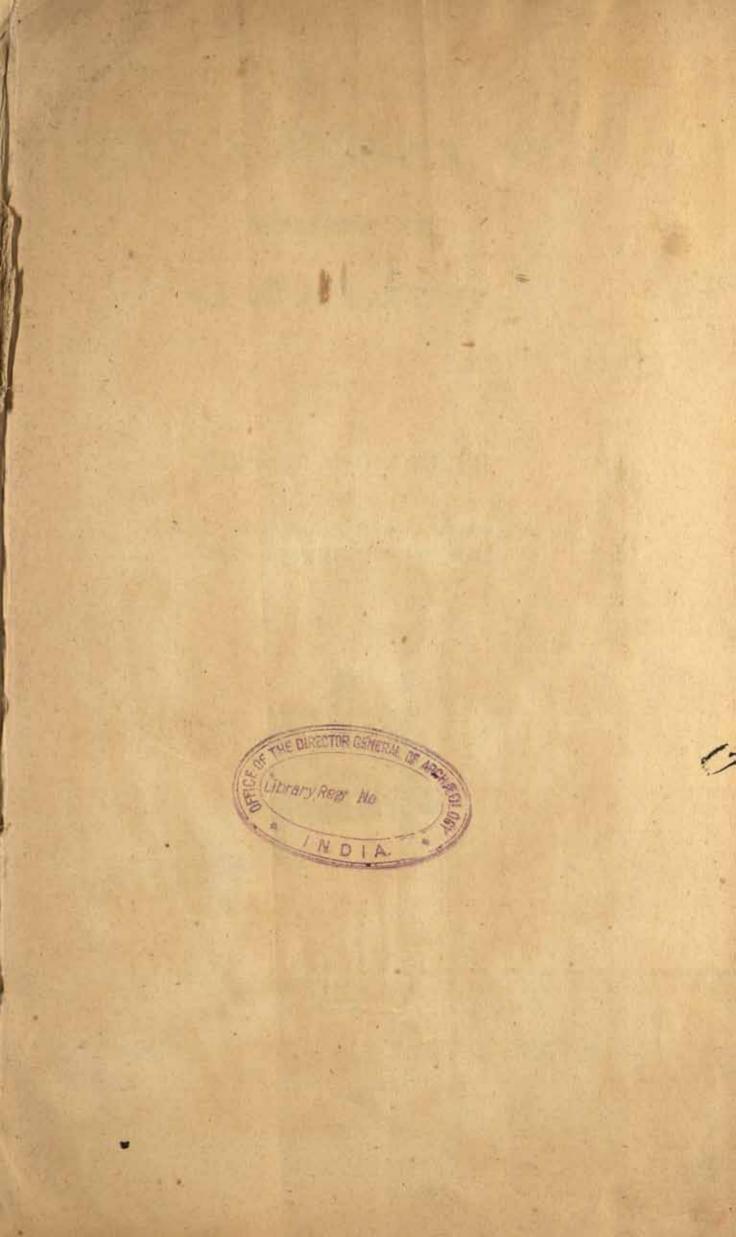
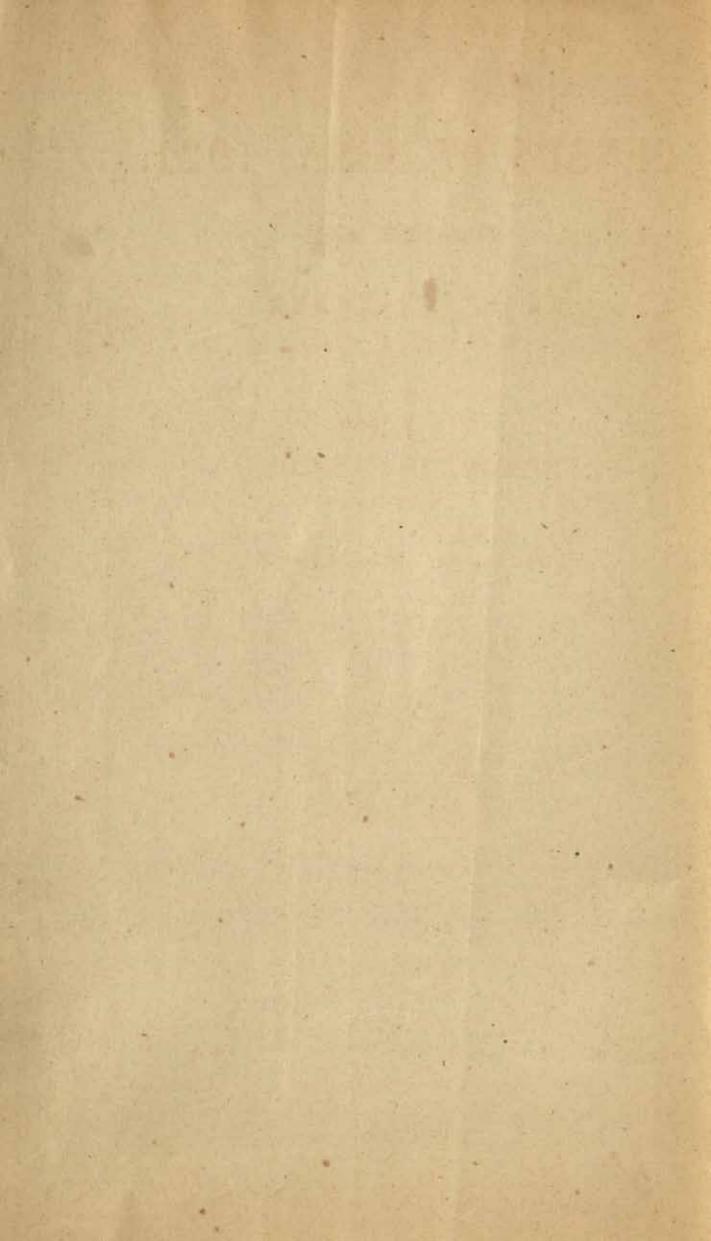
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# CENSUS OF INDIA, 1921.

VOLUME XX.

GWALIOR.

31087

REPORT AND TABLES

BY

JANAKI NATH DATTA, B. A., SABHA BHUSHAN CENSUS COMMISSIONER, GWALIOR STATE.



312.0954 C.I. (21)

> GWALIOR: ALIJAH DARBAR PRESS, 1922.

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#### INTRODUCTION.

HE fifth decennial Census of the dominions of Lt.-General His Highness
Maharaja Sir Madhav Rao Scindia, G.C.S.I., etc., was taken on the
night of the 18th March 1921, between 7 P. M. and midnight.

2. The dates of previous enumerations are given in the inset table. All

1881 1891		12	17th 26th	February. February.
1901	***		1st 10th	March.

these four enumerations have been synchronous with those of British India, with the only exception of the wild tracts inhabited largely by primitive tribes such

as Bhils, etc. In the present Census, however, the enumeration was synchronous throughout the State without an exception.

- 3. In the first two enumerations, an abridged form of the British India Schedule was used and information was collected only under the following heads:—
  - (1) Name (2) Sex (3) Age (4) Religion (5) Caste (6) Birthplace (7) Occupation. The British India Schedule containing other particulars such as Education, Civil Condition, Infirmities, etc., was used only for the enumeration of Cantonments, Agency Headquarters, of the Railway population and of European residents, in the State, Since 1901, an uniform Schedule, the British India Schedule of 16 columns, has been adopted throughout.
- 4. It was only in 1901 that all the operations connected with Census were done by the State agency. In other previous Censuses the preliminary operations of enumeration only were carried out by the State, while the subsequent ones of Abstraction, Tabulation, etc., were done at Indore under the direction of the Provincial Superintendent of Census Operations, Central India Agency, the Darbar paying the charges on each occasion for them. The results of the enumerations have, however, been embodied in separate reports with separate Tables for the State although the figures for Gwalior have, at the same time, been shown in the Central India Report together with those of the other States of Central India Agency. In 1901 only, the Gwalior Volume was classified among the Imperial Series.
- 5. The present Census of Gwalior has some important features distinct from the past ones. It was for the first time that the Gwalior Census was conducted independently of the Census Superintendent for Central India. The next feature of it was the direct enumeration by the State agency of the 37 heretofore called guaranteed Estates which have since 19th March 1921 merged into the parent State of Gwalior and the Censuses of which up to 1911 were carried on under the supervision of the Political authorities of Central India. Gwalior has now been reckoned as a separate Provincial unit isolated from Central India, its volume being 20th in number in the all-India Series. The enumeration, of the foreign Railways passing through the State, by the Darbar Census Commissioner was also a new aspect of the present Census.
- 6. In anticipation of the present Census, the Darbar thoughtfully passed a Census Manual containing general instructions for correct enumeration.

The Manual not only authorised the Darbar Census Commissioner to enlist the services of any servant or subject of the State, but also nominated certain Revenue, Judicial, Municipal and Military officers to be ex-officio Charge Superintendents. The Manual was, therefore, an instrument of power and facilitated the Census work a good deal.

7. As provided in the Manual, the Darbar appointed a whole-time Census Commissioner with two whole-time Assistants, one for each Prant, in the present Census unlike those of 1901 and 1911 when the Inspector-General of Education worked as Census Commissioner, in addition to his own duties. This increased the expenditure no doubt but secured greater efficiency.

The Census Office at Headquarters was opened on the 1st of January 1920 and that of Malwa shortly afterwards.

8. Complete details of the procedure adopted for taking the Census will be given in the volume dealing with the administration of the Census. It will be sufficient here to give a brief account of the main operations connected with it.

The villages and towns were divided into convenient blocks each containing 40 to 50 houses in charge of an enumerator, the blocks were grouped into circles, each circle containing from 10 to 15 blocks and placed in charge of a Supervisor. The charges which generally corresponded with a Pargana or Tehsil, a Jagir holding, a Municipal town or a Military Cantonment were usually placed under a Tehsildar, a Pargana Judicial Officer, a Kamdar or a Chairman of Municipal Board or a Secretary of the same. No Railway station being big enough to be treated as a Charge, all the Railway stations and Settlements were included in their corresponding civil charges. For Railway enumeration, Circle Supervisors and enumerators were appointed from the Railway Staff and were timely supplied with Manuals rendered into English and other instructions. In big towns such as Lashkar, Ujjain, etc., the Charge Superintendents were given one or more Assistants to push on the preliminary operations. Extensive Tehsils were split up into two or more charges. The Darbar Census Manual containing general instructions in Hindi for correct enumeration and necessary circulars and letters amplifying and illustrating the same in the light of the Imperial Census Code were issued to all Charge Superintendents from the Head Office. Special arrangements in accordance with instructions issued by the Census Commissioner for India were made for the enumeration of travellers, passengers in train, religious congregations and other floating population. Industrial Schedules A and B were issued for the Census of Industrial concerns of the State employing ten or more persons,

The house numbering was begun about the 1st of October 1920 at the earliest and finished by the middle of November at the latest. The definition of a house in the Imperial Code was clearly explained in the State Manual and illustrated by diagrams. Each house was given a separate number and the numbering ran in consecutive series generally for a circle but sometimes for a whole village, a town or a military station. commencement and at the termination of a circle, three numbers were given to a house, showing the circle, block and house. The commencement of a block The top number denoted the Circle, the middle the Block and the bottom the House. For the intermediate houses, only the house number, i. e., the lowest number was given.

10. Before the commencement of the preliminary enumeration which began on the 15th of January in villages and on the 15th February 1921 in towns, the enumerator was supplied with all possible instructions for writing up the entries of persons found in the houses of his block. A good number of enumerators was adequately trained in the work of enumeration by the Assistant Census Commissioners, who, on their part, received necessary instructions for the successive stages of Census Operations at the Training Class at Sehore started by Lt.-Col. Luard, the Provincial Superintendent of Census Operations, Central India, who in the beginning had supervisional jurisdiction over Gwalior. The enumerators besides being trained were furnished with complete instructions dealing with the procedure to be followed in the successive stages of enumeration and the special instructions to be carefully attended to, in addition to those in the Darbar Manual. records were not only checked by the Supervisors and Superintendents but the Assistant Census Commissioners who were all along on tour during the preliminary enumeration, checked and corrected any discrepancy that came to their notice during inspection.

To ensure accuracy in the Census the touring officers of the State were requested to communicate to me any error, omission or negligence on the part of the Census Staff that would come to their notice. Babu Umrao Behari Mathur, Naib Suba, Bhilsa, and Munshi Janki Prasad, Deputy Director, Cooperative Banks, were the only officers that complied with my request for which my warm thanks are due to them. I myself was on inspection tour to important places.

On the night of the 18th of March 1921 the enumerator went round his block and brought his record up to date by striking out the names of persons who had died or left the block, filling in entries for fresh arrivals and newly-born infants.

11. On the morning of the 19th March 1921 the enumerators of the various blocks met the Circle Supervisor at a place previously arranged and prepared the first totals of their blocks, showing the number of occupied houses, males, females and total population for each block. The Supervisor checked these and combined the block totals into a circle total and sent those on to the Charge Superintendent who repeated the operation for his charge and telegraphed the charge total to the Census Commissioner, Gwalior State,

The total for the whole State was telegraphed to the Census Commissioner for India on the 23rd March 1921. The final total varied from the preliminary figures by '2 per mille or '02 per cent, as against '1 per cent. of 1911. The provisional total was less than the final total by 867.

- 12. As in the last Census, we met with no objection or opposition from the public in carrying out our enumeration. Even the most backward and wild classes readily replied to what was asked of them.
- 13. After the Provisional totals were despatched, the Enumeration Books for all charges were packed by charges for the subsequent purposes of Abstraction, Tabulation and Compilation to the Central Office at Lashkar. These books were checked with Circle and Charge Summaries and made over to the Record-keeper to be arranged by Pargana and stacked. For the Military Cantonments under the British Government censussed by their own

Provincial Total.

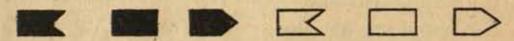
Abstraction

agency no enumeration books were received, only the results of the enumeration in the form of the prescribed Imperial Tables were supplied to my office.

The Code of Instruction for copying on slips the particulars of each person enumerated, for sorting the written up slips and tabulating and compiling the results was issued by the Census Commissioner for India in a separate volume, the Imperial Code, Part II. This was followed in all the processes and no extra Manual or Code was issued by the State. Three branches were started for slip-copying in different parts of the town in addition to the 12 gangs of Abstraction Staff located in the halls of the Central Office (Jal Mahal).

The system of posting entries in slips from the Schedules was, the same as in 1911 and differed from 1901 in this, that one slip was used for each person instead of two written up in 1901. The size of the slip was  $4\frac{1}{2}" \times 2"$  and the number of the columns of the schedule were printed in Hindi and English on one side only. Religion was indicated by the colour, while sex and civil condition by symbols printed on the slips as below:—

Male Male Female Female Female unmarried, married, widowed, unmarried, married, widowed.



Five colours were used to denote the five main religions and green was to indicate "other religions." The other religions were Arya, Jew, Sikh, Parsi, etc. The name of each of these minor religions was written on the right hand top corner of the slip.

14. The information collected in Industrial schedules was copied on two slips, one containing the information in Schedule A and the other the entries in Schedule B. The two slips were distinguished from each other by size and colour, white being used for Slip A and Badami for B. Slips of Badami colour were used both for skilled and unskilled labourers, the industrial concerns being very few in number in the State. The Slip A was of the size 6" × 3" while Slip B of 4½" × 3".

For the preparation of Subsidiary Table IX of the Occupation Chapter, special statistics were collected for Railways, the Irrigation, Postal and Telegraph Departments on forms recommended by the Census Commissioner for India.

The Abstraction office was started in the second week of April and the process was completed by the 3rd July, 1921. The number of copyists rose from 98 to about 300. The average outturn of each copyist was 144. The maximum outturn 166 was reached in the 10th week of the abstraction work when the number of copyists was 351.

The slips for Infirmities were written up separately as well as the entries in the Industrial Schedules.

15. After Abstraction the operation of sorting was taken in hand on the 4th July, 1921. Before the slips were given to sorters, they were checked with 'A Registers' compiled by the Supervisors and any error found was corrected. The process of sorting was done by Parganas. For sorting and compilation Lashkar City was treated as a separate unit, so the 39 Parganas of the State together with Lashkar City made up 40 units altogether.

Tabulation and

Industrial Schedule,

THE PLANE

The first six Tables needed no sorting, for, the 'A Register' of the Supervisors gave the figures direct. Sorting was done from Table VII onwards. Sorting for tables on caste, birthplace and occupation was reserved for the compilation stage, to be done by more efficient and experienced men as the sorters were not expected to correctly classify the slips for these tables. Weekly progress Reports for sorting in the form prescribed by the Census Commissioner for India were regularly submitted to the latter.

The work of compilation went on pari pasu with sorting, but the regular compilation office commenced running from the 1st of December 1921 when the sorting process was altogether finished, and continued till the middle of April, 1922. For compilation work most of the Supervisors and Assistant Supervisors who were engaged in Abstraction and sorting were retained. In the last Census, each of the first six Tables had three divisions; in the first division the figures for the then State proper were shown by Parganas, in the second were placed those of the guaranteed or mediatised holdings and in the third or last division were the figures of British Cantonments shown separately. The figures for the heretofore called guaranteed holdings and those of Cantonments being thrown in the respective districts in which they lie, this arrangement by division has altogether been done away with in the present Census. But from Table VII onward the figures dealt with in the past were the figures of the then State proper exclusive of the Feudatories, Cantonments, etc. This has brought about an almost insolvable difficulty in the present Census in matters of comparison and has at times rendered comparisons impossible as the present figures in all the Tables are inclusive of the British Cantonments and Feudatories both. The percentage figures given in marginal notes and discussed in some chapters will not, therefore, agree with those shewn in the subsidiary tables.

16. Under instructions of the Census Commissioner for India the first six Tables have been shown unlike the last Census by districts instead of by Parganas. But two Provincial Tables have been prepared to show the figures by Parganas. The figures of the Pargana Gangapur in the Rajputana Agency have everywhere been shown separately as well as included in its own District Mandasor.

Table XIII (caste) has been much abridged this time in accordance with the suggestions of the Census Commissioner for India. Lastly, Industrial Table XXII has been compiled for the first time from the information collected in the Industrial Schedules.

Officer, the Census Commissioner, his Assistant at Malwa and almost the whole of his staff were paid from the respective Departments to which they belonged. Census tours were for the most part conducted with educational tours and the allowances consequently were met from the educational budget. Strict comparison of the cost of the present Census cannot therefore be made with that of the previous ones. For an approximate comparison the pay of the Census Commissioner and his Assistants should be deducted from the sanctioned amount of rupees one lac for the present Census; the cost in that case would come to 3.5 pies per head of the population as against 2 pies in 1911 and in 1901. Considering the high rates prevailing in these days, this cost is not high.

Cost.

Report

Acknowledg-

18. I am sorry I could not bring out the Report as early as I originally intended. The draft report was completed by the first week of August and all the chapters in type were sent to the Census Commissioner for India by the end of the month and to the Press by the first week of September but the printing was very much delayed for some unavoidable and unforeseen reasons.

19. The work of enumeration with the priliminary arrangements generally fell upon the Pargana Officers of the Revenue, Judicial and Educational Departments. All these gentlemen, with their Subordinate Staff of supervisors and enumerators, with rare exceptions, did their duties well; to all of them my cordial thanks are due. Some that did specially good work and had to grapple with difficult situation were awarded certificates of merit by the Darbar.

I am thankful to Munshi Haqdad Khan who for 20 months worked as Assistant Census Commissioner for Gwalior-Isagarh Prant. He proved himself indispensably serviceable to me in the early operations leading up to Abstraction.

As regards my Office Staff all did well and deserve my thanks. But I should like to particularly mention the very keen interest and devotion to duty which my Special Assistant Babu Sukumar Chandra Guha, B. A., and the Tabulation Superintendent Pandit Gangadhar Ganesh Joshi evinced in their work. Mr. Guha helped me beyond all expectations in the writing of the report and Pandit Joshi fully utilised his past experience of Census work and with the co-operation of Daya Ram Gupta, Head Compiler, successfully carried through the laborious operations of Tabulation and Compilation. My Office Superintendent Munshi Narayan Prasad Verma, managed the Office well and also worked as an Inspector of Abstraction.

It is gratifying to note that the services of Munshi Haqdad Khan, Pandit Gangadhar Ganesh Joshi and Babu Sukumar Chandra Guha were recognised by the Darbar by the award of cash rewards at the last Birthday Darbar of His Highness the Maharaja Scindia.

I am obliged to Lt.-Col. Luard, I. A., for his general help and very kindly reading through most of my draft chapters of the Report.

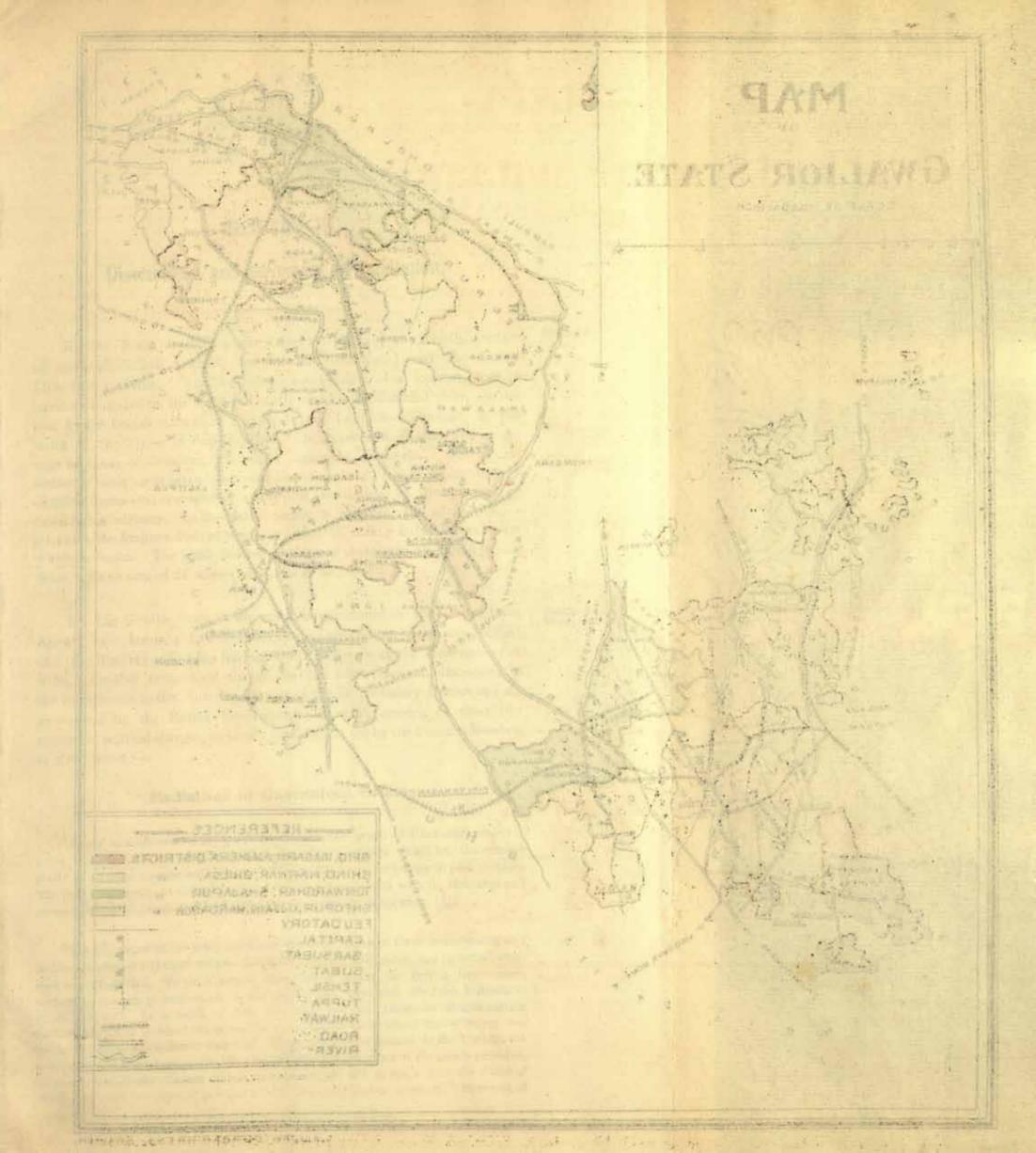
To Mr. J. T. Marten, I.C.S., Census Commissioner for India, I must express my indebtedness for his cordial help, able guidance and kind loan of books which proved very useful to me.

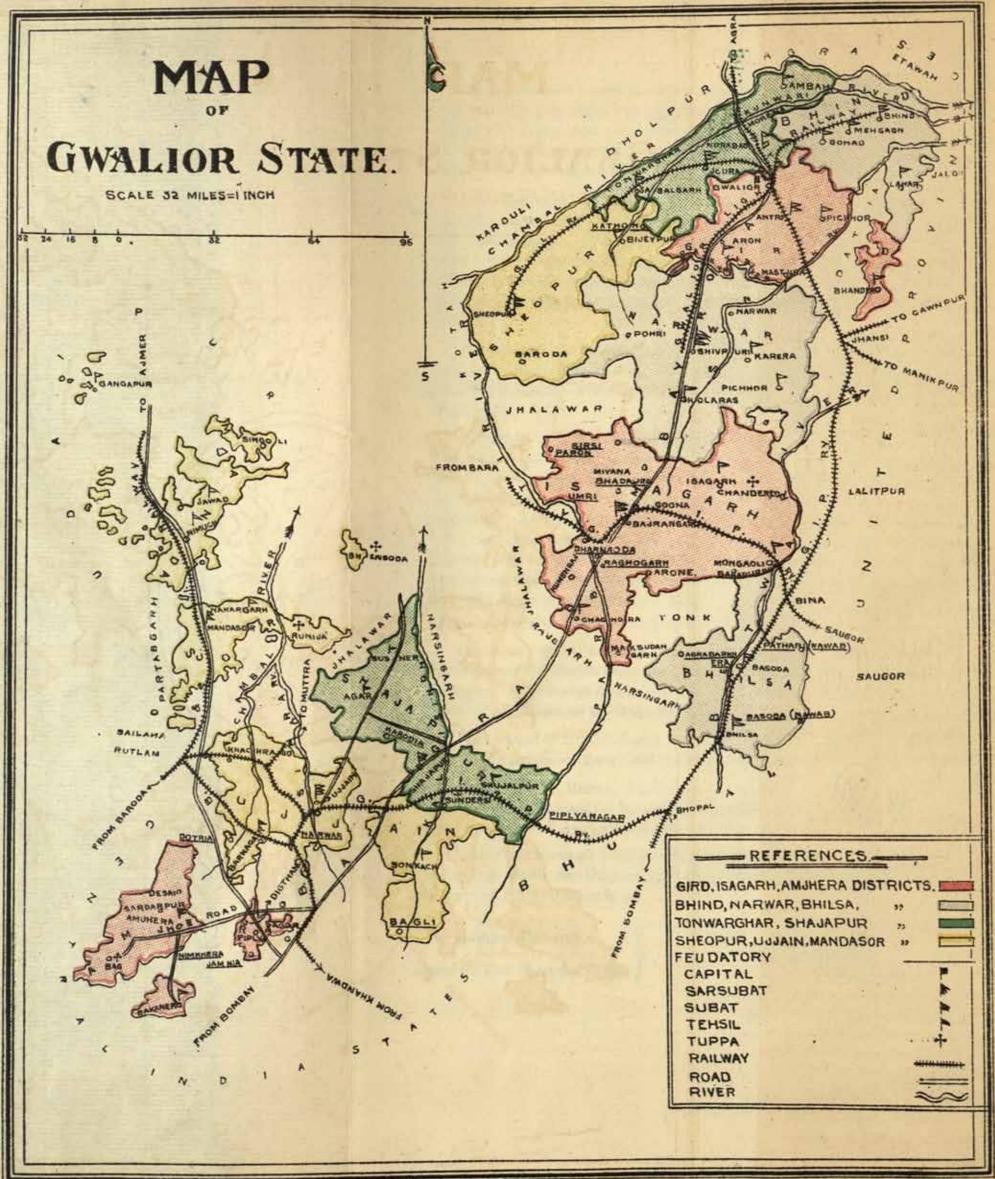
Finally and above all I beg to acknowledge my debt of gratitude to the Darbar for kindly providing me with all the requisites of a successful census and reposing full confidence in me,

Lashkar-Gwalion,

Dated the 27th December, 1922.

JANAKI NATH DATTA,
CENSUS COMMISSIONER,
Givalior State.





## CHAPTER I.

# Distribution and Movement of Population.

Gwalior State, as will appear from the annexed map, chiefly consists of two well-defined sections, the Gwalior (Northern) and the Malwa (Southern) section. "The Northern section consists of a compact block of territory bounded on the north and north-west by the Chambal river, on the east by the British districts of Jalaun, Jhansi, Lalitpur and Saugor, on the south by the States of Bhopal, Tonk, Khilchipur and Rajgarh and on the west by those of Jhalawar, Tonk and Kotah of Rajputana. The Malwa section is made up of several detached districts between each of which portions of other States are interspersed and which are themselves intermingled in bewildering intricacy. In the Malwa section is included, for administrative purposes, the Amjhera District which lies, however, mainly out of Malwa in the Vindhya region. The small isolated Pargana of Gangapur, belonging to this State, with an area of 26 square miles, lies in Rajputana."\*

Situation

2. The Gwalior State, which was so long included in the Central India Agency, now forms, as has been said in the Introduction, a separate Political unit, the Resident at Gwalior having direct relations with the Government of India. Another momentous change that has taken place simultaneously is the transference to the Suzerain Darbar of the 37 Tributary Estates so long guaranteed by the British Government. A short account of these two important political changes, so kindly furnished to me by the Political Member, is given below:—

Political Changes.

## Mediatised or Guaranteed Estates.

"At the commencement of the 19th Century the peace of Hindustan was very much disturbed by the prevalence of the predatory system which left the country round about in so disorganised a state as to be unsafe even for troops to pass through. The British Government desired to restore order and eventually with the assistance and co-operation of Maharaja Dowlat Rao Scindia succeeded in doing so by 1818.

"The overthrow of the petty chieftains who were hitherto given to marauding and levying blackmail left them without ostensible means of subsistence and in consequence sore and disaffected. To put a stop to this state of affairs the British Government undertook the task of pacification of the country and appointed Sir John Malcolm to effect this end. As a result of this, Sir John and his Assistants effected certain settlements which involved the guarantee of the British Government that whatever was settled would be scrupulously observed. These settlements assured to the Thakurs the continuance in perpetuity or for life-time, according as the terms of the grants provided, of their holdings and Tankas subject to good conduct and in many cases the duties of watch and ward in respect of portions of the out-lying Darbar territory. In course of

<sup>\*</sup> Reproduced from the Gwalior Gazetteer of 1901

time these settlements, contrary to the intentions of the British Government, created a privileged and quasi-independent position for the Thakurs, and British Officers were led to intervene in matters with which Sir John's mediation had no concern. This state of affairs naturally could not survive, for long; the progress attained by the Gwalior administration in the march of years and the consciousness of Darbar's rights which arose in consequence and ever since His Highness the present Maharaja assumed the reins of Government the final abandonment of the system that had come into vogue was pressed for. The Darbar's contention eventually prevailed and on the 15th of March 1921 all these holders were handed over to the jurisdiction and control of the Darbar."

#### Gwalior Residency.

"After the Treaty of Salbai (1782) Mr. David Anderson was appointed Resident at the Court of Maharaja Mahadji Scindia, which was merely a moving camp until 1810 when Maharaja Dowlat Rao Scindia permanently fixed his headquarters on the spot where Lashkar City now stands. Until 1843, the Resident at Gwalior used to correspond direct with the Government of India but in that year only a few months after the demise of Maharaja Jankoji Rao Scindia, Gwalior was placed within the sphere of the Agency of Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Sleeman, the then Agent to the Governor-General for Sangor and Nurbudda Territories and Commissioner for Bundelkhand (later styled as Agent to the Governor-General for Scindia's Dominions), whose headquarters were at Jhansi, with Lt. Sir Richmond Shakespear as his Assistant in immediate charge of the Gwalior affairs. This arrangement continued till 1854 in which year the Gwalior Political Functionary (whose designation was in 1852 changed from "Assistant for the Affairs of Scindia's Dominions" to "Political Agent") was made subordinate to the then newly created Agent to the Governor-General for Central India whose headquarters were at Indore. In 1882 the designation of Political Agent was again altered to Resident, but the latter still continued to be under the control of the Central India Agency. On the 15th March 1921, however, by the Government of India, Foreign and Political Department Notification No. 754-Est. A. of that date (vide Gazette of India, Part I, dated the 19th March 1921, p. 432) the status of the appointment of Resident at Gwalior was raised with the approval of the Secretary of State for India, to a Residency of the 2nd Class, thus reverting, after nearly 80 years, to the arrangement which existed until the year 1843. The Resident at Gwalior, like the

Natural Divisions. 3. The three Natural Divisions of Lowlying, Plateau and Hilly tracts adopted by Mr. Johnstone in 1901, have been kept this time also. The Lowlying tract has an area of 7,803 square miles and average elevation of 700 ft. above the sea-level, the Plateau covers 17,259 square miles with an average elevation of 1,600 ft., the Hilly portion has about 1,321 square miles of area and a mean height of 1,800 ft. above the sea-level.

Residents accredited to the Hyderabad, Mysore, Baroda and Kashmir States, now

corresponds direct with the Government of India."

Climate.

The climate of these divisions is characteristic of their geographical position and physical features. Thus, while the Lowlying area, generally, has extremes of climate, both in the hot and cold seasons, the Plateau enjoys a moderate and equable one. The climate of the Hilly tract is less temperate than that of Malwa.

Administrative Divisions. 4. The Administrative Divisions of Gwalior are the same as in 1911, i.e., there are two Sar Subats or Commissionerships, called Gwalior-Isagarh and Malwa Prants (Divisions), each being placed under a Sar Suba or Commissioner. The Gwalior-Isagarh Prant has six districts, each under a District Officer, called a Suba, while the Malwa Prant has five districts. The districts are divided into Tahsils or Parganas each in charge of a Kamasdar or Tahsildar. Thus the whole State has 11 districts and 39 Tahsils in all. Gwalior Prant, thus, contains the whole of the Lowlying section and part of the Tableland, Narwar and Isagarh; Malwa Prant includes the Hilly tract of Amjhera.

Changes

Situating

Reference to

5. The statistics of area and population are given in Tables I and II and the Provincial Table I. Tables I and II give the information by districts. Provincial Table I gives the same by Tahsils.

The following Subsidiary Tables are given at the end of the Chapter showing:-

- (1) The density, water-supply and crops.
- (2) Distribution of population classified according to density.
- (3) Variation in relation to density since 1901.
- (4) Variation in natural population.
- (5) Variation by natural divisions classified according to density.
- (6) Persons per house and houses per square mile.
- 6. Including the Tributaries, British Cantonments, and Residency Headquarters, the area of the State, as found in the last Census, comes to 26,383 square miles as against 25,863 square miles in 1911. The increase of 520 square miles is reported from some Feudatories as a result of recent survey.

In extent of territory, Gwalior is the fourth of all the Indian States, Hyderabad being first, Kashmir second and Mysore third. It is more than three times as large as Baroda (8,127 square miles) and Travancore (7,625 square miles). It is nearly equal to Scotland (30,406 square miles) and a little less than the combined areas of Belgium (11,373 square miles) and Denmark (16,566 square miles).

7. Before proceeding to discuss the population figures, it is necessary to state that in Indian as well as in English Census Reports the phrase 'population of any given area' means the people actually found within its boundaries on the Census night. So the population of Gwalior enumerated on the 18th March, 1921, comprises all present within the State boundary during the hours of enumeration and includes private residents, both permanent and temporary, the inmates of institutions like Jails and other establishments, the military population, and the vagrant population, i. e., the record is of defacto and not de jure population.

Population Defined.

8. The population of the State as found on the 18th March1921, including that of the Tributaries, is, 3,195,476 as against 3,237,158 in 1911, and thus shows an actual decrease of 41,682 souls or 1'3\* per cent. in ten years.

Population of the State.

It will appear from the marginal Table that the decline of population in the

	POPUL	ATION.	VARIATIO	on 1911-21	DENSITY.		
	1921	1911	Actual.	Per cent.	1921	1911	
Gwallor State includ- ing Feudatories,	3,195,476	3,237,158	- 41,682	-1'3	121	124	
Gwalior State exclud- ing Feudatories,	3,095,514	3,125,137	- 29,623	- 9	123	124	
etc. Feudatories, etc.	99,962	112,021	-12,059	-10.8	81	155	

37 Feudatories alone is 12,059or10'8 per cent. and in the State minus' the Feudatories, the actual decrease is 29,623 or '9

per cent. So, evidently, towards the fall of population and consequent decrease of density of the State, as a whole, the Feudatories have contributed

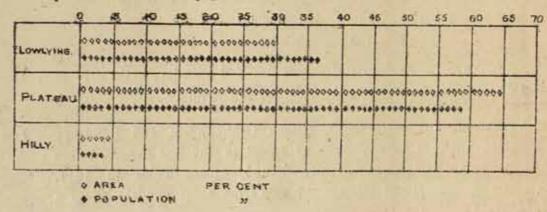
<sup>\*</sup>Males-'25 p. c. only. Females-2'5 p. c.

Density.

proportionately more than the parent State. If these estates were excluded the density of persons per square mile of the State would have been 123.

9. Supposing the distribution of population to be uniform the density of population of the State is 121 persons per square mile as against 124 in 1911, which means 5.3 acres per head.

In the inset diagram the relation between area and population of the three natural divisions of the State is graphically illustrated. Each white diamond represents 1 per cent. of the total area, and each black diamond 1 per cent. of the total population.



The Plateau has the largest area and population, the Lowlying portion has less area than the Plateau, but relatively a large population. The Hilly tract is the smallest in area and population.

The second diagram compares density of population of the districts of Gwalior with contiguous Provinces and Districts.

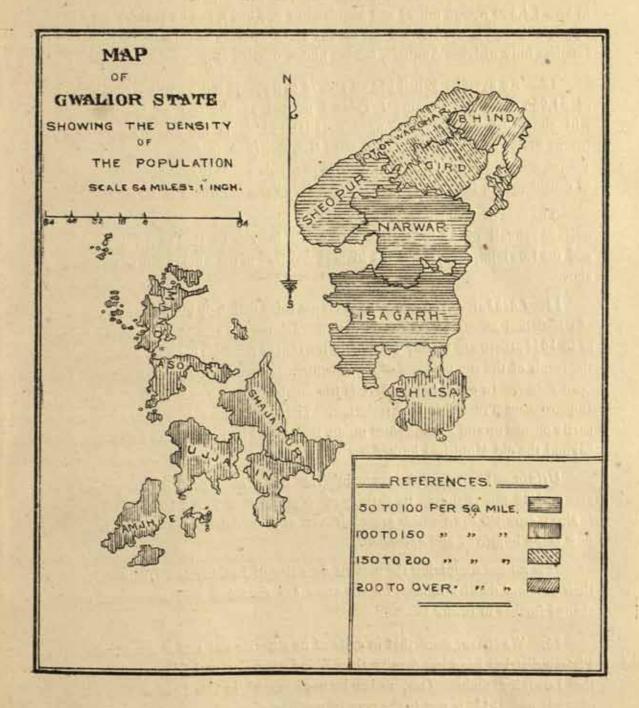
DIAGRAM SHOWING THE DENSITY OF POPULATION

#### IN THE STATE AND THE CONTIGUOS

GWALIOR STATE	990 990 990
GIRD.	
BHIND.	Designation of the last of the
TONWARGHAR.	
SHEOPUR.	
NARWAR.	
ISAGARH.	
BHILSA.	SECURIOR
UJJAIN.	
MANDASOR.	
SHAJAPUR.	
AMJHERA.	
CENTRAL INDIA.	
BHOPAL.	
DATIA.	EESEMEES
DHAR.	
INDORE.	
AGRA.	PROVINCE AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSONS AND PERSONS AN
ETAWAH.	EXCEPTION MEASUREMENT
JHANSI.	
JALOUN.	
RAJPUTANA.	
DHOL PUR.	
KOTAH	
C.P. AND BERAR.	COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY.

DENSITY. 5

In point of density of population, Gwalior (121) compares fairly well with Central Provinces and Berar (122) and is better than Central India which has gone down from 122 to 116. Rajputana Agency shows 76 as against 82 in 1911. Baroda and Mysore are better off and show respectively 262 and 203 persons per square mile. But, by far the most favoured State is Cochin which claims, on an average, 662 persons to the square mile. The comparative low average density of Gwalior State is attributable to the existence of large Forest areas (4,456 square miles) and Hilly tracts in the State and also to the want of facilities for irrigation.



10. Of the natural divisions, the Lowlying has the greatest density (150) against (156) of 1911. Then follows the Plateau with (109) as against (110). The Hilly tract shows a rise from 92 in 1911 to 103. Excluding the urban population, the densities of the Lowlying and the Plateau portions are 131 and 100, respectively.

Density by Natural Divisions. 1

By Administrative Divisions 11. Taking by Prants, Gwalior-Isagarh Prant has a density of 119 persons to the square mile and Malwa Prant 124, the latter above and the former below, the mean density of the State.

By Districts.

12. There are 11 districts in all. The average size and population of a district are 2,398 square miles and 290,498 persons, respectively. Of these, as in 1911, Bhind has yet the highest density (222), then comes Gird Gwalior (191) including Lashkar. If Lashkar were omitted the density of Gird would fall to 144. Tonwarghar takes the third place (168). In the Plateau, Mandasor has the highest density (134), next come Bhilsa (128) and Ujjain (125). If the population of Ujjain town were excluded from the district population, Shajapur would be ahead of Ujjain. Sheopur has, as in 1911, the least density (52) and Isagarh, which is the largest district in area (4,590 square miles) and population (384,088), has 83 persons to the square mile and is the last but one in the State in point of density, even the smallest hilly district, Amjhera, having higher density of population.

By Tabsils.

13. An average Tahsil has an area of 676 square miles and a population of 81,935 persons. Provincial Table I printed at the end of the Tables will show that, leaving out Gangapur (361), which is far away from the parent State and lies in Rajputana, Gird Gwalior (359) is first, Ambah (250) second, and Bhind (244) third in density of population. If Lashkar be left out of consideration, the density of Gird Gwalior (Pargana) would be only 182.

The case of Gangapur is unique and forms an exception. With an average rainfall of 13 inches and soil much inferior to that of the Plateau and the Lowlying area, it has the highest density in the whole State as shown above.

Density of Cities. 14. Lashkar.—The area of Lashkar not being definitely known, its density of population cannot be accurately given. Taking its area to be four miles, as in 1911, there are 20,097 persons to the square mile. This high density is the result of the compactness of its structure, its narrow streets and absence of open spaces. In some wards there is too much crowding which the "Town Improvement Trust" is now relieving. The central part has been already partly opened up and contains nice public resorts. The town is also expanding beyond the old Municipal limits.

Ujjain.—The second town in the State is Ujjain. Taking its area as 1.68 square miles, its density of population is found 26,136. This is also a crowded town which grew without any predetermined plan. It is now being improved and expanded.

It is no use comparing the present densities of Lashkar and Ujjain with their previous density-figures, for the areas are changing and are bound to change further in future years.

Causes of Variation in Densities. 15. We have seen that in spite of its superior soil and better climate, Plateau districts have less density than Bhind, Gwalior and Tonwarghar of the Lowlying plain. This, as has been explained in the Census Reports of 1901 and 1911, is due to the people availing themselves of the existing means of irrigation by Kachcha-Pucca wells in the Lowlying plain. Besides, Malwa was hit hard by the famine of 1899 and though steadily advancing, it has not yet been able to recover fully from the effect of the shock. There might be other causes of physical, social and racial nature. Malwa people

<sup>\*</sup>Probably due to its being an important trade centre for Mewad.

getting easy competence do not, perhaps, irrigate any crops other than poppy and extend their cultivation beyond small patches of land close to their homestead. Past history of Malwa may also have its retarding influence on the growth of the population. This portion of Central India was, over a century, in a chaotic condition in the early part of the 19th Century due to Pindari depredations and thus came to a settled political condition later than the Plain area. But it is noteworthy that while the Lowlying area is proportionately decreasing in density since 1881, Malwa districts are generally gaining. It is expected that in future the people of Malwa will fully utilize all the natural advantages and artificial incentives now offered by the Darbar\* and show better growth.

Subsidiary Table II which classifies the population by density shows that 5'4 per cent. of the total population of Gwalior State are congregated in 1'8 per cent. of the whole area having density of population between 300 and 450 (Gird Gwalior Pargana), 31'9 per cent. live in 19'8 per cent. of the whole area having density between 150 and 300 and 62'7 per cent. in 78'4 per cent. of the area having a density under 150. It is only in Bhind District that the population is almost uniform, all the Parganas being in the same density group 150 to 300.

#### Movement of Population.

- 16. So far I have dealt with the population and its distribution as it stood on the 18th of March 1921. I shall now discuss its variations and endeavour to account for them, as is possible, without the help of vital statistics.
- 17. Between 1881 and 1891, the population of Gwalior on the area of the then State proper increased by 12'8 per cent., on the previous population. During the decade ending in 1901, the population decreased by 13'1 per cent. This was due to a severe famine which visited the Plateau in particular. The actual population in 1901 was 3,073,547 which after due adjustment for the increased area comes to 3,075,041. During the decade 1901-1911, there was an increase of 5'3 per cent. In the present intercensal decade the population has gone down by 41,682 or 1'3 per cent. Thus, in 20 years from 1901, due to epidemics of plague and influenza, the population has increased only by 4 per cent. which is far below the normal growth.
- 18. Enumerations since 1901 can be taken as accurate and adjustment of population on the additional area has also been made since 1901. The only other important cause of variation of population is the natural increase or decrease. Increase between 1901 and 1911 has been dealt with in the Census Report of 1911. I shall, therefore, confine my discussion to the causes that have brought about the fall of 1'3 per cent, in the population of Gwalior in the last decade, so far as is possible, in the absence of vital statistics.
- 19. The condition of the decade, as given below in brief, will reveal that besides the influenza epidemic, the cause of decrease was a majority of 'lean years' during the period under review:—

Condition of the Last Decade.

1910-11 -A normal year of harvests.

Variation since 1881

<sup>\*</sup>Land has been leased out on easy terms and scientific agriculture introduced by way of experiment in all districts

1911-12-Belated monsoon greatly reduced the yield of Kharif crops. There was also a great mortality due to plague.

1912-13 -- A good year.

1913-14-Drought and scarcity prevailed in the Northern Prant. Large quantities of Jowar were exported from Malwa which was somewhat in a better condition.

1914-15-A good year.

1915-16-Rainfall was ill-distributed and scanty, and the yield of crops was below average.

1916-17 and 1917-18-The two years gave fairly good harvests.

1918-19-This was an exceptionally bad year. Though famine was not officially declared, relief measures were adopted to mitigate the calamities of the people. Influenza epidemic played havoc throughout the State. There was a total failure of Kharif crops in the Northern Prant.

1919-20—A year below average.

Lowlying area more affected Plateau.

20. 1911-1921 Lowlying Plateau Hilly +8.5

shows an increase of 8.5.

Undoubtedly, each part of the State was more or less affected by the hard condition of the decade described above. But the distressing economic conditions told more heavily upon the Lowlying than upon the Plateau and the Hilly tracts. The latter, taken separately,

There are some districts in which the increase is considerable. These have some natural advantages which are not shared by others. Thus, Bhilsa which shows the greatest increase, contains first class black cotton soil and is the tempting ground for agriculturists. Bhilsa was always a very populous and prosperous district. It was seriously affected by the famine of 1901, after which it has been steadily making up the lost ground. Since 1911 its cultivated area has increased from 29 to 41 per cent, and double-cropped area from 2 to 10 per cent. Rainfall also has been reported to be better. Production of wheat and gram in the pre-war and post-war periods bettered the economic conditions of the inhabitants.

In Amjhera about 50 per cent, of the population are Animists whose number has immensely increased during the decade throughout the State. The Bhil is a primitive man and his wants are few. He is seldom seriously affected by the economic strain obtaining outside.

Mandasor shows only '3 per cent increase and does not require any detailed consideration.

With the exception of the three districts noted above, all others show decrease more or less. The increase (4.5) shown against Gird Gwalior is due to inclusion in it of Lashkar City, increase of which is partly due to the

return of its former inhabitants after the Plague of 1911. It may also be due to the immigration of labourers working in connection with the Irrigation Scheme Dams.

21. The natural population\* of the State which has decreased by 1'9 per cent. or '6 per cent. more than actual population, indicates that there has been an excess of immigrants over emigrants during the decade.

Natural Population.

22. Considering the physical and economical conditions of the decade

POPULATION. VARIATION. Provinces and States. 1921 1911 Actual. Per cent. Gwalior State ... 3,195,476 3,237,158 41,682 \_1.3 5,997,023 1,147,895 692,448 6,129,019 1,049,262 738,124 Central India \_131,996 Indore +98,634 +9.4 -6.2 -3.8 Bhopal ... -45,676 148,659 230,333 154,605 193,265 Datia 5,944 +37.068 +192 Dhar C. P. & Berar 13,912,760 13,916,158 ... 541,410 1,021,847 871,372 263,188 Saugor ... \_13,030 24 528,380 924,155 -97,692 -41,612 -33,454 Agra -9.6 829,760 229,734 -4·8 -12·7 Etawa ... Dholpur ... U. P. 46,807,490 5,431,703 45,375,787 -3.1

it is somewhat a matter of consolation that our population did not show a still greater decrease. The marginal Table will compare the rise or fall of population during the intercensal decade of Gwalior with some adjoining Decrease compared with other Provinces and States of India.

Provinces, States and Districts.

23. Long ages will pass before the land will yield less crops than are required for the children of the soil. Both the Lowlying area and the Plateau are capable of supporting more souls than at present. The extensive natural resources of the State have, so far, been very little developed. The increase in the proportion of agricultural population to total population from 60 in the last Census to 66 in the present shows that more persons are taking to cultivation with the advance of years. If the problem of artificial supply of water (for which big schemes have been started) be solved there will be room for more people to settle in the State.

Conclusion

#### Houses and Families.

- 24. The number of occupied houses in the State has increased, the greatest increase being noticed in the Lowlying section which shows 33 as against 31 houses per square mile in 1911. In the Plateau there is no change but the Hilly tract returns one more house per square mile than in 1911. From the census definition of a house which is the dwelling place of a commensal family (i. e., a family eating together of food cooked on a common chulha), the number of families must be equal to the number of occupied houses. On this assumption the number of persons living in a family on an average are 4 this time, as against 5 in 1911 and 1901. This reduction of members in an average family does not necessarily point to any change in the joint-family system during the decade; it is probably due to the decrease in population.
- 25. Joint-family system is more in vogue among the land-owning than among the labouring classes. It is showing a tendency to break up under the modern economic conditions.

Breaking up of Joint-family System.

<sup>\*</sup> Actual population plus emigrants and minus immigrants.

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.-Density, Water Supply and Crops.

		equare mile	TO	NTAGE OTAL REA.	TO CUL	INTAGE TIVABLE EA.	ted area		PER				GROSS CULTIVAT-			
Natural Divisions : Districts.	and	Mean density per s- in 1921.	Cultivable.	Net cultivated.	Net cultivated.	Double-cropped	Percentage of cultivated which is irrigated.	Normal rainfall,	Makka.	Wheat	Gram,	Jowar.	Poppy.	Barfey.		
1		2	3		5	6	7	.8	9	10	11	12	13	14		
Gwalior State Natural Divisions—	·	160	62	- 32	52	3	2	32 73	3	21	12	28		7		
1. Lowlying		164	53	30	56	0		00.4	11	190	20040					
2. Plateau		155	68	34	50	2	2	28·4 33·88	200	10 27	21	32	1000	2		
3. Hilly		192	56	30	53	3	1	32.75	7	19	7	31	7000	1		
Districts-	100			1000			6		1		36	1.0	255	100		
1. Gird	222	193	- 51	25	49	2 3	2 5	27-97	7.0	16	24	30	-	1		
2. Bhind 3. Tonwarghar	***	244 196	68 54	49	72	3	5	26.95	***	8	24	20	***	4		
4. Sheopur	***	58	44	39 12	72 72 28	3	2	28'69	***	5	19	20	200	2		
5. Narwar		129	62	22	36	1	***	29.7	1	19	9	33	***			
6. Isagarh		147	63	29	46	3 7	3	32.9	5	18	7	28	***	4		
7. Bhilea		177	77	41	53	1	***	39·23 45·55	5 2	35	12	34	***			
8; Ujjain	24	209	73	43	66	3	777	29 91	2	55 28	13	14 32		***		
9. Mandasor	100	171	62	34	54	5	3	27.83	6	8	6	38	****	***		
10. Shajapur	***	144	73 ° 56	38	52	3	2	36'4	4	13	3	40	3	T.		
11. Amibera	***	192	56	30	53	3	1	32.75	7	19	7	14	1			

The statement relates to the Khalsa portion of the State.
Cultivable area includes fallow and net cultivated area.
Lowlying includes (1) Gird. (2) Bhind. (3) Tonwarghar and (4) Sheopur.
Plateau ... (5) Narwar. (6) Isagarh. (7) Bhilsa. (8) Ujjain. (9) Mandasor and (10) Shajapur.
Hilly ... (11) Amjhera.

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.-Distribution of the Population Classified according to Density.

				- V		CIAC COLORS		TION PER SQ		44.	
	Natural D	visions a	and Districts	1111/1 ( 6 - 1117)	Unde	r 150	150-	-300	300—450		
		i fiz		L gloss	Area.	Population (000's omitted).	Area.	Population (000's omitted).	Area.	Population (000's omitted).	
		1		Total Control	2	3	4	5	6		
Gwn	llor State	7 000		-	20,696	2,004	5,212	1,019	475		
	iral Divisions-	2			78-4	62-7	19'8	37.9	1.8	170 5-4	
7.	Lowlying	225	11(3991)1	1	4,567	406	2,787	602	449	# 20	
2.	Plateau	***			58-5 14,808	34.7	35.7	51.5	5.8	13:8	
		1377	55 (98	il like	85-7	7,461	2,425	22:1	26		
3,	eHilly	1999	and the	1.00	7.321	136	200	22.7	.1	100	
Distr	ricts			HIAN A	100	100			795	( ( ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	
-1,	Gird	****	***	200	1,042	120	221	44	240	Water to the	
2.	Bhind			111111111	60.9	37.0	12.0	73'5	26:2	161	
12		411	***	***	1049		1,721	382	***	49'	
3.	Tonwarghar	1000	***	***	1,159	160	700 845	700 175	***	177	
4.	Sheopur				57-8	47'8	42.2	52.2	2227	***	
27.80		***	200	2707	2,366	124	440	Lane L			
5.	Narwar	590	344	1700	3,209	272	554	-2	11 250		
6.	Isagarh			300	85.3	73.7	14.7	26:3		THE PARTY OF	
	22076	He .	***	344	4,590	384	***		EATH I	V-144 -	
7.	Bhilsa	494.	1 (2004)	1994	1,175	100	740	100/	27 HI H	- 240	
8	Ujjain			ALC: N	60.8	50.2	759 39:2	123	1994	200	
0.	Offam	***	200	200	2.158	236	587	107			
9.	Mandasor	200	***	***	1,227	68.6	21.4	31.4		-14	
10.	Shataman		1970	25,60	69.0	58.3	525 29-5	88 38-7	26	9	
-0,	Shajapur	indea!	777	1 10000	2,449	304		307	1:5	4	
11.	Amjhera		100	447	1,321	760	1000	- 11	244	(944)	
			and the same	0.000	100	136 700	1447	7		644	
100						100	227	2 869			

of each density group bear to the total area.

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Variation in relation to Density since 1901.

Natural Divisions and Districts.			(increa	of variation. ase + ). ase - ).	Net variation	Mean density per square mile.			
			1911—1921 1901—1911		1901—1921	1921	1911	1901	
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	
allor State	- 11		-1.3	+5:3	+3.9	121	123	117	
atural Divisio	ns—	KIN			ALEXA P				
. Lowlyin	g		-3.9	-7.5	-11:1	150	156	168	
2. Plateau	***		- 3	+14'4	+14.1	109	110	96	
3. Hilly		7776	+8.5	+21.4	+31.8	103	92	74	
tricts—			1 2 1	To the same			1500		
t, Gird			+4:5	-18.9	-15-2	191	183	224	
- Rhind	***	***	= -415	- 4.3	-8.6	222	233	243	
. Tonwarg	har	***	-11:2	+0'6	-10.7	167	188	187	
1. Sheopur			- 7	-7	-7'6	52	53	57	
5. Narwar	***		-9'4	+12	+1.4	98	108	97	
5. Isagarh	144		-3.2	+18:3	4 14.5	83	89	74	
. Bhilsa	444	144	+26.3	+369	+729	128	101	73	
. Ujjain	799	***	-02	+11.6	+11.4	125	126	113	
Mandasor			+0-3	+9.3	+9.6	134	127	114	
). Shajapur	***		-1-8	+8*5	+6:3	125	125	115	
t. Amjhera	***	1.0	+8*5	+21.4	+318	103	92	74	

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV .- Variation in Natural Population.

Districts.		P	OFULATION	IN 1921		POPULATION IN 1911				Variation per cent.
		Actual Population.	Immi- grants.	Emi- grants.	Natural population	Actual population.	Immi- grants.	Emi- grants.	Natural population.	in natural population + or —
1		2	3	4	5	6	7		9	10
Gwaller State	744	3,195,476	293,409	288,736	3,190,803	3,101,874	261,267	412,462	3,253,066	-1.9
Districts-		2017				STATE OF				
1. Gird	744	326,466	30,987			312,675	20,524	***	1724	
2, Bhind	1949	382,633	18,886	+44		399,519	14,373	***		11 10000
3. Tonwarghar	***	335,660	9,511	1444		376,659	11,691		7200	***
4. Sheopur	***	124,865	7,476			124,671	5,448	***		***
5. Narwar	***	369,627	5.753		440	408,129	9,366			***
6. Isagarh	***	384,088	22,108	***	***	333,169	17,877	-		
7. Bhilsa		247,667	48,497	(2.00 p. )	786	180,411	26,259		2775	
8. Ujjain		344,218	54,604	244		321,603	52,755	***		0.000
9. Mandasor		237,745	40,080	144		224,725	44,097			***
10. hajapur	***	304,987	34,291	7,666	246	300,538	32,576			
11. Amjhera	***	136,520	21,216	***	(444	119,775	26,301	244		***

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.-Variation by Natural Divisions Classified according to Density.

(A)	ACTUA	L VARIATI	ON.	(B) PROPORTIONAL VARIATION.					
Natural Divisions.	Decade.	Variation in Natural Division with a population per square mile at commencement of decade of			Natural Divisions.	Decade.	Variation in Natural Division with a population per square mile at commencement of decade of		
	Cur.	Under 150	150-300	300—450			Under 150	150-300	300—450
i	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Gwalior State I	911-1921	+71,346	-111	+22,367	Gwallor State	1911-1921	+3'7	01	+15.1
1. Lowlying	- 14	- 10.422	-54,641	+22,763	7 Lowlying		-2.5	-8.3	+15.9
2. Plateau	93	+65,023	+54,530	+204	2. Plateau	10.	+4.7	+14.6	+2.2
3. Hilly	- 1	+16,745	- 144	***	3. Hilly	100	+14.0		222

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII.—Persons per House and Houses per Square Mile.

Natural Divisions and Districts.	AVERAGE ?	NUMBER OF ER HOUSE.	Persons	AVERAGE N	Houses		
Maintai Dittionio and District	1921	1911	1901	1921	1911	1901	
1	2	3	4	,5	6	7	
Gwallor State	4	5	5	27	26	22	
Natural Divisions-		100					
1. Lowlying	5	5	6	33	30	28	
2. Plaleau	4	4	5	25	25	20	
3. Hilly	5	5	5	21	20	15	
Districts—		TRA.				HER T	
1. Gird	4			47	43	<b>*</b>	
2. Bhind	5	6		46	41	-	
3. Tonwarghar	5	6	240	36	32		
4. Sheopur	4			12	12		2
5. Narwar	5	5	***	21	22		
6. Isagarh	4	5		19	19		
7. Bhilsa	5			25	21	•••	
8. Ujjain				31	30	18.00	
9. Mandasor	4		***	32	32		
10. Shajapur	4.	4	***	30	30	- In 19 11	
11. Amjhera	5	5	111	21	20	Table .	

#### CHAPTER II.

#### The Population of Cities, Towns and Villages.

26. Tables III, IV and V give the statistics required for this Chapter. The principal statistics exhibiting the distribution of the population over towns and villages are to be found in Subsidiary Table I appended to it.

Reference to Statistics.

27. In the State, 97 per thousand of the population reside in towns and the remainder in villages. Of the town population, 469 per thousand or nearly one half, live in the city or large towns of over 20,000, about \$\frac{1}{6}\$th in towns of 10,000 to 20,000, nearly \$\frac{1}{2}\$th in small towns of 5,000 to 10,000 and more than \$\frac{1}{6}\$th in places under 5,000 reckoned for census purposes as towns. The State is for the most part agricultural. Few urban characteristics are visible even in towns of comparatively big size. The small towns, so to speak, are over-grown villages.

General Remarks.

28. The definition of a town included all Municipalities, British Cantonments or British Military Stations and every other continuous collection of houses inhabited either by 5,000 persons upwards or less than 5,000 having urban characteristics.

Definition of

There are, according to this definition, 27 towns in all, of which Guna and Agar are the two British Military Stations and Nimuch, a British Cantonment. Lashkar Brigade, where the State Forces are stationed, has, this time, been included in the Lashkar City, as a result of which, the number of towns has been reduced by 1 in the present Census from that of 1911. The State Cantonment of Morar and the Residency Headquarters there, have also been thrown into the Morar Town. Some eight places, though the population of each is less than 5,000, have been treated as towns on account of their urban characteristics as compared with other places of purely rural nature.

29. There is no town in the Hilly tract of the State. The number of towns is greater in the Plateau portion than in the Lowlying, but from Subsidiary Table II, it is evident that the proportion of urban population is greater in the Lowlying than in the Plateau, the number returned per mille residing in towns being 129 in the Lowlying and 83 only in the Plateau section.

Urban and Rural Population by Natural Division.

DIAGRAM SHOWING THE TOTAL URBAN & RURAL POPULATION OF THE GWALIOR STATE IN THE DIFFERENT DISTIRICTS

GIRD DISTRICT.	
BHIND DO	
TONWARGHAR, "	
SHEOPUR. 39	
NARWAR #	=======================================
ISAGARH "	
BHILSA 27	
UJJAIN 7	
MANDASOR 3	
SHAJAPUR "	
AMUHERA 5	

IRBAN	RURAL	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	RUBAL	

Urban Population compared with 1911. 30. The urban population returned at this Census shows an increase of 30,290 or nearly 11 per cent. from 1911, but no effective comparison is possible with the figures of that Census, as large towns such as Lashkar, Ujjain, Morar, etc., were mostly evacuated on account of plague at that time. If the figures of recount, done in the city of Lashkar alone, be taken into consideration, the increase is only of 14,068 or nearly 7 per cent. But the recount figures are not safe to compare with, for they were taken at a different session, nearly four months after the general Census.

Compared with 1901. 31. Comparing the present urban population with that of 1901, the figure shows a decrease, though the general population has increased from the Census of 1901. This is due largely to the ravage done by the plague of 1911, since which calamity the city of Lashkar has never been able to recoup the loss, and also to a greater extent to the influenza epidemic of 1918. As the figures for vital statistics are not available, it is impossible to estimate the loss due to plague and influenza separately. The figure of the 'Informal Census' taken by the order of the Darbar in the latter part of 1917, only in the area within the Lashkar Municipality, showed an increase of 30,589 souls in the Municipality alone, excluding Lashkar Brigade, over the actual figure of 1911 and 16,620 over that of recount. Thus, when Lashkar was steadily regaining her original strength, the influenza epidemic, which broke out in the latter part of 1918, swept away thousands reducing the number of people in the city.

Big and Small

32. But the plague and the influenza epidemics though ascribed as the main cause of decrease in Lashkar and to have arrested the growth of Ujjain and Morar, are not solely responsible for the decrease in the total urban population of the State. Big towns, in spite of being affected by the past adverse circumstances, do not show any tendency to decrease as small towns do. The population of Ujjain is greater in the present Census than that in any of the previous decades. Morar, in spite of its falling a victim to plague and influenza, has kept ground, and Lashkar, though showing a decrease from the figures of 1901 and 1891, has prospects of increase under the Town Improvement Trust and expansion of industries made under the ægis of the present Ruler. But other old towns, such as Mandasor, Gwalior, Gohad, Chanderi, Nimuch are declining as has also been observed by Col. Luard in his Central India Report of 1911. The reason is that the stimulus of industrial and commercial activity which can only give life and strength to modern towns, is wanting in many of them.

Growth of some Small Towns. Morena

Bhind.

Shiypari.

Urban Population by Religion.

- 33. This is borne out by the fact that Morena is growing rapidly to be a town of importance from a small village, due to the facilities it possesses for export and import in grains in which it conducts trade with outside. Compared to its small population, its urban characteristics are great. The town of Bhind is also an instance in point. Bhind being a trade centre, its population is increasing. The increase of Shivpuri (Sipri) is due to its being made the summer residence of His Highness and the transfer of the headquarters of the Narwar District from Narwar to Shivpuri.
- 34. In the towns, though the number of Hindus is greater than that of Musalmans and persons of other religions, the proportion of Musalmans and Jains is higher than that of Hindus. More than 1rd of Musalman population lives in towns. Almost all the Christians in the State are also to be found in towns. The number of Animists in urban areas is very insignificant. Males invariably predominate over females. In the case of Parsis,

nearly 3ths of whose total population reside in towns, females are in excess of males.

Lashkar, with its factories, hotels, new industrial concerns, banks, and trade quarter at Sarrafa, presents ample urban features which are hardly to be found anywhere else in the State. It has grown from a small place where Scindia's moving camp was located, to the foremost place in the State. In 1901 its population was more than one hundred thousand and so in the previous decades of 1891 and 1881, when there could be no difficulty in naming it a city even according to the census phraseology. But from 1911 its population has fallen short of one hundred thousand owing to causes previously stated. Its population including the Lashkar Brigade, at the present Census, is 80,387 which falls short of the standard of a city by about 20 thousand souls. But, for census purposes, it has been treated as a city. It shows unerring signs of progress in future and it is hoped that at the next census its population will exceed the census standard. Subsidiary Table II shows that its density per square mile is 20,098, a figure certainly much higher than that of equally populous cities like Baroda and others and nearly equal to one of the most densely populated cities of the United Provinces, viz., Benares. Like Benares, the buildings of Lashkar are close, compact and generally of more than one storey. As the chief town in the State and the headquarters of local administration there is concentration of population of all kinds in it. The demand for labour in connection with the factories and extensive building projects attracts a large concourse of workers both skilled and unskilled. More than 26 per cent. or 4th of the urban population is returned from Lashkar City alone.

36. Ujjain, the second town, contributes the It is steadily rising and epidemics have not been able to impair its growth. Urban features are becoming prominent in Ujjain owing to the recent establishment of several Cotton Weaving Mills and other Factories. It has also a high density.

Villages.

37. As in the previous census, revenue mauza has been taken to be a village for census purposes in the State. A village list has been prepared in the office from the 'A Register' of the Sorting Supervisors. It is thus an up-to-date collection and cancels the previous lists supposed to be rather inaccurate.

38. The hamlets grown by the side of a village have been taken into the parent village. The villages of the State, as has already been described in the report of the last Census, are a compact collection of houses, with cultivable lands surrounding them. The residence of the landlord or a large tenant generally comes in the middle round which cluster the houses of others; on the outskirts close to the field are the huts of cultivators and beyond, at a little distance, of the low castes. For Bhil villages in the jungles, the system is different. These villages cover an extensive area, the leafy huts of Bhils and Saharias being built at long distances apart.

39. Including the Feudatory Estates, the total number of villages was 10,432 in 1911. The number at the present Census has increased by 112. The villages with population under 500 predominate this time also, as in the previous decade. Of 10,544 villages, 9,171 have population under 500. The conclusion therefore is, that the State lives in small villages.

There are more villages in the Plateau than in the Lowlying area. But large villages, i. e., villages with population of over 500 predominate in the Lowlying (Subsidiary Table I). In the Hilly tract there are very few large villages; out of 573 villages in all, there are only 62 with a population of over 500, the rest are under 500.

- 40. The average population per village amounts to 274 in the State. On the Plateau it is 240, while in the Lowlying and Hilly tracts it is 349 and 237, respectively.
- 41. The average distance of villages apart is 1.7 miles, for the State as a whole; in the Lowlying tract it is 1.8, in the Plateau region 1.7 and in the Hilly 1.6.

City of Lashkat

Ujjain.

Village Register.

The Village.

Number of Villages.

Average Population.

Average Distance between Villages.

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE I,-Distribution of the Population between Towns and Villages.

Natural	POPUL PE	ATION	MII	ER PER LLE ING IN	POPULA	R PER MI	IDING IN	Towns	POPULA	TION REWITH A P	SIDING 1	N VIL-
Divisions and Districts.	Town.	Village.	Towns.	Villages.	20,000 and over.	10,000 to 20,000	5,000 to 10,000	Under 5,000	5,000 and over.	2,000 to 5,000	500 to 2,000	Under 500
	2	11(3)	4	5	6	<del>-</del> -	8	9	10	11	12	13
Gwalior State	11,422	275	97	903	469	168	236	127	2	58	379	561
Natural Divisions				A Des		p nigi	- 1				, 100 to	1 500
1. Lowlying	15,115 9,249	350 246	129 83	871 917	666 279	86 246	103 365	145	5	65	482 322	627
2. Plateau 3. Hilly	37,243	238		1,000			***			78	335	587
Districts-	11211	Tyle		1130	SHOT			1000	16.4	1		-
1. Gird	29,399	281	360	640	856	111	***	33	26	51	390	533
2. Bhind	7,232	427	38	962		***	665	335	***	57.	545	398
3. Tonwarghar.	4,604	436	27	973	***		111	1,000	22.5	96	528	376
4. Sheopur	4,943	205	74	926	4	7240	597	403	***	39	308	653
5. Narwar	7,594	277	41	959		784	449	216	100.00	41	392	567
6. Isagarh	5,265	197	41	959	646		430	570	- P	79	203	718
7. Bhilsa	8,801	264	36	964	***	344	1,000			12	303	685
8. Ujjain	20,100	260	178	822	728	-	272		***	42	335	623
132-255	9,248	230	156	844		722	171	107	727	71	396	533
9, Mandasor	5,039	281	66	934	200		945	55	***	56	343	611
10. Shajapur	2,039	238		1,000			1000			.78	335	587

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Number per mile of the Total Population of each Main Religion who live in Towns.

Natural Divisions		-			T		Real Property	1000
and Districts.	11	Total population,	Hindu.	Musalman.	Animist.	Jain.	Christian.	Others.
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
iwalior State	444	97	80	400	5	247	837	514
Natural Divisions-	1	STATE OF	7 7 4	HE TO S		SHAM	ALCOHOL:	32 3
1. Lowlying	270	129	107	557	2 9	249 264	869 829	444 706
l. Plateau 3. Hilly	***	No 83	town 66	338 in	the	Hilly	tract.	700
Districts—		2		7	175	1653		
1. Gird	202	360	310	862	11	547	874	864
2. Bhind	***	38	31	178		166	1,000	. 72
3. Tonwarghar	200	27	23	152	- 177	134	444	
4. Sheopur	***	74	73	465	- 1	767	1,000	111
5. Narwar	-400	41	35	353	3	97	1,000	576
6. Isagarh	344	41	34	228	8	108	500	772
7. Bhilsa	***	36	31	113	1	222	909	- See
8. Ujjain	-	178	142	465	25	503	784	716
9. Mandasor	21	156	121	481	24	272	843	944
10. Shajapur	110	66	49	226	11	334	1,000	864
11. Amjhera	244	No	town	in	this	District.		

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Towns Classified by Population.

	Vanta		Number.	TION	e PER CEN OF TOWNS PREVIOUS	INCREASE FER CENT. IN URBAN POPULATION OF EACH CLASS FROM 1881—1921.			
Class of towns.	Number of towns of each class in 1921.	per mille to total urban population.	of females to 1,000 males.	1911—1921	1901—1911	1891 – 1901	1881—1891	(a) In towns as classed in 1881.	(b) In the total of each class in 192 as compared with the corresponding total in 1881.
1	2	3	3	5	6	7_	8	9	10
100,000 and over	275		-	-		-14	2275		***
50,000 to 100,000	1	261	803	+43	-47		+18		***
20,000 to 50,000	2	208	749	+12	-8	-6	+7	+8	+16
10,000 to 20,000	4	168	903	+7	-23	-2		-20	+295
5,000 to 10,000	10	236	909	-1	-9	- 13	+13	-9	-2
Under 5,000	10	127	905 -	-5	- 26			11	+100

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV .- City.

	Numb of		Number of	Proportion	PERCENTAGE OF VARIATION.								
City.	Population in 1921,	persons per square mile.	females to 1,000 males.	of foreign born per mille.	1911 to 1921	1901 to 1911	1891 to 1901	1881 to 1891	Total 1881 to 1921				
1	2	3	-,	5	6	7	8	9	10				
Lashkar	80,387	20,097	803	130	+43-1	-45'3	-111	11 (44)					

## CHAPTER III. Birthplace.

Immigration.

42. The Table dealt with in this Chapter is Table XI recording the birthplaces of those enumerated. At the end of the Chapter, there are some Subsidiary Tables dealing with the subject. Table XI will show that out of the total population of the State (3,195,476), 2,902,067 persons, or about 91 per cent. were born within the State limits and 293,409, or 9 per cent. were born in other Provinces and States in India or in countries beyond India.

Gwalior and Foreign Countries. 43. The figures for those born beyond India are very insignificant and of very little interest for Gwalior, situated as it is, far from the outer frontiers of British India. Of the 683 persons so born, 571 were born in Europe, 71 in other Asiatic countries, of whom 44 were Afghans, for the most part, in military employ, and the remaining 41 in different continents of the world.

Immigration in Detail.

44. Omitting the negligible number of persons born in foreign countries, 292,726 persons may be taken as immigrants into the State. The number of such immigrants in 1911 was 261,123, so, there is an increase of 31,603 persons or about '9 per cent. of the total population, on the present occasion. The Census of 1911 was preceded by an exodus to other contiguous territories on account of plague, especially from the city of Lashkar and other big towns. This temporary movement was more than counterbalanced by the re-settling of the temporary emigrants as soon as the plague had subsided and 'the periodic migration' of a good number of persons from the Punjab, working as agriculturists in Bhilsa and other places, later on.

Proportion of Sexes among Immigrants. 45. The proportion of sexes among immigrants from contiguous parts of other Provinces or States is 148 females to 100 males. Among those returned as born in non-contiguous parts of other Provinces and States the proportion is 80 females to 100 males. The relatively high proportion of females in the case of contiguous districts is due to marriage which usually means, for a woman, a move to a new home in another village and is known as 'Casual migration.'

Immigration from the States of Central India. 46. Of the total number of immigrants from contiguous foreign districts, 137,917, or 63 per cent. were born in the Central India States. The percentage is 47, when the total number of immigrants is taken into account, irrespective of contiguity or distance.

Immigration from the Contiguous Parts of other States and Provinces 47. Ninety-three per cent. of the total immigrants to Gwalior come from contiguous territories. The intermingling of the boundaries of the districts of the Malwa Prant, accounts for this. In Northern Gwalior or Gwalior Isagarh Prant, which is a compact area of well-defined borders, the number of immigrants from outlying Provinces is not comparatively so high as it is in Malwa, where

territories of other States of Central India intervene between our districts and even within one and the same district as in Mandasor. In the detached Pargana, Gangapur, which lies far off in Mewar, several Rajputana States jut in. From these places the number is enormous. Throughout the districts of both Prants females are in excess of males leading to the conclusion that the immigration is casual, due to the custom of bringing a wife from another village.

Next to Central India States, Rajputana sends the greatest number of people, of the contiguous foreign districts. The number of persons, born in Rajputana but enumerated in the State, is a little above 78,000. The migration, in the case of Marwaris who generally come here for trade, is 'Semi-permanent.' In Northern Gwalior, Rajput Thakurs marry girls of the bordering States of Rajputana and bring them here.

Rajputana,

Then comes the United Provinces, which sends more than 59,000. People of the United Provinces generally migrate to Northern Gwalior. United Provinces of Agra and Oudh,

Most of the immigrants from Central Provinces and Berar come to Northern Gwalior for service, and hence the movement is generally of semipermanent nature. But some of them, afterwards, settle and become permanent residents.

Central Provinces and Berar.

48. As has already been stated, only 7 per cent, of the total immigrants come from distant provinces. Of these, Bombay Presidency and the Punjab give the major part. In the Gird Gwalior District, males outnumber females, but in the Hilly tract and Mandasor reverse is the case. This suggests that in Gird the immigrants come for trade or service, while the Bhils and kindred tribes of Amjhera and Marwaris of Mandasor get wives from distance.

Immigrants from Non-contiguous Parts of other States and Provinces,

49. Subsidiary Table III shows the actual figures of inter-migration of the present Census and compares them with those of 1911.

Intermigration between the Districts of the

In the Lowlying area, out of every 100 persons born within its limits and residing in the State, 94 are found to reside there and nearly 6 in the Plateau; in 1911, the proportion of such persons in the Plateau was 11. From the Plateau, very few of the home-born come to the Lowlying, only a few thousands have been found to have moved to the Lowlying. In the Hilly district of Amjhera, there is practically no migration. Thus whatever movement there is within the State, it is in the Lowlying area.

Emigration.

50. The total number of persons born in Gwalior but enumerated outside in other Provinces and States in India, is detailed in Subsidiary Table IV. In addition to these emigrants, there is also a handful of persons who migrate to countries beyond India, but their number is so small that it deserves no consideration.

Migration between Gwalior State and the other Provinces and States of India.

51. Though there is interchange of population between the State and all other parts of India more or less, it is confined mainly within a few Provinces. It occurs prominently with the following Provinces and States, vis., (1) Central India States, (2) Rajputana States, (3) United Provinces, (4) Central Provinces and Berar, (5) Bombay Presidency, (6) The Punjab, including Delhi, (7) Bengal and (8) Bihar and Orissa.

The marginal Table shows the figures. In return for the 47 per cent.

Provinces or States.	Gives to Gwalior.	Receives from Gwalior	Gain (+) or Loss (-) to Gwalior.
1. Central India States.	137,917	174,753	- 36,836
2. Rajputana States	78,063	54,115	+ 23,948
3. United Provinces	59,020	47,695	+11,325
4. C. P. and Berar	8,073	2,519	+5,554
5. Bombay Presidency,	3,833	1,608	+ 2,225
6. The Punjab including Delhi.	2,548	1,799	+749
7. Bengal	325	1,752	-1,427
8. Bihar and Orissa	95	1,320	-1,225

of its immigrant population which the State receives from the Central India States, it gives 60 per cent. of its emigrant population. The net outcome of this interchange of population is a loss to the State of 36,836 persons. As in immigration, so in emigration, the greatest amount of migration is to or from the Central India States. Rajputana followed the Central India States in

importance, sending 78,063 or nearly 27 per cent. receiving in return 54,115 or nearly 9 per cent. of the emigrants from the State. It is due to marriage transactions taking place among Rajputs, and Marwaris of Rajputana and of the State.

United Provinces comes next, sending 20 per cent, of the immigrant population and receiving only 16 per cent. of the emigrant children of the State. The nature of migration of the United Provinces is, for the most part, of semi-permanent nature.

Then follow Central Provinces and Berar in order of importance in point of migration. Here also there is a favourable balance for the State, Central Provinces and Berar sending 8,000 in round number, while receiving 2,000 only instead. Most of the emigrants from Central Provinces and Berar come from Saugor. Of all other Provinces with which interchange of people prominently takes place, Gwalior has an adverse balance in the case of Bihar and Orissa, and Bengal. Many of the people from the District of Bhind go to Calcutta for trade and in quest of employment.

Of the minor figures of migration, the State sends coolies to Assam Tea Gardens, and receives agriculturists from the Punjab and men from various parts of India who come generally for service.

52. The year 1911 being an unusual year of plague epidemic, there was more emigration from the State than immigration. At this Census, there has been an excess of immigration over emigration. With the merging of the 37 Guaranteed Estates into the parent State of Gwalior, whose Census figures have been taken into consideration this time but were left out of account in the last Census, comparison of migration figures may apparently seem to be impossible. But the inclusion of Feudatories has not affected the figures much as migration seldom takes place in the feudatories, most of them being benighted places without

means of communication. Education, which encourages the volume of migration, is nearly absent from these estates.

# AND SOME OTHER PROVINCES AND AGENCIES

	0	50,000	100000	/50,000	200000
UNITED PROVINCES.					
CENTRAL PROVINCES & BE	RAR-				
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY	-				
PUNJAB					
RAJPUTANA STATES					
CENTRAL INDIA					

Conclusion.

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—Immigration (actual figures).

	3.3								Во	RN 1	N (0	00°s o)	HTTE:	p).						
D	ral Divisions a Districts where enumerated.	nd		strict a ral Divi		Di	ntigu strict State	in		er pa State		(	guous por other	2000	part	contigues of other	er		utsid ndia	
			Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Malcs.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.
	1		2	3	4	5	6.	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Gwal	llor State	44	2,902	1,566	1,335	***	-14	***	ine	***		217	87	129	75	41	. 33	***		**
10000000	al Divisions—	+/			1												L. All	410	1	
-	lying	***	1,074	608	485	1000	211	***	***	***	2220	155	2.75	-	***	***2	777	***	3550	***
Plate	SEE WA	***	1,615	860	755	***	***	***	***	775	2500	***	***		177	***	***	***	370	***
Hill		***	112	58	53	***		***	***	***	***	***	1 444	***	Sa.	246		***	***	***
Distri		-	1			0					-				(AB)			ital		
1.	Gird	440	279	153	125	14	8	6	1	1	***	12	4	8	18	10	8	***	***	
2.	Bhind	***	351	198	152	10	4	6	1	****	***	11	2	8	7	2	5	***	***	***
3.	Tonwarghar	222	315	179	136	10	+	6	222	***	***	6	2	3	3	***	2		***	
4,	Sheopur		112	60	51	4	2	2	***		***	6	2	3	1		***	220	***	***
5.	Narwar	•••	350	187	163	12	5	6	144	200	44.	4	1	2	1	***	144	***	***	***
6.	Isagarh		340	182	157	8	3	5	13	4	8	14	6	7	7	4	3	***	-2	***
7.	Bhilsa	-54	186	98	87	6	3	2	6	3	2	34	17	17	13	7	6	***	***	***
8.	Ujjain	***	272	143	125	6	3	3	10	5	5	29	13	16	24	12	11		***	
9.	Mandasor	***	176	96	79	***		***	21	11	10	31	10	20	8	3	4			***
10.	Shajapur		255	135	119	2	1	1	12	6	6	24.	9	14	10	5	5	110	***	
11.	Amjhera	222	112	58	53	***		***	2	1	1	17	7	9	3	1	2	544		***

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Emigration (actual figures).

							3	CNU	MERA	TED	( 000 s	OMITI	ED J.						1
Natural Divisions Districts of birth		Di Natur	strict a	nd sion.	Dis	ntigu strict atur ivisio	and		stat			guous of other vinces.	THE R.	part	-contig s of ot ovinces	her		utsid India	
		Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Damatas
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	1
Gwaller State Natural Divisions-		2,902	1,566	1,335	***	***			***		279	105	173	9	6	3	277	See	
1. Lowlying 2. Plateau	***	1,074	608 860	485 75 <b>5</b>	994	1200	717		100	***	DV442	***	***	1997	***	***	100	***	
3. Hilly	***	112	58	53	***		***	***	140	***	***	***	12	222	***	***	***	***	1
Districts— 1. Gird	***	279	153	125	23	11	11	54	26	28	(001	***	666	***	***	***	***	***	
2. Bhind	***	351	198	152	8	3	5	1	1		199		***	***	***	***	***		
3. Tonwarghar		315	179	136	10	4	5	2	1	1				7	77	***		***	**
4. Sheopur	***	112	60	51	2	***	1		100		***	1.0	V	222	40	1222		440	
5. Narwar	5++	350	187	163	13	5	7	3	1	-1	7,000	***	***	***	( bear)	***	***	***	
6. Isagarh	1004	340	182	157	8	4	4	1	1		1966	244	0 244	****	***	1994	***	***	
7. Bhilsa	***	186	98	87	1		***	1	***	140	***	***	5/994	***	w	1940.		***	
8. Ujjain		272	143	128	2	1	1	1		***		220.0	***			2000	5220	***	
9. Mandasor	444	176	96	79	***	277.0	***	1		1	E## 1	240	344	-		2497	***	***	
10. Shajapur		255	135	119	5	3	2	1	***	1			-	***	****	****		000	
11. Amibera	-	112	58	53		***	5243	***	***	***	924	***	244	***	444	***	***	***	1

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Migration between Natural Divisions (actual figures) compared with 1911 .

Natural Division in which	h born.	Number enu N	merated (000's atural Division	omitted) in	REMARKS.
		Lowlying.	Plateau.	Hilly.	
1 1		2	3	4	5
Gwallor State	£ 1921	1,103	1,682	115	
3	(1911	1,160	1,584	92	
. Lowlying	§ 1921	1,094	68	1	
	1911	1,149	143	1	MINISTER MAN
, Plateau	f 1921	9	1,615	1	
, Plaseau	1911	77	7,439	1	
*****	§ 1921			112	1
. Hilly	7911		2	90	

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV .- Migration between Gwalior State and Other Parts of India.

Province or State.	Immigr	ants to Gw	valior State	Emigr	ants from State.	Gwalior	of lmm	deficiency igration igration.	REMARKS.
	1921	1911	Variation	1921	1911	Variation	1921	1911	
- 1	2	3	+4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Total	292,726	261,123	+31,603	288,736	412,462	-123,726	+3,990	-151,339	THE WAY
British Territory	75,753	57,338	+18,415	59,118	99.130	-40,028	+16,635	-41,792	- NO
United Provinces .	_ 59,020	40,456	+18,564	47,695	77,133	- 29,533	+11,325	- 36,677	
Central Provinces an Berar	d 8,073	6,999	+1,074	2,519	11,699	-9,180	+5,554	-4,700	The Bar
Bombay Presidency .	3,833	6,117	-2284	1,608	3,015	-1,407	+2,225	+3,102	
Ajmere-Merwara .	722	77.000	- 308	309	1,227	-918	+ 413	-197	
Della	2,548	2.076	+1,194	1,799	2,588	÷668	+ 749 } - 735 }	-512	A let
NW . F. Province .	307	139	+168	32	54	- 22	+ 275	+85	STATE OF THE PARTY.
Assam	25	3	+ 22	133	153	-20	-108	-150	1.3.3
Bengal	- 325	401	-76	1,752	2,948	-1,196	-1,427	-2,547	
Madras	52	105	-53	15	168	-113	+37	163	
Baluchistan	25	10	+15	244	74	+170	- 219	- 63	
Burma	. 4	2	+2	140	8	+132	- 136	-6	
	95		+95	1,320	***	+1,320	-1,225		
Andaman & Nicobars.	2	i w	+2	95	63	+32	-93	-63	
	216,909	203,780	+13,129	229,618	313,332	-83,714	-12,709	-101,052	
	579	315	+264	377	256	+-121	+202	+59	
THE PARTY OF THE P	- 4	***	+4	21	dis.	+21	-17	244	
	242	220	+22	316	181	+135	-74	+39	
The state of the s	70	14	+56	13	26	-13	+57	- 12	
	34	2	+32	23	20	+3	+11	- 18	
	78,063	58,211	+19,852	54,115	66,716	- 12 601	+23,948	- 8,505	
The state of the s	. 137,917	145,018	-7,101	174,753	246,133	- 71,38)	-36,836	-101,115	
Portuguese Settlemen	t 61	5	+56	***	***	***	+61	+5	

### CHAPTER IV. Religion.

53. In the present Census it is not required to enter into any discussion of the history or philosophy of any religion or record the rituals, ceremonies, practices, and superstitions of its followers except when it becomes necessary to throw light on the figures under each religion and explain how far they are accurate or complete and have definite meaning and what are the factors that determine their variation.

Introductory

54. The statistics of religion are given in Tables VI, XV, XVI, and the following Subsidiary Tables at the end of the Chapter :-

Reference to

Variation

by Religion.

Subsidiary Table I .- General distribution of the people by religion-Subsidiary Table II .- Distribution by districts of the main religions. Subsidiary Table III.—Christians—Number and variations.

Subsidiary Table IV .- Religions of Urban and Rural population.

55. Altogether nine religions-Hindu, Muhammadan, Jain, Animist, Parsi, Christian, Arya, Jew, Sikh-have been returned in the State. Sects, except those of Christians, have not been recorded.

56. The relative strength of the whole population by religion is given in

Ditribution

Relig	ion.		1921	1911	Variation.
Hindu	***		2,813,958	2,945,677	-4.5
Musalman	***	***	177,417	177,749	2
Jain	***	100	39,394	40,462	-2.6
Animist	-	144	161,973	70,269	+130-5
Christian		349	1,650	1,685	-2.7
Others	***	***	1,084	911	+199

the in-set table for the past two Censuses with variations during the decade. The Hindus preponderate in the State forming 88.06 per cent, of the total population. Then follow, but very much below in number, the Musalman, being 5'55 per cent. of the total population. Animists

come next in order showing 5'07 per cent. of population. Jains represent 1'23 per cent.; other religions form insignificant minorities in the State and do not require any special mention.

			RELIGION	SPULATION		
		ACS			ACS.	PE.
	0 - 01 10 +	5 10		5 2	o	2.5
HINDU.		-			ACCRECATE OF	THE REAL PROPERTY.
MUSALMAN.						
ANIMIST.	Second .		V		1917	
JAIN.					BIHITON.	
CHRISTAN.			2 1/2		ATT AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF	
OTHERS.						

57. One striking feature of the figures showing religious distribution of the State is that while the general population has gone down by 1'3, the Animists have increased by the high percentage of 130.5. Followers of minor religions, such as Arya Samajists, Parsis, Jews grouped as "others," show an increase

Animists.

of 19 per cent. Hindus, Musalmans, Jains and Christians have all gone down as shown in the in-set table, the largest decline 4.5 being shown against Hindus.

- 58. The word 'Animist' is one of foreign origin. It is used to express the various forms of religious beliefs and superstitions of the aboriginal tribes of India, such as Gonds, Bhils, Bhilalas, Korkus, etc., who have not yet regularly adopted or have not been admitted into Hinduism, Muhammadanism, Christianity or any other well known creed. It is very difficult to distinguish between an Animist and a low class Hindu, belonging to Koli or Chamar caste, for instance. Both believe in spirits, ghosts, witch-craft, and the evil-eye and their propitiation to secure happiness or avoid misery is common to both. An Animist, living in towns or otherwise coming under civilizing influences is gradually drawn towards and absorbed into the broad pale of Hinduism. It is impossible to determine at what stage a tribal man should be called a Hindu and at what, an Animist. The border line is faint and shifting and the accuracy of the return of their religion depends on the personal equation of the enumerators and supervisors.
- 59. When the Schedule, passing through the Enumerator's hand, comes for classification in the Abstraction office there are again chances of error due to carelessness, over-caution, or mis-reading of the instructions. The returns of Animists, therefore, have always been and will long remain open to doubt. The variations in their strength are not real and are caused by differences in the mode of enumeration and classification.
- 60. The Animist population of Gwalior was 404,289 in 1891 and 222,336 in 1901\*. In 1911 it fell to 59,899. This would show that the Animistic population decreased considerably while other castes who are known to be less prolific all increased more or less during the decade 1901-1911—an inference which must be dismissed as highly improbable. The only explanation is, that most of the Animists were returned or classed as Hindus. To avoid such errors, care was taken in the Abstraction office to prepare a list of the tribes who should be regarded as Animists or Hindus. The basis of their classification was local experience and current opinion.

It is just possible that as a result of this precautionary step, many persons, who would have otherwise been grouped as Hindus, have come to the category of Animists and thus swollen their figures. The increase of 130.5 per cent. of the Animists is, therefore, only apparent and attributable to the low figure of 1911 and the inclusion of some people in 1921 who would otherwise have been classed as Hindus. This would partly account for the drop of 4.5 of the Hindu population as compared with lower decrease of adherents of other religions.

61. The total number of wild tribes belonging to the Hindu and Animistic groups for 1911 and 1921 is shown below:—

Animists.  59,899 42,821 1,563	Hindus.  173,873 10,478 22,819 210	Animists.  161,973 68,832 26,482 3,457	Hindus.  132,109 2,463 211 533
42,821 1,563  1,095	10,478 22,819 210	68,832 26,482	2,463
42,821 1,563  1,095	10,478 22,819 210	68,832 26,482	2,463
1,563	22,819		211
1,095	210	The Control of the Co	
	210	3,457	-533
	1-126-2711-2-2-12		
765	50,975		66,877
582	46,943	5,176	60,128
12,980	42,448	56,483	1,897
93		1,543	******
		1911. 233,772 9,844	1921. 294,092
GRAND	TOTAL	243,616	294,092
	12,980 93 nists and Hindus sts of Feudator Grand	12,980 42,448 93 sists and Hindus sts of Feudatory Estates GRAND TOTAL	12,980 42,448 56,483 1,543 1,543 1,543 1911. sists and Hindus 233,772 9,844

<sup>\*</sup>These figures are exclusive of British Cantonments and Feudatory Estates.

So the wild tribes, irrespective of whether they are called Hindus or Animists, have increased by about 21 per cent.—not a very abnormal rise, considering their high fertility.

- 62. Of the total number of Animists, 76,295 live in the Plateau and 66,071 in the Hilly tract and 19,607 in the Lowlying plain.
- Distribution of Animists by Natural Divisions. By Districts.
- 63. Amjhera in the Hilly tract and Isagarh in the Plateau contain respectively 66,071 and 24,196. In the former the Animists form a little more than half the population of the district. Consequently the high increase of the Animists has raised the district population to 8.5 while the State, on the whole, has gone down by 1.3 per cent.

Hindus.

64. The Hindus, as has been shown already, form pre-eminently the major portion of the whole population of Gwalior State as in Central India. Their ratio in 1921 is 88'06 per cent. as against 91'45 per cent. of 1911 and is slightly more than that of Central India (86'88 per cent.).

Their distribution by natural divisions is 92.35, 88.45 and 45.39 per cent. in the Lowlying, Plateau and Hilly tracts.

They do not keep up the same numerical superiority in towns where Musalmans and Jains show comparatively high ratios, both being dwellers of towns from the nature of their profession and service. Ninety-two per cent. of the Hindus live in villages as against 60 per cent. of the Musalmans.

Hindus have decreased by 4.5 per cent., more than the entire population of the State and other communities. The main causes of this decrease are, as stated in Chapter I, influenza, high prices, and their consequent diminished vitality during the decade under review.

There has been no defection from Hinduism in the State on account of conversion to Muhammadanism or Christianity, rather there is a possibility of accretion to it due to slow and gradual absorption of Animists into its fold though this year's return shows otherwise.

65. It is not difficult to differentiate Hindus from Jains and Sikhs in the State. For census purposes, a Hindu in Gwalior State is one born of Hindu parents in or out of India and not doing anything revolting to Hindu ideas and sentiments such as cow-killing or insulting Hindu gods and goddesses and who does not avowedly return himself as Animist. The return includes the highest Brahman boasting of Aryan-blood and professing Vedic religion and the lowest sweeper whose religious attitude approximates to that of Animists. This is the only class in this State which is not served by Brahman priests. The other two castes just above the sweepers, Kolis and Chamars, receive ministrations from some Brahmans. Pollution by proximity is unknown in the State, that by touch generally applies to the Mehtars (sweepers).

Accuracy of Return of Hindus.

66. In 1911, the number of Aryas in Gwalior was 37 persons, 26 males and 11 females. This time they are 157 strong, consisting of 96 males and 61 females. The number probably is below the truth, for some Aryas prefer to return them as Hindus.

Aryas

They are mostly found in Gird Gwalior and Bhind Districts.

There was one case of reconversion by shuddhi ceremony of a Bengali Hindu some years ago from Christianity to Hinduism under the auspices of Lashkar Arya Samaj. Sikhe,

67. The Sikhs have increased from 554 in 1911 to 661 made up of 419 males and 242 females. The disproportion of the male and female figures may be due to most of them being temporary sojourners in the country coming for service and agricultural occupations leaving their women in the Province of their birth.

Jains

68. The Jains form 1.23 of the entire population as against 1.25 of 1911; 75.3 per cent. of the Jains live in rural areas and the remaining 24.7 in towns. They have this time decreased by 2.5 per cent. as against 29 per cent. in 1911. So, while the Hindus have gone down from 13.6 per cent. increase in 1911 to 4.5 per cent. decrease, the Jains have risen from 29 per cent. decrease of 1911 to 2.5 only. This comparative increase may, to a small extent, represent their natural growth due to less economic pressure on their community but is also owing to their return to towns after the Plague in 1911.

By Natural Division. 69. Of the entire Jain population, 27 per cent. live in the Lowlying area, 68 in the Plateau and 5 in the Hilly tract.

By Districts.

- 70. Examination of district figures show that the largest number of Jains (7,756) live in Mandasor, the next number (6,288) in Bhind, these two towns being important trade centres.
- 71. As an effect of educational and social propaganda very few Jains, especially of the younger generation, return their religion as Hinduism though some of them declare that they are Hindus by caste.

Muhammadans

72. The total number of Muhammadans in the State is 177,417 being 5.55 per cent. of the whole population as against 5.47 of 1911; they stand next to Hindus.

Distribution by Natural Divisions and Districts. 73. Of the Muhammadans, 33 per cent. live in the Lowlying area, 64 in the Plateau and 3 in the Hilly tract.

They mostly live in towns. Of every five Muhammadans two live in towns and three in villages.

They form 10'3 per cent. of the population of Gird Gwalior District, 9'52 per cent. of Ujjain and 8'83 of Mandasor.

From the marginal table it would appear that in the State proper the

Religion.	Feudato	Population excluding Feudatories and British Cant.				
Imba Ja libb	1921	1911	Anima y			
1. Hindu	2,719,067	2,836,866	-4-2			
2. Musalman	167,654	165,894	+1'06			
3. Jain	37,850	38,372	-1.4			

Musalmans have, instead of decreasing, increased by 1.06 per cent. while the Hindus decreased by 4.2 per cent.

This comparative high growth of the Musalmans, as a community, is supposed to be due to their higher fecundity and some social advantages they possess over the Hindus, such as comparative absence of early marriage and prevalence of widow re-marriage. Other circumstances remaining the same, Muhammadans ought to increase more than the Hindus, as they do in other parts of India; and the same is noticed this time in Gwalior.

Another reason of their comparative rise in 1921 is perhaps their return to towns after the disappearance of the Plague of 1911, when their number fell considerably more than Hindus.

Christians

74. Inset Table on page 23 shows that the Christian population has fallen slightly from 1,685 to 1,650, i. e., 2'7 per cent. in the whole State including British Cantonments and Feudatory Estates. Excluding these, the Christians would show a rise of 170'5 per cent. The fall of Christian population, therefore, has taken place in the British Cantonments, Railway Stations, etc. This is due to reduced garrison of British troops stationed at Nimuch, Agar and Guna. In the State proper there has been a rise.

75. There are 629 Europeans (males 547, females 82), 261 Anglo-Indians (males 140, females 121) and 760 Indian-Christians (371 males, 389 females).

Reces and Sects.

In numerical strength, Indian Christians are first, then come Europeans and last Anglo-Indians.

Amongst Europeans, males far out-number females, being respectively 547 and 82, as has been said above. This great disproportion is due to most of the Europeans being soldiers in the army in the British Cantonments of Nimuch and Guna.

76. Information about sects was obtained through the heads of Missions by distribution of cards, and may therefore be taken as correct. The sects returned in Gwalior are:--

Accuracy of Return.

		PROPORT!	ON PER	MILLE OF RACE.	PROPORT EACH	TOTAL.		
Sect.	-	Europeans.	Anglo- Indians.	Indian- Christians	Europeans	Anglo- Indians,	Indian Christians	TOTAL
		2	3	+	5	6	7	8
Anglican		782	149	69	833	383	61	406
Roman Catholics	411	147	236	617	107	414	371	277
Presbyterian	***	27	30	943	14	38	416	203
Other Sects	411		200	4 74	46	165	152	114
TOTAL	***	381	158	461	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

The largest sect of Christians are Anglicans amongst Europeans, Roman Catholics amongst Anglo-Indians and Presbyterians amongst Indian Christians.

The preponderance of Presbyterians is due to the efforts of Canadian Presbyterian Mission in the State.

77. From the report of the different Missions, it appears that there have been 48 cases of conversion to Christianity, 44 from Ujjain and 4 from Nimuch, during the decade in question. Thirty-three of these converts were Balais, four Muhammadans and five Bhamis.

78. Canadian Presbyterian Mission, Ujjain, supports one Boys' School and one Hospital there. In addition to these, the local Mission (American Presbyterian) has recently started at Lashkar an Anglo-Vernacular Girls' School which is fairly well attended by girls of respectable and high class families,

Conversions.

Educational Activity.

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.-General Distribution of the Population by Religion.

Religion and Locality.	Actual number	Paoi	PORTION	PER 10,		нЕ		VARIATION REASE +	PER CENT DECREASE		Net variation
bocality.	in 1921.	1921	1911	1901	1891	1881	1911-1921	1901-1911	1891-1901	1881-1891	1881-1921.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Hindu.	i din	THE W	NY P	duca				Tie Indi			12
Gwallor State.	2,813,958	8,806	9,145	8,470	8,155	8,870	-3.7	+13-6	-9*3	+3.7	
Lowlying	1,081,103	9,235	9,419	8,771	I mil	1	-1-9	+1.8		355	
Plateau	1,670,201	8,845	9,107	8,394	***		- 2.8	+22.0		144	
Hilly	62,654	4,589	6,944	5,721	111		- 33-9	+50.7	11 (42.16	ma it	
Musalman.	Ale auth	Mile I	Himis	All I	ton	20	STATES		ni Thate		4
Gwalior State	177,417	555	535	583	544	544	+317	-35	-6'4	+12.7	- 1
Lowlying	58,404	499	465	539	***	-04	+7.3	-18:2	-	777	
Plateau	113,254	600	585	622	447	1117	+2.5	+5'8	6 To	-	
Hilly	5,759	422	498	538		440	-5.2	÷15·0	346	744	
Animist.		33	W TARR	TO STATE OF			State Co.				1000
Gwaller State.	161,973	507	193	761	1,197	551	+162.6	-73.2	- 44.5	+145:2	
Lowlying	19,607	168	29	562	107	7,300	+47.9	- 95•1	- 144	- 1507	
Plateau	76,295	404	158	753	***	***	+ 163-3	-76.3	***	***	The state of
Hilly	66,071	4,840	2,370	3,504	1000	(944	+104.2	-16.0	+441	jeë!	
Jain.		Buch	3500	JA is	1194	16	02	2 1. 1	11/10	N. Y	
Gwallor State.	39,394	123	124	183	103	33	+ .8	- 28-9	+54'9	+249-4	1500
Lowlying	10,665	91	84	125	1		+ 8'3	- 35:8	444	1.44	
Plateau	26,818	142	147	228	1	-	-3.4	-27.6	24	UM:	140
Hilly	1,911	140	186	237	349	***	-24-7	-2.3		11.00	
Christian.	h profession	mit	The safe	-	balan	4	minute i	and Lores	100	Barr.	
Gwallor State.	1,650	5	2	3	1	1	+170.5	- 29-5	+120-1	+89.0	
Lowlying	396	3	2	3	1000	444	+ 50	- 26.6	772		The same
Plateau	1,251	6	. 2	3	144	Tari I	+250	-34.3			
Hilly	3		1		(11)	277	-100	-		200	20
Others.		E.	120	Will.	7 = 30	775	Paris I		i Smile	EL.	
Gwallor State.	1,084	4	1	22		1	+ 300	+385.4	-33:3	- 62-1	100
Lowlying	449	4	1	***	220	12000	+300	+1362'5		***	
Plateau	513	3	1	200	***	443	+200	+152-5		4-344	100
Hilly	122	9	1	222	***		+800		224	447	
		9	. 1	***	***		+800		***	**	

NOTE.—The figures for 1911, 1901, 1891 and 1881 are exclusive of Fewdatories and British Cantonments in this as well as in all subsequent Tables.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.-Distribution by Districts of the Main Religious.

1		=	L	-	75	20	100	37	-	-	-		22	ALCOHOL:		1	140	- 6
		1921 1911 1901 1891 1881	31		1	1	- 1	1	_ 1	1	1	1	1			100		1
	á	1189	8		- 1	111	ma.	_ [	11	1	i.		13		-	1	18	
	Others.	190	8	4		4	1		- 11	_ !	1	- 1	4	10	1	N.	1	10
		191	288	=	-	-	-	4	1	1	/ 3	1	1		7	10	. 1	-
		1921	27	-	4	773	0	0	9	1	1	-	10	64	64	*	-	0
		1881	26	-	17 :	1	1	1		1	1	1	11 8	1	1	1		1
1-75	ď	1891	25	-	ŧ	1	-	14	Analis .	uŧ	9	w#	ŧ	1		35 1		U B
	Christians	1961	24	eo.	to	155	1	- 9	- 6	1	1	14	1	- 1	1		3.5	1
	Ü	1161	23	04	04	64	1	0	1	1	1	wid	-	1	4	45		)(A)
		1921 1911 1901 1891 1881	23	10	15	9	1	12	E	1	- 1	1	-	-	00	30	1	-1
		1881	21	33	1		3	- 9	1	4	3	3	1	1	1	1		-
			5.4		( t)		12	.\.t	116.23	(2)	*	113	15			10.	3	- 1
		1881	20	103	1	a	S.F	4	E	i	1	1	E	1	1	11	E	H
2	Jains.	1001	19	183	125	228	237	7	-	1	1	3		1	131	1	14	i i i
O ARE		1161	18	124	84	158	186	100	147	55	11	81	140	2	143	355	137	186
OHA :		1921	17	123	16	142	140	74	164	22	in	11	144	78	128	326	143	140
ATION		Vicen								10.	12	1 20						
POPULATION		1881	16	251	E	12	I	1	1	1	1	d	i	1			1	-
THE P	· 2	1881	15	1.197	1	1	*	(#)	1	11	1	1 (1)	100	• 1	1	4	£	- 1
HI 40	Animists.	1001	2	761	562	753	3,504	1	E	1		. 1	100	1	1	4	1	1
The same	Tree.	1161	13	193	29	147	2,370	20	4	10	123	259	169	\$	83	247	93	2,370
B 10,000	1	1921	12	507	168	104	4,840	6	64	20	1,259	537	630	280	198	514	206	4,840 2,370
R PER		1881	11	544	7 1		1	1	1	1		3	E.	1	1		1	
NUMBER	200	1 1681	10	544			1		1	i	1	1	E	I	1	1	4	1
-4	Musalmans.			583	539	622	538				1		E			1	1	
	Musal	1061	0	UNE.		_	508	959	273	285	387	229	90 00	489	928	208	782	498
T		1161	00	535	165	585	100	6	281	200		-			(44)	- 4	110	27.00
		1921	1	555	499	009	432	1,0	286	266	388	221	409	494	952	883	292	422
13	12-1	1881	9	-	(8)	1		Ħ		- 1	4 8	Į.	1	. 1	1	3	1	F
		1891	-co	8,155		1	1	3	4	£	i	1		TH-	i.	-	1	18
	Jun.	1061	-	8,470 8	177	\$62.8	5.727	3	1	E	-1	1	i	1	I	1	1	1
	Hindun.		m	9,145 8,	177.8 8.771	9,107 8	6,944 5	8,923	9,580	0,640	9,473	9,431	9,302	9,396	8,811	8,585	8,988	6,944
-	1 1 2	11611			- 2			-	5.07	927					100/11		_	7.
1	4	1921	61	8,806	9,235	8,845	4,589	8,781	9,542	9,657	8,348	9,161	8,811	9,145	8,712	8,233	8,884	4,589
1100	d ons.			te.	- FILE	1		1	1	1	1	113	1	1	1	1	1	1
0.00	Districts and Natural Divisions.		4	Gwallor State.	Lowlying Lower	Plateau	Hilly	Districts	Bhind	Tonwarghar	Sheopur	Narwar	Isagarh	Bhilsa	Ujjain	Mandasor	Shajapur	Amjhera
_	Z	_	- 1			-			-		_	-	-	-			-	

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Christians—Number and Variation.

Bendaria Bary 18	370	ACTUA	L NUMBI	ER OF C	HRISTIAN	IS IN	V	RELATION	PER CENT	A
Districts and Natural Divisions.	3	1921	1911	1901	1891	1881	1911 1921	1901 1911	1891 1901	1881 1891
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Gwallor State		1,650	610	866	393	208	+170.5	- 29.5	+120-1	+89.0
NATURAL DIVISIONS-	100	E 3			Ti-	27.17	140.7	1630		
Loulying		396	306	417	***	***	+29-4	- 26.6	***	***
Platau	116	1,251	295	449	.ms		+324-7	-34'3		1984
Hilly	lum.	3	9		840	4	-66.6	***	***	2000
DISTRICTS-		The state of	0.13			TATA	LIE S			BE
Gird		389	282			av.	+37-9	***		
Bhind	***	1	16	15.	200	-	+93.8	***		***
Tonwarghar	122	3	8	7996	300	200	-625	-	***	F##1
Sheopur		3	744	1000		•••	+300			
Narwar	***	1	. 3	377	-		- 66.6	**	****	***
Isagarh		38	28	-		-	+35.7	2314	***	***
Bhilsa	(644	33	10	***		·	+230			
Ujjain •	-	259	132	140		***	+96'2	1770	-	***
Mandasor		918	121			-	+658*7			**
Shajapur	-		1	***	***	***	+100		-	
Amjhera					****		-66.6	W.	· ·	
Ampiera	***		1 FOR	1	1	1	THE PARTY	1		

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—Religions of Urban and Rural Population.

	NUMBER	PER 10,00	O OF URB	AN POPU	LATION V	HO ARE	NUMBER P	ER 10,000	OF IXU RA	L C C C C C	1	32377
Natural Divisions	Hinds.	Mosalman.	Animist	Jain.	Christian,	Others.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Animist.	Jain.	Christian.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Gwallor State	7,298	2,299	24	316	45	18	8,967	369	558	103	1	-
Lowlying	7,632	2,153	2	176	22	15	9,473.	254	192	79		4
2. Plateau	7,035	2,403	46	491	18	7	8,992	454	431	114	6	
. Hilly	124				444		4,589	422	4,840	140	***	

### CHAPTER V.

#### Age.

- 79. The statistics of age are given for the State as a whole and for the districts in Table VII and for some selected castes in Table XIV. At the end of the Chapter are appended the following Subsidiary Tables:—
  - Age distribution of a population of 103,500 males and 103,000 females by annual age periods.
  - Age distribution of 10,000 of each sex in the State and each Natural Division.
  - 3. Age distribution of 10,000 of each sex in each main religion.
  - 4. Age distribution of 1,000 of each sex in certain castes.
    - 4—A. Proportion of children under 12 and of persons over 40 to those aged 15-40 in certain castes, also of married females aged 15-40 per 1,000 females.
  - Proportion of children under 10 and of persons under 60 to those aged 15-40, also of married females aged 15-40 per 100 females.
  - 6. Variation in population at certain age periods.

For want of vital statistics, 4 more Subsidiary Tables could not be prepared. The figures in Subsidiary Table I refer to Hindu and Musalman population of Bhilsa District with its Feudatory Estates, Bhilsa being taken as a type for its geographical and other considerations.

80. Of all census statistics those relating to age are most unreliable. Even in countries like England, where the system of registration of births and deaths is compulsory and the people are expected to know their ages accurately, the age returns are not correct. Here in India most people do not know their ages at all; if ever they have any occasion to know, they do not consider it necessary to remember them. Besides amongst uneducated people there is a superstition against telling age; it shortens life. This is not only true of Hindus but also of Muhammadans. Counting of men, specially of children, is regarded inauspicious by ordinary Indians. Elderly parents at times were heard to say in plaintive tone "count us but spare our children." All this is not peculiar to the State but common to other parts of India.

Reference to

Inaccuracy of Statistics, me in a mufassil town. An ordinary labourer gave his age as 40. The answer looking unsatisfactory, I asked him how old he was at the time of the Sepoy Mutiny. The answer was ten or twelve. That evidently would put him at 74. Questioned about the age of his son standing by, he replied in all seriousness: "The boy was born when wheat was selling 16 seers a rupee." This was too hard a problem to solve.

The entries of age are left more or less to the mercy of enumerators who cannot be expected, as a rule, to take sufficient care or trouble to elicit proper answers. Such being the case it is useless to expect correct age returns, yet the sources of error being the same from Census to Census useful comparisons can be made in spite of their unreliable character.

Causes affecting Distribution of Age. 81. In the case of a people progressing normally the greatest number of persons should be at the age "under one year" and the succeeding numbers should gradually decrease from year to year, but as a matter of fact, this ideal condition seldom happens on account of disturbing causes such as famine, plague, influenza, etc. Migration also affects the distribution of ages, but in Gwalior its effect is negligible.

Effect of

The general effect of plague and influenza can be very easily gauged, but that of famine requires a little explanation. It greatly increases the birth rate after its disappearance, but in a few years this increased rate falls and normal conditions are established. In this connection I should like to quote the following from the India Report of 1901:—

"When a tract is afflicted by famine the mortality rises in a greater or less degree according to the severity and duration of the calamity and the effectiveness of the measures taken to mitigate it. All sections of the population, however, are not equally affected; the very old and the very young suffer most, while those in prime of life sustain only a comparatively small diminution in their numbers.

"Consequently at the close of the famine, the population consists of an unusually small proportion of children and old persons and of a very large proportion of persons in the prime of life, i. e., at the reproductive ages. For some years, therefore, in the absence of any fresh calamity, the growth of the population is very rapid. The number of persons capable of adding to the population not having been affected, the actual number of births is very little less than before the famine, but the proportion calculated on the diminished population is much greater and so too is the excess of births over deaths, as the latter are much below the average in a population consisting of an unusually large proportion of healthy persons in their prime, and of a comparatively small proportion of persons who by reason of old age, or infirmity have a relatively short expectation of life. This more rapid rate of growth continues for some time, but then as the persons who, at the time of the famine, were in their prime, pass into old age and their place is taken by the generation born shortly before the famine with its numbers greatly reduced by the mortality which then occurred, the birth-rate falls not only below that of the years following the famine, but also below the average. The disturbance of normal conditions is still not ended and the pendulum continues to swing backwards and forwards between periods of high and low birth-rate, but its oscillations gradually become fainter until they cease from natural causes to be apparent or, as more often happens, until some fresh calamity obliterates them."

Sundbargs Theory regarding Age Distribution. 82. According to Sundbärg, the well known Swedish statistician, the number of persons aged 15-50 in all European countries and America is uniformly about half the total population and that variations take place only in the other two main groups, '0-15' and '50 and over.' Where the population is progressive the number in the group 0-15 is much greater than in the group 50 and over; but where it is stationary the numbers in the two groups approach equality.

The mortality in these two groups is much greater, he says, than in the intermediate one, but it is about the same in both cases. Consequently variations in their relative size do not affect the total mortality which is thus independent of the age distribution. (India Report, 1911, pages 148-149.)

To see how far this theory applies to Gwalior, I append the marginal Table for

Number of persons per mille aged,

the information of general readers.

1-15/13			m (8)	o me	0-15	15-50	50 & over.
Gwalior 1921	144	1 (44)	¥40	11/5	389	503	108
Gwalior 1911	344	***	1447	***	354	541	105

Sundbarg's theory does not strictly apply to Indian Provinces and States. To suit Indian conditions Sir E. A. Gait, Census Commissioner for 1911, altered the groups to '0-10' and '15-40' and 60 and over. His reasons are that old age comes on quicker in India and the group 15-40 more closely corresponds to the reproductive age. Subsidiary Table V accordingly compares the number of children below 10 and persons 60 and over to those aged '15-40.'

83. As the male figures are somewhat more reliable I shall confine my discussion to those only leaving out figures for the females. Reference to Subsidiary Table II shows that the number of children aged '0-5' has decreased from 1,402 in 1911 to 1,167 per ten thousand in 1921, i. e., by about 2.3 per cent. This reduction is due to the fact that the children of this group were born during the quinquennium 1916-1920, which was a period of severe trial on account of the terrible Influenza and the continued high prices and was thus highly unfavourable to human growth. Boys of the next group 5-10 show a rise of 3.1, being born in a more favourable period 1910-1915. The next group 10-15 shows again an increase of 2'5 per cent., being survivors of persons of 0-5 age period of 1911 Census.

Broadly speaking children of 0-15 have increased by 3.3 per cent, Amongst men of '15-40' age-group the increase is slightly less but the least percentage increase is in the group of 60 and up. The three natural divisions show the same condition, i. e., decline in children of 0-5 and increase in the two other groups. In the Plain area there has been considerable rise in the group of 10-40.

A reference to Subsidiary Table VI will show that in the whole State there has been an increase of 30 per cent, among persons aged 10-15 and a decrease of 5'86 in the adult population of 15-40 group. Considering the three natural divisions the Hilly tract shows increase in all the groups. The Plateau shows considerable decrease ( of about 5 per cent. ) in the 15-40 agegroup. The Lowlying area shows appreciable decrease in '10-15', '15-40' and '40-60' groups. This indicates that in the next 10 years the Lowlying area will have no chance of good increase of population. The Plateau will be in a better condition, but the Hilly tract has the highest potentiality for the current decade.

84. Mean age of a people or community is the average age of all persons who were alive on the Census night. It does not mean the average duration or expectation of life at birth except in a stationary population. In drawing any conclusion from the statistics of the mean age of the living, one should remember that nothing could be more fallacious than to assume, that a

Detailed Examination of the Figures.

Mean Age.

rise in the mean age of the people living, of itself, indicates an increase in the duration of human life, for, it is clear that the mean age is affected not only by mortality but also by the course of the birth-rate. If the birth-rate increases, the numbers in the younger age-groups increase also and this reduces the mean age of the living. On the other hand, if the birth-rate declines, the converse result follows. A population which is actually dying out is found to show a constant rise in the mean age of the living.

Birth and Death Hates deduced Mean age also means the number of persons among whom one dies every year. Taking it to be 24.5, the average death rate of Gwalior is  $\frac{1,000}{24.5}$  = 40.8 per mille. As the population has decreased by '9 per cent. in the State proper the birth-rate is 40.8—'9 or 40 approximately per 1,000.

Subsidiary Tables II and III give mean age at the end of proportionate figures. The mean age has been calculated by the formula adopted in French Census and recommended by the Census Commissioner for India.

Mean Age by Religion and Locality. The in-set tables show mean age of the principal religions and the natural

Religions	1921	1911
Hindus	24.67	24-5
Musalmans	25.79	25.8
Animists	22.3	22-1
Jains	27.17	26.17

Natural Divisi	ons.	1921	1911		
Gwalior		24.63	24-56		
Low-lying	-000	26:09	25.08		
Plateau		25'45	25-27		
Hilly	***	24:64	23:89		

divisions for males. It will appear that Animists have the lowest and Jains the highest mean age.

Relative Fecundity 85. A glance at Subsidiary Table V shows that the number of children under 10 per 100 married females aged 15-40 has increased from 152 to 224 in the State as a whole. The greatest increase is in the Hilly tract which contains largest number of Animists and the lowest in the Lowlying area.

By District.

By districts, Mandasor is first, having 281 children per hundred married females, then come Amjhera, Narwar and Isagarh in order. The lowest number is in Gird Gwalior, being 152.

By Caste.

Subsidiary Table IV-A shows that Rajput Tonwars have 290 children per 100 married females aged 15-40. Then come Minas and Bhils, Bhilalas and Gonds who are grouped as Animists. Deccani Brahmans are least prolific of all Hindu castes, lower than even Jains.

By Religion

From the in-set tables an idea of relative fecundity by religion

Religions.	Proportion of children under 10 per 10,000.					
of of the na	Males.	Females.				
Hindus	2,633	2,791				
Musalmans	2,436	2,752				
Animists	3,384	3,665				
Jains	***	levil)				

Natural Division-	of both s	under 10 sexes per sarried ged 15-40
	Mates.	Females.
Gwalior State	93	87
Low-lying	92	82
Piateau	92	89
Hilly	1 03	106

and natural divisions can be obtained. It will appear that Animists are first, Hindus second, Musalmans third and Jains last in point of relative fecundity.

This comparative hitch fecundity of Hindus is due to many low castes like Mina, Saharia, etc., being included in them.

SUBSIDIARY TABLES.

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—Statement showing the Age Distribution of 103,500 Males and 103,000 Females by Annual Age Periods.

			S AND	Age.		HINDU		Age.		HIND	US AND MANS.
	Age.	Males.	Females.	Ago.		Males.	Females.			Males.	Females.
Tot	al	103,500	163,000	34	100	1,753	1,245	69	1.5	53	70
0		2,101	3,244	35	14	2,586	1,256	70		61	97
1		1,783	2.108	36		1,975	1,009	71		58	49
2		2,233	2,223	37	22	1,648	837	72	10	69	76
3		2,550	3,675	38	100	1,611	705	73		53	0
4		2,715	3,215	39	2.2	1,693	1,513	74		51	48
5		2,946	3,588	40		1,932	2,308	75	***	76	67
6		3,604	3,357	41	2.2	1,304	1,816	76		48	45
7		8,117	2,930	42		1,570	943	77	***	6	5
8		4,573	3,121	43	22	1,004	953	78		6	22
9		2,396	2,677	44	***	930	788	79		81	45
10		4,297	3,223	45	112	810	696	80	***	68	86
11	200	2,167	2,116	46	790	641	764	81	***	6	14
12	Trop :	2 083	3,346	47	1	635	870	82		17 3	. 11
13		1,996	1,824	48	100	697	720	83		1	. 6
14		2,027	1,355	49	44	568	603	84	***	5	1,2
15		1,737	1,916	50	***	424	952	85	,,,	10	-14
16		1,845	2,466	51	1 10	509	582	86	+##	3	6
7070	**	de la	2,497	52	1	740	633	87		5	4
18		1,516	1,859	53		543	528	88		8	4
	44	1,137		54	1	562	574	89		11	5
19	***	1,533	2,605	55	944	343	362	HO.	444	21	15
20	1	2,948	3.690		100	386	359			10	7
21	*	1,678	1,469	56	1990	243	233	1245	444	2	8
22	***	1,617	1,365	57	1000	350	292	No. 2 111		i	10
23	100	1,710	1,305	58	1944	324	323		***	1	6
24		1,034	1,900	59	-	al our	517	in a		20	9
25	****	2,130	3,332	60	048	418	443	1000	200	giii H	3
25		1,998	1,280	61	and in	341	372	104		3	3
27	-	1,532	1,119	62	175	299	319			3	
28		1,401	1,202	63	200	129	161	1/2- 1	***	1	3.
30	***	1,402 3,225	755	65	22	231	223		222	- 4	11.5
31		2,364	1,333	66	1948	60	66			1	. 2
32		2,006	2,147	67		43	131		***	1	4
33	11 1 5 -	1,774	1,142	68	200	46	57	113	***	423.2	m

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Age Distribution of 10,000 of Each Sex in Gwalior State and its Natural Divisions.

	in and	No. of Street, or other Persons and Street, o			192	21	19	11	190	1
4		Age.			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
		1		-	2	3	4	5	6	7
	- 0	iwalior St	ate.					100/01	STATE OF THE PARTY	200
0-1 1-2 2-3			***		226 152 214 252	224 205 243 304	310 220 274 294	330 246 321 337	171 187 214 176	139 165 225 186
3-4	***	90	***		293 1,167	314 7,290	304 7,402	286 1,520	219 967	216 931
5—10 10—15	0-5	***	***		1,486 1,250	1,540 1,047	1,176 995	1,149 831	1,269 1,323	1,061 884
15—20 20—25 25—30 30—35				12	797 780 864 925	743 872 876 913	900 259 980 963	787 1,041 996 939	1,027 988 957 995	853 1,183 1,034 1,003 753
35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55	1111	***			640 728 346 440	568 705 303 472	613 698 351 448	577 709 338 497 141	615 678 306 401 151	733 728 462 450 191
55-60 60-65 63-70 70 and	***	- ::			137 256 64 120	136 332 66 137	146 236 58 75	318 63 94	No more shown	467 periods are after. 60 and over.
100	Me	an Age	240	***	24.63	24.76	29.56	30.08	29-33	31.88
		Lowlyin	ıg.	- 67				METER		
0-5	*****		**	1999	1,092	1,228	1,140	1,261	1,047	1,093
5—10	100	11.0	***	355	1,383	1,438	1,148	800	1,210	978
10-15	***	100	**	200	1,209	958 796	1,161	758 827	1,004	913
20-40		177.0		217	3,337	3,308	3,471	3,435	3,365	3,467
40-60		10 1 100		1544	1,697	1,663	1,695	1,788	1,746	* 1,769
60 and	over	330	200	(944)	439	609	392	537	362	499
The same	M	ean Age	****	***	26-09	26-92	30-08	30.85	29 94	30.55
		Platea	u.	- uu			-			
0-5	***		100 Here	100	1,198	1,307	1,573	1,698	912	736
5-10			***	222	1,537	1,586	1,190	1,114	1,266	915
10-15	-	11 440	- 40		1,282	1,099	881	750	1,427	803
15-20	i 1200	111 1445		in.	774	720	841	762	1,052	804
20-40	9440	***	***	200	3,134	3,183	3,543	3,628	3,704	4,400
40-60	***		***	· . ·	1,631	1,608	1,614	1,628	1,355	1,890
60 and	over	11	555	***	444	497	358	440	284	452
16	M	ean Ag	***		25.45	25.78	29 27	29.66	28-81	33.14
		Hilly			The sale	PER E				
0-5	2591	***	P46	***	1,395	1,555	1,673	1,691	905	1,995
5—10		***	***	***	1,712	1,726	1,263	1,241	1,350	620
10-15	***	1	100		1,187	1,046	927	795	1,258	1,022
15-20		(an)	- m	44-5	702	642	808	772	953	886
20-40		5667	177 464	445	3,076	3,223	3,509	3,574	3,720	3,522
40-60		100	7 ***	945	1,538	1,355	1,525	1,523	1,551	1,654
60 And			***	***	390	453	295	404	263	301
	M	lean Age		***	24'64	24.55	28:39	28.86	29-33	28-94

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE III .- Age Distribution of 10,000 of Each Sex in Main Religions.

	192	1	191	1	190	1
Age.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
	2	3	4	5	6	7
All Religions—  0—1  1—2  2—3	226 181 214	224 205 243	310 220 274	330 246 321	171 187 214	139 165 225
3_4	251 293	304 314	294 304	337 286	176 219	186 216
Total 0-5	1,165	1,290	1.402	1,520	967	931
5—10 10—15 15—20 20—25 25—30 30—35	1,486 1,251 797 780 864 925	1,540 1,047 843 872 876 913	1,176 993 900 259 980 963 613	1.149 831 787 1.041 996 939 577	1,269 1,323 1,027 988 957 995 613	1,061 884 853 1,183 1,034 1,003 753
35—40 40—45 45—50 50—55 55—60 60—65	640 728 346 441 137 256	568 305 303 472 136 332	698 351 448 146 236 58	709 338 497 141 318 63	678 306 401 151 318	728 462 450 191
65—70 70 and over	64 120	66 137	75	94	5	
Mean Age	24-63	24.76	29.56	30.08	29-33	31.88
Hindu—  0-1  1-2  2-3  3-4  4-5	225 181 210 246 291	223 203 236 296 306	308 221 274 293 306	330 245 322 335 285	175 191 212 170 217	130 160 218 170 204
Total 0-5	1,153	-1,264	1,402	1,517	965	882
5—10	1,481 1,259 801 782 868 929 641 727 345 438 137 255 64	1,527 1,047 750 870 876 916 571 710 311 478 139 337 67	1,178 1,000 907 958 981 964 610 694 350 445 146 234 57	1,150 832 786 1,038 998 938 580 707 341 499 141 319 62 92	1,276 1,353 1,039 994 957 989 614 650 293 391 153	1,030 846 827 1,195 1,070 1,009 795 737 486 447 194
Mean Age	24.67	24'92	29.51	30-09	29:21	32-30
Musalman—  0—1  1—2  2—3  3—4  4—5	223 168 220 235 247	235 210 251 298 289	294 195 256 279 259	312 227 301 352 292	191 159 239 181 190	191 206 258 228 242
Total 0-5	1,093	1,283	1, 283	1,484	960	1,125
5—10 10—15 15—20 20—25 25—30 30—35 35—40	1,344 1,178 824 853 870 897 626	1,468 1,060 730 938 894 904 534	1,123 973 861 955 966 907 641	1,119 856 784 1,049 955 967 537	1,119 1,033 890 870 934 1,038 653	1,188 1,109 928 1,126 948 979 523
40—45 45—50 50—55 53—60 60—65 65—70 70 and over	743 366 528 144 312 70 152	731 269 487 129 333 67 173	793 366 505 163 275 82 105	757 300 511 135 328 74 144	945 469 557 166 366	766 266 503 107 430
Mean Age	25:79	25.00	30.78	30-48	31-68	29.93
Animist— 0—1 1—2 2—3	241 202 289 382	231 239 358 466	455 315 375 410	396 341 364 473 380	168 163 227 240 276	188 182 271 330 327
4-5	406	481	414	200	410	2770

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Age Distribution of 10,000 of Each Sex in Main Religions.—(contd.)

1	William .	- 1	192	21	191	1	190	1
Aş	(e.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7
5—10 10—15 15—20 20—25 25—30 30—35 35—40 40—45 45—50 50—55 55—60 60—65 63—70 70 and o	ver		1,863 1,218 678 606 761 906 625 734 297 366 94 215 44 73	1,893 1,018 613 800 864 899 544 595 203 353 77 233 45 88	1,333 826 737 862 1,026 1,099 612 619 264 336 79 163 39	1,224 693 816 1,147 1,093 913 509 623 261 355 105 212 54	1,377 1 287 1,030 989 966 1,020 569 754 200 360 102	1,300 1,109 1,080 1,132 718 972 496 584 352 421 216
Mean Age		544	§ 122-39	21.53	27.07	27.50	28:23	28.73
Jaiu—  0—1 1—2 2—3 3—4 4—5			242 150 172 215 243	218 202 199 238 264	285 152 230 226 241	287 193 260 258 257	200 152 192 175 189	191 204 231 209 244
E	Total (	0-5	1,022	1,121	1,134	1,255	908	1,079
5—10 10—15 15—20 20—25 25—30 30—35 35—40 40—45 45—50 50—55 55—60 60—65 65—70 70 and 6	over		1,146 1,169 818 875 928 836 684 706 499 516 270 285 104 142	1,266 1,109 907 985 842 770 595 690 354 524 214 372 84	1 029 1,014 879 935 931 930 684 705 471 548 2250 296 100 94	1,109 853 841 1,048 899 901 633 781 402 554 202 325 87	967 1,095 881 1,081 906 1,022 703 785 470 561 225	1,070 997 913 1,058 899 918 602 856 380 538 204
Mean Age	***		27:15	26-91	31-87	31:53	32.03	31.48
Christian—  0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5		+	284 142 161 227 217	372 236 186 389 321	307 31 276 245 245	70 352 387 352 247	89 289 119 149 357	56 22 152 196 262
HWAT	Total	0-5	1,031	1,504	1.104	1,408	1,003	697
5—10 10—15 15—20 20—25 25—30 30—35 35—40 40—45 45—50 50—55 55—60 60—65 65—70 70 and	over		652 359 1,966 2,240 1,068 803 606 907 3,59 227 66 66 66 85	1,554 1,182 524 1,014 1,081 963 676 456 203 405 169 84 101 84	951 614 675 1,012 1 196 1,012 1,012 644 767 215 153 399 31 215	986 634 1 055 1 179 1 ,373 669 599 528 317 423 71 352 355 70	1,429 1,339 1,042 1,506 655 1,577 298 327 357 863 208	2,222 2,527 850 479 479 1,133 240 153 588 218 109
Mean Age	Ne.	***	23.97	22.67	33:23	29-57	30.53	25-58
0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5	101111		141 141 125 250 110	247. 180 292 225 292	154 231 384 231 308	97 485 291 194 583	476  1,429	4,000
	Total	0-5	767	1,236	1,308	1,650	1,905	4,000

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Age Distribution of 10,000 of Each Sex in Main Religions.—(contd.)

		192	u	191	11	190	
Age.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	70	2	13	4	5	6	7
5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30 30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55 55-60 60-65		986 489 704 1,064 1,127 1,486 908 704 469 329 266 250	1,168 1,056 674 966 1,011 1,034 832 384 270 562 90 225	1,538 1,308 692 615 1,000 1,538 692 462 231 385	1,942 1,068 683 1,165 1,068 583 777 291 194 97 97 97 388	476 1,429 952 1,429 952 476 416 1,429 476	4,000
65—70 70 and over		125 125	157 135	154		f ""	***
Mean Age	Tiere.			27.53	25*40	26.76	11-40
10000	1 333			LOWLY	NG.		
All Religions— 0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over		1,092 1,383 1,209 843 3,337 1,697 439	1,228 1,438 958 796 3,308 1,663 609	1,140 1,148 1,161 993 3,471 1,695	1,261 1,194 958 827 3,435 1,788 537	1,047 1,266 1,210 1,004 3,365 1,746 362	1,093 1,281 978 913 3,462 1,769 499
Mean Age	366	25:45	25 86	30 08	30.85	29 94	30.55
Hindu—  0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	111111	1,089 1,386 1,214 846 3,336 1,693 436	1,217 1,434 953 799 3,313 1,673 611	1,143 1,152 1,167 1,000 3,465 1,683 390	1,260 1,196 962 829 3,439 1,783 531	1,039 1,285 1,237 1,017 3,363 1,689 370	1,078 1,261 936 903 3,501 1,795 506
Mean Age	***	25.39	25-93	30.01	30.81	29.80	30.74
Musalman—  0-5  5-10  10-15  15-20  20-40  40-60  60 and over	14 14 14	1,036 1,213 1,152 897 3,452 1,510	1,214 1,359 989 761 3,359 1,683 635	1,082 1,093 1,037 885 3,619 1,880 404	880 774 3,409	1,029 1,036 816 919 3,136 2,683 361	1,179 1,165 1,156 898 3,362 1,699 541
Mean Age	222	26.22	26.19	31.08	31.87	32.99	30.52
Animist—  0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	1	1,590 1,914 1,170 642 2,946 1,463 275	1,874 1,947 965 621 3,179 1,072 342	1,687 1,274 1,036 708 3,766 1,274	799 886 3,416 1,488	1,207 1,240 1,213 917 3,536 1,662 225	1,215 1,759 4,157 1,076 3,062 1,400 331
Mean Age	***	22.22	21-17	27:44	27 25	28.76	27:72
Jain- 0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over		914 1,073 1,143 901 3,527 1,872 570	1,287 1,014 2,852 1,703	1,018 949 1,212 908 3,246 2,090 577	1,212 1 056 799 3,156 2,003 525	919 978 807 3,768 2,173 395	1,198 1,028 909 974 3,378 1,958 555
Mean Age	120	27:96	26.93	32.58	31 22	32:45	31:59
Christian  0-5  5-10  10-15  15-20  20-40  40-60		1,154 812 385 812 3,675 2,521 641	926 494 432 4,197 2,099	692 625 625 944 4,02 2,133 94	748 748 1,157 3,878 1,563	1,623 1,152 785 2,880 1,989	985 1,554 466 3,575 1,451
60 and over	-	041	7734	-	The second second	The second second	The same of the sa

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Age Distribution of 10,000 of Each Sex in Main Religions.—(contd.)

		19:	11	191	1	190	1
Age.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	TVO	2	3	4	5	6	7
Others-	170						
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	HIS IN THE			2,500 1,667 1,000 2,833 1,000 333	1,754 2,632 877 526 3,333 702 176	1,250 2,500 1,250 5,000	
	444			25.75	22 84	18:12	222
All Religions—	100			PLATEAU.			SERVAL.
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	1112111	1,198 1,537 1,282 774 3,134 1,631 444	1,307 1,586 1,099 720 3,183 1,608 497	1,573 1 190 881 841 3,543 1,614 358	1,678 1,114 750 762 3,628 1,628 440	912 1,266 1,427 1,052 3,704 1,355 284	736 915 803 804 4,400 1,890 452
Mean Age	100	25:45	25.78	29.27	26 66	28:81	33:14
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over  Mean Age	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,193 1,543 1,292 771 3,141 1,620 440	1,290 1,585 1,102 721 3,179 1,625 498	1,582 1,193 880 842 3,552 1,602 349 28'40	1,683 1,113 746 758 3,633 1,629 438	903 1 271 1462 1.064 3.720 1,293 287	672 869 749 782 4,535 1,921 472
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	THE REAL	112 1,402 1,186 828 3,139 1,778 555	1,309 1,525 1,089 714 3,224 1,592 547	1,393 1,195 933 850 3,380 1,810 498	1,598 1,106 840 794 3.563 1,608 491	913 1,261 1,184 866 3,738 1,769 369	1,020 1,261 1,068 911 3,771 1,601 338
Mean Age	1107	26:72	26.09	30-66	29-80	36.80	29.66
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	With High	1,467 1,806 1,271 702 2,904 1,514 336	1,708 1,829 1,052 659 3,151 1,225 376	2,078 1,343 723 712 3,613 1,264 267	2,040 1,224 620 826 3,601 1,373 316	1,012 1,389 1,329 1,111 3,511 1,498 150	1,164 1,085 1,131 909 3,635 1,755 321
Mean Age	744	23.88	23:45	26.94	27:49	28-11	30.18
Jain—  0.—5 5.—10 10.—15 15.—20 20.—40 40.—60 60 and over	1111111	1,071 1,170 1,161 794 3,240 2,039 525	1,144 1,244 1,054 871 3,293 1,815 579	1,164 1,053 939 868 3,579 1,928 469	1,262 1,054 769 863 3,606 1,918 528	893 984 1,138 907 3,682 1,994 402	988 1,121 1,030 910 3,538 1,953 460
Mean Age Christian—		27-98	27:32	31.69	31-72	31.90	31.43
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over		999 609 353 2,521 4,836 585 97	1,559 1,791 1,488 674 3,395 907	1,482	1,654 1,278 451 902 4,512 1,128 75	966 1,173 4,856 1,379 3,241 1,448 207	226 3,120 3,233 1,128 1,429 789
Mean Age	115.,,	22-59	21:53	29.56	26.48	24'22	19:04

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.-Age Distribution of 10,000 of Each Sex in Main Religions .- (concld.)

4000		192	1	191	1	1901	
Age.	in	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	-	2	3	4	5	6	7
Others—  0.—5 5.—10 10.—15 15.—20 20.—40 40.—60 60 and over	1:			1,846 615 923 462 5,077 923 154	1.667 556 1,388 556 4,444 556 833	2,308 769 769 769 769 1,539 3,846	4,000  4,000 2,000
Mean Age				28:64	28.88	24.38	11-40
All Religions— 0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40		1,395 1,712 1,187 702 3,076	1,555 1,726 1,046 642 3,224	HIL. 1,693 1,263 927 808 3,509	1,691 1,241 795 772 3,574	905 1,350 1,258 953 3,720	1,995 620 1,022 886 3,522
40—60 60 and over	-	1,538 390	1,351 456	1,525 295	1,523 404	1,551 263	1,654
Mean Age Hindu-	•••	23-64	23.27	26:39	28.86	29:33	18:94
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over		1,242 1,530 1,185 742 3,271 1,588 442	1,306 1,529 1,095 716 3,398 1,419 537	1,629 1,249 928 822 3,490 1,566 316	1,644 1,251 798 768 3,524 1,563 432	855 1,202 1,239 932 3,927 1,756 289	2,037 382 1,045 419 4,048 1,814 255
Mean Age	244	25 54	25 69	28:64	29.21	30.36	28.57
Musalman— 0-5 3-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	***	1,308 1,558 1,299 713 3,172 1,565 385	1,413 1,443 1,185 733 3,305 1,417	1,365 1,195 1,021 793 3,529 1,686 411	1,190 903 710 3,460 1,641	916 1,186 1,149 949 3,797 1,643 360	2,359 148 1,263 1,087 2,720 1,717 706
Mean Age	424	24:91	25:13	29:79	19.75	30-69	30.65
Animist—  0-5  5-10  10-15  15-20  20-40  40-60  60 and over		1,562 1,914 1,171 662 2,875 1,474 342	1,817 1,951 993 558 3,039 1,279 363	1,898 1,330 903 767 3,564 1,335 203	1,217 750 797 3.751 1,298	995 1,639 1,306 985 3,691 1,182 202	1,895 1.082 944 1,640 2,803 1,329 307
Mean Age	***	23.69	23-37	27:16	27'55	27.52	26.07
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over		1,226 1,431 672 3,321 2,016	3,597 1,776	1,124 939 869 3,442 1,958	1283 935 770 1 3,456 1,906	778 1,032 1,235 1,007 3,782 1,844 322	1,680 572 1,063, 554 3,206 2,489 436
Mean Age'	***	26.92	27-89	30.15	30.79	30.97	31.13
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over		10,000		2,000 6,000	2,500		
Mean Age Others—		•••	***	15.4	0 11.25		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over				2,00 2,00 2,00 	3,000 0 1,000 2,000 2,000		-
Mean Age	V=1			17:4	0 10-50		***

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV .- Age Distribution of 1,000 of Each Sex in Certain Castes.

		Ma	LES NUM	BER FER	MILLE A	GED	FE	MALES N	UMBER PER	MILLE A	SED
Castes.		0—5	5—12	12_15	15-40	40 and over.	0_5	5—12	12_1 ·	15—40	40 and over.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Hindu.					- TAN	The same of	T. BOX	# 1			
Ajna Bania Agarwal Brahman Bhagor Dakshani Sanadhya Gujar Kayasth Maratha Mina Rajput Bhadanria Kachhawaha Ponwar Tonwar Saharia		89 90 100 80 88 103 85 94 112 110 718 711 108 83	176 163 162 116 165 184 146 140 196 173 195 156 59	87 69 75 92 75 86 84 68 92 76 79 104 85 81	409 438 431 421 435 410 450 429 406 410 402 407 423 591	239 240 232 291 239 217, 235 269 194 231 206 219 228 186	120 113 111 106 108 137 111 96 130 117 97 117 114 128	223 167 167 120 178 196 175 173 190 166 159 141 795 80	75 71 69 105 68 74 66 51 108 59 57 67 76 36	359 401 390 420 389 377 399 417 363 447 411 420 409 562	222 248 263 243 257 216 249 263 207 246 255 206 194
Musalman. Pathan Shaikh		93 119	156 155	80 81	43 <sub>0</sub>	241 235	135	169	66	393	237
Jain.	"	119	133	0.	410	233	109	173	62	397	259
Oswal	7	85	159	89	400	267	109	139	37	426	289
Animist.  Bhil, Bhilala and Gond		153	220	65	371	191	183	223	54	364	176

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV-A.—Proportion of Children under 12 and of Persons over 40 to those Aged 15-40 in Certain Castes, also of Married Females Aged 15-40 per 100 Females.

			Proportion both sexe	of children s per 100.	Proportion o 40 per 100	f persons over aged 15-40.	Number of married
Castes.			Persons aged 15-40.	Married females aged 15-40.	Males.	Females.	females aged 1540 per 100 females of all ages.
Ī			2	3	4	5	6
Hindu.			1945	7.31			
1 Ajna		***	79	244	112	140	25
2 Bania Agarwal	-		69	213	86	118	28
3 Brahman Bhagor	an )	-i	61	215	106	138	25
4 ,, Dakshani	***		50	163	120	140	28
5 , Sanadhya	1944		64	235	90	137	98
6 Gujar	200	-	78	238	95	130	29
7 Kayasth	200	222	60	200	96	131	29
8 Maratha	***	-	60	177	117	135	30
9 Mina	100	200	82	274	92	128	25
10 Rajput Bhadauria			67	247	75	135	34
11 ., Kachhawaha	A		70	225	90	129	33
12 Pomwar	222	*	64	197	110	119	28
13 Tonwar		-	69	290	75	121	27
14 Saharia Musalman.		-	29	169	52	88	26
1 Pathan	,	-	62	180	103	131	3
2 Shaikh Jain.		-	63	195	114	132	30
1 Oswal Animist		1 2	56	164	123	131	31
1 Bhil, Bhilala, Gond		-	108	258	91	100	31

SUBSIDIARY TABLE V.—Proportion of Children under 10 and of Persons over 60 to those Aged 15-40; also of Married Females aged 15-40 per 100 Females.

	P	roportic bot	on of ch	ildren s per 1	under 00.	10	Proj	portion 10	of per	sons o	ver 60	per	Numt	er of n	arried
Natural Divisions and Districts.	Pe	rsons a			ried fer aged 15—40		19	21	19	11	19	01	per	es aged 100 fer all ag	nales
	1921	1911	1901	1921	1911	1901	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	1921	1911	1901
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Qwallor State	85	60	45	224	152	132	28	32	22	26	19	23	26	36	34
Natural Divisions-			417		10				TIV S	1018					
Lowlying	53	54	53	267	145	138	23	28	23	29	23	25	31	35	35
Plateau	72	63	39	201	155	126	23	25	20	23	15	21	29	36	31
Hilly	84	67	53	247	159	145	22	22	18	22	16	21	26	36	33
Districts-						- (10)					184	AUE.			
Gird	56	277		152	***	***	22	28	-	***	***	***	35	***	***
Bhind	61	***	***	165	***	***	25	30	***	***	***		34		***
Tonwarghar	65	***		179	***		23	28					33	***	
Sheopur	72	***		186		***	18	21					34	***	
Isagarh	76			197		36	21	23		28	2500	mb.	32		
Marma	i.	***	-	3.45	Law	***	100		:: ***	91	220	***	1000		***
A second	76	***	***	222		***	20	23		***	***		28	***	***
Bhilsa	70	1777	***	181	.,,,,	***	15	17		***	3"		33	***	***
Ujjain	67	***	***	170	***		27	27		-		-	32	1/4420	***
Mandasor	73	***		281		***	24	26	-	***	***	***	22	***	***
Shajapur	71		***	177		***	32	33	-	***		***	31		
Amjhera	84	***		247	***	***	22	22	2000			***	26	****	

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.-Variation in Population at Certain Age Periods.

Natural Divisions	20.00	Varia	ation per cent	in population	on. (increase	+ decrease	-) -	RKS,
Natural Divisions	Period.	All ages.	0—10	10—15	1540	4060	60 and over.	REMARKS,
1	2	3	1	5	6	7	8	9
Gwallor State	1901—1911	+ 5.87	+30,80	-11.89	- 1.30	+ 5.02	+14-19	
Natural Divisions				Total T		6		
1. Lowlying		- 5.09	- 4.12	- 8'07	5.10	— 6·12	+ 2.29	
2. Plateau		+13.76	+64-29	-17-20	+ 0.35	+14-19	+23.67	
3. Hilly	195	+24-21	+49.74	- 6'24	-18.46	+18-15	+53-99	
Gwallor State	1911—1921	+ 3.32	+ 7.78	÷30 09	- 5.86	+ 1.55	+19-28	
Natural Divisions.		1 To 1				1000	191.0	
1. Lowlying		- 3'53	+ 4-59	_ 2-28	- 6.60	- 6·35	+ 8:55	
2. Plateau		+ 1:11	+ 8:24	+36.26	- 4'99	+12.73	+28-17	
3. Hilly	***	+13.97	+24*04	+ 47'53	+ 0 54	- 8.25	+37:25	

### CHAPTER VI. Sex.

Reference to Statistics. 86. Table VII gives the statistics of sex distribution for the State as a whole and of the districts by religion and age-periods. Provincial Table I, gives the sex figures for Tahsils. Comparative and proportional figures will be found in the Subsidiary Tables given at the end of the Chapter.

Subsidiary Table I.—General proportions of the sexes by Natural Divisions and Districts. (Table I of 1911.)

Subsidiary Table II.—Number of females per thousand males at different age-periods by religion at each of the last three Censuses. (Table II of 1911.)

Subsidiary Table III.—Number of females per thousand males at different age-periods by Religion and Natural Division (Census of 1921). (Table III of 1911.)

Subsidiary Table IV. —Number of females per thousand males for certain selected castes. (Table IV of 1911.)

For want of vital statistics Subsidiary Tables V and VI could not be prepared.

Sex Proportions in Different Countries. 87. In England and countries of Western Europe, such as Germany, France, etc., females are in excess over males; but in some countries of Eastern Europe, Bulgaria and Greece for instance, and in most of the Asiatic countries the reverse is the case as will appear from the in-set table:—

Number of Females per 1,000 Males in Different Countries.

Portugal	1,107	France	1	***	1,034	United States			943
Norway	1,099	German I	Empire		1,020	Australian C o	m m	o n	926
England and Wales	1,068	Belgium	14		1,017	Newzeland			895
Scotland	1,063	Japan		***	979	Ceylon	-	***	887
Denmark	1,061	India	500	***	953	Dominion of C	anada		886
Italy	1,037	Union of	SouthAfric	a	946				
Austria,	1,036								

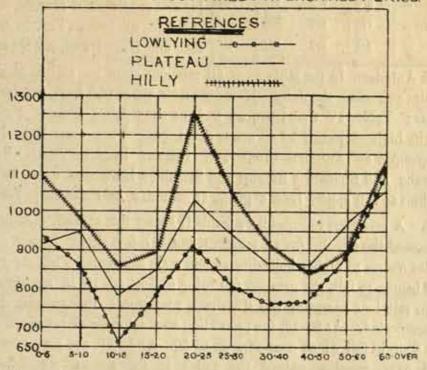
Sex Proportion in Gwalior. 88. Like most Indian Provinces, Gwalior State has more males than females. The actual figures are 1,696,510 and 1,498,966, which work up to 884 females per 1,000 males as against 903 in 1911.

If the 'natural population' be taken, i. c., total number of persons born in Gwalior and enumerated either within or without the State less the number of persons enumerated in the State but born elsewhere, the proportion rises to 900 per 1,000 males as against 924 of 1911. The effect of migration from or to the State on its sex proportion is, therefore, not inconsiderable. How far the sex proportions and natural population

are affected in the district, cannot be ascertained for want of migration figures for these districts. The figure is lowest for the Lowlying area and highest for the Hilly.

The diagrams illustrate the sex proportions of the natural divisions and of districts.

# DIAGRAM SHOWING THE NUMBER OF FEMALES TO 1000 MALES ATEACH AGE-PERIOD



89. Locality seems to have an influence on sex proportions. The Lowlying area has its proportion below and the Plateau and Hilly tracts much above the State average. The Hindus, Musalmans, and Animists show their highest proportions of females in the Hilly natural division, and Jains in the Plateau. Of districts, Tonwarghar shows, this time, as in the past Censuses, the lowest proportion of females, 801 to 1,000 males. Hindus, Musalmans, and Jains, all have more women of sixty and over in the Hilly tract while amongst the Animists the highest number of such women is found in the Lowlying division. Of course, it is not safe to rely too much on the age distribution.

90. From the Subsidiary Table I, it will appear that in 1881, the proportion of females to males was 849. In 1891, it rose to 872. In the next two Censuses, the proportions were 906 and 903. This time, the ratio stands at 884 for the actual population. So, the sex ratio rose considerably from 1881 to 1901. In 1911 it slightly declined; but the decline is very considerable at the present Census. The causes are not far to seek. Between 1891 and 1900 there was famine which affected the male population more than the females and raised up the proportion of females to males; in 1911 there was plague which carried away more females than males. But the effect of plague being more or less local, the reduction in the sex proportion was slight. But during the decade under consideration, the terrible Influenza which spared no part of the State, made greater havoc amongst the females and reduced their number very considerably as compared with the males. The rise and fall of sex proportions, therefore, has been caused by natural factors and does not seem to be due to omission from enumeration.

Sex and Locality.

with a track that

Comparison with Previous Sex Proportion by Religion and Caste. 91. Inspection of Subsidiary Table II shows that the main religions of

Proportions of females to 1,000 males by Religion and Natural Division.

Religion.	Gwalior State.	Lowly- ing	Plateau.	Hilly.
All Religions,	884	828	913	979
Hindu	880	827	913	988
Animist	970	918	973	982
Musalman	860	825	890	893
Jain	865	819	884	861

the State have excess of males over females, the Animists having the highest proportion of females to males and the Jains the lowest, as will appear from the in-set table. In the Lowlying area, as in the whole State, the Animists have the highest proportion of females, 918 and the Jains the lowest, 819. In the Plateau and Hilly tracts, the Musalmans

beat the Animists. In the Hilly tract, all religions show the highest proportion of females excepting the Jain. If we consider castes and races, we find from Subsidiary Table IV that Chauhan Rajputs show 1,305 females for 1,000 males, the highest record of all castes and tribes. Then come Bhil, Bhilala, Gond, grouped as Animists (968) and Ponwar Rajputs (901); Tonwar, Kachhwaha and Bhadauria Rajputs and Sanadhya Brahmans show very low proportions as will appear from a glance at column 2 of Subsidiary Table IV.

Sex and Age.

92. A reference to Subsidiary Table II shows that at birth (i.e., 0-1 age), males exceed the females for all religions, but in a few years, females exceed the males owing to higher mortality among male children. Then the ratio of females begins to fall, the greatest fall being noticed at 10-15 age-period for the main religions excepting the Musalman who shows the greatest drop at 15-20 age-period. At 20-25, the proportion rises again for all religions. Then there is a slight fall which continues up to 50. At 50-60, the ratio rises and at 60 and over, females exceed the males in the general population and amongst Hindus, Jains, and Animists, pointing to the higher longevity of women in these religions. The same condition is almost revealed in the three natural divisions. For all ages, i. e., on the whole, females are in defect.

The low figure of 10-15 is probably due to under-statement of age of the unmarried and over-statement in the case of married.

93. Both in Europe and India, more males are born than females, but in the Western countries, the females, and here in India and most of its Provinces and States, the males, preponderate in later years. For want of vital statistics, I am not in a position to say whether males or females are born in excess in Gwalior, but Census returns at 0-1 age point to excess of male births here as elsewhere in India, as already stated in para. 92.

The question, therefore, naturally arises, why starting with the same condition, Europe should show in later years preponderance of females and India preponderance of males. This anomaly between the sex proportions in India and Europe has brought forth adverse comments from some Western (German) statisticians, who, taking the condition of Europe as the standard to which Indian condition should conform, attribute the deficiency of females in India to omission from Census records of women on account of their seclusion and the delicacy of their guardians to give right information about them. But this delicacy of Indians about their women might be with respect to questions relating to infirmities and age, for instance, and need not result in their omission from enumeration. So far as this State is concerned, I do not think people avoided giving such broad information as number of women in a family knowing very well that the Census was now being regularly carried out by order of the Darbar and failure to give correct answers was liable to punishment. It

Accuracy of

has been asserted in most Census Reports that respectable Indians avoid returning unmarried girls aged 10-15, for fear of social stigma; but the stigma may very well be avoided by understating the age and not by the questionable wisdom of false returns. In this connection it may be stated here, that ideas about anti-puberty marriage are fast changing due to spread of education and culture, and concealment of female children for fear of social reproach does not appear to be probable.

The low return of age-period, 10-15, as has already been suggested, are probably due to misstatement of age and not to reluctance of guardians to return girls of this age group. During the age-period, 10-30, the deficiency of women, in all probability, is due to early motherhood with its attendant evils and un-scientific midwifery. This deficiency of women continues up to 50-60. At 60 and over females are in excess of males in the general population and for all religions excepting the Musalman.

94. The following reasons are generally advanced to account for the low proportion of female sex in India:—

- (a) Infanticide,
- (b) Neglect of female children,
- (c) Evil effect of early marriage and premature child-bearing,
- (d) High birth-rate and primitive methods of midwifery,
- (e) Hard treatment accorded to women, specially widows and
- (f) Hard work done by women.

Female infanticide does not now exist anywhere in this State and must be ignored as a factor causing deficiency of female sex. But it is very striking that Tonwarghar, the habitat of Tonwar Thakurs, should show, as in 1901 and 1911, the lowest proportion of females to males. Tonwar Thakurs, of all castes and races, show the smallest ratio, 526 of females in the whole State. In their own district they return the very low proportion of 438 per mille, i. e., less than one female to two males. If female infanticide ever existed amongst Tonwar Rajputs, as tradition has it, Darwin's theory would lead one to expect gradual decrease of female bearing and increase of male bearing families as an after-effect of this cruel practice.\* But with the spread of education and relaxation of the rigid laws of hypergamy the proportion of the female sex is likely to increase in future.

There is no intentional neglect of female children, but, male children, being considered a valuable asset, and girls, a burdensome liability, some indifference is likely to be shown to girls amongst Hindus except in educated and well-to-do families. This will produce an adverse effect on early female life, causing greater mortality during 0-5 age. Musalmans, amongst whom marriage of girls is not so expensive, show more females than males at 0-5 age-period. The effects of factors (c) and (d) have been already referred to in a general manner and are too well known to require a further discussion here.

Amongst low caste Hindus, widow marriage of some form or other, is allowable, and, re-marriage generally takes place in this part of the country. The widow of this class are, therefore, not so much a burden on others as high caste young widows, who are looked upon as drudges destined to work for the family. However, they possess higher longevity due to restrained

Causes of Female Mortality.

<sup>\*</sup>See Mr. Johnstone's Report of 1901, page 60.

life and freedom from the dangers of child-birth, while amongst low classes, longevity of women is less on account of high child-birth and hard life they have to lead.

Sex in Urban Population 95. In towns, females are very much outnumbered by males. The

All Harrison I		General population.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	Jains.
Lashkar	-	803	798	820	838
Ujjain	1242	803	766	923	753
Morar	***	642	630	678	779
Mandasor		925	929	909	936
Gwalior		953	938	1,002	875
Shivpuri (Sipri)	W.A.	834	834	875	823

in-set table gives
the ratios of
females to males in
six towns of the
State. The very
low figure of Morar
is probably due to
its being a Military
Cantonment where
the sepoys live

single, leaving their families at home.

In Lashkar, Ujjain, Gwalior, Morar and Shivpuri (Sipri) Musalmans show more females than Hindus. At Mandasor, Hindus are in excess of Musalmans. At Lashkar and Ujjain, male labourers are attracted from the interior and these being mostly low class Hindus, there is defect of Hindu females compared with Musalmans. Old Gwalior is the only place that shows more females than males under Musalmans. Another reason for the deficiency of females at Lashkar may be the inclusion in the city, figures of those of the Lashkar Brigade where troops live mostly single.

The sex proportion of Lashkar has fallen from 897, in 1901, through 840, in 1911, to 803, in 1921, a figure much below the State average, 884. The fall at Ujjain is still greater, the figures for 1901, 1911 and 1921 being respectively 915, 883 and 803. The main cause of this big drop in female population is the Influenza of 1918 which affected the towns more than the villages.

Examining the sex figures for Lashkar, for which alone, statistics by age are available we find that the Musalmans have 823 females as against 860 of Hindus at age, 0-1, but at 0-5, Musalmans show the highest figure of female children (1,010), a fact that points to less infantile female mortality in that community. As usual, the proportion of females is lowest at 10-15 for all religions, the Hindus showing the greatest fall. Up to 60, females are in defect of males, but at 70 and over all the three main religions show more females than 1,000 males, indicating higher longevity of women in urban population.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I .-- General Proportions of the Sexes by Natural Divisions and Districts.

	Number of Females to 1,000 Males.													
	192	21	19	u	190	)1	18	91	18	81				
Natural Divisions and Districts.	Actual population.	Natural population.	Actual population.	Natural population.	Actual population.	Natural population.	Actual population.	Natural population.	Actual populations	Natural population.				
10 70 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1.1				
Gwalior State	884	900	903	924	906	903	872	142	849	448				
Natural Divisions—			31											
7. Lowlying	828	944	853		861	1	400	7.12	***	and Section				
2. Platean	913	-	932	***	940	200		/014	***	1990				
3. Hilly	979		1.002	220	983				***	. +				
Districts—				1 1 1										
1. Gird	830	***	871	773		***	-	ilette		222				
2. Bhind	833		849		****		344		7243	227				
3. Tonwarghar	801		830	***		e+4):		***		100				
4. Sheopur	879	***	895	111	i in									
5. Narwar	890	388.	910	•••	***	***	7864	744	7944	444				
6. Isagarh	907	144	921	у	5 vi	3		-11	***	800				
7. Bhilsa	901	OM4	936			-	744	-	Sec					
8. Ujjain	919	<i>"</i> "	946	de me	a.									
9. Mandasor	938	-	948		J	2	***	724	jan.	94				
10. Shajapur	932	ett:	943		5			des	2.2					
11. Amjhera	979	4	1,002		ā., 3	-		***	-					
				10 10	P. I	1.0	14							

NOTE:—"Actual population" means the population actually present at the time of the Census irrespective of Birthplace.
"Natural population" means the population born in the district irrespective of the place of Enumeration.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.-Number of Females per 1,000 Males at Different Age Periods by Religions at Each of the Last Three Censuses.

		1	1		117				-		-			-	_	-	_	-		-
	1901	122	1	4		18	-	1	1	if	Ē		1	:		1	18	:	8	1
OTHERS.	1161	21	1			18	Ī	1			J			,	1		1		1	1
	1921	20	1,222	888	1,625	625	1,857	1,122	825	1,068	199	632	625	798	542	202	263	219	281	969
	1001	19	1	1	1	- 11	i	1	1	. 1	4	I	1			:			TI.	1
ANIMIST.	1161	18	1	E	1	1	1	1	T.			:	4	-	1	1			ŧ	- 13
VV	1921	17	928	1,146	1,203	1,179	1,145	1,123	983	814	116	1,281	1,102	910'1	915	751	206	1,076	879	970
	1061	16		1			1	E	-	1	-	-	-							
LIAN.	-			-							-					-	i	- 1	-	4
CHRISTIAN,	1161	15	2					7		64		m	10	10	:	1	:	-	-	1
	1921	=	733	933	647	928	826	817	1,333	1,842	149	253	366	525	650	481	1,097	969	655	260
	1901	=	I	1	ī	1	1			1		1	1	13	***	4	#	100	-	1
JAIN.	1161	12	1	4			1	i i	Ð	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	*	- 3
	1921	=	277	1,168	466	096	942	950	926	818	959	973	784	934	222	249	813	1,015	807	865
	1061	10	895	1,160	963	1,129	1,140	1,048	930	096	933	1,158	806	066	795	653	757.	1,052	763	895
MUSALMAN.	1161	0	942	1,033	1,041	1,120	1,003	1 027	882	781	800	975	878	006	863	808	857	1,049	898	888
Mu	1921	00	914	1,083	992	1,099	1,012	810'1	949	184	769	956	892	868	820	782	795	931	820	898
	1961	7	672	758	937	116	857	831	734	569	723	1,093	1,015	808	1,023	1,179	1,071	1,345	1,105	606
HINDU.	1161	9	496	1,003	1,059	1,028	839	975	1881	751	782	226	816	887	698	1 506	978 1	1,172 1	928	206
H	1921	10	877	1,026	988	1,058	925	965	606	732	824	1/6	688	879	834	838	946	1,086 1,	883	6 088
		+	213	108	156	1 096	895	898	758	909	753	/***	980	825	686					
RELIGIONS,	1061		963			1	849	8 626	882 7		-	3 1,086	100		3	1,097	1,031	1,329	1,061	906
L REL	1161	6		-	116	7 1,036	3			754	3	983	917	168	868	106	996	1,162	924	903
ALL	1921	est	878	1,004	1,002	-	944	888	916	739	824	886	897	887	836	829	930	1,073	877	884
			1	.:	÷	+		10	10	5	0			0		1	1	over	over	s
	AGE.	-	0-1	1 2	oi .	÷ ÷			5-10	10-13	15-20	20-25	25-30	Total 0-30	30-40	10-50	20-60	60 and over	0 and	ili age
1 1	The same		DI H	11/10	en Am	1000	BRL 40	Total		W.				Tota					Total 30 and over	Total all ages
-	4500							- 1							-		_	-	_	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III .- Number of Females per 1,000 Males at Different Age Periods by Religions and Natural Divisions (Census of 1921).

- i			-	-	L		-		_		_			1		100	-							
		thers.	0	222	3.000		1,500	1,000	4"		1,433	1.111	429	299	1,500	1,571		1,077	1,667	299	1,313	3,000	2	1,179
		.simin	v	21	920	1.138	1,277	1,159	1,179		7,142	1,001	936	827	1,286	1,228	900	920'	891	793	626	160	688	982
	-	neittian	o #	20							100					-		:	9		1	177	- 15	
	HILLY.	-nis	1	19	1,190	1,467	1,058	895	556	980	-	849			1,203	-			758	973				
1	H	.usmissuk			682	1,000	000	066	1,085	196		827	815	-	100	- 17	1			-		-	7/5	M
1		aemiestik		18	I see						-		ì	1 912	1,119	946			827	839	752	1,171	857	893
1		-abaiH		17	976	1,419	1,108		783	1.039		987	913	953	1,259	984	1.010		943	892	863	1,202	949	988
L		All Religions.		16	943	1,255	1,198	1,131	2,006	1,092		987	863	896	1,263	1,048	1.013		912	845	006	1,136	912	979
		Others.		15	833	1,000	1,500	1,000	2,000	1,273		950	1,167	200	467	.362	695	J.	792	550	1,154	786	673	717
1		JeiminA	1	+	937	1,201	1,162	1,200	1,125	1,137		986	802	914	1,292	101'1	1,017		943	742	894	1,078	887	973
	1	Christian.	1	57	621	750	000'1	1,000	929	817		1,340	218	127	200	528	487	112	614	201			673	204
PLATEAU.		-miel	10		751		(9/1)		ŧ	944	_		802	696	086	855	116							284
PLA	No.		1			(N)	17	-		-						826		_						
	-	Musalman,	-	1		GA S	300	6	1,079	1,048							927	a			100	876	931	990
		-ubniH	15				586	1,083	2	986	200	656	779	. 00	1,030	937	915	840	870	0/0	200	1,033	808	210
		All Religions.	6	910	1	1,014	966	0604	3	914	040	2 2	783	1,001	4,031	272	917	872	3865	021	1 000	6001	913	
	1	Others.	00	1 000	1,000	2 000	333	3,000		902	677	1 211	818	842	044		877	351	414	455	375	261	587	1
N	T.	.tsiminA	7	890	978	2 104	1 194	1,107		1,082	934	260	889	1,222	1 026		126	881	646	730	107	118	816	
	-	Christian.	9	0000	1.667	143	857	299		815	789	889	368	-			746	192	400	943			705	
LOWLYING,	-	· nial	, DAT	793	1,083		1.172	1,007		196	610'1	922	922	928	517	- 1	088	542	929	842		ic i		-
LOWL	-		40	847				946 1,		906	924 1,	208								Hit -	090'1			
		Musalman.	+		1,079		1,050				1		760	900	777	-	843	759	824	177	1,026	798	825	Note of the state
		*npuiH	7	807	946	984	1,007	884	0.0	170	855	669	781	906	821	0.00	770	711	776	888	1,152	820	827	
	*stu	VII Religion	10	811	954	984	1,021	899	021	100	198	959	781	910	819	894	S ON	764	773	881	1,148	834	828	1
			1	100	Ē		1	1			3	1	1	1	1	1 3%	1	i	i	1	over.	over		1
	AGE			0-1	1-2	2-3	3-4	+ 3	Total 0- 5		5.10	10-13	15-20	20 25	25-30	Total 0-30		30-40	40-50	20-60	60 and over.	Total 30 and over	Total all ages	More
	-		1					3	Tot			-		1		Tot	18				-	Tota	Total	

NOTE.-Total all ages (Natural population) cannot be given by Natural Divisions and Religions as detailed figures are not available.

### CHAPTER VI.—SEX.

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—Number of Females per 1,000 Males for Certain Selected Castes.

In Street Surface of Street		N	UMBER OF FI	EMALES PER	1,000 Males		L.VE
Caste.	All ages.	0-5	5-12	12—15	15—20	20—40	40 and over.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Hindu.							Y
1. Bania	827	1,021	880	872	849	746	798
(1) Agarwal	804	1,004	813	813	814	702	825
2. Brahman	769	926	825	730	792	670	815
(1) Bhagor	849	938	872	789	745	778	959
(2) Dakshani	861	1,739	891	976	991	797	739
(3) Sanadhya	737	898	801	669	754	632	796
3. Gujar	793	1,055	844	676	767	702	790
4. Kayasth	793	1,034	954	627	637	727	838
5. Kirar	. 795	868	962	636	778	694	826
6. Maratha	. 897	919	1,105	681	898	864	875
7. Mins	, 820	960	795	960	1,093	618	884
8 Rajput	682	677	660	536	622	737	717
(1) Bhadauria	523	556	503	406	459	619	476
(2) Chohan	7,306	1,089	7,077	611	7,604	1,413	7,649
(3) Kachhwaha	637	528	519	457	106	694	763
(4) Ponwar	. 901	956	796	586	840	959	7.047
(2) Tonwar	. 526	555	657	475	412	560	471
Musalman,		+ ,				-	
Pusamen,	1						
The second of th	847	1,235	920	692	874	747	833
2. Shaikh	888	815	990	687	780	883	979
Animist.	1	*	1 1	2 12 19			O.Z.
1. Bhil, Bhilala and Gond	968	1,160	984	805	737	1,014	888
	12		1	1			1

# CHAPTER VII. Civil Condition.

96. Table VII gives the number of married, unmarried and widowed persons by age, sex and religion. Table XIV shows the civil condition of certain selected castes by age-groups slightly different from those adopted in Table VII. The five Subsidiary Tables appended to the end of the Chapter give proportional figures suitable for comparison and discussion of the statistics.

97. In Gwalior, marriage is not immediately followed by co-habitation except amongst Christians and high class Musalmans, who, as a rule, do not encourage early marriage. With Hindus and Jains marriage is an irrevocable betrothal and, between its religious celebration and consummation, there is always an interval which varies with the age of the girl and convenience of the parties concerned. Amongst most classes of people, therefore, real married life begins after puberty with or without a ceremony.

Under the category "married" are included all persons who had gone through the rituals of marriage and whose spouses were alive, irrespective of the question of consummation of marriage. Divorced persons were returned as widows and prostitutes as unmarried.

In Gwalior, as in all India, married life is the natural order and DIAGRAM SHOWING THE PROPORTION PER celibacy an exception

WIDOWED UNMARRIES TITLE MARRIED AGE 60 & OVER AGE DYER 40-60 40-68 30-40 30 40 20:30 26-30 5-20 15-ZD 10-15 10-15 5-10 5-10

MILLE WHO ARE MARRIED AT EACH PERIOD.

celibacy an exception. Religion enjoins marriage as a duty on all Hindus and Jains, male and female; but to males it is optional and for females obligatory. Men, both bachelors and widowers, may marry as many times as they can afford or wish to; but females must marry once only and even virgin widows should not re-marry except in lower strata of society. Marriage takes place in all ages from one to sixty for males, and, for fe-

males, it begins at one and ends at twenty at the most. Delay after that does not augur well for the girl or the family in ordinary cases. So the special features of Indian marriage, as compared with Western countries, are (1) universality of marriage, (2) infant or early marriage (3), the large number of widows, (4) prohibition of widow re-marriage.

Though marriage is obligatory many restrictions narrow the circle of selection of a spouse. In addition to the limitations of prohibited degrees of relationship on paternal and maternal sides the rules of endogamy, exogamy and hypergamy are all in vogue in the State in almost all religions, castes and tribes.

Introductory.

Special Features of Indian Marriage. General Statistics.

98. Of the whole population 47.6 per cent. of the males are unmarried, 43.1 married and 9.3 per cent. widowed while the figures for the females are 32.6, 47.5 and 19.9. Of the unmarried about 75 per cent. of the males and 94 per cent. of the females are under 15 years of age. In the group 10-15, 52.3 per cent. girls are married; during the 15-20 period 86.5 females are married while the proportion of married males is only 42.8. By 20, almost every woman, who is not any way disqualified, has been married. At 40 and over in every 100 we have 1.7 unmarried, 34.8 married and 63.5 widowed females, the male figures being 7.8, 66.3, and 25.9. At this period of life there are 5 widows to 2 widowers.

# DIAGRAM SHOWING THE NUMBER PER 1,000 AGED 15-40 WHO ARE WIDOWED BY RELIGION

ALL RELIGIONS		50	100	150	500 51
HINDU.					
MUSALMAN.					
ANIMIST.		-			
JAIN.					
CHRISTIAN.					
OTHERS.					
	MALES -		FEMALES		

# DIAGIRAM SHOWING THE NUMBER PER LOCO AGED 0-10 WHO ARE MARRIED BY RELIGION.

saleson in the	0 ,10,20,30,40,50, 60,70,80,90,
ALL RELIGIONS.	
HINDU	
MUSALMAN .	
ANIMIST	
JAIN	
CHRISTIAN	
OTHERS	

MALES. ----FEMALES. -----

Civil Condition by Natural Divisions. 99. From the in-set table it will appear that the Hilly tract has largest
Civil Condition per 1,000 by Natural Divisions.

T. man Claim		MALES.	FEMALES.					
Locality.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Un- married.	Married.	Widowed		
Gwalior	476	431	.93	326	475	199		
Lowlying.	488	406	106	315	474	211		
Plateau	465	448	87	328	476	196		
Hilly	509	426	65	400	458	142		

Number of Married and Widowed Persons per 1,000

100	STATE OF THE PARTY OF	MA	LES.		FEMALES.						
Natural			5-1			5-10					
Divisions.	Married.	Wid- owed.	Married.	Wid- owed.	Married	Widowed.	Married.	Widowed			
Lowlying.	9	1	24	3	15	2	66	5			
Plateau	32	. 2	54	15	. 31	4	142	9			
Hilly	22	1	39	3	28	3	78				

widowed persons are found in the Lowlying section,

number of bachelors and spinstersand the least number of widowers and widows. The Plateau

The Plateau claims the largest number of married persons of either sex.

The greatest number of

In early marriage, both of boys and girls, as well as in the possession of child widows, the Plateau is easy first, then comes the Hilly tract, the Lowlying bringing up the rear.

In the Hilly tract Hindus marry their children earlier than in the other two divisions but not so the Musalmans. Animists of the Plateau region seem to have preference for early marriage of children of either sex.

100. The Hindus have about 2 per cent, less married males but 1.3 more widowers and '7 per cent. more married females and 3'2 more widows than Musalmans. Hindus marry their girls earlier. At 5-10 they have 12 girl wives to 7 of Musalmans but during the period 15-40 Musalmans show about 2 per cent, more wives than Hindus. As can be naturally expected the Hindus have 4'3 per cent. at 15-40 and 5'9 per cent. at 40 and over more widows than Musalmans.

In widowhood of both sexes, Jains are first and Animists the last. Jains have 25.5 widows to 20.5 of Hindus, 17.3 of Musalmans and 11 of Animists.

In infant marriage competition lies between Jains and Hindus, the former Married Persons per 1,000 of Each Sex. 2.8

			0-5	Augy Ann	5-1	0	per cent more child-
Religion.  All Religions		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	wives at 0-5 than Hin- dus. Ani-	
		23	26	43	114	mists do not	
Hindu			24	26	45	120	favour early
Musalman			21	25	31	73	marriage of girls. At
Jain		-	13	54	18	102	15-40 the
Animist		***	13	19	28	57	Animists
ALCOHOL STATE			= 1				show 2.6

2.6 per cent. more wives than even Musalmans. Jains show the least number of wives at 15-40 and 40 and over, 742 and 273 per mille respectively. return the largest number of widows (70 per cent.) and Animists the least (49 per cent.). Hindus very closely follow the Jains, being only 5 per cent less.

Civil condition of Christians, Arya Samajists, Parsis and Sikhs is not considered in separate detail, these forming very small minorities of the population.

101. Subsidiary Table V shows that as regards infant marriage, Gahalot Rajputs stand first showing 444 boys and 158 girls aged 0-5 married per 1,000 of each sex. Between 5 and 12 years, 243 girls and 169 boys are married per 1,000. Then come, but far behind them, Oswal Banias (Hindu) who return 210 boys and 137 girls between 0-5 joined in wed-lock. At 5-12 they have 245 boy-husbands to 288 girl-wives. Porwal (Hindu), Mina and Bhats show 130, 156 and 128 boys, 126, 100 and 176 girls married during 0-5 years. Infant marriage of boys is least prevalent among Kachhwaha (12) and Bhadauria Rajputs (10), Dakshani Brahmans (16), Porwal Jains (16).

Dakshani and Bhagor Brahmans return respectively 11 and 15 childwives below 5 per every thousand.

Variation by Religion.

Variation by Caste.

Large Number of Widows. 102. Of the total male population 9'3 per cent, are widower while 20 per cent, of the whole female population are widows as against 9 per cent, in Western Europe.\* Taking the distribution by age we get still more striking features. Thirty-one per cent, of the total number of widows are under 40 years and 2'2 per cent, are under 15 years, an age at which no one is married in Europe. In this respect we are worse off than the whole of India where the figures are 28 and 1'3 per mille.

As regards widows of 40 and over Sanadhya Brahmans stand first (713), then follow Bhagors (703) and Dakshani Brahmans (683); Saharias show the lowest number (120) per thousand females, the figure for the whole State being (635). As a rule, the number of widows in advanced age is very high among high caste Hindus who strictly discountenance widow marriage and comparatively low among lower strata where some form of widow marriage is prevalent.

Comparison with Past Censuses, 103. The decade shows less marriage and more widowhood in both sexes. Married males have gone down by 42, widowers increased by 22 per mille. Married females have dropped by 31 and widows increased by 8 per mille (Subsidiary Table I). All the main religions exhibit the same features more or less excepting Animists who return 12 per mille drop of widows. Less marriage and more widowhood reflect the hard economic condition obtaining generally during the decade.

Harly Marriage.

104. Early marrige of boys and girls seems to have decreased amongst Hindus and Musalmans but Jains show decided increase during the decade (Subsidiary Table I). Educated public opinion is rising against early marriage. The Maharashtra Kshatriya Hitachintak Sabha patronised by the Ruler of the State has, as one of its objects, the increase of marriageable age of the Maratha children.

Widow Re-marriage. 105. Amongst high class Hindus the feeling against widow re-marriage is very strong. The educated community would seem to admit the necessity of the marriage of virgin widows but do not go against the current social opinion. But amongst the lower orders, widow marriage in some form is prevalent in the State. The most popular form is the levirate. But, if for some good reasons, the deceased husband's younger brother does not suit, the widow can select some one else paying a penalty to her brother-in-law or giving a caste dinner. No special ceremony is generally made nor does the priest officiate at such marriages. They are generally performed in obscurity.

Natra and Dharicha are the two most current forms of widow-marriage in Gwalior. The Darbar has provided for the registration of such marriages.

Polygamy.

106. Polygamy is not so fashionable in the Gwalior State; amongst the low class it is less frequent than amongst the high. A second wife is only taken when the first proves barren.

Polyandry.

107. It is unknown in the State.

<sup>&</sup>quot; Taken from India Report, 1911.

108. From the two in-set tables, it will appear that early marriage, proportion of Married and Widowed Persons per 1,000 of Each Sex at 0-10 Age. b o tho of

LASHKAR CITY. STATE. Religion. Married. Widowed-Widowed. Married-Males. Females. Males. Females. Males. Females. Males. Females. All Religions 5 34 73 3 Hindu 23 50 6 5 80 3 36 Musalman. 3 23 40 3 27 50 6 6 Jain 42 16 80 2

Number of Married Females per 1,000 Married Males

TUE Y				Lashkar	City.	State.		
All Religions	W.	1111	·	,	821	973		
Hindu	Team	(100	744		811	976		
Musalman	2000	544			855	906		
Jain	***	1111	***		934	1011		

comparative infrequency of polygamy in Lashkar.

Civil Condition in Lashkar City.

boys and girls, is less prevalent in the capital of the State and that the proporti o n of married women per 1,000 married men is less than the State average, a fact which points

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—Distribution by Civil Condition of 1,000 of Each Sex, Religion and Main Age Periods at Each of the Last Three Censuses.

	0	NMARRIED.		)	MARRIED.	74	Ha"	WIDOWED.			
Religion, sex and age.	1921	1911	1901	1921	1911	1901	1921	1911	1901		
1	2.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
All Religious-Males	476	456	466	431	473	451	93	71	83		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60	953 817 542 183 80	969. 933 779 551 182 80 68	988 937 773 505 214 102 167	23 43 170 428 710 693 549	29 65 212 427 738 740 571	11 60 215 458 666 69 478	2 4 13 30 107 227 378	2 2 9 9 22 70 180 361	3 12 37 90 219 355		
All Religions-Females	326	303	296	475	506	486	199	191	218		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	878 451 82 28 18	975 862 412 85 30 19	966 876 443 98 154 49 13	26 114 523 864 896 419 132	23 132 571 875 830 414 137	31 116 521 826 672 432 168	3 8 26 54 166 563 854	2 6 17 40 140 567 850	3 8 36 76 174 549 819		
Hindu-Males	473	455	469	431	474	458	96	71	81		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	951 808 530 184 82	969 932 772 546 190 81 68	988 941 767 490 218 103 184	24 45 178 439 706 683 537	30 66 219 432 739 737 569	11 56 222 474 695 679 454	2 4 14 31 110 235 387	1 2 9 22 71 182 363	1 3 11 36 87 - 218 362		
Hindu-Females	318	299	290	477	508	490	205	193	220		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	871 426 71 27 17	977 858 399 78 27 16 12	970 876 406 81 170 19	26 120 547 874 801 410 126	21 136 584 882 831 412 132	28 118 559 843 661 436 165	3 9 27 55 172 573 862	2 6 17 40 142 572 856	2 6 35 76 166 54; 82		
Musalman-Males	467	456	446	450	473	461	83	71	9:		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	963 - 880 623 197 58	981 945 862 630 214 52 50	993 970 870 667 191 115 43	21 31 113 354 715 759 632	17 52 126 342 718 795 612	5 26 114 291 708 686 691	6 6 7 23 88 183 329	2 3 12 28 68 153 338	10 19 26		
Musalman-Females	357	334	322	470	490	478	173	176	200		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	919 622 138 48 27	933 889 567 166 70 47 29	925 897 604 202 50 35 53	25 73 358 826 829 475 169	57 102 419 794 813 449 205	59 80 356 730 784 417 134	4 8 20 36 123 498 797	10 9 14 40 117 504 766	11 2 44 66 166 541 81;		
Animist—Males	522	489	455	430.	479	454	48	32	9		
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	970 880 635 120 33	941 925 832 575 156 85 73	989 878 774 542 174 66 50	13 28 113 340 813 848 733	58 69 165 411 814 814 686	10 119 209 408 708 702 621	1 2 7 25 67 119 227	1 6 3 14 30 101 241	11 5 11 23 32		

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—Distribution by Civil Condition of 1,000 of Each Sex Religion and Main Age Periods at Each of the Last Three Censuses.—(concld.)

	1	JNMARE1ED			MARRIED.	101		WIDOWED.	
Religion, sex and age.	1921	1911	1901	1921	1911	1901	1921	1911	1901
12.1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Animist-Females	451	383	347	440	496	450	109	121	203
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	978 938 696 241 35 21 20	981 932 602 159 43 48 24	960 865 637 177 49 20 15	19 57 290 721 882 573 216	16 63 384 818 886 458 127	39 122 315 742 725 412 274	3 5 14 38 83 406 764	3 5 14 23 71 494 799	1 13 48 81 226 568 711
Jain-Males	494	469	453	385	422	433	121	109	114
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	986 979 913 640 256 163 121	988 969 861 576 254 133 99	981 953 832 608 256 139 96	13 18 80 337 630 561 439	11 29 131 401 649 618	11 37 152 361 647 588 492	1 3 7 23 114 286 440	1 2 8 23 97 249 457	8 10 16 31 97 273 412
Jain-Females	295	288	258	450	469	478	255	243	264
0.5 5.10 10:15 15:20 20.40 40-60 60 and over	937 882 427 54 57 32 32	975 895 435 71 49 27 13	973 874 413 87 21 13 5	54 102 553 872 205 334 97	21 95 529 859 729 395 150	13 115 560 842 747 340 90	9 16 20 74 238 634 871	4 10 36 70 222 578 837	14 11 27 71 232 647 905
Christian—Males	704	485	572	271	* 460	345	25	25	83
0.5 5-10 10.15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	972 1,000 974 976 635 89 131	1,000 1,000 1,000 636 341 86 238	1,000 979 956 829 333 85	28  26 24 351 786 652	318 616 810 524	21 44 143 510 746 923	14 125 217	 46 43 104 238	28 137 169 77
Christian—Females	486	408	640	424	486	316	90	106	44
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	998 989 914 581 109 55	1,000 964 833 500 128 205	1,000 1,000 983 667 1:1 102 71	2 11 86 387 851 534 187	167 467 804 658 154	17 333 822 714 500	32 40 411 813	33 68 237 846	
Others-Males	478	531	333	467	431	467	. 55	38	191
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	939 873 864 578 377 212 187	1,000 950 941 667 220	1,000 1,000 333 500 	61 127 136 422 565 673 469	50 59 333 680 1,000 1,000	667 500 833 400	58 115 344	100	     600
Others-Females	391	563	400	488	398	400	121	39	200
0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-40 40-60 60 and over	1,000 846 638 267 181 45 130	9s1 1,000 909 714 189	1,000	154 362 733 743 597 131	9 286 757 857 750	 1,000	     76    	54 143 250	1,000

#### 60 CHAPTER VII.—CIVIL CONDITION.

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Distribution by Civil Condition of 1,000

	Villa Deciment							A	IALE	s.	100		10					
170 - 170 - 170	1	III ages		0	<b>—5</b> .		3	10.		1	0_15			15-40		40	and o	over.
Religion and Natural Division.	led.		d.	poq.	1	d.	ed.		d.	ed.	1	÷	led.	1	.po	ied.		ed,
The state of the state of	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried	Married.	Widowed,
	Un	Ma	Wi	Um	Man	W	Um	Man	WIE	T <sub>m</sub>	Ma	W	Un	Min	W	Un	Ma	W
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9.	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
																	100	
Gwallorr State.		-	1 4	-	55000	3	11.00	1000	13	No.			arre.	-			1	
All Religions		431	93	975	23	2	953	43	4	817	170		255	654	91	78		259
100	1000	431	96	974	24	2	951	45	4	808	178	14	253	653	94	81	729	100
Animist	100	450	83	973	21	6	963	31	6	880	113	19	283	723	75	56	828	-775
Jain		385	121	986	13	1	970	28	3	913	113	3	331	572	97	100	*******	318
Christian	704	271	25	972	28		1,000	-		974	26		748	243	9,			
Others	100	467	55	939	61	***	873	127	***	864	136		405	562		207	628	127.6
THE RESIDENCE	100	65%	20	2000	0.	-	1505	2706	200	22.5	-50	-		1000		100	1	T
FULL PART - PRINT					1		FF		111									1
Lowlying.	10						193			100								
ATUTOUTUS		0.22	12	220		1	528	18	1 3			100	2253	685		war.		200
Dinda	488		106	990	9	1	973	24	3	12011-11	144	14.750	291	612	97	-	600	10.50
Manalana		403	108	991	8	1	974	23	3	10000	147	1100	291	610			591 717	226
Animist	463	425	89	961	32	7	956 984	36	8	901	103		212	738	50	57	1015	137
Jain	462	396	42	993	7	2	994	16	3	857	95	38	296	585	119	145	Tropie	359
Christian	471	474	142	963	37	51	1,000	90	***	1,000	136	***	476	495	29	81	100	135
Others	477	452	71	1,000	27	***	971	29		947	53	***	366	578	56			179
				1010	***			-		-							-	
			171						-		1				I S	13		
Distant					19	J.	108											134
Plateau. All Religions						Ĭ.,									.00			220
The second second	1000	448	87	966	32	2	941	54	5	795	3126.0		230	682	91	10.51	698	2000
Salving and Artist and	463	448	89	964	34	2	938	57	5	786 875	188	100	226	683	72	53	734	
Animist	466	453	81 52	982	15	3	966	29	5		164		184	752	64		820	
Jain	504	381	115	982	15	1	974	22	4	932	61		346	568	THE PARTY	1000	548	
Christian	773	211	16	976	24		1,000	**		966	34	***	784	209			737	2000
Others	474	483	43	1,000		1	1,000	***			167	***	401	581	_20	179	20100	149
		100			**	100	2	(CC)	25		12	200			- 7	353	30	12
	- 11						1				9		- 1	174		E.		
auto.		1			30						17	-	A E	E.F.			4	
HIIIy.		44	22	200	-300	-	1940		1000	2222		21	0.5	7994	1	(22)	900	100
***************************************	466	426	65	977	22	1	958	39	3		110		250	678	72	1000	767	10000
Musalman	514	417	82 69	964	34	2	927	67	6	2500	170	13		682	34		71)	196
Animist	549	405	46	986	13	1	966	32 18	2	941	54	223	259	634	79	1804		133
Jain	527		106	1,000	30		981	24		959	34	1-31	356	546		131	1200	277
Christian		1.000	* 90	***	***	***	4		***	335				1,000				
Others	589	375	36		500	***	222	778	***		286		696	304	***	636	182	182
	0.10	2000	2002	P COMP	1000	1505	Solute S.	5555	***	553	7.1	223	.,,,	30.0	***	~0	-	
STREET, SQUARE, SQUARE,	1000		100						_			_			_	_		_

Each Sex at Certain Ages in Each Religion and Natural Division.

			- 3					FEMAL	LES.							-	
	All age	y.	1	0—5.	-ti		5-10.			10-1	5.		15-40	).	1 4	0 and o	ver.
Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
-					-	-		-		-	31	-	33	34	33	30	37
		110		604											No.	din	
326	475	199	971	26	3	878	114	8	451	523	26	38	817	145	17	348	635
318	477	205	971	26	3	871	120	9	426	547	27	35	815	150	15	340	645
357	470	173	971	25	4	919	73	8	622	358	20	64	829	107	29	395	576
451 295	440	109	978	19	3	938	57	5	696	290	14	70	855	75	20	491	489
486	424	255	937	54	9	882	102	16	427	553	20	57	742	201	32	273	695
391	488	121	978	22	***	989	11	12.644	914	86	748	167	793	40	45	472	483
		1.00	1000	***	225	846	154		638	362	2000	194	741	65	67	478	455
			103	1		17.5		723					1	-		PACE.	
				130								FF.	100	F	38	VIADA	
315	474	211	H TEAS	120		1		9:		1000		m				1	
311	474	215	983	15	2	929	66	5	463	516	21	31	824	145	15	331	654
341	482	177	984	14	5	928	67	5	452	526	22	29 59	823	148	37	327 403	660
465	441	94	988	6	6	963	32	5	757	372	18	43	895	90	20	507	560
255	482	263	903	95	2	813	164	23	207	786	7	32	762	206	43	224	473 733
383	438	179	1,000	***	***	1,000	***	7	1,000	,,,,		187	720	93	71	405	524
337	548	115	1,000		122	1,000	W.	242	391	609	***	68	837	95	***	571	429
						TO BE	-8									L.Y	
		b.B	1	9.5		/EGIL		4		431			1:17		05	SIC I	
TES.												65			Total !	-	
328	476	196	965	31	4	849	142	9	433	538	29	41	811	148	18	352	630
322	479	199	964	32	4	841	149	10	413	556	31	38	810	152	17	348	635
365	465	170	970	26	4	909	78	13	625	355	20	64	824	112	25	402	573
412	461	127	970	28	2	903	90	7	541	440	19	55	848	97	23	439	538
309	439	252	949	40	11	909	78	13	518	458	24	63	736	201	29	295	676
52 <b>5</b>	419	56	970	30	1000	987	13	***	903	97	344	158	825	17	213	340	447
407	420	113	1,000	0.555	***	895	105	***	905	95	o ere	344	635	21	271	437	292
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400	458	142	969	28	3	914	78	- 8	622	359	19	60	836	104	18	436	546
308	503 452	189	942	53	5	838	150	12	383	588	29	28	825	147	19	353	628
491	416	168	987	8	5	954	18	28	636	323	21	58	846	96	14	354	632
308	436	256	990	14	10	969	93	*	623	125	65	95	852 740	53 181	18	290	438 710
444			990	200	20	907	93	411	1	312	63	79	740	181	244	290	200
288	545	167	1,000	***	***	400	600		667	333	***	32	839	129	286	214	500
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SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Distribution by Main Age Periods and Civil Condition of 10,000 of Each Sex and Religion.

1			SELECTIONS				
0.000	gi j	MALES.			EMALES	• 1	
Religion and Age.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	Unmarried.	Married.	Widowed.	REMARKS.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
All Religions	4,758	4,309	933	3,266	4,747	1,987	1000
0-10	9,627	341	32	9,206	734	60	III THE FOLLOWING
10-15	8,166	1,702	132	4,510	5,227	263	
15-40	2,547	6,539	914	385	8,167	1,448	
40 and over	783	6,628	2,589	167	3,478	6,355	tir ou
Hindu	4,734	4,305	961	3,175	4,775	2,050	
0 -10	9,612	357	31	9,163	776	61	e partie
10.15	8,081	1,779	140	4 259	5,466	275	- betail
15-40	2,529	6,530	941	348	8,149	1,503	
40 and over	809	6,524	2,667	155	3,396	6,449	
Musalman	4,670	4.500	830	3,575	4,698	1,727	
0 -10	9,674	268	58	9,435	504	- 61	
10-15	8,802	1,128	70	6,221	3,582	197	
15-40 ,	2,830	6,420	750	639	8,287	1,074	77.5
40 and over	534	7,295	2,171	290	3,953	5,757	
Animist	5.217	4,301	482	4,508	4,402	1,090	
0 -10 , ,	9,769	214	17	9,577	394	39	
10-15	8,793	1,134	73	6,960	2,903	137	
15-40	2,176	7,226	598	691	8,553	756	
40 and over	341	8,267	1,392	206	4,906	4,888	WOTE !
Jain	4,937	3,847	1,216	2,951	4,499	2,550	
0 -10	9,821	157	22	9,081	795	124	
16-15	9,129	798	73	4,270	5 527	203	223
15-40	3,315	5,720	965	566	7,421	2,013	E SE IN
40 and over	1,459	5,557	3,184	321	2,727	6,952	PER
Christian	7,041	2,713	246	4,865	4,240	895	
0 -10	9,832	168	***	9,834	166		
10-15	9,737	263		9,143	857		
15.40	7,355	2,546	99	1,667	7,936	397	
40 and over	963	7,630	1,407	449	4,719	4,832	
Others	4.781	4,671	548	3.910	4,876	1,214	
0 -10	9,018	982	in the	9,252	748	7 40	10000
1540	8,636	1.364	107	6,383	3,617		A DECEMBER
40 and over	4,053 2,069	5,621	326	1,940	7,413	647	
	-1009	6,276	1,655	667	4,778	4,555	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.-Proportion of the Sexes by Civil Condition at Certain Ages for Religions and Natural Divisions.

_			100		EXPERIENCE T		A Commence	
		*bewobiW	16		2,235 2,223 2,127 1,277 1,801 1,708	2,104 1,767 2,092 2,380 1,671 1,571	2,454 2,196 2,196 2,196 2,200 2,200	2,752 2,692 2,845 2,925 2,191 3,500
	40 and over-	Married.	15	¥	477 478 470 470 470	499 445 445 445 368 308 341	468 471 446 439 438 556 533 533	522 474 404 563 421 1,500
		Unmarried.	14		194 176 176 445 513 308 194	127 108 558 474 245 500 91	239 239 381 182 1143 167	326 271 368 482 
		Widowed.	13		1,388 1,223 1,223 1,428 1,182	1,204 1,112 1,212 1,239 2,667 875	1,524 1,526 1,193 1,193 7,50 7,50 667	1,439 1,773 1,140 931 1,775
	15—40	Married	12		1,117	1,090 1,095 1,086 1,177 931 1,038	1,085 1,103 1,113 1,118 1,168 1,168	1,236 1,226 1,239 1,243 1,243 1,243 1,299
ES		Unmarried.	11		132 120 193 320 146 808 287	87 83 164 196 78 280 164	164 155 212 212 308 168 60 60 478	240 130 185 365 365 312 312
1,000 MALES.		.bswobiW	10		1,755	1,257 1,359 1,279 2,750 800	1,490 1,457 2,489 1,725 2,667	1,957
NUMBER OF PENALES PER	10—15	Married.	6		2,269 2,248 2,481 2,075 5,670 6,000 2,833	2,354 2,071 2,357 1,833 5,341 4,000	2,214 2,455 2,455 2,350 6,000 6,000 667	2,831 3,162 2,419 1,901 4,800
ER OF FEM		Unmarried.	80		403 386 532 641 383 1,730 789	3308 308 455 6455 6455 687 688 687	426 410 584 2,000 1,267	608 428 599 769 340 
NOMB		Widowed.	7		1,782 1,805 1,038 2,522 5,400	1,376	1,898 1,939 1,177 1,897 4,111	2,621 2,621 6,500 2,250
	0-10	Married.	0		2,028 2,029 1,842 1,872 4,819 1,000	2,238 2,296 1,203 1,643 25,667 400	1,994 1,990 2,315 2,187 2,905 1,500	1,798 2,026 588 1,376 3,333
		-bairrieda-	5		902 890 1,030 879 1,017 980	1,186 861 937 988 851 821 823 844	915 906 900 1,012 929 1,085 1,085	1,005 948 883 1,058 869 2,400
		Widowed.	+		1,882 1,879 1,879 2,195 1,814 2,038 1,257	1,645 1,643 1,643 2,044 1,522 2,417 950	2,055 2,060 1,887 2,313, 1,945 1,846	2,181 2,287 2,161 2,008 2,073 5,500
e	ALL AGES.	Married.	10		907 976 906 903 1,011 875 728	968 973 937 937 642 662	971 974 979 1,010 1040 584	1,050 1,098 968 1,007 1,024
,	V	Unmarried.	23		607 590 663 838 838 517 387 565	534 526 606 606 800 452 451 451	644 635 696 718 354 717	769 651 661 878 503 463
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# CHAPTER VIII.

### Literacy.

109. In the censuses previous to 1901, no information was collected in the State under the column "Education." Education, in those days, was confined to a very narrow range of the community and the statistics, even if recorded, would, doubtless, have been meagre. The instruction, given in 1901, to return the persons capable of reading and writing as literate, did not contain in it "the degree of proficiency in reading and writing which should qualify a person to be entered as literate." As the decision was left to the enumerators, the returns probably had varied from charge to charge and even from block to block according to the test applied in each case. The standard was not only indefinite but was also rather low and many persons returned as literate, in the Census of 1901, would not have been returned as such according to the accurate and precise test laid down in the Census of 1911 and retained also on the present occasion.

Accuracy of the Return in Literacy column in 1901.

110. The direction to the enumerators on the present occasion was "to enter any person as literate who can write a letter to a friend and read the reply of it, but not otherwise." The present test, however definite it may be, demands such an amount of uniform care which cannot be expected from each and all of the enumerators. The accuracy of literacy statistics recorded, is thus vitiated by the varying amount of care with which the inquiries were made and the different degrees of self-conscientiousness with which the enumerators carried out the orders. But as the same standard was applied in 1911, there can be no difficulty in instituting an effective comparison of the present returns with those obtained in 1911, though it may be unsafe to attempt any comparison with the figures of 1901.

In 1911, and

111. No record was made on the present occasion, of the vernacular language in which a person was literate. Hindi, Urdu and Marathi, still remain the main written languages and no variation has occurred as regards their relative position in which they lay in 1901. A return was made of those who were literate in English in addition to their mother-tongue.

Literacy by Language.

and IX. Table VIII is divided into three parts; Part A, shows literacy by religion, Part B, gives details of literates of each main religion by districts, Part C, gives similar details for the city. Table IX shows figures for literates and illiterates by sects in selected castes. Of the ten Subsidiary Tables prescribed in 1911, the first seven have only been kept this time and the rest omitted according to the directions of the Census Commissioner for India. These Subsidiary Tables exhibit the chief comparative and proportionate statistics of literacy and set forth for purposes of comparison some of the main figures in connection with education issued by the Education Department.

Reference to Tables,

113. The number of literate persons returned at the present Census in the State is 110,879 amounting to about 40 per mille of the total population or 1 person in every 25. Of males, 61 per mille and of females 7 per mille are literate. Thus, there are nearly 9 literate males to 1 literate female. Of the total number of literate males, over 73 per cent. are above 20 years of age and 4 per cent, are under 10. The remaining 23 per cent. are distributed

Literacy in General in the State. between the age periods, 10 to 15, and 15 to 20. In the case of females also, the proportion is highest over 20 and lowest under 10. Persons returned as literates under 5, have been excluded, and in calculating proportions, the population under 5, has not been taken into account.

Comparison with other Provinces and States. 114. Considering that there was very poor education even in the early ninetees and that almost all the educational institutions have been established within the last three decades, the figures are neither very insignificant nor discouraging. Though Gwalior is behind in education in comparison with the

STATES OR PROVINCES.	arrieros.	NUMBER PER 1,000 WHO ARE LITERATE.
Gwalior		40
C. I. Agency States	-	36
Hyderabad	744	38
Rajputana States	- 1	. 39
U. P. of Agra & Oudh	11	42
C. P. & Berar		43
Punjab		45

most advanced British Provinces of Bengal, Bombay and Madras, its figure is very near to those of the neighbouring Provinces, viz., United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Central Provinces and Berar, and the Punjab. As compared with the sister States of Central India Agency,

Hyderabad and Rajputana, the proportion of literates per mille is higher in Gwalior than that in any of them.

The marginal diagram shows the extent of literacy by sex in the Natural

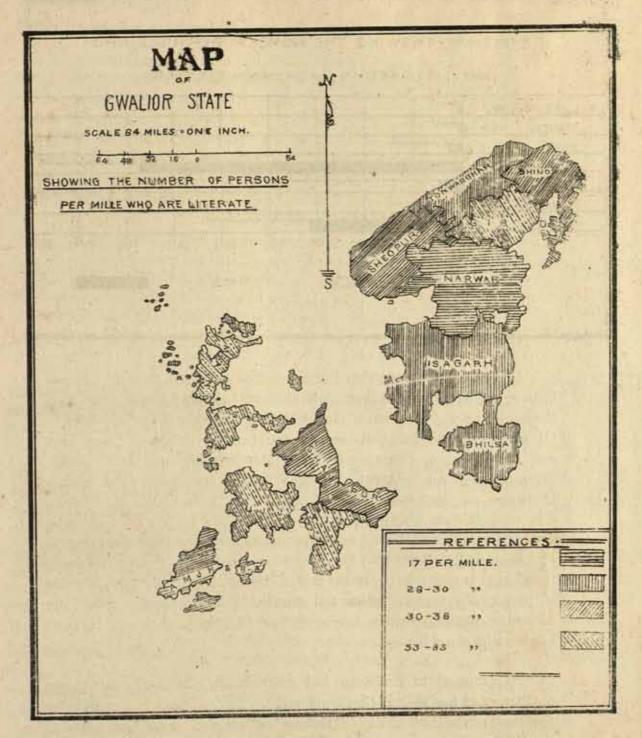
 Divisions while the map (on the next page) exhibits the comparative statistics of literacy among persons in different districts.

115. Both among males and females, the Low-lying division comes first in literacy, the Plateau second and the Hilly last, and the order is as it should be.

The Lowlying area, having a greater urban population than the Plateau and containing in it the capital city of Lashkar, which affords the greatest facility for education in the State, more than half the number of literates is returned from this tract alone. The only College in the State is in Lashkar and out of four High English Schools, three are in the Lowlying and in one district, the district of Gird Gwalior alone. The Plateau, in spite of having larger number of towns than the Lowlying, provides lesser educational facilities, Ujjain being the only place where a stimulus to education is given. The proportion of literates is, therefore, lower in the Plateau than in the Lowlying area.

The solitary district of Amjhera in the Hilly section abounds with Animistic races and low tribes and, as was expected, literacy is lowest there. Strange it may appear, the proportion of female literates in the Hilly tract

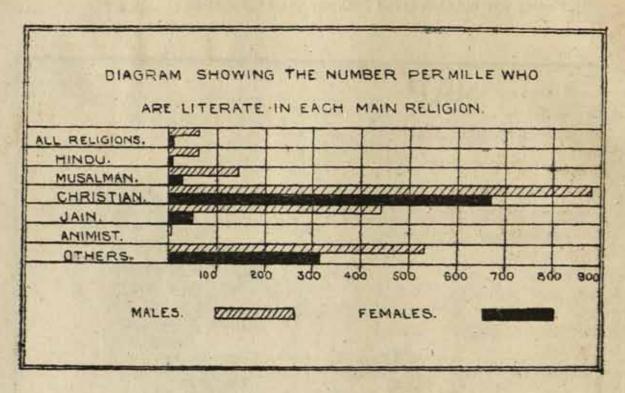
Literacy by Natural Divisions, and the Plateau is the same, but when we come to know that the females, as a class, are illiterate nearly everywhere in the State, the small proportion in the Plateau does not seem to call forth any other explanation.



In every 7 males there is one literate in the district. Mandasor comes next with one literate in every 10 males. It is because of Mandasor having, of all districts, the greatest European, Anglo-Indian and Jain population, the most literate communities, that the proportion of male literates is higher in Mandasor than even in Ujjain. But in female literacy, Ujjain is ahead of Mandasor. Jain females are comparatively far backward to their males and almost all the Europeans and Anglo-Indians, either in the Cantonment or in the Loco Department of Nimuch, are single. Consequently, the proportion of literates among females in Mandasor is very low in comparison with males. Close to Mandasor is Ujjain with 95 males and 12 females literate per thousand of their population. The figures of other districts follow closely to

Districts.

each other ranging from 35 per mille in Bhind and Shajapur to 17 in Narwar.



Literacy by Religion.

amount of literacy is to be met with among Christians, Parsis, and Arya Samajists in order. In every hundred Christians, nearly 81 are literate. Of the males, 88 per cent. and of the females, nearly 67 per cent. satisfy the test of literacy. If we divide Christians into two classes, European and Anglo-Indian Christians on the one hand, and Indian Christians on the other, we find that of the former, only one-tenth, a very small fraction, is illiterate, while of the latter 52 per cent. or more than half are illiterate. Both sexes are equally literate among the European and Anglo-Indian Christians; the proportion among the females is nearly the same as among males. In the case of Indian Christians, the difference of proportions between males and females is comparatively wide. For 55 males claiming literacy among Indian Christians, there are only 42 females who stand the test.

As compared to European and Anglo-Indian Christians, the figures for literacy of the Indian Christians are, no doubt, small but considering that most of the local Indian Christians are converts from low castes of the Hindus, literacy among the Indian Christians is by far the greater than among the Hindus and even among the Musalmans and next only to Arya Samajists. I have been informed that the different Christian Missions are running, within their respective field of work, in different parts of the State, schools where the converts are given elementary education.

Parsis come next in literacy. They are generally a trading class here, for which, literacy is an essential requisite. For every three literate persons there is only one illiterate among the Parsis. Literacy is equally prevalent in both the sexes, the percentages being 75 and 74 in males and females respectively.

The Arya Samajists, who are dissenters from orthodox Hinduism, are, as a class, literate, the adoption of the new creed pre-supposing a certain amount of education. 62 per cent. of the community are literate. The females are less advanced than males, the proportion being 75 per cent. among the latter as against 44 in the former.

These are followed by Jains, most of whom are Banias living in towns, with 26 literates per cent. In comparison with females of other religions Jain females are far more backward than their males. While 44 are literate among 100 males, only 5 per cent. have been returned as such among females. Musalmans have 88 per mille literate. As larger proportion of Musalmans live in towns than Hindus, literacy is greater among Musalmans than among Hindus. Hindu community consists of a large mass of backward population steeped in the darkness of ignorance, so literacy statistics for the Hindus have been reduced by exhibiting the figures for Hindus as a general class. Literacy among Muhammadans is more than double that among Hindus. For 35 literates per thousand Hindus, the figures for Muhammadans are 88. Literacy in Hindu females is almost nil as yet. It is only 6 per thousand; the Muhammadan females give a much better figure 26. The Animists, as might be expected, come last with two literate males in thousand. There are no literate females in them.

118. If we study the statistics of literacy by castes, we see that some of the castes of Hindus are more literate than any of the castes of Jains or Musalmans, though literacy among Hindus, as a class, is least of all religions. Thus among various castes, Dakshani Brahmans and Kayasthas stand at the top with 414 and 335 literates respectively in thousand of their population. Then follows the Bania Mahesri caste with 315 literate per thousand. After this, come the Jain Oswals (with 303 per mille), Marathas (with 284 per mille) and Porwals of the Jain religion (with 246 per mille). Female literacy is very low among the Banias and the Jains in comparison with that of male. Thus in the Mahesri caste only 5 females are literate as against 535 males. Among the Oswals and Porwals too, the numbers of literate females are only 61 and 69 per mille respectively for the corresponding male figures 510 and 395. Marathas have higher literacy among females than the trading castes. They have 83 females literate in them in one thousand. Bania Agarwals, Gahois, who come next after Jains, give similarly very poor figures for females. For 433 literate males in Agarwals, there are only 37 females who are literate, while among the Gahois 13 females are literate as against 350 males who claim to be so. Among the Musalmans, Saiyad, a high caste in them, has the highest literacy in both the sexes, 228 males and 60 females being literate in every thousand of each class of population. The Rajputs, though a race of high class, are not very literate. The figures vary from 152 male literate per thousand among Chohans to 50 among Tonwars, females being backward in every sept to males.

The highest female literacy is to be found among the Dakshani Brahmans and Kayasthas who show, as has been already seen, the highest figures in the total also. The proportions per mille are 163 among the Dakshani Brahman females, and 118 among Kayasthas.

119. In the State, as a whole, there are 56 persons per ten thousand who stated that they knew English and only two females. The ratio is naturally highest in the Lashkar City, (528 males, 63 females per ten thousand), it

Literacy by Caste.

Literacy in English. being the centre of higher education and the capital of the State where educated men from all parts of India find employment in the Government Offices.

Next to the city comes the Gird District, with 243 males and 19 females literate in English out of ten thousand. As Gird is the premier district of the State containing not only the capital city of Lashkar but the neighbouring town of Morar where there are some gentlemen residents of light and leading and are located the headquarters of the Residency, there are some English and Indian ladies literate in English in the district. After Gird stand in order Mandasor and Ujjain with 99 males, 14 females and 90 males, 3 females literate in English per ten thousand of the population of each class. In the British Cantonment, Railway Loco Department and in the general Railway Staff at Nimuch, a Pargana of Mandasor, is engaged a good number of Europeans and Anglo-Indians and so Mandasor has surpassed Ujjain in English literacy though the latter has provision for facilities for English education in the town of Ujjain. Except Lashkar and Mandasor, the proportion of females, who are acquainted with English, is so small that literacy in English may practically be said to be non-existing among the females of other districts.

Literacy in English by Caste. 120. Of all the castes, Dakshanis and Kayasthas take the benefit of English education to the greatest extent. It is worth noticing that the trading castes in which the proportion of literate persons is so high show great indifference to English education. Thus among the Jain castes 6 to 9 persons are literate in English in one thousand of the population. The Marathas show some literacy in English both among males and females. There are 87 males and 4 females per thousand who are literate in English in them. English education is not as yet wide spread in the State and among the females it is almost non-existing.

Comparison with 1911. 121. The total number of literate persons in the State has risen, during the decade, from 69,013 to 110,879 or by 61 per cent. The number of literate males has increased by 51 and that of literate females by 347 per cent. The figures for 1911 are only for the then State proper and do not include the literates of the Feudatory Estates while the present figures are inclusive of both. As separate figures for Feudatories are wanting, no estimate can be made of the amount of real increase of literates in the whole State in the present Census from that of 1911. In literacy, the Feudatories are far more backward than the parent State into which they are merged this time. Even supposing the proportion of literates in the Feudatories to be the same as it is in the whole State, which is 40 per mille, the number of literates comes to 3,998 in the Feudatories. Deducting the number from the total of the present Census, we get 106,881 persons literate in the whole State minus the Feudatories. The increase is even then of 55 per cent from 1911 in the area of the then State proper.

The proportion of literacy per thousand males has risen from 51 to 77 and the corresponding proportion for females from 2 to 8 in ages 10 and over. The improvement in the proportion of females is very great. The rate of increase in the proportion of literates in females has been continuous from 1901 and the number of female literates is nearly ten thousand as against 488 in 1901 so that it is double the number in 1901. But the number is yet small.

The progress in the general spread of education can best be gauged by looking to the number of each sex who are literate in the age group 15-20. In the whole State, the proportion per mille of literate males aged "15-20" has risen during the decade from 59 to 78 and that of literate females from 4 to 11. This may be due to the recent opening of more than 600 schools of various grades during the last decade and the number of pupils rising from 21,000 in 1911 to more than 43,000 in 1921. No new institution having sprung up during the decade ending in 1911, the proportion of male literates in the age-period, 15-20, was lower in 1911 than in 1901. All the districts with the exception of three, Narwar, Bhilsa and Amjhera, have, in the present Census, shown increase in the proportion of literates at this period. As the number of schools which existed during the decade ending in 1911, is not available by districts, it cannot be definitely said whether it is for the dimunition, if any, in the number of schools during the last decade that the proportions in these places have decreased.

The increase in the number of literates is due not only to the opening of a large number of new schools during the last decade but also to the fact that Primary Education has been made free by His Highness the Maharaja in the whole State. The growth of literacy among the Marathas in rapid strides is mainly on account of the introduction of free compulsory education for boys of the same caste.

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE I,-Literacy by Age, Sex and Religion.

	2014		Nom	BER	PER	MI	LLE W	но А	RE I	JITERA	TE.		100	No. Mil WHO	LE	LIT	HO A	E IN
Religion.	39 00 400 00	All age	es 5 &	over	5.	_10	10-	-1.5	1	5—20	20 &	over.	A	Il age	r. 5 &		ages over	
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Femalen.	Persons.	Males.	Females,
1	man l	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	ģ	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
All Religions	100.40	40	61	7	18	5	57	9	78	11	83	7	960	939	993	3	6	
1. Hindu	10 10	35	60	6	16	4	52	7	69	9	73	6	965	940	994	3	5	
2. Musalman	***	88	142	26	37	14	112	32	145	39	174	26	912	858	974	7	14	
3. Christian	244	808	882	663	783	489	789	471	981	710	866	761	192	118	332	680	784	483
1. Indian	1999	488	553	427	275	189	724	+07	957	400	648	60	512	447	573	230	275	118
2. Others	***	901	920	837	363	408	1,000	SIS	984	1,000	966	98 4	99	90	163	901	920	837
4. Jain	10	262	443	50	193	41	423	66	511	65	487	46	738	557	950	7	11	
5. Sikh		283	412	43	268	63	379	50	235	2,000	458	42	717	588	957	38	57	-
6. Parai		746	750	741	444	455	500	647	600	727	817	805	254	250	259	325	411	241
7. Arya	***	621	753	438	231	333	777	300	644	500	863	488	379	247	562	176	292	16
8. Animist	***	1	2	(***)	.960	200	109	444	3	***	3	144	999	998	1.000			***
9. Jew	***	1,000	1,000			***	222.0	***	100	***	1,000				100	1,000		

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.-Literacy by Age, Sex and Locality.

THE TENT			10	11 1	NUMBER	PER MI	LLE WHO	ARE LI	TERATE.			
District and Natur	rai	All ag	es 5 and	over,	5	10	10_	-15	15	-20	20 and	over.
Division.		Total.	Males,	Females.	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1 -		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Owalior State Natural Divisions.—		40	61	7	18	5	57	9	78	11	83	7.3
1. Lowlying	200	47	77	10	23	.7	68	72	84	13	92	6
2. Plateau	-	36	62	6	16	4	51	8	74	10	76	6
3. Hilly Districts.—		30	53	6	70	3	44	8	68	11	67	6
I. Gird	3770	85	137	23	39	15	110	30	151	33	161	22
2. Bhind	Na	35	60	4	18	3	54	5	62	6	72	3
3. Tonwarghar	344	29	50		18	3	52	4	57	5	56	4
4. Sheopur	***	31	50	8	18	9	53	9	53	8	59	7
5. Narwar	77.	17	29	3	. 8	2	23	2	33	4	37	3
6. Isagarh	1	26	46	4	10	1	32	5	61	6	57	4
7. Bhilia	900	27	.51	4	8	1	36	5	60	7	60	4
8. Ujjain		53	95	12	30	8	87	15	121	18	100	12
9. Mandasor	***	61	108	11	27	8	82	12	107	14	140	11
10. Shajapur		35	62	6	19	3	60	9	79	12	72	5
11. Amjhern	***	30	53	6	10	3	44	8	68	11	67	
Lashkar City	Carl I	203	310	66	133	50	281	92	375	94	331	61

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.-Literacy by Religion, Sex and Locality.

-		-		manana manan	~
	Отнква,	Females.	13	315 265 330 103 103 154 280 154 280 1,000 1,000	387
	OTI	Males.	12	\$25 462 655 80 726 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,400	621
	sr.	Females.	11		
	ANIMIST.	Males.	10	1 1 1	32
TERATE.		Females.	0	25.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.5	120
WHO ARE LI	JAUN.	Males.	95	443 461 461 600 261 288 224 224 441 604 487 487	969
NUMBER PER MILLE WHO ARE LITERATE.	IAN.	Females.	1	668 744 636 1,000	750
NUMBER	CHRISTIAN.	Males.	٥	883 853 853 859 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000	858
	TAN.	Females.	vo.	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	38
	WUSALMAN.	Males.	•	202 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 202	226
		Females,		24 44 0m m 0 m m 0 m 44 0 0	70
	Нікри.	Males.	61	25.27.24 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25.25.25 25 25.25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	325
	Locality, State, Districts and Cities.		-	Gwallor State Louelying Plureau Hilly 2. Bhind 3. Tonwarghar 4. Sheopur 5. Narwar 6. Isagarh 7. Bhisa 8. Ujain 9. Mandasor 10. Shajapur 11. Amjikera	Lastkar City

SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.-English Literacy by Age, Sex and Locality.

			100		94	T	LITERATE IN ENGLISH PER 10,000.	IN ENGLE	SH PER 1	0,000.				
Natural Divisions					1921			2			19	1911 -	19	1001
Districts.	5-10	10	10-13	. 51	15-20	20	20 and over.	over.	All ages 5 and over,	and over,	All a	All ages.	All B	All ages.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males,	Females.
1	64	3	+	0	0	7	90	o	10	110	12	12	14	1.5
Owallor State	-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 11111 1	25.7.7.538821248.4.127.	1 !! !! 40.4 d «+unn+n	8225 22 22 22 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	ii noord aaamaaaa	232222322488881	1 11 1	282 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	1, 11 11 11	111111111111	1 1111111111111111111111111111111111111
Lashkar City	153	21	678	88	1,366	56	743	29	528	63				

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TABLE V.
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	RIPMARKS.			20																		
		F I	1001	61	7:	+		1	†	I	1	9	10	1	I	1	1	1	1	ı	ŧ	1
		Females,	11161	18	99			0	*		0	-	:	64	-	+	1	00	10	-	*	:
	ER.	Fer	1 1261	17	7	0	, ,	9	9	- Danielo	10	m	+	7	m	+	*	12	=======================================	10	0	10
all h	20 AND OVER.		1901	16	52	*	3	9	1		1	1	E.	1		1	#		ŧ	1	1	*
	20	Males.	1161	15	E	06	2	92	75	×	163	38	37	65	43	75	19	113	136	52	75	
17,750		W	1921	77	22	2	7	26	62	Ballon	161	72	20	29	37	57	9	109	140	72	29	331
LLE.		D DO	1901	13	64		14	00	1		1	1	***				1	i	4	198	1	1
ER MI		Females.	1161	12	•		0	*,	0		7	ce	1	+	-	đ	64	=	4	61	9	1
ATE P	0	Pe	1921	11	=		13	10	11		33	•	NO.	601	4	9	7	1.8	14	12	Ξ	8
NUMBER OF LITERATE PER MILLE.	15-20		1061	10	89	80	60	21	1		:	3	1	1		4	1	I	I	1	1	1
R OF		Males.	1161	a	29		92	62	72		104	7	33	48	37	49	29	65	ă	\$	72	1
UMBE		-	1921	00	78	(6	20	74	68		151	62	57	53	33	19	09	121	101	7.9	89	375
N			1901	7	-		-	1	000		T. K.		1	6	E.	9	1	ŧ	ŧ	A	ij.	-
加西亞		Females.	1161	0	64		64	64	*		80	-	1	(64)	-	I	-	7	*	1	*	1
100	ALL AGES 10 & OVER.	Fer	1921	49	8		10	2			*	*	*	60	60	*	*	E	12	9	4	89
	VOES 10		1901		45		77	27	3		1	1	1	4	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
140	ALL	Males.	1161	9	16		-	7	51		106	31	72	42	29	38	45	83	93	39	15	1
			1921	64	11		90	72	63	15	. 152	89	26	52	34	20	55	107	. 125	71	8	330
1111	W) F						:	ŧ			- 3	Ē			. (8)	1	aci.	1	3	Ī	-	1
in ea	Natural Divisions and Districts.		II.		1		-	10	1	-	1		i	1			I	1	4		-	
				-	1		ŧ	1	-		1	1				1	1					1
	Natural D	Di			Gwallor State	Natural Divisions	Lowlying	Plateau	Hilly	Districts.—	1 Gird	2 Bhind	3 Tonwarghar	4 Sheopur	5 Narwar	6 Isagarh	7 Bhilsa	8 Ujjaln	9 Mandasor	10 Shaianir		Lashkar City

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.-Literacy by Caste.

					Nun	Number per 1,000 who	.000 who	are literate.	ite.				N	unber per	10,000 %	Number per 10,000 who are literate in English.	terate in	English.		
	Canto.			1921			1161		H	1001			1921			1161			1061	
			Persons,	Males.	Pemales, Persons. Males.	Persons.		Females. Persons.		Males. F	Females. F	Persons.	Males, F	Females, P	Persons. 1	Males. F	Females, Persons.	ersons.	Males.	Pemales
	Hindu.								1											
Bania	:	1	226	384	30	1	1	19	1		1	102	180	10	E	1		:	-	1
Agarwal Gahohi Mahashri	11				737	732	294	0.4	121	412	6	747	260	la :	123	259	20	35	62	i i
Oswal	111		745	249	77 .	142	376 247 228	ט פו רו	216	372	111	25.2	238	2 1	730	357	62	37	35	
Bhat	J 1	F F	56	164	15	m	+	-	4		1	13	24		=	00 21				
Bhagor Dakshani Sanadhya Sarwaria	1111		¥ 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	207 625 131 61	25 163 13	50	138	10 20	HIN	. 111	1111	1,124	2.007	10 17 01	7 .02	2 ,20	1	111	111	1.1.1
Kayasth Maratha Raipot	111	111	335		118	234	418	1 10	160	301	: ; ‡	475	1,121	\$9	192	1.392	11 0	1 191	1 100	: :
Chokan Kachhawaha Rathor Tonwar	1111		7288	152 113 107 50	828	34.8	20 22 22 22	15 m 30 M	1111		111	22.22	120 36 761	111	305	276 58 10 01	00 - 40	111	111	111
V	Musalman.											1			41		4	,		1
Pathan Saiyad Shaikh	111	111	92 156 87	147 228 143	24 24 24	102	173	1001	105	123	+ 20 74	96 277 68	679	: 0 ∞ +	186	345	111	30	135	1.1
	Jain.				N															
Oswal		11	303	395	23	225	100	24	06	177	- :	55 15 57 55	159	·5	38	22.50	18	17	33	10
4	Animist.					1		I			Tr.									
Bhil, Bhilala and Gond	puo	-	-	64	9	1	-	1	1	1	1	1		100	-	1	1	. 1.	1	1
The state of the s		-	-	-		-				THE PERSON NAMED IN	1180		BILL	-					-	

NOTE,-The figures in this Table are of persons of five years of age and over only.

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII -Number of Institutions and Pupils according to the Returns of State Education Department,

		REMARKS.		6	The figures for 1891 are not available.													
	1901	Number of	Scholars.	80	136	12,373	5,469	253	18,231	136	11,548	5,469	253	17,406	825	1		825
	19	Num	Institutions.	7	64	341	24	0	373	2	332	24	9	364	6	1	4	6
	11	Number of	Scholars.	9	147	13,690	6,788	397	21,022	147	12,743	6,193	397	19,482	947	593		1,540
	1161	Numl	Institutions.	5	1	326	35	10	372	I was	317	34	10	362	6	57	3	10
	21	er of	Scholars.	•	131	29,610	12,305	1,113	43,159	131	24,482	10,290	1,000	35.903	5,128	2,015	113	7,256
	1921	Number of	Institutions.	m	-	883	70	29	983	7	725	37	27	810	158	22	44	173
Ī		de		110	1	.1	1	1.	i	i	1	i	I	1	E	1)	1	1
		Class of Institutions.			1	建一	1	(3)	Total			1	1,2	Total	4	1		Total
		of Inst		64	ь		-	12										
		Class			Arts College	Primary Schools	Secondary	Special		Arts College	Primary Schools	Secondary	Special	25	Primary Schools	Secondary	Special ,	
		Kind of Institutions.				All binds					For males					For females 5		

# CHAPTER IX.

### Language.

122. The statistics recorded at the Census regarding language will be found in Table X. The following Subsidiary Tables, in which the main features of the return are given in a concise form, are placed at the end of the Chapter:—

Reference to Statistics.

- I Distribution of total population by language according to Census.
- II Distribution by language of the population of each district.
- III Comparison of aboriginal tribes with their languages.
- 123. Languages in these Tables, have been classified in accordance with the scheme drawn up by Sir George Grierson. Excluding the unclassified gipsy languages, there are five distinct vernaculars of the State, all coming within the Indo-Aryan Branch of the Indo-European Family with the only exception of Gondi, which has undergone such a transformation in contact with the Malwi dialect of the Rajasthani language that people are not inclined any longer to reckon it as one belonging to the Dravidian Family. So, practically, the languages of the State fall under two sub-branches of the Indo-Aryan Branch:—

Classification of the Languages Spoken in the State.

- I The mediate sub-branch, and
- II The inner sub-branch.

Of the Eastern Hindi, the only dialect, Baghelkhandi, is proper to the State. It comes within the "mediate group" of the above mediate subbranch, while Bhili, Rajasthani, and Western Hindi all lie under the "central group" of the inner sub-branch. Of the last three languages, there are at least fifteen different dialects spoken in different parts of the State and perhaps more, if Bhili, Bhilali and Rathavi be reckoned as separate dialects, as they are considered to be so both by the speakers themselves and the people in general.

Languages not proper to the State have been classified under three broad heads:—

Languages Foreign to the State

- I Languages of India,
- II Languages of other Asiatic Countries, and
- III European Languages.

The Indo-European Family and the Dravidian Family comprise all the languages of the above three heads.

DIAGRAM SHOWING THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION

	BY MAIN LA	NGUAGES.		3	100
HIMOI	0	4	8	12	1
MALWI					4
BUNDELKHANDI				1	-
BHADAORI					-
KHICHIWADI					1
MEWADI	IOTS .	OTHER DESIGNATION	Marie S. III	1	-

The Accuracy of the Return.

124. To test the accuracy of the return we must look to the directions given to the enumerators for entry in the language-column of the Census Schedule. The direction was to enter "the language which each person ordinarily uses in his home." There were several difficulties in obtaining a correct return from this direction, and the difficulties varied in their nature according to the classes of people, villagers or residents of big towns, dealt with in enumeration. In villages, majority of the people do not know precisely what their mother-tongue or madri zaban is. For Baghelkhandi, the various dialects of Rajasthani and almost all the dialects of Western Hindi, there is one popular term Hindi. In cities and big towns the number of literates having a knowledge of their own dialect being comparatively large, there was apparently no probability of wrong return in the language column by the enumerators who themselves had also a better idea of the different forms of dialects than the village enumerators. But, most of these people being bilingual, mistakes were apt to be made in this case also by the enumerators entering the language in which persons spoke to them instead of that which they speak in their families. These difficulties are common almost everywhere in Northern India to a great or small extent. In Gwalior, the difficulty of the enumerators to distinguish the tongues is the greater as no language is spoken in purity.

Statistics of Dialects Proper to the State,

125. This is the reason why the figure for Hindi has swelled to an enormous extent at the cost of other languages. The increase of Hindi speakers at the present Census is not due to the lower standard of accuracy in the return of languages but is due to the inclusion of the figures of the Feudatories, where Hindi is supposed to be the prevalent language.

Other dialects in which the number of speakers has increased are Bhili, Khichiwadi, Sipari, Sondhi, Urdu, and unclassed gipsy. Of the increase of speakers of Bhili dialects and the non-aryan languages, (Gondi and Gipsy), it may be said that the Animistic races using these tongues have greatly multiplied during the decade. Urdu speaking population has more than doubled and Bhilsa has come to occupy at the present Census the foremost place in Urdu while Gird Gwalior was the district where it has been, till the present Census, chiefly spoken. The surprising increase in the number of Urdu-speakers in Bhilsa is doubtful. Majority of the agricultural labourers who immigrated in large numbers shortly before the Census from Bhopal and other States of Central India Agency, have, I am afraid, been returned, on a wrong notion, as Urdu-speakers.

Nearly 15 thousand persons have been returned as speaking Sipadi dialect though there was not a single Sipadi-speaker-last time. This may be due to better understanding by the enumerators of the difference of languages than before. The same may be said of the increase in the number of Khichiwadi and Sondhi speakers.

Decreases in the number of speakers are found in Malwi, the language of Malwa, Nimadi, Bundelkhandi, Bhadauri, Hindustani, Jatwari, and Kachhawahi. Decreases in most of these are unaccountable. One reason seems to be that most of the districts in which these languages were chiefly spoken in the last time have suffered decrease in population.

Dialects Foreign to the State. 126. Of languages derived from Dravidian stock, Tamil, Telegu and Canarese have only been returned. The number of speakers in all these three combined is only 292 in the whole State. The tongues most favoured by the immigrants are Mewadi, Brijbhasha, Marwari and Marathi. The number of

speakers of Mewari is greatest among the 'languages not proper to the State.' As Mewari is a dialect of Mewar in which a considerable portion of the district of Mandasor (Pargana Gangapur) is situate, more than 80 per cent, of the speakers have been returned from that district. Thus has the number swelled though the Mewari speaking immigrants are not so large in number within the boundaries of Gwalior as it lies in Central India. Brijbhasha comes next. It is a dialect of Western Hindi spoken chiefly in those districts of the State which are in the vicinity of Agra and the Native State of Dholpur where Brijbhasha is most prevalent. Some 23 persons have been returned as speaking Antarbedi, which, Dr. Grierson says, is another name for Brijbhasha but is known popularly to be a dialect different from it. The speakers of Marwari are generally merchants scattered throughout the State while Marathi is the language of the ruling class and the Dakshani Brahmans resident in the State, Official work, in some branches of administration, e. g., in the Finance and Revenue Departments, is conducted in Marathi. So Marathi, though not an indigenous language, still, for practical purposes, occupies an important place among the various dialects spoken in the State. Of the languages of other Asiatic countries, Persian and Arabic are the only two tongues found in use only by a few immigrants most of whom come from their native lands in Persia and Arabia to sell the merchandise they carry along with them. Among the European languages, the number of Portuguese-speaking people has increased from one in the last Census to 26 in the present. It is probably due to more correct return of the language than that of the last Census.

127. In the State, not only are the aboriginal languages gradually being superseded by dominant Aryan tongues, but the tribal dialects (dialects of Bhils, Bhilalas,) also are losing ground. Malwi, the dominant dialect of Malwa, has nearly ousted Gondi. The latter language, as it still survives, has been so much influenced by Malwi that Gondi is known now to be only a corrupt form of Malwi. The Gonds have almost increased three times in number during the last decade, but the figures for Gondi speakers, as seen from Subsidiary Table I, are only a little more than double of those in the last Census. Gondi is yielding place to Malwi and Bhilsa, the chief place of Gondi, has come to occupy the second position in the State as regards the strength of the Malwi-speaking population. The Bhils, Bhilalas, have more

Strength of Bhils, Bhilalas Deduct Hindu Bhils, etc.	***	***	***		97,417 2,447	than doubled in number from
Number of Bhils, etc., retur	ning tribal	languages	Total	- 80	94,970 56,969	the last Census.
Number of Bhils, etc., who have and above those who have				s over	38,001	Some 2,447 persons out of

97,417 Bhils have returned themselves as Hindus. Supposing these persons have abandoned their tribal dialects and have taken to other tongues such as Hindi or Malwi, the most largely spoken dialects of the State, there remain 94,970 Bhils, Bhilalas, who are expected to speak their own dialects. But the number of speakers of Bhil dialects is only 56,969 which shows that over and above those (2,447) who have returned themselves as Hindus, about 38 thousand more Bhils, i. e., in all 40,448 have given up their mother tongues and adopted other Aryan tongues prevalent in the locality (Subsidiary Table III).

128. Gwalior is a State where allied tongues are found to exist side by side. These tongues, distinguishable chiefly by intonations from each other are popularly known by the general name Hindi, though each of them is

Non-Aryan and Tribal Tongues Superseded by Aryan Ones.

Influence of Education an Literature in Levelling Language Distinctions.

a separate dialect bearing a separate name according to Dr. Grierson. The reason that people are loath to give special names to Baghelkhandi, Bundelkhandi, Hindustani, seems to be that they are used to these allied tongues and find no difficulty in understanding each other in an assembly of speakers of different dialects. With the advance of time, communication becoming easier by the spread of Railways, etc., the various shades of differences have been minimised to some extent. The influence of education is visible in bringing different people on the common platform and thus necessitating free exchange of thought. Thus from the different forms of Hindi, mutually intelligible, have arisen a colloquial dialect ordinarily called Hindi, but practically very near to Hindustani, capable of being spoken and understood from one corner of the State to the other. This dialect is the medium of expression in societies and among persons of different districts. It is becoming more and more popular with a certain class of persons. It is neither Sanskritised Hindi of the present day, so ardently advocated by the lovers of Sanskrit, nor does it wholly approach to Urdu but is something mediocre between the two. It is, practically speaking, the lingua franca of the State. But there is no rich literature of this common dialect.

Here, as in other Provinces, there are two parties on the long-standing question of the style of the Hindi literature. The class in favour of the colloquial Hindi, desires that Hindi should be bereft of words of Sanskrit origin, but there is the other party which tries to introduce Sanskritised Hindi. The Weekly Journal, "Jayaji Pratap" of Lashkar aims at making this Sanskritised Hindi the language of books and literature and it contains articles written in the same Hindi.

In schools, Hindi books written in both the styles are prescribed for study.

129. Official language is generally the common colloquial Hindi written in Devnagri script. In Courts of Law, legal terms of Arabic and Persian origin are of frequent use, but the script is also Devnagri. Devnagri script is almost universally used in the State.

Devnagri Script.

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—Distribution of Total Population by Languages.

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	TOTAL NUMBER OF SPEAKERS.		Number	Name of district where	
LANGUAGE.	1921	1911	of population of State.	Name of district where chiefly spoken.	
	2				
1	2	3	4	5	
Total	3,195,467	3,101,874	1,000		
Dravidian Family	1,248	* 524	1947		
Gondi	956	431		Bhilsa	
Others	292	93		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Indo-European Family	3,192,228	1,098,547	1,000		
Malwi	941.757	1,009,198	295	Ujjain and Shajapur	
Hindi	1,255,880	744,242	393	Gird and Tonwarghar	
Bundelkhandi	294,272	363,313	92	Narwar and Gird	
Bhadauri	161,335	274,674	50	Bhind	
Kachhawahi	43	90,002	(444)	Gird	
Khichiwadi	126,896	75,428	40	Isagarh-and Bhind	
Mewadi	92,886	68,677	29	Mandasor	
Hindustani	2,241	37,391	1	Amjhera and Mandasor	
Bhill	34,831	28,857	11	Amjhera	
Marathi	23,034	25,921	7	Gird and Ujjain	
Jatwari	5,013	22,589	2	Bhind sud Tonwarghar	
Sikarwari	14,972	144	5	Tonwarghar	
Brijbhasha	48,034	22,532	15	Sheopur and Tonwarghar	
Urdu	50,208	22,274	16	Bhilsa and Ujjain	
Marwadi	30,125	20,679	9	Ujjain and Mandasor	
Nimadi	15,138	18,520	5	Amjhera	
Sipadi	14,835		5	Sheopur	
Sondhwadi	24,957	16,730	8	Shajapur and Mandasor	
Purbi	8,850	15,011	3	Bhind and Ujjain	
Gujrati	11,913	, 12,595	4	Ujjain and Amjhera	
Bhilali	22,138	6,999	7	Amjhera	
Ahirwadi	903	4,754		Isagarh	
Antarbedi	23	2000	***	Gird	
Sanskrit	13	644	***	Gird and Ujjain	
Hadaoti	2,353	4,478	1	Isagarh and Mandasor	
Jaipuri	2,858	2,557	1.	Isagarh and Bhilsa	
Rathwi	436	2,533	322	Amjhera	
Mewati	649	2,133	399	Shajapur and Bhind	
Baghelkhandi	48	1,879	-	Isagarh	
Gujari	1,504	1,768		Tonwarghar	
Punjabi	1,767	1,424		Isagarh	
Others Unclassed Languages	1,317	1,415		The second second second	
Danisal .	1,939	1,556			
Others	1,855	1,321	1	Isagarh	
Asiatic Languages	84		Hall the	And the second residual to	
Indo-Furonean Family	140	882	100		
Persian	79	633	***	Clad and Wands	
Semilic Family	79	633	***	Gird and Mandasor	
Arabic	61	249	1	and the second	
Furonean Leagueres	920	338		Gird and Ujjain	
English	890	334	***		
Others	30	4	100	Gird and Mandasor	
outers			***		

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Distribution by Language of the Population of each District.

Name of Particular		Larry I		Number	R PER 10,000	OF THE POP	ULATION SPI	EAKING	
Natural Dvisions	and Dis	tricts.	Hindi	Malwi.	Bundel- khandi.	Bhadauri.	Khichiwadi.	Mewadi.	Others.
1			2.	3	4	5	6	7	8
Gwallor State	/***	Sec	3,931	2,947	921	505	397	290	1 009
NATURAL DIVIS	ions,								
1. Lowlying	22.0		6,892	72	490	1.373	163	2000	1,070
2. Plateau	***		2,373	4,696	1,253	3	571	490	614
3. Hilly	394		78	3,924	24	4		19	5,951
DISTRICTS.			(1) (1/2)				*		
1. Gird			7,915	9	1,033	13		775	1,030
2. Bhind	07/1	1 841	4,860	15	615	3.754	499	#	257
3. Tonwarghar		Tire.	8,829	16	1	493	1	***	660
4. Sheopur			5,225	+	è			12	4,759
5. Narwar			5,182	27	4,718		(d)		73
6. Isagarh	34 T.Z	-	5,208	792	825	13	2,723	18	421
7. Bhilsa	***	-	684	2,366	1,178	2	129	15	626
8. Ujjain	1.		480	8,661	27	1		39	792
9. Mandasor	***	1775	175	4,866	2			3,775	1,182
10. Shajapur		777	617	8,494	15	8	1	15	858
11 Amjhera			78	3,924	24	4	547	19	5,951

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Comparison of Caste and Language Tables.

Т	ribe.		Strength of Tribe (Table	xiii).	Number speaking Tribal Language (Table X).	REMARKS.
1, Bhil	***	{	Hindu 2,447 } Animist 68,488 }	70,935	34,831	
2. Bhilala		{	Hindu 0 } Animist 26,482 }	26,482	22,138	
3. Gond	***	{	Hindu 444 } Animist 3,457 }	3,901	956	

### CHAPTER X.

### Infirmities.

130. This Chapter deals with statistics of infirmities recorded in Tables XII and XII-A, and Subsidiary Tables given at the end of the text. Table XII consists of two parts. Part I gives the number of afflicted persons for the State as a whole by age and Part II the total afflicted population and their distribution by districts. Table XII-A gives the statistics for some selected castes.

Introductory

131. Infirmities are entered in column 16 of the Enumeration Book. The entries, being few and far between, were likely to escape attention, if they were abstracted along with other entries of the Census Schedule. To obviate this risk, the information about infirmities was collected on separate slips and sorted by one who was especially entrusted with this work.

Accuracy of Returns.

As on the previous occasions, only four kinds of infirmities have been recorded, viz., Insanity, Deaf-mutism, Blindness and Leprosy. No such record was made in Gwalior State before 1901, hence comparison will not be possible with figures of earlier Censuses,

In 1901 very little instructions were issued to enumerators for recording the infirmities and the returns, therefore, were not very accurate. In 1911 definite instructions were issued to enumerators and the returns of that Census were expected to be more reliable than those of 1901.

Yet it must be admitted at the outset, that infirmity-figures are less reliable than other Census figures. Enumerators are not men of high education and in spite of supervision and instructions there must have been errors of diagnosis. It is difficult to draw the line of demarcation between idiocy and insanity. Correct diagnosis of leprosy also is not easy to make. It is often confounded with leucoderma and some other diseases as tertiary syphilis. Deaf-mutism is particularly difficult to distinguish. The only malady that is easy to tell is blindness. In addition to these difficulties of diagnosis there are to be reckoned with the natural tendencies for wilful concealment both among the high and low in all the four infirmities generally and corrosive leprosy particularly. But causes of error and uncertainty almost remaining the same from Census to Census, the statistics of infirmities of one census would give a working basis for comparison for subsequent Censuses.

proportional variation is given in the inset table from which it would appear that the figures for the first three infirmities have increased and leprosy somewhat decreased during the intercensal

all the infirmities show high figures which probably is due to the better understanding carrying out of the instructions

for enumeration and may not

Compared with 1901,

Variation since

132. The total number of persons suffering from each infirmity and the

decade.

7 100	Number afflicted.				
Ann	rinity.		1921	1911	1901
Insane			447	203	165
Deaf-mutes	( page )	2440	1,416	645	875
Blind	***	340	6,139	4,537 146	1,951 66
Lepers	***	***	418	463 75	251
	Total		8,430	5,840	3,240

The figures in italics represent the proportion per 100,000 of the population.

indicate any real increase.

It should be noted that as figures of 1911 could not be adjusted to those of 1921 the comparison is only approximate.

Insanity.

There are various forms or degrees of insanity which even in England it has been found difficult to distinguish. In India the difficulty is all the more great. The figures for insanity, therefore, might include the imbecile, as well as those that are insane in the strict sense of the term though the enumerators were instructed to return only real cases of insanity.

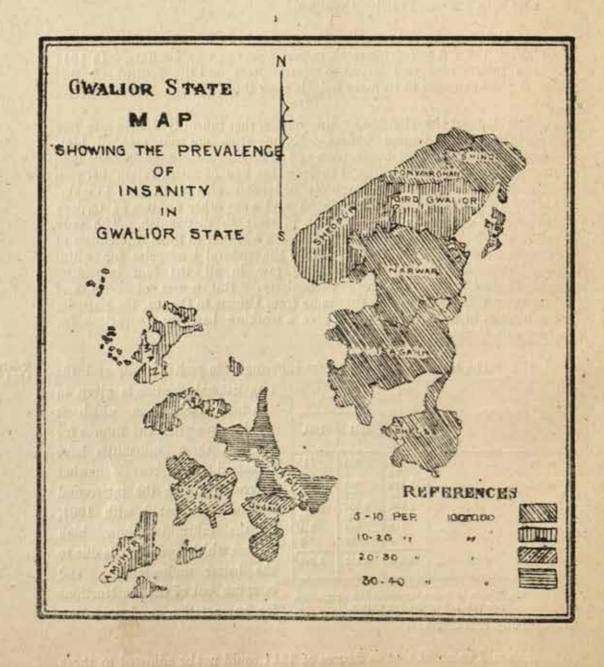
From the inset table given in the beginning of the Chapter on page 83 it will appear that insanity has increased by 125 per cent. This may represent real increase or may be due to better enumerations, but the decade being one of economic pressure there is no wonder if insanity has increased.

The comparative figures of Gwalior and the contiguous provinces and

		NUMBER PER 100,000.		
Proyinces.		Males.	Females.	
Gwalior, 1921		18	10	
India, 1911	***	31	20	
Central India, 1911	***	10	2	
United Provinces, 1911	244	23	12	
Central Provinces, 1911	***	19	11	
Rajputana, 1911	***	18	9	

India are given in the marginal table. A glance at this will show that our figures compare well with other provinces excepting Central India, figures for which were admitted by the Superintendent to be too low.

The distribution by districts is shown in Subsidiary Table I and is illustrated in the map below:—



Insanity. 85

It appears therefrom that in insanity Shajapur takes the lead showing 43 males and 26 females per 100,000, then comes Ujjain, 35 males 20 females. Gird shows 23 males 10 females insane.

The age and sex figures are dealt with in Subsidiary Tables II and III. Subsidiary Table II shows that the number of the insane is greatest at 25-30 for males and 30-35 for females. At 0-5 the male insane are more than double of female insane, but at 40-45 females exceed the males. Of every 100 insane persons there are nearly 64 males and 36 females. This deficiency of the female insane may be partly due to concealment, but it may also be due to their freedom from the struggle for existence and intemperance and excesses of various kinds.

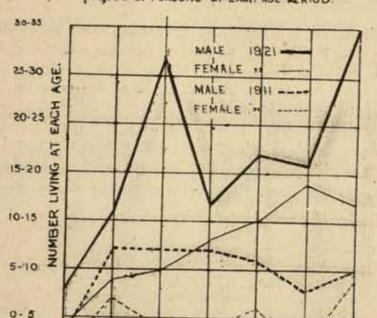


DIAGRAM SHOWING THE NUMBER OF INSANE PER 100,000 OF PERSONS OF EACH AGE RERIOD.

The insanity curve for the males is anomalous and shows downward drops and upward jumps at successive age-periods after '20-30'. Its steep ascent at 50-60 indicates that ordinary cases of senile derangement have been mixed up with real cases of insanity. The female curve shows a sharp rise till the age of 20 and then, the period of puberty and early child-bearing being passed, it increases slowly till the age of '50-60', i. e., after the change of life.

AGE PERLODS

300

00

98

Children of either sex are comparatively free from this affliction which is also partly due to the fact that insanity develops itself in the prime of youth.

#### Deaf-mutism.

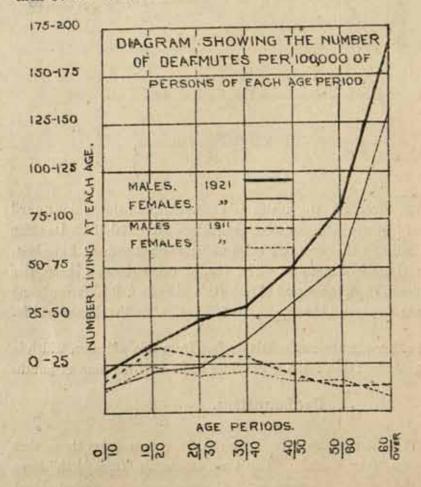
133. In 1911 enumerators were instructed to return only those that were deaf and dumb "from birth." This time the words "from birth" have been omitted by the Census Commissioner. It was, therefore, anticipated that figures for Deaf-mutism would be higher than in 1911 and this has turned out to be true.

Introductory.

134. Deaf-mutism has increased by 120 per cent.

30				# 1	1	921	1911	
in					Male-	Female:	Male.	Female.
0_10		Aug.	40		21	13	17	12
10-20	***	W. Direct	***		39	21	35	24
20-30	***		97	144	49	23	29	19
30—40		200	400	2000	35	37	28	21
40-50	***		122	100	77	58	19	16
50-60	***	44	***		108	77	13	16
60 and over			122	447	190	151	13	9

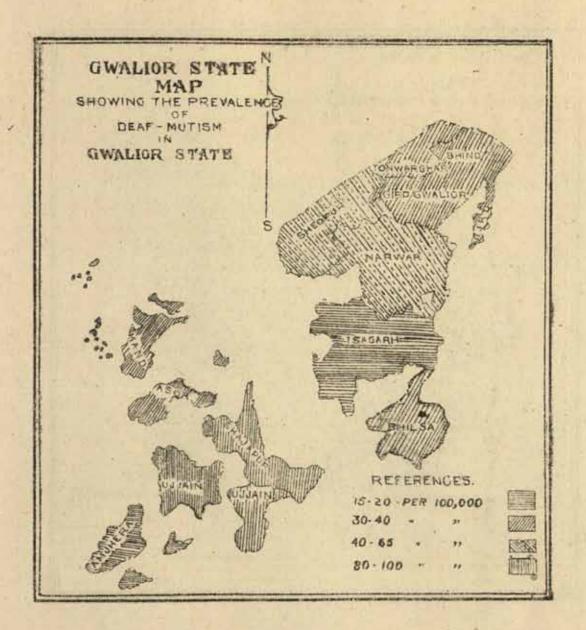
Examination of the figures by age-groups shows the highest to be reached at 60 and over both for males and females. Deaf-mutism being a congenital disease, the maximum should be at earlier periods. The reverse of the expected result can only be explained by supposing that good many people that suffer from senile defect in advanced age have been entered in the category. This would account for the anomaly of the curve which instead of coming down goes higher and higher with age-periods. The 1911 curve which represents deaf-mutism from birth is more regular, though the enumeration was not claimed to be very accurate by the then Census Commissioners for Gwalior.



Subsidiary Table III shows that for thousand males afflicted, there are 595 female deaf-mutes,

Local Distribution

135. Deaf-mutism is said to be determined by local physical conditions. I do not know if the physical and sanitary conditions of Shajapur which claims the greatest number of all the four infirmities have got anything to do with this unenviable position of the district.



#### Blindness.

136. Blindness has increased by 35 per cent. on the figures of 1911, probably due to better enumeration. A comparison with other parts of India will show that the returns of 1921 are probably more correct.

Comparative.

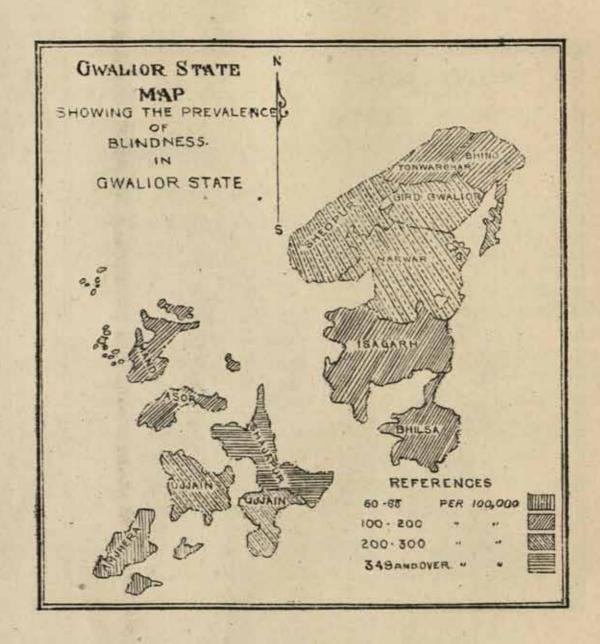
Blindness is a disease of which nobody is ashamed nor desire to conceal,

Province.		Males.	Females.	
Gwalior, 1921		161	227	
Gwalior, 1911	(444	124	157	
Central India, 1911	-	109	128	
United Provinces, 1911,	100	168	178	

moreover it is easy to diagnose. The result of enumeration may, therefore, be taken as correct. The figures represent total blind-

ness only.

Local Distribution. 137. In this infirmity also, Shajapur takes the lead and then follows Ujjain.

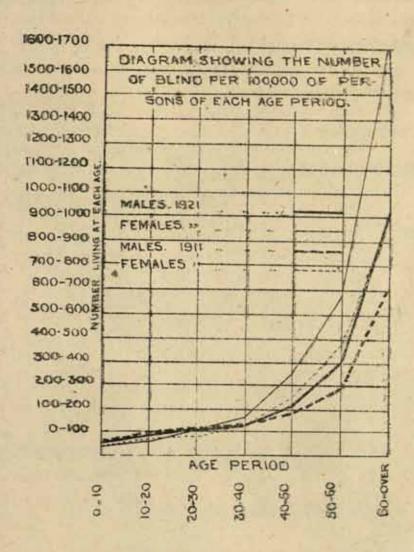


Female blind exceed the males in both places.

Subsidiary Table III shows that for every thousand males there are 1,241 females blind in the State as a whole.

Up to age 20-25 males preponderate but after that the female figures rise rapidly. Blindness being a disease of old age, the curve rises rapidly at the later periods both for males and females. That most of the blind people, both male and female, are at on 40, shows that the chief cause of blindness in this

country is cataract which is a disease of old age. Blindness due to cataract is produced by external causes that do not develop all at once and do not suddenly prove fatal and take time to develop. The larger proportion of females at higher ages is probably due to the fact that Indian women do not seek medical aid or are neglected.



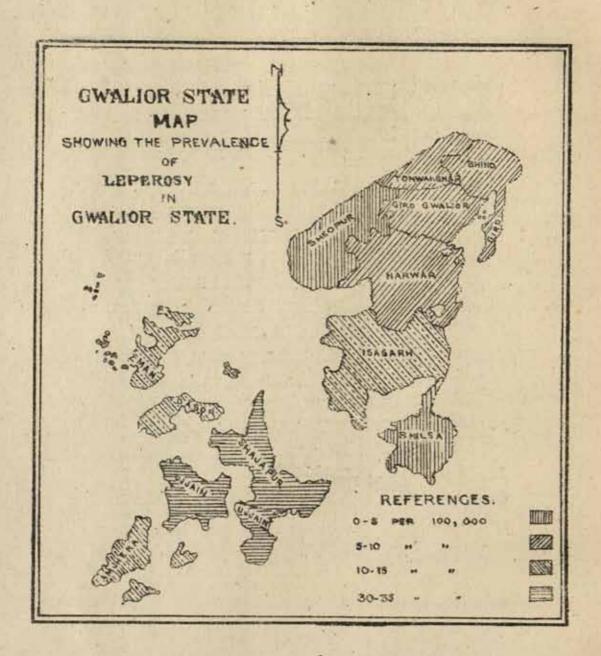
### Leprosy.

138. It would appear from the inset table referred to in paragraph 132 that of all the four infirmities only leprosy has decreased, though slightly.

Introductory.

In instructions the enumerators were only to return corrosive leprosy and ignore leucoderma (white leprosy). Errors of diagnosis therefore were not likely very large. But in this particular malady there is greater possibility of wilful concealment both in the case of males and females. Even the poor lepers who would, a decade ago, wander about

begging in public streets by exciting peoples' sympathies do now hide themselves fearing segregation in asylums of which one has been started at Ujjain.



Lepers.

			12	. 192		1911		
Age	-period	d.		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	
0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 and over				1 2 14 35 51 50 41	1 3 6 15 17 27 12	1 4 17 31 66 55 45	1 2 11 12 19 21 17	

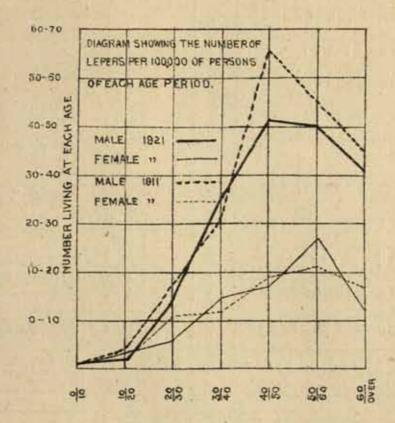
#### Comparative.

139. There are more male lepers than female ones. For 1,000 male lepers there are only 380 females afflicted with this loathsome disease. This excess of male lepers may be partly due to concealment of female lepers, but it may also be due to the fact that men are more liable to such disease than women.

LEPERS. 91

Subsidiary Table III shows an excess of female lepers from 0-10 to 10-20 age-period. Afterwards the males increase.

The male curve rises sharp from 20-30 to 40-30. From there it rises still more rapidly till 40-50 age-period. It then drops from there. From 50-60 its descent is rather quick. The female curve rises from 10-20 more or less till 50-60 and then slopes down more rapidly than the male curve. This shows that a leper is not a long-lived person. A leper's life is a comparatively short one. According to the estimate of Daniellesen and Boeck the average duration of life from the date of attack is only  $9\frac{1}{2}$  years for tuberculated and  $18\frac{1}{2}$  years in the case of anesthetic leprosy.



SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.-Number Affected per 100,000 of the Population at Each of the Last Three Censuses.

1	-	- 1	0	PAGE
	去	1001	25	1 13 113 13 13 13 1
	Females	1161	7.	OALS BEST SEED
LHPERS,		1921	23	**************************************
Lin		1901	- 22	3505
	Males.	1161	21	2252 1111 20 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
		1921	20	128 22 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1		1901	19	2548 1111111111
	Femules.	1161	18	154 774 774 774 754 754 754 754 754 754 7
ND.	(Ma	1921	17	227 227 226 248 248 249 240 240 162 262 162 263 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270
BLIND		1901	16	2028
-	Males.	1161	15	181 182 181 182 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183 183
		1921	14	161 180 180 182 183 183 184 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185 185
	Females.	1901	13	2822
		1161	12	1118211138238 2258
DEAF-MUTE.		1921	п	25 4 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
DEAF.	250	1901	10	2222
	Males.	1161	6	28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2
		1921	80	2262 12888 2112623
		1061	7	*****
	Females.	1911	v	Adda medddenente
XII.	4	1921	'n	07 22 00 21 0+ 2 8 8 2
INSANE.		1961	4	**************************************
	Males.	1161	n	8005 E0050000581
		1921	14	8222 50 +8212128 824
		Districts and Natural Divisions.	1	1111 1111111111111111111111111111111111
		Districts		Gwallor State Lowlying Plateau Plateau Blind Blind Tonwarghar Sheopur Narwar Isaearh Blinisa Uljain Mandasor Shajapur Amjhera

SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.-Distribution of the Infirm by Age per 10,000 of Each Ssex.

		-		
	TE V	1901	23	1,354 221 833 833 8417 1,354 729 729 729 720 720 720 720 720 720 720 720 720 720
	Female.	1161	32	10,000 313 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,250 1,562 234 938
		1921	23	10,000 87 87 87 522 87 435 783 1,304 1,304 1,304 1,438 522 839
LEPERS.		1001	23	10,000 645 1,290 1,484 1,161 1,161 387 839 645 839
LE	Male.	1161	21	10,000 30 10,000 179 179 11,164 2,149 1,403 328 896
2000		1921	20	10,000 66 66 66 99 287 1,284 1,284 1,189 1,189 1,189 1,023
-		1901	19	10,000 3355 427 427 528 335 661 691 915 915 915 519 549 7,006 335 335 335 335 335 335 335 335 335 33
	Female.	1911	82	10,000 273 346 346 315 474 474 452 1,024 563 1,378 444 444 2,956
H		1921	17	10,000 185 270 294 174 391 474 474 474 991 509 1,226 459 459 459 459 459
BLIND.		1001	16	10,000 228 920 920 920 765 775 734 734 734 734 734 734 734
BL	Male	1161	13	10,000 474 657 657 670 702 926 936 939 461 873 1,929
		1921	14	10,000 10,000 1351 705 653 548 556 573 518 1,066 356 356 356 356 356 356 356 356 356 3
		1061	13	10,000 1,063 803 833 871 877 807 877 807 546 660 517 227 1,407
	Female.	1161	12	10,000 1,117 1,117 1,117 1,1189 1,065 902 861 861 861 864 1,64 246 1,64 246
TE.		1921	=	10,000 379 200 701 360 511 625 644 492 833 360 492 833 360 492 833 360 492 833 360 492 833 833 834 836 836 836 836 836 836 836 836 836 836
DEAF-MUTE.		1001	10	10,000 476 476 324 1,143 1,276 590 636 636 636 1,391 11,39
D.	Male.	1161	10	10,000 474 1,247 1,571 1,122 1,122 1,147 1,397 499 649 649 199 324 50
100		1951	80	10,000 282 282 283 886 890 619 815 1,025 292 292 1,399
		1901	1	10,000 1,168 1,168 1,393 1,393 1,363 1,363 1,363 1,363 227 4,55 4,55 4,55 4,55 4,55 4,55 4,55 4,5
	Female.	1161	9	10,000 173 517 517 517 1,207 1,207 1,379 517 1,379 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517 517
N.W.		1921	5	10,000 1,34 1,074 940 604 604 1,342 604 1,208 403 872 268
INSANE		1901	1	10,000 1,246 1,487 1,487 1,590 1,157 1,157 1,157 1,157 1,157
	Male.	1161	8	19,000 1,500
		1921	64	10,000 222 222 224 244 1,1396 1,160
		. o t e	1	Total 5.0 5 5.10 15.20 15.20 20.25 20.25 30.35 45.50 50.55 50.55 50.55 60 and over

SUBSIDIARY TABLE III .- Number Afflicted per 100,000 Persons of Each Age-period and Number of Females Afflicted per 1,000 Males.

_						Sal	Bauc			BLES	30	13		100	10		95
.000 MALES.		repers.	13	380	200	200	3,000	333	536	310	313	432	355	200	472	200	323
LICTED PER 3	2710	Dimd	54	1,241	959	477	559	492	887	1,039	1,016	1,159	1,419	1,227	1,428	1,592	1,820
OF FEMALES APPLICTED PER 1,000 MALES.	Dankanda	Pour lance.	-11	595	800	536	5	365	342	009	453	612	189	553	364	731	808
NUMBER OF	Internal	- Company	10	484	222	299	483	391	326	217	299	000	200	299	1,083	199	538
4	ż	Females.	0	20	-	d			*	4	. 11	19	12	13	24	29	12
100	Lepers.	Males.	80	18	-	A.T.	-	8	4	20	36	34	95	K	48	52	#
State of		Females.		1	33	0+	5	3	102	123	142	197	319	381	589	764	1,681
PER 100,000.	Blind.	Males.	0	191	4	11	84	89	113	106	122	134	104	240	391	421	166
NUMBER AFFLICTED PER	inte.	Females.	S	2	02	16	24	11	21	23	52	48	59	57	62	3	151
Now	Deaf-mute.	Males.		25	13	27	39	39	8	38	48	25	24	8	101	112	190
100	ic.	Females.	3	0	1	2	٥	8	11	•	22	u de	17	13	18	20	21
	Insanc.	Males.	2	=	7	10	*	11	33	II.	61	17	29	2	16	26	33
3 4			1	41	1	I	1	1	1	D	1	1		1	. 1	1	1
	Age.		1	Total	0.0	5-10	10.13	15-20	20-25	25-30	30-33	33-40	40-43	45.30	80-53	09-55	60 and over

# CHAPTER XI.

## Caste Tribe and Race.

130. The present Chapter deals with the figures in Table XIII and those contained in Subsidiary Tables I and II appended at the end of the Chapter.

Reference to Statistics.

The statistical information of the strength and distribution of the Castes, Tribes, and Races of the State is contained in Table XIII which gives by districts the numerical strength of those castes which are sufficiently numerous or important as to represent the main composition of the population in its various grades. Subsidiary Table I classifies these castes according to occupation with which they are traditionally associated and Subsidiary Table II which presents only those castes of Hindus and Musalmans whose strengh are more than two per mille, compares the figures of the principal castes to the corresponding figures of the previous censuses. In Subsidiary Table II, the figures of the different castes of Brahmans and Rajputs have been lumped and shown against the general designations Brahman, Rajput, etc. Under Bania, which is a general term including castes of Hindu and Jain religions both, have also been grouped together the whole strength of that appellation and not the population of Hindu Bania only; so also in the case of the tribal castes such as Bhils, Saharias, Minas, etc., part of whose population are Hindus and part Animists, the whole strength of each tribe has been exhibited combined with the Hindu figures.

Nature and Accuracy of the Return.

To obtain a correct return of the various castes found in the State, detailed instructions on the entry of the real castes in column 8 of the Schedule were given to the Census Agency. These instructions were based on the experience of the previous censuses, the common errors made on those Inspite of these instructions occasions having been carefully studied. inaccuracies have occurred in the return of caste which seem to be attributable to the want of care on the part of enumerators to find out the real caste names. Thus, a large number of entries have been found under general names such as Bramhman, Bania, Rajput instead of under the true caste names. These entries were at first classified as "unspecified" and shown separately with the sub-castes of Brahman, Bania, Rajput but at the suggestion of the Census Commissioner for India they have been thrown into "others" which at first included castes of minor importance only. "Others," thus, include not only the figures of the minor and unimportant castes whose strength are less than 1 per mille but also the returns under general designations. Among the castes of inferior numerical strength lumped in "others," some entries have been found in the territorial names instead of under true caste names viz., Bengali Brahman, Madrasi Brahman, etc. But these errors are with regard to a few outsiders in the State, and much weight need not be given to them.

Rigidity of caste feeling or exclusiveness is somewhat relaxing with the spread of education but there is a growing desire to claim a higher social status or religious precedence. Thus, the Kachhwaha Maha Sabha of India requested for the entry of some Tachhis as Kachhwaha Thakurs. The Kayasthas (of Lashkar) desired that they should be recorded by their Varnaname-Kayastha Chhattri Varna, and lastly the Tera Panthi Jains asked to be
entered by their sect name Digambri. These petitions were rejected on the
ground that the Census-has only to record the names of the existing castes
and nothing to do with the recognition or admittance of their claims for higher
ones or of the entry of the varna or sect names in which they wished to be
classified. There appear to have been no other errors than these and the
figures for the principal castes exhibited in Table XIII and Subsidiary Tables
can be accepted as a fairly correct record of their numerical strength.

132. In the present Census, 159 separate castes of Hindus, Musalmans

				Castes,	Sub-Castes.
Hindus	-			102	77
Musalmans			222	38	477
Jains	***	444		10	
Animists		122		9	
		TOTAL		159	77

Jains, and Animists have been returned against 153 in the Census of 1911. In the sub-castes of Brahmans some 8 new names have been found in the schedules for which there is no menIncrease in the Number of Castes.

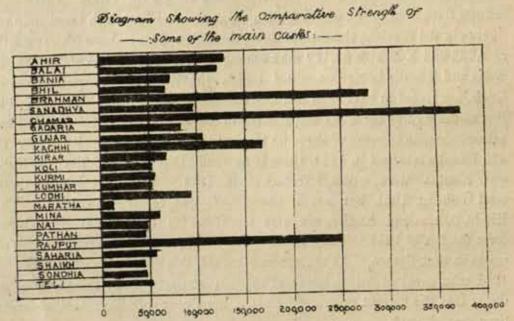
tion in the list of 1911. A few of them have been returned in the territorial names, instances of which have already been pointed out. sub-castes are all of insignificant strength and being foreign to the State, are practically of no importance before the local castes. So, they have been thrown into "others." Among Rajputs, three names, namely, Hai-Hai-Banshi, Gautam, Pawaiya occur for which there are no figures in the list of 1911. In addition to the number in the 1911 list two Muhammadan castes, Hammal and Sikligar (the latter's business is to sharpen weapons), have been returned. Besides these, among the castes of Hindus. returns have been found under 4 main separate castes for which there were no figures in the previous Census. Of these, the Goli or Salt-maker with a strength of 2.730 and Koli with 51,190 rank among the important castes of the State. Kolis and Koshtis being two allied castes, the Kolis, sometimes known as Koris, are stated to have been included among Koshtis in the Census of 1911. But as the figures for Kolis and Koshtis of the present return being added together, show an increase of above 68 thousand from the very small number of 422 Koshtis returned in 1911, there is no doubt that the majority of Kolis and Koshtis were wrongly returned in 1911. There were nine thousand Golis in 1901 but not a single Goli was returned in 1911. Hindu Bohras and Kanjars are also accretions in the present list absent form the list of 1911. These point to the wrong and in-accurate returns of castes in that Census. As the names returned, this time, tally with those of 1901 with usual variations here and there in strength only, there can be no doubt that the present return of names is more near precision and accuracy than that of 1911.

133. In the Subsidiary Table I, the various castes have been classified under 33 main occupational "groups." The Table will show that there are 8 groups the strength of which varies from 125 thousand to above 7 hundred thousand. The remaining 25 groups have population ranging between 1 thousand and 75 thousand including a group of small castes classed under the general name of "others".

The largest group is that of the cultivators which contribute nearly 22 per cent. of the total population. There are altogether 12 castes included in

Classification of

this group of which Kachhis are the most numerous with a population of 168 thousand. The group of the Leather workers or Chamars comes next in numerical strength, Chamars the only caste in the group forming 12 per cent. of the total population. The next group, namely, the Priest group, consisting of two castes only, Bairagis and Brahmans, gives 10 per cent. of the total population of which the Brahmans number almost 90 per cent, of the The Land-holders group, which ranks 4th in point of group total. numerical importance, has no other than the Rajput population. The different septs of Rajputs contribute more than 249 thousand persons. The 5th group, that of Graziers and Dairy-men, numbers 213,000 persons of whom 60 per cent. are Ahirs. The forest hill tribes, hunters and fowlers numbering in all 184 thousand come next in order. There are altogether 9 tribes included in the group of which Bhil, Bhilala, and Saharia together form nearly 82 per cent. of the group total. Within the group, Bagri shews some figures next to the three tribes stated above; the strength of other tribes is practically nil. The Village Watchmen and menials come 7th in point of strength, there being 133 thousand persons. Balais form the majority in the group contributing 91 per cent. of the group population. The group of traders and Pedlers numbering 125 thousand mostly consist of various Bania castes. Then come all those groups of smaller strength such as Weavers, Carpenters, Potters or Kumhars, Oil-pressers or Telis, Barbers or Nais, Fishermen, Boatmen and Palanquin bearers, Lohars, Writers, Sweepers or Bhangis, Gold and Silver smiths or Sonars, etc., in order. Lastly follows the group of "others" under which are classed persons of casteless religions such as Christians, Aryas, Sikhs, Parsis, Budhists, Jews, various castes of minor importance of Hindus and Musalmans and all those tribes and castes which have no fixed occupation numbering in all 206 thousand persons.



Variations Since 1911 Among the Various Castes,

134. From the Subsidiary Table II, it will be seen that most of the high castes are decadent especially those of the Hindus. The Brahmans have decreased by 7'3 per cent., the Rajputs by 14'6 and the Kayasthas by 15'3 per cent. Of the Brahmans, Bhagor, Sanadhya, Sarwaria and Sri-gaud show the greatest fail. Among the Rajputs, abnormal decrease is found in the three septs, Sendhos, Ponwar and Parihar. Of the Banias which show a decrease of 3'7 per cent., the Jain Bania population remains stationary, it is the Hindu Banias who have decreased in number. The Bairagi which draws population from all castes, shows an increase of 74'4

per cent. this time from the previous Censuses. In the lower class, with the exceptions of Ajna, Khatik, Rawat and Sutar which show an appreciable decline, other castes have more or less increased during the decade. Of the low castes of high strength such as Chamars, Kachhis, Balais, Kolis and Sondhias, Balais have the highest increase, the figures rising from 47 thousand in 1911 to the incredibly high figure of 121 thousand. In 1901, there were over 70 thousand Balais, the number fell down to 40 in 1911 and again in the present Census it has abnormally increased. The unaccountable rapid fall in 1911 leads us to suspect the accuracy of the returns of that Census. Of the castes of minor strength of the low classes, Banjaras, this time, give an increase of 238 per mille. Basors show gradual increase from 1901. Banjaras were confined to Malwa and Isagarh in 1901, but they are now found all over the State.

The Animistic races Bhil, Bhilala, Kirar and Mina etc. have multiplied greatly during the decade. The number of Animists who have been returned as Hindus is less than that of 1911. Of the 231 Kanjars returned at the present Census nearly 150 are reported to be in the Lashkar Jail. They are a criminal tribe of vagrant habits. Of the same class of tribes Moghia, Khangar, Bagri, Sansi etc., are found in the return of every Census.

Among the Muhamadans, Shaikh, Pinjara and Bohra show some increase. Mewatis, a good many of whom are employed in the Scindhia Army, show a decrease of I thousand.

The Saiyads remain stationary but the Pathans, also a high class Muhamadan, have decreased slightly.

135. The marginal table shows the strength of the castes which may be

Balai	***	444	200	121,144	
Banjara		***	***	14,138	
Bhangi or	Mehtar	0.00	***	21,629	
Basor	***	1000	200	16,108	
Chamar or	Mochi	0.00	200	375,544	
Chidar	***	***	***	9,475	
Chippa	-	1010	1000	6.842	
Dhakad	-	***	846	27,530	
Kandera	***	***	446.	9,218	
Khatik	***	***	***	9,536	
Kachhi	***	***	***	168,661	
Koli	***	***	494	51,190	
Koshti	***	***	***	17,280	
Kumhar,			998	53,048	
Kahar	***	***	444	4,221	
Dhimar	10	404	***	20,583 } 37,1	15
Bhoi	***	444	440	12,311)	
Lodhi	****	***	444	93,997	
	т	OTAL		1,032,455	

considered to belong to the category of "Depressed Classes" in the Gwalior State. It is very difficult to say who should come under the Depressed Classes. In the Hindu hierarchy of caste their is no such expression as Depressed Class. The term originated with the social reformers. The list has been framed on the basis of current notion

among high class Hindus and includes a medley of castes which are regarded depressed on account of their having no opportunities to improve their material and moral condition or to rise in the social estimation of the public. In Gwalior, the total strength of the Depressed Classes, in this sense, is more than 1 million or about 1/3rd of the total population. Education which alone can raise aspirations and a desire for a higher status in society is almost nil among these people. They are quite content with their lot and take it as a Divine dispensation which on one can alter. Hence, there is no Depressed Class Movement here as there is in some parts of British India. There is no objection, however, in the State, to the admission of low caste children, excepting Mehtars, into the Schools that generally exist for high castes. Some years age a separate School for Depressed Classes was started at Lashkar but it died on account of very poor attendance. Recently its name

Depressed Classes. has been changed but it yet admits and has on the roll some Koli and Chamar boys sitting side by side with Brahman and Bania boys.

The list, as will appear, contains on the one hand, the untouchable Bhangi and on the other, Kahar, Bhoi, Kachhi etc., whose water is taken by all the twice-born castes except some sects of orthodox Brahmans. Pollution by proximity is unknown in the State, as has already been mentioned in the Chapter on Religion. That by touch applies only as regards Mehtars, Chamars and Balais.

Aboriginal Tribes.

	TOTAL	***	294,0	082			
Kirar	***	944	66,886	Kotwal	1995	***	76
Gond	***	***	3,990	Korku		3000	1,056
Bharud	***	****	211	Kol	2006	1886	402
Bhilala	***	***	26,482	Scheria	***	(22)	58,380
Bhil	7420	936	71,295	Minn	444	(848)	65,304

136. The aboriginal tribes of the State have been dealt with in the Chapter on Religion. The marginal table shows the strength

of each.

Criminal Tribes.

tribes. But many of these have now adopted settled life and taken to peaceful avocations. Yet there are some tribes, Moghias, Bagris, Sansis, Kanjars, Khangars and Sondhias in all 93,782 strong which are supposed even now to 'live upon the community'. The Darbar have instituted an enquiry to settle which tribes should be regarded as, "Criminal Tribes" in the State. But at present Moghias and Bagris are the two proclaimed criminal tribes. For them, a School has been started by the State in the Moghia Colony at Mirkabad (near Mungaoli) in the district of Isagarh where along with ordinary courses of primary education given to the boys and girls, music is also taught with a view to appeal to their good sense. In short, every effort is being made by the State to turn the Moghias and Bagris to useful citizens.

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.-Castes classified according to their Traditional occupation.

Table 1	Group	p and Cas	te.		Strength 000's omitted.		Grou	ip and Cast	A SUP		Strength 000's omitted.
Land Holder	rs	1 1		***	Z49	Weavers	***	***	***		75
Rajput	144	***	- ***	***	78 249	Chhipa	***	***	***		21 6
The state of the s				100	200	Koli	***	113	#		31
Cultivators	***	764	***	***	692	Koshti	***	***	***	144	17 18
14700		7				Tallors	***	111	123	200	6
Ajna Bharud	***		***	***	10	Darzi	-	100	***	***	18
Dhakad	-	***	***		27	Carpenters	444	This	1144	1300	66
Gujar Jat	2		***	***	107	Khati				- "	33
Kachhi	200	***			168	Sutar	***	***	***	***	33
Kirar Kurmi	***	***	***	122	66 56					ACTU	5
Lodhi		***		***	93	Masons	***		224		2
Mali Mina	***	222	***	***	28 65	Silawat	***	1140	(100	***	5
Sondhia	2000	***			45	Potters					53
•				Tie 1	3	Kumbar		***	***		53
Labourers	***	220	***	200		Kantaa		***	***	***	
Kir Lunia	***	***	***		. 3	Glass and la	c wor	kers			3_
	***	VILLAGE TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	Total Control of the	744	1000	Kachera	***		V Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y		
Forest and Fowlers.	HIII	Tribes,	Hunters	and	184	Kasers Lakhera	***	***	1000	***	***2
					58	Manihar	***	***	***		3++
Bagri Bhil	1416	200	44	744	21	22 2 20	I FELL	2011			25
Bhilala	***	-		***	71 26	Blacksmiths	112	222	144	***	8
Gond Kol		***			3	Lohar	***	***	241		25
Korku		- "	***	***	1		HENDERSON AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PA				20
Kotwal	***	****			****	Gold and silv	versmi	ths	***	***	6
Pardhi Saharia	***	***	***	***	58	Sonar	144	****	100		20
		-177	572		30	Confectioner	s and	reals narch	PPE	150	1
Graziers and	Dairy	men	2000	200	213	Bharbhunja				1995	1
Ahir	944	***	444	1000	67 129	Diaronnija		1157	1 65	0.000	
Gadaria	***	444	860	3,000	83	Oilpressers		900	***	* 122	52
Pishermen, b	ost mar	and Dal	khi bearer	215	37	Teli	423	1/44	122	-	52
Bhoi				8	12					2007	14
Dhimar	***	***	***	***	12 20	Toddy draw	ers an	d distillers	***	200	- 5
Kahar	-	-	***	22	4	Kalal	100	15900	1984	394	14
Priests and I	Davatas				309				1	18	9
Bairagi			***	***	97	Butchers	***		.70	1000	3 9
The second secon	***	****	- 22		30 278	Khatik	***		****	2.50	400
	14.			***		Leather wor	kers	1 2			375
Genealogists	***	***	***	7	8	Chamar	***	1744	822	422	375
Bhat	***	***	1000	***	7	Citatian					
Charan	***	***	***	***		Basket work	ers an	id mat ma	kers		2
Bards and as	trologe	ers			6	tti					
Joshi					1	Bargunda	***	CC 222	100	***	2 2
5 - CONT.	277		***	-	6	Earth, salt,	etc.,	workers	***		1
Writers	an .	***	1000	24.0	24	Beldar	***		3	2777	133
Kayasth	F	***	500	***	8 24	Village watc	hmen	and menia	ıls	14,000	41
Musicians, s	ingers,					Balai Mirdha	***	**	350	***	121
jugglers.	gers,	dancer	s, mimics	and	5		***	**	0.60	1000	21
Dholi			B. 18			Sweepers	101	1.477	100		7 21
Dion	***		576	***	5	Bhangi	**	311		***	357
Traders and I	Pedlars	***			125	Others	***		***	***	112
Bania		***			39 112	Christians Deswali	***	***	100		(884)
Bohra	311	11	277	***	11	Gusain	***		- 1000	***	10
tend .		2 5			14	Jogi Kandera	224	. "			9
Carriers by p	pack an	imals			4	Khangar	***	***	***	777	12
Banjara	***	***	212		14	Maratha Mughal		***	100		2
Barbers	114		-		49	Pathan			***	***	44 8
	999	ec	***	1412	16 49	Pinjara Rawat	***	***	***		38
Nat	100	694	110	***		Saiyad	***				9
Nai						1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO	44
				777	33	Shaikh Rob	***	100	235	-	
Nai Washermen Dhobi	- 5	5	227	775	33	Shaikh Beh Tamboli	ma		-	-	6 150

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE II .- Variation in Caste, Tribe or Race etc., Since 1901.

14.7	Caste Tribe	or Race.			000	Persons o's omitte	ed.	Percentage Increase+		Net variation.
				9-10	1921	1911	1901	1921-11	1911.01	1921-01
	i			1000	2	3	+	5	6	7
7/1	Hind	u.						12	19-27	N. ST
1 Ahir 2 Ajana 3 Bagri 4 Bania 5 Bairagi	=	-	=	1	129 10 21 113 30	112 19 11 170 17	108 17 3 140	+ 14·9 - 47·6 + 90·9 - 33·7 + 74·4	+ 3.93 + 10.7 +246.0 + 21.2 + 1.5	+ 19·5 - 41·9 + 560·2 - 19·3 + 77·0
6 Balai 7 Banjara 8 Basor 9 Bhangi 10 Bhat	=			111	12I 14 16 21 7	47 4 8 21 10	70 5 3 23	+153°2 +238°1 + 88°8 + 1°2	- 32·5 - 20·5 + 165·9 - 7·9	+ 70·8 +168·8 +402·1 - 6·9
11 Bhil 12 Bhilala 13 Bhoi, Dhimar 14 Brahman 15 Chamar	***			HHI	71 26 37 278 375	53 1 '41 301	41 17 48 309	- 26·7 + 33·8 + 1594·3 - 5·4 - 7·3	+ 10.8 + 29.2 - 90.8 - 13.0 - 2.8	- 18·8 + 72·8 + 54·4 - 23·0 - 10·0
16 Chidar 17 Chhipa 18 Darzi 19 Dhakad 20 Dhobi		=======================================		HILL	9 6 18 27 33	363 9 7 16 27	319 4 8 17 17 17 31	+ 3·6 - 12·0 + 13·2 + ·9	+ 13.7 + 95.8 - 14.0 - 5.8 + 59.0	+ 17.5 + 103.6 + 23.9 + 6.6 + 60.4
21 Dholi 22 Gadaria 23 Ghosi 24 Gujar 25 Gusain	1 -			1111	5 83 9 107	29 76 118	73	+ 12·3 + 12·6 + 9·0 + 35·3 - 9·5	- 5:5 +796:6 + 3:5 +281:5 + 18:0	+ 6.1 +909.3 + 12.9 +146.9 + 6.9
26 Jat 27 Jogi 28 Joshi 29 Kachhi 30 Kalal					10 21 4 6 168	21 4 6 155	12 24 5 5 157	- 1.8 - 3.8 + 9.3 + 8.5	- 14·5 - 11·0 - 14·2 + 19·9 - 1·5	- 15.8 - 12.7 - 17.2 + 31.1 + 6.8
31 Kandera 32 Kayasth 33 Khangar 34 Khati					14 9 24 13 33	9 28 17 25	14 10 28 10	- 7·0 + 6·3 - 15·3 - 27 6 + 32 6	+ 5·9 - 8·8 - 1·1 + 69·4	- 14:3 - 16:2 - 22:1
35 Khatik 36 Kirar 37 Koli Koshti 38 Kurmi 39 Kumhar	-	-			66 68 56 53	51 63 40 52	62 66 21 46	- 17·4 + 29·3 	+ 55.8 - 17.0 - 4.7 + 85.1 + 13.0	+ 25°; + 7°; + 2°; +155°; + 14°;
41 Lohar 42 Mali 43 Maratha 44 Mina			=	1111	93 25 28 11 65	26 30 15 47	73 21 29 17 61	+ 15·3 - 6·2 - 3·8 - 29·1 + 37·4	+ 11·5 + 21·7 + 3·4 - 1·1 - 22·4	+ 28-6 + 14-2 - 35-6 + 6-6
6 Nai 17 Rajput 18 Rawat 19 Saharia		-	-		11 49 249 38 58	12, 46 290 57 55	57 297 31 35	+ 8·3 - 14·6 - 32·2 + 5·3	+ 52·5 - 19·9 - 2·2 + 83·0 + 56·0	+ 41°0 - 13°0 - 16°0 + 24°0 + 64°0
50 Sondhia 51 Sun ar 52 Sutar 53 Tomli 54 Teli		=		1 1 1 1	45 20 33 6 52	25 22 41 6 51	30 25 55 8 42	+ 77·3 - 4·6 - 18·7 + 3·2 + ·5	- 16.6 - 14.4 - 26.2 - 25.5 + 21.7	+ 47: - 18: - 1: - 23: + 22:
	Musal	man.		1081-		1			290755	1
1 Bohra 2 Faquir 3 Mewati 4 Pathan 5 Pinjara					11 8 7 44 8	6 8 8 45 6	4 47	+ 89°8 - '8 - 5°9 - 1°6 + 3°0	+ 19·5 + 72·3 - 4·5 + 47·2	+126 - 71 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6 Saiyad 7 Shaikh			=		44	38	12 58	+ 5'2 + 16'6	- 24.6 - 35.0	- 20 - 24

<sup>1.</sup> The figures for 1911 and 1901 are not comparable with the figures of 1921 as they are exclusive of Feudatory Estates and British Cantonments etc.

<sup>2</sup> Castes having their strength less than two per mille have been omitted from this Table.

### CHAPTER XII.

#### OCCUPATION.

138. The present Chapter treats of the subjects which come under the head of occupation and industries.

139. The statistics regarding the occupation of the population of the State will be found in Tables XVII—XXI and the nine Subsidiary Tables annexed to the Chapter. The corresponding tables of 1911 are Table XV with its five Parts A, B, C, D, E, and Table XVI.

Reference to Tables.

Table XVII is a general table of occupation or 'Means of livelihood' in which the figures of the whole State and the districts, both, have been exhibited.

Table XVIII deals with the subsidiary occupations of agriculturists (actual workers only) and is divided into three parts:—

- (1) Rent-receivers.
- (2) Rent-payers.
- (3) Farm servants and field labourers.

Table XIX shows for some mixed occupations the number of persons in each district who returned each occupation as their (a) Principal, (b) Subsidiary means of livelihood.

Table XX exhibits the total number of actual workers and dependants in the State who follow different occupations by main religion.

Table XXI gives the statistics for the occupations of certain selected castes, tribes and races,

The more important features of the statistics are presented in the Subsidiary Tables in a more compendious and easily intelligible form than in the tables above referred to.

Subsidiary Table L.—General distribution by occupation.

Subsidiary Table II.—Distribution by occupation in Natural Divisions,

Subsidiary Table III.—Distribution of the agricultural, industrial, and professional population in Natural Divisions and Districts.

Subsidiary Table IV.—Occupations combined with agriculture (where agriculture is the subsidiary occupation).

Subsidiary Table V.—Occupations combined with agriculture (where agriculture is the principal occupation).

Subsidiary Table VI.— Occupation of females by sub-classes and selected orders and groups.

Subsidiary Table VII.—Figures in the selected occupations of 1921 compared with those of 1911 and 1901.

Subsidiary Table VIII.—Occupations of selected castes.

Subsidiary Table IX.—Number of persons employed on Railways and in the Postal, Telegraph and Irrigation Departments.

The informations about factories in the State are contained in Table XXII and the Industrial Subsidiary Tables, eight in number.

Table XXII is divided into as many as seven parts. Part I gives a State summary of industrial statistics. Part II exhibits the distribution of industries by districts.

Part III classifies the Industrial Establishments according to the class of Owners and Managers.

Part IV shows the caste or race and birthplace of skilled work-men classified according to their industry and occupation.

Part V gives the caste or race and birthplace of unskilled labourers classified according to the industry in which they are working.

In Part VI is to be found the description of the power used in Industries whether Steam, Oil, Gas or Electricity. In the case of electric power it gives a further information whether electricity is generated in the premises or not.

Part VII shows the number of looms in use in the textile establishments.

The Industrial Subsidiary Tables give the statistics of Industries in a more concise and broader form. They deal mainly with the figures of those industries where 20 or more persons are employed.

Accuracy of the Return.

140. The system of classification of occupations adopted in the present Census is founded upon the same scheme of Mr. Bertillion, the head of the Statistical Bureau of Paris, which was taken in a modified form in the Census of 1911 and adapted to the requirements of the Indian Census. No radical change has been made on the present occasion in the form of 1911, only a few of the groups (i. e., textile groups and groups of labourers) have been sub-divided so as to give greater detail without destroying the comparative totals. In the present system there are four main classes, 12 sub-classes, 56 orders and 191 groups. A few of the orders and groups have been split up into two or more to exhibit separately the figures of some of the minor occupations or aggregate of occupations which have some local interest or importance. One order has been added to the number of 1911 under which are grouped together all those persons whose industries are non-productive and cannot be classified in any of the unproductive groups of the list.

The occupational entries have been, in all Censuses, a source of puzzle to the enumerators and the occurrence of incorrect returns, in spite of great caution and complete instructions, could never have been avoided. To obviate, as far as possible, the inaccurate and incomplete entries in columns 9, 10 and 11, the enumerators were not only sufficiently instructed but were also tested by examination to elicit true and correct returns. They were specially advised not to write such vague terms as 'Mazduri,' 'Naukri' or 'Dukandari' but to enter the exact kind of labour or service and nature of the goods sold. Where a man has two occupations, the principal one or the one on which he relies most and from which he obtains the major part of his income was to be entered as his principal occupation in column 9. Only one subsidiary occupation, the important one, was told to be entered in column 10. Dependants were to be entered in column 11 under the occupation of the principal worker.

But accurate returns of occupation are too much to expect and notwithstanding elaborate instructions, strict supervision and checking, mistakes, which the enumerators are apt to commit in occupation columns, though fewer this time, have been found in the schedules here and there.

Most of the errors found were due to want of precision and completeness of returns. Thus, simply, the word 'Overseer,' in column 9 does not distinguish whether the person is an Irrigation Overseer or a P. W. D. Overseer. Similarly 'Dukandari,' 'Saudagiri' fail to describe the kind of articles in which the persons deal. The ambiguous terms 'Coolie,' 'Contractor' and 'Naukri' though rare were not altogether absent from the schedules of the present Census. The words 'Naukri Fauji' should have been supplemented by another term to indicate whether the person is in the State or in the Imperial Service Troops,

Another class of error was due to concealment of the principal avocation on the part of the persons enumerated. Thus, many of those persons, locally termed as Joshis, live practically on begging but as all of them have returned themselves as astrologers, they have gone under Group 179 instead of 189, meant for beggars, etc., to which at least some of them certainly belong.

Entries of peculiar occupations such as 'Kamarferna' or carriers of water from the Ganges were not only incorrect as these works occupy but a small portion of the time, during the year, of those returned as such, but also a source of perplexity in the matter of classification. There were no other errors of a serious nature except those committed in some moot points and those common errors to which many of the enumerators are subject. The standard of accuracy attained by the enumerators at this Census seems to be in advance of that in the previous one and the figures, with a little allowance, may be accepted as correct and reliable. The slip copyists copied whatever were in the schedules under the general supervision of the Tabulation Superintendent. In the process of sorting, schedules were referred to whenever any unintelligible entry appeared.

141. All attention was paid to obtain a correct classification of the entries. The note, containing the important principles to be followed in classifying the detailed occupations and an alphabetical index of occupations with group number attached to each, sent by the Census Commissioner for India, was of much value in the matter of classification. The difficulties arising from the separation of manufacture and trade have been surmounted easily this time with the help of the note. In the case of vague entries such as makers of bangles, weavers, classifications have been made according to the conditions prevailing in the locality from which the entries came. Thus, Bangle-makers in the district of Mandasor have all been classified in Group No. 53-(makers of glass bangles, etc.) as, of the two kinds of bangles, lac and glass manufactured in the State, Mandasor deals exclusively in glass bangles. Indefinite return as Overseer from the Parganas where there is no Irrigation work has been thrown in Group 111, there being two classes of Overseers in the State, Irrigation and Roads and Buildings Overseers. Unspecified and ambiguous entries such as contractor, coolie, etc., whose suitable classification seemed to be impossible have been placed in the different groups of order 53.

Classification of Entries.

General Statistics. 142. The State is mainly agricultural. Of the total population more than

DIAGRAM SHOWING THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION

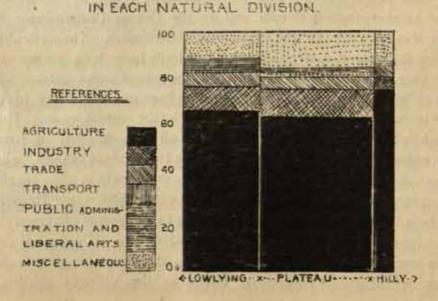
	BY SELECTED	OCCUPATIONS (ORDERS)	80	100
1	AGRICULTURE.			
	RAISING OF FARMSTOCK.	Savara Barrier Ruman State		100
ı	INDUSTRY.			
1	TEXTILE INDUSTRY			
į	TRADE			
ij	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND			
ı	MISGELLANEOUS.	autono l	Low	The Later

66 per cent. are dependant on "Pasture and Agriculture" of which pasture or "Raising of farm-stock" supports only one per cent. The remaining 34 per cent, are engaged in all other occupations combined. The preparation and supply of material substances affords a means of livelihood to 17 per cent of the total population of whom 11 per cent, are employed in various industries, '5 per cent, only in transport and 5.5 per cent, in trade. Of the 11 per cent, of the total population employed in industries nearly 2 per cent, are in textile, 1 per cent, in wood, 1 per cent in ceramics and 3 per cent, in industries of dress and toilet. About 4 per cent, are in 'Public Administration and liberal arts' and 13 per cent, in miscellaneous occupations consisting of 'Domestic Service,' 'Insufficiently described occupation' and 'Unproductive professions,' etc.

If we compare the general distribution with that of 1911, we find some notable variations in the proportions of the population engaged in various occupations. Thus, there has been an increase in the proportion of population engaged in Pasture and Agriculture from 6,299 to 6,645, an increase in the proportion of exploiters of minerals from 3 to 5, an appreciable decrease in the number occupied in textile industries, trade in metal, trade in food-stuffs, professions and liberal arts; but the essential features of the distribution of employment have not altered. The important difference in the proportions between the two Censuses will be discussed hereafter.

143. Turning to the Natural Divisions, the Hilly tract shows the highest

DIAGRAM SHOWING THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE POPULATION BY OCCUPATION (CLASSES)



Natural Divisions. figure for agriculture, 76 per cent.; the Lowlying area, 67 and the Plateau, 65. The Lowlying containing the premier District Gird, has the highest percentage in profession and liberal arts. Trade and transport occupy the same proportion in the Lowlying area and the Plateau. The industries employ the highest proportion in the Plateau.

144. The functional distribution by religion is shown in Table XX. In the case of Hindus and Animists the proportion engaged in agricultural pursuits is higher than that of the State but as regards Muhammedans, Jains, Christians, etc., it is far below the average. Of the Animists, the proportion which follows non-agricultural pursuits is only 28 per cent, or 5 per cent., if we omit persons whose occupations fall under the head "miscellaneous," Of the 5, one is engaged in Industry, 3, in Trade and nearly 1, in the Army. As 'pasture and agriculture' is the occupation of the Animists, so is trade the calling of the Jains. More than 72 per cent. Jains are engaged in trade alone. Pasture and Agriculture contains 13 per cent., Industry 5 per cent. and Public administration and liberal arts, a few. The Muhammedans of the State are more fairly distributed over the different kinds of occupation than the people of other religions. They take more to industry, trade, military service and the professions than the Hindus, Of the Hindus, 11 per cent. are in industries, 4 per cent. in trade and only 3 per cent. in public administration and liberal arts. Majority of the Christians are in the army and professions. Some are in trade and commerce but in agriculture there is almost none.

145. Subsidiary Table VIII will show the extent to which the main castes still follow their traditional occupation. It is worth noticing that some of the highest and best known castes have almost completely abandoned their traditional occupations. Thus more than 3rds of the Brahmans and 4ths of the Rajputs have taken to agricultural pursuits. There are variations in the extent to which the various sub-castes of Brahmans follow their original occupation. One-fourth of the Dakshani Brahmans are still priests and very few of them are in connection with pasture and agriculture, while most of the Sanadhya Brahmans are agriculturists. Compared to Brahmans, Marathas and Rajputs, the Kayasthas are yet faithful to their occupation. Forty-two per cent. of them are writers. Marathas, who are by tradition soldiers, are distributed over various kinds of occupation and can, under the present circumstances, no longer claim the military calling to be their principal means of subsistence. The Jain trading caste and the Hindu Vaishyas, on the other hand, still adhere to their occupation. About 3rds of the Hindu Vaishyas have been returned as traders, while Jains in the State are either traders or persons living on their own income. But the castes whose traditional occupation is agriculture have scarcely deserted it for other means of livelihood. Thus, almost all the Ajnas and most of the Animists are dependant on agriculture. Some of the Hindu Bhils and a number of Saharias have been returned as ordinary labourers. It is noticeable that agriculture has drawn away most of the low classes who have abandoned their traditional callings. Half the number of Chamars and Telis are cultivators or field labourers. Chamars in Gwalior seldom follow their original occupation. Quite a number of them work as masons. Whatever Europeans and Anglo-Indians there are in the State, are either in the Army or in the Public Administration.

146. Before proceeding to deal with the occupation under each sub-class in detail, it is necessary to state that comparison of the figures of the present

Distribution by Religion.

Occupation by

Census with those of 1901 and 1911 has been rendered difficult and some times impossible owing to the present figures being inclusive of the returns from the Feudatory Estates which now form an inseparable part of the parent State. In the Subsidiary Table VII appended at the end of the Chapter, comparison has been made on the actual, unadjusted figures of each Census. So it is not safe to accept the figures for the percentage of variation, given in columns 5 and 6 of the Tables, as representing in all cases the actual state. In the majority of cases, proportionate figures will be taken for comparison though at times the comparative figures will be referred to in those occupations to which the feudatories contribute but very little. For the treatment below, the tables for reference principally are, Subsidiary Tables I, IV, V, and VII.

Agriculture

147. "Ordinary cultivation" supports nearly 65 per cent. of the total population. Of the 65 per cent., 3 per cent. only are landlords, nearly 54 per cent, ordinary cultivators and 8 per cent. are farm servants and field labourers.

There are some agents or managers of landed estates, etc., but their number is very small. Agricultural population which chiefly represents the cultivating class has been increasing since 1901 and this is certainly a hopeful sign. The proportion of cultivators to the total population was only 44 per cent. in 1911 and in 1901 it was still lower.

The percentage of landlords has also increased from 1911, in which Census there was a large fall in this group from the previous figure of 1901. Though the present figure is inclusive of feudatories it shows a diminution of 19 per cent, in the land-holders group from 1901. The high figure of the latter Census was due to many cultivators with small holdings having been returned as "rent receivers" or landlords.

A large decrease from 1911 is seen in the group of farm servants and field labourers. The reason is, that the last decade being one of great economic strain, many of the field labourers have migrated to towns and centres of trade and industry where owing to the rise of wages they earn more as labourers than as field-servants. As the vast culturable land of the State, in order to be utilized, are being leased out for cultivation for definite terms of years, some of these field labourers may have thought more profitable to take leases or sub-leases on nominal rents for themselves than to work in the field of others.

Forestry

148. Since the reservation of the Forest tracts prior to 1911 by the State, there has been a gradual fall in the number of wood-cutters, etc. A new return of 237 persons under Group 10 of lac collectors suggests that the business of lac, which has every future in a State like Gwalior, one-ninth of whose area is covered with forest, has been taken up by some persons.

Raising of Farm Stock. 149. Only 1 per cent, of the total population has returned raising of farm stock as the principal occupation. The Group 11 of cattle and buffalo breeders and keepers, does not seem to represent correct figures as some of the large cattle breeders are also cultivators and it might not be easy for them to say which brought the maximum income. A considerable decline is seen in the number engaged in raising animals since 1901 and it is more so when we consider that the present figure is inclusive of the feudatories.

Sub-Class II— Exploitation of Minerals. 150. Only 1,622 persons have been returned as employed in the exploitation of minerals. The State has numerous and extensive deposits of building stones and lime-stones. Both these deposits occur almost in every district. In addition to these there are quarries of red ochre and yellow ochre and chalk. Work in quarries is one of the common subsidiary occupations of cultivators. Over and above the 396 persons whose main occupation is work in hard rocks there seem to be employed a multitude of people in the quarries. Some of them whose principal occupation is exploitation in quarries of hard rocks might have been returned under Stone cutters, etc. (Group 87).

A Mining Department has recently been started with a Mineralogical expert at the head. It is now that an attempt will be made to secure an income for the Government from the vast mineral resources of the State.

Subsidiary Table IV gives occupation with which agriculture is combined as a subsidiary means of livelihood and Subsidiary Table V gives under a few main heads the details of the subsidiary occupations followed by the landlords, rent-payers and farm servants and field-labourers (whose principal occupation is agriculture). In the above two tables the figures for the actual workers have only been dealt with; dependants being left altogether out of account.

151. About 3 per cent. of those whose principal means of livelihood was non-

STATE,	atail m	LOWLYING.			
Sub-class order or Group.	No. per Mille.	Sub-class order or Group.	No. per Mille.		
Exploitation of Minerals.	236	Industries of Dress and Toilet.	357		
Industries of Dress and Toilet.	226	Hotels, Cafes & Restau-	344		
Fishing and Hunting.	210	Exploitation of Minerals.	276		
Trade	180	Wood Industry	274		
Wood Industry	177	Fishing and Hunting	272		
Textile Industry	155	Textile Industry	228		
Other Industries	140	Other Industries	206		
-		Profession and Liberal Arts.	204		
***	- Car	Trade in Food-stuffs	161		

agricultural returned themselves as "Partially agriculturists." The proportion of partially agriculturists on the total number of actual workers is highest in the Lowlying division and is lowest in the Hilly. the population of the Hilly tract being almost wholly agricultural. The proportion of 'partially agriculturists' is by

far the higher in the case of every non-agricultural occupation, in the Lowlying than in the Plateau area. Hence the State average always falls below the percentage in the Lowlying. In the margin are given 2 tables, one for the State as a whole and the other for the Lowlying division in which tract there is the greatest connection of industry, trade and other non-agricultural occupation with the land.

In the State as a whole, the proportion of partial agriculturists is the highest in the occupation of the exploitation of minerals. Next to the workers in mines, the persons engaged in industries are most often partly dependant on agriculture. Under industries, the general proportion comes to 169 but this average is exceeded in the case of 'Dress and Toilet,' 'Wood' and 'Textile.' (In the Lowlying section the proportion of persons with agriculture as their subsidiary occupation is highest of all other occupations in the Dress and Toilet industries. Of those occupied in fishing and hunting 21 per cent. are partially agriculturists. In the Lowlying the proportion is 27, in the Plateau it is only 22. Trade in foodstuffs is closely connected with land and here, as elsewhere, persons in sub-class 9 (profession and liberal arts) invest money in land.

Where Agriculture is the Subsidiary Occupation. Where Agriculture is the Main Occupation. In the case of 24 per cent. this secondary means of livelihood was also agriculture. The most common non-agricultural occupations of landlords are money-lending, Government service, trade or artistic work. Only 4 per cent. of the cultivators have some subsidiary occupations. Here also, in the case of more than ½rd, the subsidiary occupation is some agricultural pursuit. The non-agricultural occupation commonly returned in the case of cultivators is 'general labour.' Of the total number of actual workers in the farm and the field, about 3 per cent, only returned some subsidiary occupation. In the case of 1 per cent, this secondary means of livelihood was also either agriculture or pasture, while in the case of remaining 2 it was non-agricultural. Leather-work and general labour are the main subsidiary non-agricultural occupations of the farm servants and field labourers.

Sub-Class III-Industry. 153. Industry supports 11 per cent. of the total population and shows a decrease of more than 2 per cent. from 1911, a much higher fall than the percentage of decrease in the total population.

The marginal table will show that the industries of Textile and 'Dress and

Numuer of actual workers per 10,000 of total population.

Transition and an income in		-
Satisfication that we	1921	1911
Textile	94	126
Hides, Skins, hard materials from the animal kingdom,	44	9
Wood	52	52
Metals	36	24
Ceramics	47	55
Chemical products properly so called and analogous,	31	40
Food Industries	23	29
Industries of dress and toilet	164	266
Furniture Industries	1	-
Bullding Industries	12	11

toilet,' the two most important industries, have suffered the greatest decrease. Each decade sees the establishment of one or other kind of the textile industries on a large scale and the old cottage industries of weavers are dying out in the face of factories and mill-made goods, both foreign and local, which dump the market. Of the whole population 2'4 per cent. were engaged in the textile work in 1911;

the percentage has this time diminished to 17.

The Textile Cottage Industry of Chanderi (a Tappa Tahsil in the district of Isagarh) was once noted throughout India for the spinning of the finest fabrics by local Kolis and Memans by their own indigenous method and weaving of both cotton and silk cloths of the most delicate texture which human skill and human art can conceive of. The vestige of the past glory of this industry is still to be found in the products of the Weaving Institute\* started and maintained by His Highness the Maharaja. Fine yarns of very high count (160, 180, etc.) are now indented from England or France and Saries, Pagris, Dopattas, kerchieves, etc., are not only woven but bleached, dyed and embroidered with gold threads in the said Institute. Besides the Institute, there are also a handful of Kolis and Memans who still follow, in their homes, their traditional occupation of weaving.

Silk-weaving which was once a profitable occupation itself is no longer taken up by the weavers of Chanderi as the only means of

" Return from t	he Chande	ri Weaving	Institute.					
Students	1000		744	***	1988	(944)	004	30
Teachers	100	1988	T	1999	30	3555	- 100	7
Clerks	222	100	***	***		1.000	100	3
						TOTAL		40

livelihood but is done as a subsidiary occupation with cotton weaving. It is because of this that no separate return as silk weavers has been made this time. Those who occasionally weave silk, according to the demand, have been returned as cotton weavers, cotton-weaving being their main Thus silk-weaving, as a distinct occupation, has no existence in the State and the famous silk industry of Chanderi has dwindled down, Factory statistics show that 117 persons are employed in Cotton Ginning and Pressing factories and 1,811 persons in Cotton Spinning and Weaving factories, which give in all nearly 2,000 persons as engaged in Cotton factories. Though the figure is yet small as compared with the total number engaged in the Cotton industries (nearly 45,000 persons) there is no doubt that many home weavers, no longer finding it profitable to carry on their business in small scale, are abandoning their original occupations. Every group under textile shows decline more or less. Weaving of woollen blankets and Dyeing and Bleaching of textile, which were two profitable occupations in the past also show a dimunition in the number of persons following them.

154. The proportion of persons engaged in this industry has had a rapid rise during the decade. It supports more than 28,000 souls. The State maintains a well-equipped Leather Factory and Tannery. The Tannery is fitted with modern, up-to-date machinery and the work of tanning is conducted in the latest scientific process.

Hides Skine ste

155. It is one of the most important industries and supports no less than nearly 35 thousand persons. An increase in the number of those occupied in this industry is continuous since 1901.

Wood.

156. Of the increase of actual workers in the Metal Industry from the proportion of 24 to 36, the greatest increase is found in Groups 49 and 50 (workers in copper, brass and other metals except precious ones). Makers of arms and guns also show a rise.

Matala

157. Ceramics support 29,000 or 1 per cent. of the total population, more than 26,000 of whom are potters. The decrease since 1911 in the number engaged in ceramics as shown in Subsidiary Table VII is very doubtful and is probably due to wrong classification in 1911. The Pottery Works in Lashkar, the first of its kind in India where crockery is turned out, never engaged so many as 31,000 persons (the return of 1911). The present figure 119 seems to be a possible number employed in it.

Ceramics.

158. Of the 8,000 persons supported by this industry more than 5,000 are engaged in refining vegetable oils, the oil-pressers falling under this head. The scent and perfume sellers have increased but a great dimunition has taken place in the number of refiners of vegetable oils.

Chemical Products.

159. Flour-grinders (2,449) and Sweetmeat-makers (5,108) are the two numerically strong groups in the Food industries of the State. The number of actual workers engaged in Breweries and Distilleries has declined from 138 in 1911 to 88 in the present return. Manufacturers of tobacco, opium and Ganja have also considerably fallen since 1901.

Food Industries.

160. The returns of 1911 under these industries are also very doubtful. If the figures of 1911 were right, tailors, shoe-makers, etc., would immensely decrease in number, which is contrary to expectation.

Industries of Dress and Toilet.

161. Some 251 persons have been returned for the first time in this Census in Group 83 of Cabinet-makers, Carriage-painters, etc. Parniture,

Building Industries.

Transport.

162. Some 13,420 persons are engaged in this industry. Some of those, employed in quarries of hard-rocks may have been classified as stone cutters and dressers (under Group 87).

163. The return under Sub-class IV (Transport) is of doubtful accuracy. The figures obtained from the Irrigation and Postal Departments do not tally with those in the occupational tables compiled from the ordinary schedules of the Enumerators. Works are being done in connection with quite a number of Irrigation schemes laid out by the Darbar. Altogether 2,500 persons have been reported to be in the Irrigation Works of the State. Of these more than 500 are servants of the State and nearly 2,000 including coolies are contractors and their employees.

The Postal, Telegraphic and Telephone Departments return shows that 1,380 persons, in all, are engaged in the three departments in the State. Excluding 116 persons employed in the signalling establishment all of whom are Railway servants and shown separately with the Railway figures and 63 and 155 persons in the Postal and Telegraphic Departments respectively who work in addition to other more important duties as School masters or Railway Station masters and returned under those heads, there remain 1,046 persons engaged in the departments who ought to have been classified under the head Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services (Order 23).

Hence 415 persons shown engaged in the Post offices, etc., do not represent the actual fact. The 1911 figure also seems to be unreliable. In spite of omissions of this nature the figure for transport shows an increase from 12,000 in 1911 to more than 18,000 in the present Census. The greatest increases are found under 'Transport by road' and 'Transport by rail.' Under Group 113 (persons excluding servants connected with mechanically driven vehicles) 744 persons have been returned for the first time in the present Census.

Sub-Class Y.— Trade. 164. Of the 177,000 persons supported by Trade more than 82,000 or nearly half are traders in food-stuffs. Increases are seen under the heads, 'Bank establishments of credit, exchange and insurance,' and 'Brokerage, commission and export' as due to the order of the day. Itinerant traders, pedlars, hawkers, etc., have also risen considerably during the decade.

Sub-Class VI— Public Force. 165. About 23,000 persons are in the Military service, 1,600 being in the Imperial service troops.

Sub-Class VII— Public Administration. 166. In the various groups of Public administration, there are nearly 38,000 persons of which more than 31,000 are State servants and only 68 are chiefs and their families.

Sub-Class VIII— Professions and Liberal Arts. 167. The professions employ nearly 41,000 persons. Religion has suffered a decrease but Law, Medicine and Instruction each shows an increase in the number engaged. The decline under the head Letters and Arts and Sciences is unaccountable.

Sub-Class IX— Persons Living on Their Income 168. The proportion of persons in this class has risen from 12 in 1911 to 14 in the present Census per 10,000.

Sub-Class X — Domestic Service. 169. There has been a decrease in the number of those occupied in domestic service as might be expected. The rise of wages and the different avenues of employment open to the workers are responsible for this.

Sub-Class XI-Insufficiently Described Docupations. 170. The high number classified under this order is due to the fact that many returned their occupations in such indefinite terms that their suitable classification was out of the question. Of the 272,000 under this head, 245,000

are labourers, 19,000 Cashiers, Accountants, Book-keepers, Clerks, etc., and nearly 7,000 are manufacturers, business-men, etc.

. 171. The continuous decrease since 1901 in beggars, vagrants, prostitutes and other non-productive occupations (sub—Table VII) is a good sign.

172. In every 100 persons, there are 61 workers and 39 dependants in the State as a whole.

In 'Pasture and Agriculture' the proportion comes to 67 workers and 33 dependants. In the Lowlying division, the proportion returned in 'Agriculture' is higher than the average by 3 in the case of dependants. In the Plateau, it is equal to the State average but in the Hilly tract the proportion of dependants is much lower than the general average, there being only 27 dependants against 73 actual workers. In 'Fishing and hunting' there are as many workers as dependants but in the 'Exploitation of minerals' the proportion of workers to dependants is nearly the same as is in the general population.

In every 100 persons supported by industries, there are, in the State

Percentage of workers and dependants-	Workers.	Dependants.
Production and transmission of physical forces	61	39
Furniture industries	57	43
Food industries	55	45
Textile	54	46
Construction of means of trans-	54	46
Miscellaneous undefined indus- tries.	54	46
Chemical products properly so called and analogous.	52	48
Metals	51	49

as a whole, 51 workers and 49 ! dependants. But the proportion of actual workers is larger than this average in the industries noted in the margin. Subsidiary Table I will show that with the exception of Textile Industry, the number of persons engaged in each of these is

smaller than in other popular industries such as Dress and Toilet, Hide and Skins, Ceramics, Wood, etc. In some of these such as 'Production and transmission of physical forces,' Furniture, Chemical products, etc., hardly one person is supported out of 10,000 of the total population. In furniture-making, a new industry in the State, there are only 43 dependants as against 57 actual workers.

In the Lowlying area the proportion of dependants in industries is 3 less than the general average on the total population, but in the Plateau and Hilly tracts it exceeds the average.

The number of actual workers to dependants in 100 persons is almost the same in commerce and professions in the State as a whole, the proportion being 47 workers to 53 dependants. There is slight difference only in the ratios of the two natural divisions—the Lowlying and the Plateau. The proportion of dependants in the Hilly tract, in occupations other than agricultural, is always greater than in the other two divisions. In commerce, the Lowlying has as many dependants as actual workers but in the Plateau the proportion of dependants is larger by 3 than that in the former. In the Professions, on the other hand, the Plateau division has lesser dependants than the Lowlying by 1 in 100 persons supported in each case.

Sub-Class XII-Unproductive.

Workers and Dependents.

Agriculture.

Commerce and Professions. Miscellaneous Occupations. The lowest proportion of dependants, as might be expected, is found in Unproductive, Insufficiently described and other miscellaneous kinds of occupations.

Female Occupations. 173. In the State as a whole, amongst 100 actual workers more than two-thirds (72 per cent.) are males and less than 1rd (28 per cent.) are females (Subsidiary Table VI).

There are some occupations in which women have a monopoly while in others they work as helpers to males. Thus, in field labour, wood-cutting, cotton-spinning, rope and other fibre making, wood-carding and spinning, butter, cheese and Ghee-making, baking and biscuit-making, females are very much in excess of males. While in other occupations such as those connected with fuel, washing and cleaning, sweeping, labour in connection with railways, Irrigation Works, and some food industries the number of women workers engaged in each is not small.

### Factory Statistics.

The last decade has seen the inauguration of some industries within the State, still there are few, as yet, to speak of. In the previous Censuses, no information was collected separately on Industrial Schedules of the Owners, Managers, Supervision Staff and Operatives. The general schedule used did not distinguish between workers in factories and those engaged in home industries and that between Managers, Supervisors and other employees. Thus, no estimate can be made of the progress in industrial development during the decade. Neither it would have been profitable to do so considering that the era of industrial movement conducted on the modern economic basis has but just commenced. The State is known to be endowed with rich and abundant resources in agriculture, forests and minerals but as little has, so far, been done to exploit these resources and turn them to our use, it is premature to conclude anything from the existing facts and figures. It will be for the future statistician and the superintendent to judge of the progress made, suggest the particular industries to the development of which we should restrict ourselves and indicate lines on which our industrial movement should be conducted.

175. According to the Census definition of factory, which refers only to those concerns in which 10 or more persons are employed, there are altogether 39 industrial concerns in the State employing about 5,000 persons or about 15 per 10,000 of the population. Of these, 29 are textile and connected industries and the remaining 10 are industries other than textile. Among the total number of persons engaged in industries 3,302 or more than 3/4ths are in the textile industries, a little less than 1/5th in Metal Industries, and the remaining few in other industries of various types. As textile and connected industries are of great local importance, we shall mainly classify our industries into two divisions, textile and non-textile. With the exception of one Flour Mill at Ujjain all the non-textile establishments are in the district of Gird-Gwalior and more particularly in Lashkar and its vicinity.

Of the 10 non-textile industries six are financed by the Darbar either directly or indirectly. As the public have not yet been convinced of the prospects of non-textile industries to the same extent as of the textile industries, the potentialities of which are undisputedly enormous in the State, it is fit that the former class of industries should be maintained and controlled by the Darbar in their infant stage so that their success may ultimately lead to the

investment of private capital in them. Besides the six non-textile establishments, three others, the Cotton Weaving, the Wool Weaving and the furniture industries carried on in the Central Jail, Lashkar, are owned by the State. But as these are conducted in one establishment they have been taken as one industry and shown as such against Cotton Weaving Industry.

Of the 29 textile industries, only 3 are in Northern Gwalior, 2 being in Gird, 1 in Bhind and all the remaining 26 are in Malwa, Ujjain having 16, Mandasor 6, Shajapur 3 and Amjhera 1. Malwa being rich in cotton, these industries have been started with the idea of getting an abundant supply of raw cotton from the locality.

All the textile establishments, with the exception of two cotton weaving industries, one in the Central Jail as stated above, and the second, a concern of a Registered Company, are owned by private individuals who are all Indians. There are only 3 industries, the Metal Works, the Ayurvedic and Unani Pharmacy and the Motor Works, which are owned by Registered Companies.

176. Altogether 11 Europeans are engaged in the different departments of industries in the State, and these Europeans are either on the managerial or supervisional staff. There is no European in the Clerical or in the Operative Section. There are only 3 industries each of which is managed by a European. They are (1) Workshop, (2) Oil and Soap Factory and (3) Motor Works. In the supervisional staff of the last two, are engaged 8 Europeans. With the exception of these 3, the industrial concerns in the State are all run purely with Indian Staff.

177. In the textile industries, the number of skilled workmen employed is nearly treble that of the unskilled, whereas in the case of non-textile industries, it is six times that of the unskilled. There are very few females in the industrial concerns. Whatever females there are, are mostly engaged in the textile industries. Thus of the 393 adult females engaged in the textile, leather, chemical and food industries, 359 are in the textile alone.

The number of skilled female workmen is slightly greater than that of the unskilled. Leaving aside the 4 employed in the Leather Factory at Morar, all the skilled female labourers are found in the textile industries.

Child labour is practically nill in the industries carried on in the State. Altogether 69 children work in the factories, of which 38 are attached to the textile and the remaining 31 in the Metal Industries.

More than 1rd of the skilled labour is supplied from territories outside the State. Though the majority of the skilled workmen belong to the State, the districts of employment provide but a small fraction of it. A good number of them come from the adjacent districts surrounding Ujjain. Immigration of labour takes place from the outlying Provinces and States and remote Provinces such as Bombay, Baroda and others contribute scantily to the man-power of the textile industries in Malwa (Ujjain).

As for unskilled labour, it is for the most part recruited from the locality. Some outsiders no doubt come to seek employment but their number is not very high.

178. Steam and electricity are the two kinds of mechanical power used in 33 factories out of a total of 39. Steam is used in almost all the textile industries. It is also used in the Oil and Soap Factory (Lashkar) and in the Flour Mill at Ujjain. In the four ndustries, the Printing Press, Leather

Europeans in Industries of the State.

Labour.

Power.

Factory, Pottery Works and the State Workshop where electric power is used, in every case it is supplied from without the premises.

Before passing to other topics it will do well to mention here that the Industrial Statistics gathered do not pretend to be fully accurate. As this is the first time that they have been separately collected on special schedules, it is very probable that a few of the concerns have been omitted from the record.

Mobility of General Labour.

179, Industrial concerns in the State have not flourished to such an extent as to crush altogether the rural home producers in the open field of competition. What for a fondness for home and what for the want of initiative, home producers have neither altogether given up their occupation in favour of other lucrative ones outside, nor have they improved the methods of work but with the growing rise of prices and the breaking down of the self-sufficiency of villages, they are gradually falling behind in the struggle for existence. As a result of this tendency, some of the classes have already forsaken their primitive callings while others vacillate between old cottage industries and general labour or agriculture as occasion suits. It is the agricultural labouring class which has been doubly profited by the rise of wages on the one hand and the increase of prices for agricultural products on the other. The remunerative employment in big towns and cities has tended to draw its members from rural areas and on the other hand high prices secured for agricultural produce have encouraged a number of ordinary labourers in the country to take to agriculture.

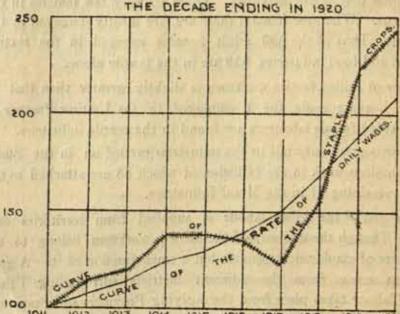
Labour Combination

180. A large part of labour in the State continues still to be influenced by caste sanction and except in the case of big industrial establishments in cities where a bond of fellowship is created the domination of caste does not seem to have given way to any new authority. The Panchayats of Barbars, Kahars, Chamars and other professionals not only decide social questions but also discuss industrial and occupational disputes.

Economic Condition.

181. As has been mentioned before, the agricultural labouring class only

## DIAGRAM SHOWING THE RISE OF PRICES



has been profited by the economic changes which the conditions have brought about. The above diagram will show that the wages are no longer compatible with the rise of prices. But some time during the decade (1916-19), rise of wages was higher than the average rise of prices of the staple crops; the surplus which remained after meeting the bare necessaries did not go to raise the standard of living of the labourers but was spent, for the most part, in uneconomic items of expenditure, e. g., marriage and other feasts. The primitive Bhil and other hill tribes unaffected by the glamour of modern city and civilization, have, with the rise of their agricultural products, found opportunity to multiply. The only class which seem to have suffered most is the middle class gentry who are out of touch with the counteracting side of the rise of food products and other necessaries.

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.—General Distribution by Occupation.

Class, Sub-Class and Order.	Number pe	r 10,000 of pulation.	Percen each Clas	stage in ass, Sub- s and er of	
	Persons supported,	Actual workers.	Actual workers	Depen-	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4:	5	6
A.—Production of raw materials  I.—Exploitation of animals and vegeta-	10,000 6,655 6,649	6,160 4,390 4,386	61 66 66	39 34 34	derring is netherotyping
tion, 1. Pasture and agriculture 2. Fishing and hunting 11.—Exploitation of minerals	6,645	4,384	67 50	33 50	monthly sollowing.
4. Quarries of hard rock 5. Salt, etc B. Preparation and supply of material	5 1 4 1,678	3 1 2 842	60 60 50	40 40 50 50	
III.—Industries	1,068	550 94	50 51 54	49 46	of the state of the
7. Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom. 8. Wood	109	53	50 49	50 51	Commence of the A. C.
10. Ceramics	70 91 25	36 47 13	51 44 52	49 56 48	Tan bland I
12. Food industries	42 327 1	23 164	55 50 57	45 50 43	
Building industries     Construction of means of transport.     Production and transmission of physical forces.	42	21	50 54 61	50 46 39	
18. Other miscellaneous and undefined Industries.	100	54	54	46	
20. Transport by water 21. Transport by road	38 13	28 3 19 5	46 75 50 38	54 25 50 62	The Subscience of
23. Post Office, Telegraph and Tele- phone services.  Y.—Trade  24. Banks, establishments of credit,	553	264	70 48	52	grantif the
exchange and insurance.  25. Brokerage, commission and export.  26. Trade in textiles	50 9 26	3 10	38 33 39	62	The second
27. Trade in skins, leather and furs 28. Trade in wood 29. Trade in metals	3 2 4	1 2	66 3Q 50	61 34 70 50	
30. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles 31. Trade in Chemical products 32. Hotels, cafes, restaurants 33. Other trade in food-stuffs	1 2 11	1 4	66 50 36	34 50 64	Manager and Manager
34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles. 35. Trade in furniture	256 5 16 136	128 2 04	50 38 25 28	50 62 75	Service and the service of
37. Trade in means of transport 38. Trade in fuel 39. Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters, and the arts	2 19 21	1 1 11 10	50 58 48	72 50 42 52	
40. Trade of other sorts C.—Public administration and liberal arts VI.—Public force	140 379 133	68 172 63	46 42 47	54 58	
41. Army	70 62 119	35 24 48	50 39 40	53 50 61 60	
VIII.—Profession and liberal arts 46. Religion 47. Law	119 128 67	48 69 33	40 47 50	53 50	A CONTRACTOR
48. Medicine	16 13 25	2 7 5 13	33 44 38 52	67 56 62 48	The second is it
IX.—Persons living on their income 51. Persons living principally on their income.	1,288 10 10	756 4 4	59 40 40	60 60	Marchana Mary - IV
X.—Domestic service	203 203 852	128 128 514	63 63 63	37 37 37	Trans.
53. General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.  XII.—Unproductive	852 192	514 111	63 58	37	The second by
54. Inmates of jails and asylums and hospitals. 55. Beggars, vagrants, prostitutes 56. Other un-classified nonproductive	187	105	56	50	Commence of the second
industries.			70	30	A Comment of the

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Distribution by Occupation in Natural Divisions.

	A BY	NUMBER P	ER MILLE OF	TOTAL POPU	LATION SUP	PORTED IN
Occupation.		Gwalior State.	Lowlying.	Plateau.	Hilly.	Lashkar City.
Tot	al	1,800	1.000	1,000	1,000	1,000
1.—Exploitation of animals and Vegetation	·	665	673	653	765	35
(a) Ordinary Cultivation		846	656	632	753	32
1. Income from rent of agricultural land	d 🚐	31	31	21	7	315
2. Ordinary Cultivators		534	574	504	669	17
3. Agents, Managers, of landed estates Clerks, rent-collectors, etc.	(not planters)	#		1		-
4. Farm Servants		2	1	2		N#.
5. Field labourers	en	76	30	104	73	-
(b)—Growers of special products and a dening.	narket gar-	1	1	- 1		-
7, Fruit, flower, vegetable, betel, vin	e, areca-nut,	1	1	#	14	-
2. Fishing and hunting		1			1	1 30 1
II.—Exploitation of minerals		1	1	996	-	15- H
III,—Industry		107	105	111	67	175
6. Textiles		17	21	16	11	18
8. Wood		11	9	12	2	12
9. Metala	-	7	6	. 8	3	20
12. Food Industries			6	3	2	15
13. Industries of dress and toilet .		33	27	37	24	47
14. Other Industries		35	35	36	20	65
IV.—Transport	- 16 34	6	7	5	3	17
V—Trade	# 1 34	55	56	56	41	134
26. Trade in textiles		3	2	2	3	7
32. Holels, cafes, restaurants, etc	-	1	=	2.	2	2
33. Other trade in food-stuffs		26	29	25	14	69
34. Other trade		26	26	26	21	57
VI.—Public Force		13	21	9	7	160
VII.—Public Administration		12	17	9	4	125
VIII.—Profession and liberal arts	n San	13	15	12	5	40
1X.—Persons living on their income		1	2	1	199	14
X.—Domestic Service	1000	23	31	20	1	181
X1.—Insufficiently described Occupation .	-	85	60	100	96	78
XII.—Unproductive	-	19	12	24	- 11	41

SURSIDIARY TABLE III.-Distribution of the Agricultural, Industrial, Commercial and Professional Population in Natural Divisions and Districts.

					SUB	SIDIA	The A	FABL	440.74									11
	AGE ON IONAL ON OF	Depen- dants,	17	53	52	22	26	42	54	26	ž.	31	42	22	\$	\$5	57	59
N.	PERCENTAGE ON PROFESSIONAL POPULATION OF	Actual workers.	16	4	48	27	#	23	94	\$	94	40	53	60	4	94	43	ŧ.
PROFESSION.	istrict popu-	nontrador anois I,000 of D	15	15	12	in	20	п	17	14	=	11	90	16	13	12	ICI.	40
PR	Population	repres	14	. 18,034	22.277	899	6,368	4,346	5,573	1,747	3,979	4,188	1,880	5,458	3,149	3,563	899	3,188
	OR ON OIAL ON OF	Depen- dants.	13	20	53	62	52	46	47	15	49	35	25	25	58	47	29	26
	PERCENTAGE ON COMMERCIAL POPULATION OF	Actual I	12	20	47	800	48	15.	53	48	- 51	45	49	46	42	25	338	‡
COMMERCE.	totaleici	cial population of cial population of 000, to of the cial population seems of the cial control of the cial cial cial cial cial cial cial cial	=	23	19	7	89	44	53	26	57	55	42	. 71	96	20	44	152
CON	-	Commerce.	10	73,457	115,530	5,943	29,081	17,992	17,001	9,383	21,142	21,305	10,468	24,435	22,805	15,375	5,943	12,182
('83	ION OF	Depen- dants.	0	9#	20	24	51	42	43	25	45	20	51	55	20	49	54	36
NG MINE	PERCENTAGEON INDUSTRIAL POPULATION OF	Actual workers.	8	24	20	. 46	49	90	57	49	55	50	49	45	90	51	46	\$
CLUDI		population of District [	1,	106	111	29	123	102	86	8	110	118	66	1114	118	88	49	176
INDUSTRY (INCLUDING MINES.)		Industry.	9	123,964	209,895	9,115	40,118	38,927	32,851	12,068	42,839	45,155	24,523	39,403	28,119	29,856	9,115	14,102
	TURAL TURAL TON-OF	Depen- dants,	"	36	33	27	134	30	335	34	35	31	32	34	32	36	27	49
RE.	PERCENTAGE ON AGRICULTURAL POPULATION OF	population.	1	5	29	73	99	62	69	99	65	69	. 3	99	89	\$5	73	51
AGRICULTURE.		Population of 1,000 o	-	657	638	75.3	437	7.58	763	640	638	899	637	557	597	169	753	SE .
AGRI	Population	20.0	23	769,087	1,194.289	102,808	142,563	290,094	256,967	79,457	235,735	256,587	157,676	191,614	141,939	210,738	102.808	2,581
		Marie Control		1		1	1	i	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		-	1
	Natural f.			1	4	1		ä	16	1	1	-1	1	1	1	4	1	•
	Districts and Natural		-	Natural Divisions-	Plateau v	Hilly	Districts	Bhind	Tonwarghar	Sheopur	Narwar	Isagarh	Bhilisa	Ujjain	Mandasor	Shajapur	Amjhera	Lastikar City

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE IV.—Occupations Combined with Agriculture (where Agriculture is Subsidiary Occupation).

1			-	120 110		TREE PAR	200
				ER MILLE WH	O ARE PART	IALLY AGRICI	ULTURISTS.
Occupation.	-		Gwalior State.	Lowly- ing	Plateau,	Hilly.	Lashkar City.
	Total	300	29	44	23	3	2
1.—Exploitation of animals and Vegeti	ation		4	5	4	200	18
(a). Growers of special product	s and	market	261	290	161		
7 Fruit, flower, vegetable, b	etel, vin	e, areca-	261	290	, 161	***	-
2Fishing and hunting	944	81	210	272	221	The same	
II.—Exploitation of minerals	100	· vi	236	300			***
III.—Industry	h 3.	- "	230	276	26	12 mg	344
	100	***	169	249	126	14	5
6 Textiles ,	-	744	155	228	94	27	***
8 Wood	***	***	177	274	130	30	
9 Metals	ien.	-	153	199	130	35	
12 Food Industries		10	65	107	14	= 1	
13 Industries of dress and toilet	41.3		70.00	200		6	
14 Other Industries	2572	A	226	357	131	7	***
IV.—Transport	***		140	206	103	12	14
		***	44	86	14	17	
V.—Trade	ets	000	180	163	75	37	2
26 Trade in textiles			34	51	28	-	3.
32 Hotels, Cafes, restaurants		-	81	344	36	49	***
33 Other trade in food-stuffs	355 (3)		118	161	90	68	2
34 Other trade	NSAL.		106	169	66	19	
VI.—Public Force	***		53	38	80	39	
VII.—Public Administration		. =	38	40	36	25	***
VIII.—Professions and Liberal arts	) <del>44</del>	-22	154	204	118	35	144
IX.—Persons living on their Income	2.		42	57			
X.—Domestic Service					20	***	"
	***		55	54	5.5	84	1
XI.—Insufficiently described Occupations	(100)		43	60	16	4	-
XII.—Unproductive		-	62	96	70	37	Sec. 17
		6100	-				

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE V.—Occupations Combined with Agriculture ( Where Agriculture is the Principal Occupation.)

LANDLORDS (RENT RECE	IVERS J.	CULTIVATERS (RENT	· PAYERS)	FARM SERVANTS AND FIELD	LABOURERS.
Subsidiary occupation-	No. per 10,000 who Follow it.	Subsidiary occupations	No. per 10,000 who Follow it.	Subsidiary occupation.	No. per 10,000 who Follow it.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Total	2,698	Total	443	Total	295
1. Rent-Payers	2 281	1, Rent-Receivers	113	1. Rent-Receivers	36
2. Agricultural labourers	82	2. Agricultural labour- ers.	41	2. Rent-Payers	51
3. Government Servants of all kinds.	22	3. General labourers.	77	3. General labourers	40
Money-lenders and grain- dealers.	59	4. Government Servants of all kinds.	8	4. Village watchmen	
5. Other traders of all kinds-	25	5. Money-lenders and grain-dealers.	13	5. Cattle-breeders a n d Milkmen.	2
5. Priests	14	6. Other traders of all kinds.	18	6. Mill-hands	THE CHI
7. Clerks of all kinds	25	7. Fishermen and Boat- men.	3	7. Fishermen and Boatmen.	
8. School Masters	18	8. Cattle-breeders and Milkmen.	29	8. Rice-pounders	
. Lawyers	6	9. Village watchmen	5	9. Shop-keepers and Ped- lars.	
). Estate Agents and Managers.	•	10. Weavers	7	10. Oil-Pressers	galla, se
. Medical Practitioners	2	11. Barbers	7	11. Weavers	
. Artisans	33	12. Oil-Pressers	ii	12 Potters	
. Others	127	13. Washermen	9	13. Leather workers	1
		14. Potters	6	14. Washermen	1 32
		15. Blacksmiths and Car- penters.	6	15. Blacksmiths and Carpenters.	
The second second	2	16. Others	F . F . S	16. Others	

### SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.—Occupation of Females by Sub-classes and Selected Orders and Groups.

	No. of Actua	L WORKERS.	
Occupation,	Males-	Females.	No. of Females per 1,000 Males
1	2	3	
GWALIOR STATE	1,425,863	542,565	381
A Production of Raw Materials	1,028,265	374,391	364
IEXPLOITATION OF ANIMALS AND VEGETATION	1,027,631	374,048	364
1. Pasture and agriculture	1,027,039	373,950	364
(a) Ordinary cultivation	997,194 35,541	366,682 9,458	367 266
3. Agents, managers of landed estates (not planters), clerks	889,532 568	268,442 295	301 519
4. Farm servants	2,387	306	128
5. Field labourers (b) Growers of special products and market gardening	69,166 566	88,181 186	1,275
Fruit, flower, vegetable, betel, wine areca-nut, etc., growers.	566 964	186	327
9. Wood-cutters, firewood, catechu, rubber, etc., collectors and charcoal burners,	659	822 822	852 1,247
(d) Raising of farm stock	28,315	6,260 190	221
44. Sheep, roat and ries breaders	1,304	- 36	145 455
13. Breeders of other animals (horses, mules, camels, asses, etc.) 14. Herdsmen, shepherds, goatherds, etc.	26,919	6,032	154 224
2. Fishing and hunting	592 445	98 98	165 220
IIEXPLOITATION OF MINERALS	634	343	541
4. Quarries of hard-rocks	155	63	406
5. Salt, etc	155 479	63 280	406 584
23. Rock, sea and marsh salt	332	280	843
B.—Preparation and Supply of Material Substances	199.522 129,420	69,515 46,181	343 357
6- Textiles	21,832 2,623	8,181 867	374 239
26. Cotton spinning	1,045	1,320	1,263
	13,341	4;390 47	329 423
30. Other fibres (coccanut, aloes, flax, hemp, straw, etc.) 31- Wool carding and spinning	7 9	92 28	13.143 3,111
37. Dyeing, bleaching, printing, preparation and exemply of	368 3,039	1,163	586 373
38. Lace, crepe, embroideries, fringes ate and in the	289	58	200
7. Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal trans	11,189	2,991	267
40. Makers of leather articles, such as trunks mater has etc	6,516 4,673	1,985	304 210
8. Wood etcluding articles of dress.	13.804	3,038	220
bamboo, reed or similar materials other individual	4,719	3.037	644
9. Metals metalding pones.	9,523	1,873	196
47. Makers of arms, guns, etc.	333 5,517	7 843	21 152
49. Workers in brass, copper and hell matel	2,137	1,015	475
leads, onlek-silver at 2 except precious metals (tin, zinc,	1,461	1,015	1/3
10. Ceramics	10,753	4,255	395
53. Makers of glass bangles, glass; beads, and glass ear stude, etc. 55. Potters and earthen pipe and t owl-makers	9,855	3,801	598 385
57. Others (mosain tale of the control of the contr	350 25	175	500 200
58. Manufacture of matching of and analogous	2,901 407	1,200	413 257
64. Others (soap, candles, base of getable oils	2,085 396	846 249	406 628
12. Food Industries	4,756	2,591	544
66. Bakers and biomit and flour-grinders	527 139	1,211	2,229 1,223
68. Butchers etc	529	405	766
70, Butter, cheese and Change	1,110	368 26	332 702
	2,407	393	7,000 162
75. Manufacturers of tobacco, opium a.ud Ganja	5	3	600

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.—Occupation of Females by Sub-classes and Selected Orders and Groups.—(contd.)

	No. of Actua	L WORKERS.	
Occupation.	Males.	Females.	No. of Females per 1,000 Males.
1	2	3	4
III.—INDUSTRY.—(contd.)	-		White the
13. Industries of dress and toilet	37,953 160	14,457	380 288
77. Tailors, milliners, dress-makers, darners and embroiderers on linen.	5,663	2,313	408
78. Shoe, boot and sandal-makers 79. Other industries pertaining to dress—gloves, socks, gaiters.	14,031 368	5,282 30	376 82
belts, buttons, umbrellas, canes, etc. 80, Washing, cleaning and dyeing	6,541	5,137	785
81. Barbers, hair-dressers and wig-makers 82. Other industries connected with the toilet (tattooers sham-	11,160	1,629	146 666
pooers, bath houses, etc.)	130	7	53
83. Cabinet-makers, carriage painters, etc	130 4,965	1,894	53
85. Lime burners, cement workers	170	63	381 371
86. Excavators and well-sinkers	3,139	1,401	11
88. Brick-layers and masons	1.500	3 426	42 284
similar materials), painters, decorators of houses, tilers,	Tax Park		401
plumbers, etc.  18. Other miscellaneous and undefined industries	11,503	5,694	495
<ol> <li>Bookbinders and stitchers, envelope-makers, etc.</li> <li>Workers in precious stones and metals, enamellers, imitation</li> </ol>	4,920	961	1,000
jewellery-makers, gilders, etc.  99. Makers of bangles beads or necklaces of other material	46	18	391
than glass and makers of spangles, rosaries, lingams and sacred threads.	ATTAL IN ARREST	San Maria	e milion a di
<ol> <li>Toy, kite, cage, fishing tackle, etc., makers, taxidermists, etc.</li> <li>Others including managers, persons (other than performers) employed in theatres and other places of public entertainment, employees of public societies, race course service,</li> </ol>	35 51	i	114
huntsmen, etc.  102. Contractors for the disposal of refuse, dust, etc	39	2	51
103. Sweepers, scavengers, etc	6.039	4,705	779
IV.—TRANSPORT	7,775	1,234 128	691 140
108. Persons (other than labourers) employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and cannals (including construction).	539	4	7
<ol> <li>Labourers employed on the construction and maintenance of streams, rivers and cannals.</li> </ol>	346	115	332
110. Boat owners, boatmen and towmen	28 4,949	1,064	321 215
111. Persons (other than labourers) employed [on the construction		227	694
and maintenance of roads and bridges.  112. Labourers employed on roads and bridges			
cluding trams).  114. Owners, managers and employees (excluding personal ser-	3,251	135	42
vants) connected with other vehicles.  115. Palki, etc., bearer and owners	34	100	
116. Pack, elephant, camel, mule, ass and bullock owners and drivers.	200	101 0 105	CHARLES A
22. Transport by rail	1.709		
V.—TRADE	4.045		1 000
24. Bank establishments of credit, exchange and insurance 121. Bank managers, money-lenders, exchange and insurance	4,962		
agents, money-changers and brokers and their employees.  26. Trade in textiles  123. Trade in piece goods, wool, cotton, silk, hair and other	2,810 2,810		400
27. Trade in skins, leather and furs	1 460	50	740
124. Trade in skins, leather, furs, feathers, horns, etc 29. Trade in metals	462	198	129
126. Trade in m-tals, machinery, knives, tools, etc 30. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles	131	21	
127. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles	131	21	160
130. Owners and managers of hotels, cook-shops, serais, etc.,	141		
and other employees.  33, Other trade in food-stuffs	2,7516	The state of the s	
131. Fish dealers	10,190		620
133. Sellers of butter, ghee, milk, poultry, eggs, etc	1,883	1,514	

# \* SUBSIDIARY TABLE VI.—Occupation of Females by Sub-classes and selected Orders and Groups.—(concld.)

	No, of Actu	AL WORKERS	No. of Females
Occupation.	Males.	Females.	per 1,000 Males.
1		3	4
W TDADE (cont.)			in the state of the
V.—TRADE.—(contd.)  134. Sellers of sweetmeats, sngar, gur, and molasses	279	24	. 89
135. Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetable, fruits and areca-nut sellers.  136. Grain and pulse dealers	3,919 8,846	3,036 3,200	775 362
137. Tobacco, opium, Gauja, etc., seilers	632 197 1,520	132 62 1,029	209 315 671
139. Dealers in hay, grass and fodder	479 479	156 156	326 326
and toilets (hats, nmbrellas, socks ready made shoes, perfumes, etc.	128		5077
36. Trade in building materials	28	17 17	607 607
37. Trade in means of transport	346	11 10	32 10,000
cycles, etc.  146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, cattle, asses,	342	1	3
mules, etc.  38. Trade in fuel	- 1,838 1,838	1,680 1,680	, 914 914
149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, llowers, etc.	1,680	633	377
40. Trade of other sorts  152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified	17,476 12,054 3,041	4,297 2,867 921	246 238 303
153. Dinerant traders, pediars, hawkers, etc	120202	509	216
C.—Public Administration and Liberal Arts	5,157	3,559	690
VI.—PUBLIC FORCE	19,868	261	13
44. Police	8,483 4,205	261	62
VII.—PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	15,163	329	22
45. Public administration	13,022 217	-257 72	20 347
VIII,PROFESSION AND LIBERAL ARTS	16,526	2,769	162
46. Religion	9,470 4,900	1,020 972	108 198
166. Religious mandicants, in mates of monasteries, etc.  168. Temples burial or burning ground service, pilgrim conductors, circumcisers	65 429	25 23	385 53
172. Midwives vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc. 49. Instruction	I,208 1,349	474 314	392 233
173. Professors and teachers of all kinds 50. Letters and arts and sciences	1,334 3,331	314 961	235 288
178. Music composers and masters and players of all kinds of musical instruments (not military singers, actors and dancers)	3,088	961	311
D.—Miscellaneous	146,518	95,300	650
IX.—PERSONS LIVING ON THEIR INCOME	1,055	337	319
180. Proprietors (other than of agricultural land), fund and scholarship-holders and pensioners.	1,055	. 337	319
XDOMESTIC SERVICE	28,383	12,529	441
52. Domestic service	28,383 27,125	12,529 12,529	441 461
18I, Cooks, water-carriers, door-keepers, watchmen and other in-door servants.	1235.55	7570	1000
XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OCCUPATIONS	93,058	71.060	764
53. General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation 184. Manufacturers, business men and contractors otherwise unspecified.	93.058 2,014	71,060	764 352
187. Labourers, and workmen otherwise unspecified	82,392	70,351	854
XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE	24,022	11,374	473
54. Inmates of jails, asylums and hospitals	1,276 1,276 22,663	60 60 11,158	47 47 492
189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wirards, etc	22,455 208	10,490	467
56. Other unclassified non-productive industries	83 83	156 156	1,880
			-

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII.-Selected Occupations, 1921, 1911 and 1901.

A.—Production of Raw Materials	The second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a section in the second section in the section is a section section in the section in the section is a section section in the section in the section is a section section in the section in the section is a section section in the section in the section is a section section in the section in the section is a section section in the section in the section is a section section in the section section in the section is a section section in the section section in the section is a section section section in the section section in the section section section section is a section s	POPULAT	ION SUPPO	RTED IN	iation	iation	per l
A.—Production of Raw Materials  L.—ENFLOITATION OF ANIMALS & VEGETATION  1. Pasture and sgriculus are	Occupation.	1921	1911	1901	Percentage of var of 1921—1911.	Percentage of var of 1921—1901.	REMARKS.
A.—Production of the control of arcicultural land		2	3	4	5	6	7
4. Farm servants   247,084   445,319   267,734   443   76,	1.—EXPLOITATION OF ANIMALS & VEGETATION 1. Pasture and agriculture 1. Income from rent of agricultural land 2. Ordinary cultivators 3. Agents, managers, of landed estates (not	2,124,842 2,123,371 100,275 1,715,846	1,956,894 1,953,948 63,395 1,379,220	1,652,795 1,652,064 123,964 1,131,566	+59.7 + 8.7 +58.1 +21	+28.6 +28.5 +19.1 +51	
8. Forest officers, rangers, guards, elc. 9. Wood-cutters, frewood, catechun, rubber, elc. 10. Lac collectors and charcoal burners. 11. Lac collectors and charcoal burners. 11. Lac collectors and charcoal burners. 11. Sheep, goal and pic breeders and keepers. 12. Sheep, goal and pic breeders and keepers. 13. Breeders of other animals (horses, mules, asses, elc.). 14. Herdsmen, shepherds, goatherds, etc. 14. Hordsmen, shepherds, goatherds, etc. 15. Houting 1. 1,047 1,840 2,571 -44 -60 1,047 1,840 2,571 -44 -60 1,047 1,840 2,571 -44 -60 1,047 1,840 2,571 -44 -60 1,047 1,840 2,571 -44 -60 1,047	4. Farm servants	1,441	ALCOHOL: CO.			-82.3	
10. Lac collectors 11. Cattle and builalo breeders and keepers 12. Sheep, goat and pig breeders 13. Breeders of other attimats (borse, mules.) 13. Breeders of other attimats (borse, mules.) 14. Herdmen: shepherds, goatherds, etc. 25. Shihing and bunting 1. (1.027    1.840    2.571    -42    -93    17. Fishing   1.047    1.840    2.571    -42    -93    18. Hunting 19. 1.047    1.840    2.571    -42    -93    19. Salt, etc. 19. Salt, etc. 19. Salt, etc. 19. Salt, etc. 19. Cotton siring and weaving 20. Cotton siring and weaving 21. Cotton siring and weaving 22. Cotton siring and weaving 23. Silk weavers 23. Weaving of woollen blankets   1.023    35, 287    33, 331    -22    -11    23. Wool carding and spinning 24. Cotton siring and weaving 35. Silk weavers 37. Dyeing, bleaching, printing, preparation and sponging of textiles. 38. Lace, creps embroideries, fringes, etc., and intented dyers, etc. 40. Makers of leather articles, such as trunks, water bags, saddlery or harmes, etc., excluding articles of dress. 42. Bone, even born, shell, etc., workers working with bamboo, reed or similar working with bamboo, reed or similar working with bamboo, reed or similar material, helding bones. 45. Makers of porcelain and crockery   21,335    32,77    20,301    13,401    13,402    13,403    14,403    14,401	8. Forest officers, rangers, guards, etc 9. Wood-cutters, firewood, catechu, rubber, etc.	2,274		24,988	- 29-5	-2	VIII.
14.   Herdsmen, shepherds, goatherds, etc.	11. Cattle and buffalo breeders and keepers 12. Sheep, goat and pig breeders 13. Breeders of other animals (horses, mules,	2,386 259	1,547	20,108 21,212	+580	+882 -99 -99	
3. Mines 4. Quarries of hard-rocks 5. Salt, etc. 5. Salt, etc. 6. Preparation and Supply of Material Substances 8. Preparation and Supply of Material Substances 8. Preparation and Supply of Material Substances 8. Salt, etc. 6. Textlies 9. Cotton giming, cleaning and pressing 9. Cotton giming, cleaning and pressing 9. Cotton spinning 9. Metals 9. Workers in ron and makers of imple 9. Metals 9. Workers in ron spinning 9. Cotton spinning 9. Metals 9. Workers in ron and makers of imple 9. Metals 9. Workers in ron spinning 9. Cotton spinnin	2. Fishing and hunting	1,471 1,027 1,444	2,946 1,840 1,160 920	3,568 2,571 997	-50 -44 -62	-59 -60 -55	
25. Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing 26. Cotton spinning 27. Cotton sizing and weaving 28. Rope, twine, and string 39. Hope, twine, and string 30. Other fibres (cocoanut, aloes, flax, hemp, straw, etc.). 31. Wool carding and spinning 32. Silk weavers 33. Silk weavers 35. Dyeing, bleaching, printing, preparation and sponging of textlies. 38. Lace, crepe, embroideries, fringes, etc., and insufficiently described textlie indusfries. 39. Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom. 39. Tanners, curriers, leather-dressers, and teather dyers, etc. 40. Makers of leather articles, such as trunks, water bags, saddlery or harness, etc., excluding articles of dress. 42. Bone, ivory, horn, shell, etc., workers (except button).  8. Wood 43. Sawyers 44. Caspenters, turners and joiners, etc. 45. Basket makers and thatchers and builders working with bamboo, reed of similar materials, including bones.  9. Metals 46. Forging and rolling of iron and other metals of fixed materials including bones.  9. Metals 46. Forging and rolling of iron and other metals of fixed maters and builders working with bamboo, reed of similar materials, including bones.  9. Metals 40. Other workers in ron and makers of implements and tools principally or exclusively of iron. 49. Werkers in brass, copper and bell-metal of the metals and tools principally or exclusively of iron. 49. Werkers in brass, copper and bell-metal of the metals and tools principally or exclusively of iron. 49. Werkers in mints diesinkers, etc. 50. Workers in mints diesinkers, etc. 51. Workers in mints diesinkers, etc. 52. Makers of glass crystal wares 22. St. Makers of parcelain and crockery 23. St. Co. St. Makers of parcelain and crockery 24. St. Makers of parcelain and crockery 25. St. Makers of parcelain and crockery 26. St. M	3. Mines 4. Quarries of hard-rocks 5. Salt, etc. B.—Preparation and Supply of Material Substances III.—INDUSTRY	396 1,226 536,281 341,352	75 843 653,684 435,378	500,213 303,311	+428 +45 +18 -22	+539 -14 +7:0 +13	
29. Rope, twine, and string	25. Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing	8,521	15,997	9,336	-47	-9	
31. Wool carding and spinning	29. Rope, twine, and string 30. Other fibres (cocoanut, aloes, flax, hemp,	314			The same of the sa	10,000,000	
35. Silk weavers 37. Dycing, bleaching, printing, preparation and sponging of textiles. 38. Lace, crepe, embroideries, fringes, etc., and insufficiently described textile industries. 7. Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom. 39. Tanners, curriers, leather-dressers, and leather dyers, etc. 40. Makers of leather articles, such as trunks, water bags, saddlery or harness, etc., excluding articles of dress. 42. Bone, ivory, horn, shell, etc., workers 43. Sawyers 44. Carpenters, turners and joiners, etc 45. Basket makers and thatchers and builders working with bamboo, reed or similar materials, other industries of woody 9. Metals 46. Forging and rolling of iron and other metals 47. Makers of arms, gans, etc. 48. Other workers in iron and makers of implements and tools principally or exclusively of iron. 49. Werkers in brass, copper and bell-metal 50. Workers in other metals except precious metals (tin, rinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.). 51. Workers in mints diesinkers, etc 52. Makers of glass crystal wares 53. Makers of glass crystal wares 54. Makers of glass crystal wares 55. Makers of glass crystal wares 56. Makers of procedia and crockery 57. Makers of procedia and crockery 58. Makers of glass crystal wares 59. Makers of glass crystal wares 50. Makers of procedia and crockery 51. Workers in procedia and crockery 52. Makers of porcedia and crockery 53. Makers of glass crystal wares 54. Makers of porcedia and crockery 55. Makers of porcedia and crockery 56. Makers of porcedia and crockery 57. Makers of pass bonds and glass 58. Makers of glass crystal wares 59. Makers of porcedia and crockery 51. Workers in procedia and crockery 52. Makers of porcedia and crockery 53. Makers of glass crystal wares 54. Makers of porcedia and crockery 55. Makers of porcedia and crockery 56. Makers of porcedia and crockery 57. Determine 58. Makers of glass bands and glass 58. Makers of glass bands and	31. Wool carding and spinning 52	1.075	3,803	1,387	- 72	-23	
1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.   1.	35. Silk weavers	Contra	10,983	8,250	- 21	+5	
17,784   1,983   18,712   +795   -5	insufficiently described textile industries. 7. Hides, skins and hard materials from the anima	The William				1	1
water bags, saddlery or harness, etc., excluding articles of dress.   42. Bone, ivory, horn, shell, etc., workers (except button).   34,796   37,778   25,729   -8   +35     43. Sawyers	39. Tanners, curriers, leather-dressers, and leather dyers, etc.	-35340		2000	1	1	
8. Wood  43. Sawyers	water bags, saddlery or harness, etc- excluding articles of dress.					1	
43. Sawyers	(except button).					138	
44. Carpenters, turners and joiners, etc.  45. Basket makers and thatchers and builders working with bamboo, reed or similar materials, other industries of woody material, including bones.  9. Metals  46. Forging and rolling of iron and other metals 47. Makers of arms, guns, etc.  48. Other workers in iron and makers of implements and tools principally or exclusively of iron.  49. Workers in brass, copper and bell-metal  50. Workers in other metals except precious metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.).  51. Workers in just die-sinkers, etc  10. Ceramics  52. Makers of glass crystal wares  63. Makers of glass crystal wares  63. Makers of glass crystal wares  64. Carpenters, turners and builders  13,261  12,766  6.652  43  49. 482  538  327  208  465  4159  431  482  538  327  208  465  473  485  486  13,460  13,120  13,460  13,120  10,26  4110  437  437  437  438  449  449  440  440  440  440  440  44	43. Sawyers	\$1 L SUNK-55	A THE RESIDENCE	7,750			
9. Metals 46. Forging and rolling of iron and other metals 47. Makers of arms, gons, etc	Carpenters, turners and joiners, etc.     Basket makers and thatchers and builders working with bamboo, reed or similar materials, other industries of woods	13,261	36505075	5 5 7 8 8 A TO	/+3	+99	1
47. Makers of arms, guns, etc	9. Metals			446		1	
49. Workers in brass, copper and bell-metal 5,712 2,710 1 0.26 +110 +357   50. Workers in other metals except precious metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.).  51. Workers in mints die-sinkers, etc 134 114 +18 10. Ceramics 28,929 33,027 22,108 -12 +31 12 1,244100 135 Makers of glass crystal wares 12 1,244100 1470 153. Makers of porcelain and crockery 154 Makers of porcelain and crockery 155. Potters and earthen pipe and bowl makers 26,390 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 202 20	47. Makers of arms, guns, etc 48. Other workers in iron and makers of imple ments and tools principally or exclusively	538 13,460	327 13,120	208	+65	+159	
10. Ceramics	<ol> <li>Workers in brass, copper and bell-metal</li> <li>Workers in other metals except preciou metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.).</li> </ol>	2,421	602	1,191	+302	+103	
53. Makers of glass bangles, glass beads and glass car-studs, etc. 54. Makers of porcelain and crockery 119 31,147100 55. Potters and earthen pipe and bowl makers 26,390	10. Ceramics	28,92	33,027	22,108	+12	+31	1
54. Makers of porcelain and crockery 119 31.147100 53. Potters and earthen pipe and bowl makers 26,390 202	52. Makers of glass crystal wares 53. Makers of glass bangles, glass beads and glas ear-studs, etc.	1,470	0 777			-	1
	54. Makers of porcelain and crockery 55. Potters and earthen pipe and bowl makers		0		440.00	- TT-	1 5
57. Others (mosaic, tale, mica, alabaster, etc., so 50	56. Brick and tile makers 57. Others Imosaic, tale, mica, alabaster, etc.	881	630	- Pinn	10000	17 2000	

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII.-Selected Occupations, 1921, 1911 and 1901.-contd.

	POPULAT	ION SUPPO	RTED IN	riation	riation	
OCCUPATION.	1921	1911	1901	Percentage of variation of 1921-1911.	Percentage of variation of 1921-1901.	REMARKS.
	2	3	4	5	6	7
B. Preparation and Supply of Material substances						
-contd. IIIINDUSTRY -contd.	10000000	12				
<ol> <li>Chemical products properly so-called and analogous.</li> </ol>	7,959	30,312	14.485	-74	-45	100
58. Manufacture of matches and explosive materials.	1,131		447	***	1094	1
<ol> <li>Manufacture of serated and mineral waters and ice.</li> </ol>	8	***	7000		***	
60. Manufacture of dyes, paint and ink 61. Manufacture and refining of vegetable oils	73 5,437	00 600	277	***	499	
64. Others (soap, candles, lac, catechu, perfumes	1,310	29,677 118	191	-82 +1,010		
and miscellaneous drugs).  12. Food industries	13,320	19,267	24,291	-31	-45	
<ol> <li>Rice-pounders and huskers and flour- grinders.</li> </ol>	2,449	5,723	222	- 57	227	A. U.
66. Bakers and biscuit makers 67. Grain parchers, etc	587 1,542	2,50 2,250	29 7,481	+135	+1,924	
68. Butchers 72. Sweetmeat makers, preparers of jam and	3,348 5,108	5,143 5,561	4,568 3,946	-35 -8	-27	
condiments, etc.  73. Brewers and distillers	25,000,00	293	997		11000000	41
75. Manufacturers of tobacco, opium and ganja	34 104,458	42	1,207	-19	- 97	
77. Tailors, milliners, dress-makers, darners and	15,526	175,184 18,382	135,451	-40 -16	- 23	Harry L.
embroiderers on linen.  78. Shoe, boot and sandal makers	39,078	100.675	64,718	-61	-40	
<ol> <li>Other industries pertaining to dress—gloves, socks, gaiters, belts, buttons, umbrellas,</li> </ol>	706	421	87	+68	+712	
canes, etc. 80. Washing, cleaning and dyeing	19,711	25,002		-21	755	
81. Barbers, hair-dressers and wig makers 82. Other industries connected with the toilet	29,000	30,534	29,097	-5	-3	
(tattooers, shampooers bath houses, etc.)	77	11	8,979	+600	-91	
14. Furniture industries 83. Cabinet makers, carriage painters, etc	251 251					Carly
15. Building industries 86. Excavators and well-sinkers	13,420 118	8,424 17	31,279 1,683	+59 +594	- 57 - 93	
87. Stone cutters and dressers 8,845	8,935	6,672	5,416	+34	+64	-
89. House builders (other than buildings made of	3,877	1444	344	- Sala - S	144	
bamboo or similar materials), painters, decorators of houses, tilers, plumbers, etc.				MAT HE		
<ol> <li>Construction of means of transport</li> <li>Persons engaged in making, assembling or</li> </ol>	50 26	285	182	-82	-72	C. U.S
repairing motor vehicles or cycles.  91. Carriage, cart, palki, etc., makers and wheel-	24					
wrights.  17. Production and transmission of physical forces	- 201	270	0.00	5655		
(heat, light, electricity, motive power, etc.).		***	225	2.525	***	H 113
18. Other miscellaneous and undefined industries	31,932	31,925	33,444	222	***	- 5
94. Printers, lithographers, engravers, etc 95. Makers of musical instruments	115	***		***	***	
97. Makers of watches and clocks and optical, photographic, mathematical and surgical	120	***	344	***	***	7-74
98. Workers in precious stones and metals,	13,545	13,952	2,792	-3	+385	
enamellers, imitation jewellery makers, gilders, etc.	-5,515		4,724		T 203	
99. Makers of bangles, beads or necklaces of other material than glass and makers of	100	227	5,314	-56	-98	105-9
spangles, rosaries, lingams and sacred						
threads.  Toy, kite, cage, fishing tackle, etc., makers,	57	44()		****	147	
taxidermists, efc.  101. Others including managers, persons (other	73	***		***		PUR
than performers) employed in theatres and other places of public entertainment,				- 24.7	***	1
cmployees of public societies, race course service, huntsmen, etc.						T Y
102. Contractors for the disposal of refuse, 246	1	20.00	100.000		1 11	CHARA
103. Sweepers, scavengers, etc 17,164	17,410	17,590	24,102	-1	-27	
IV.—TRANSPORT	18,233	11,854 392	8,486 755	+54 +261	+115 +87	
108. Persons (other than labourers) employed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and	677	51	1,926	+1,227	-65	
canals (including construction).  109. Labourers employed on the construction and					Hall B	
maintenance of streams, rivers and canals	. 039	-1	200		100	
110. Boat owners, boatmen and towmen	98	341	***	-71		

#### SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII .- Selected Occupations, 1921, 1911 and 1901 .- (contd.)

	POPULATI	ON SUPPO	RTED IN	dution	riation.	
OCCUPATION.	1921	1911	1901	Percentage of variation of 1921-1911.	Percentage of variation of 1921—1901.	REMARKS.
	- 2			5 -	-	7
		4	- 100 10 10	-0-	6	
B.—Preparation and Supply of Material Substances	100 B	E TO	MI SE	THE PERSON	30.78	
IV.—TRANSPORT.—contd. 21. Transport by road	12,233	9,276	5,235	+32	+134	1
111. Persons (other than labourers employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges.	3,451	1,798	1,757	+92	+91	O to
112. Labourers employed on roads and bridges. 113. Owners, managers and employees (excluding	744	***		11.11	***	03
personal servants) connected with mecha- nically driven vehicles (including trams.)	1			mary for	1970	
114. Owners, managers and employees (excluding personal servants) connected with other vehicles.	7,117	4,429	567	+61	+1,155	977
115. Palki, etc., bearers and owners 116. Pack elephant, camel, mule, ass and bullock	70	535	675	-87	-90	DIT T
owners and drivers	1,218	1,818	3.318	-33 -46	-63 +312	
117. Porters and messengers	4,171	1,677	934	+149	+347	
118. Railway employees of all kinds other than coolies.	3,939.	1,677	934	+135	+321	
119. Labourers employed on railway construction and maintenance and coolies, etc., porters employed on railway.	232	## G	MANUAL MANUAL PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PARTY AND ADM	297		
V.—TRADE V.—TRADE	415 176,697	206.452	188,416	-18 -14	- 35 - 1	
24. Bank establishments of credit, exchange and insurance.	16,017	15,839	19,089	+1	- 16	
121 Bank managers, money-lenders, exchange and insurance agents, money changers and brokers and their employees:	16,017	15,839	19,089	namida	-16	東
25. Brokerage, commission and export	2,749 2,749	1,322 1,322	4,863 4,863	+108 +108	-45 -45	
ployees.  26. Trade in testiles  123. Trade in piece-goods, wool cotton, silk, hair	8,355 8,355	6,814 6,814	21,176 21,176	+23 +23	-61 -61	
and other textiles.  27. Trade in skins, leather and furs  124. Trade in skins, leather, furs, (eathers, horns,	993	929	12,548 12,548	+8	- 93 - 93	
28. Trade in wood (not firewood), cork, bark,	644	24 24	3,980 3,980	+2,583 +2,583	-84 -84	
29. Trade in metals, machinery, knives, tools,	1,498	2,190	142	-32 -32	+955 +955	
etc.	1,498	2,190	100000		-98	400
30. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles 127. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles		5 5	8,562 8,562	+4,220	-98	
31. Trade in chemical products	813 813	165 165	5,499 5,499	+393 +393	- 85 - 85	
paints, petroleum, explosives, etc.).  32, Hotels, Cales, restaurants, etc.  129, Vendors of wine, liquors, serated waters and	3,762	7,293 5,899	6,574 6,415	-49 -42	100	
ice. 130. Owners and managers of hotels, cook shops,	1	1,394	159	-77	+104	027
sarais, etc., and their employees.  33. Other trade in food-stuffs	02.046	98,590		-17	-24	
131. Fish dealers	172	357 18,894	498 625	- 55 + 52	- 65	
133. Sellers of butter, ghee, milk, poultry, eggs, etc 134. Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gur, and molasses.	7,378	10,123 833		- 27 - 19		
135. Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetable, fruits and		12,743	16,348	-6	-23	
136. Grain and pulse dealers	26,424 1,392	47,488 2,648		-44 -47	A CONTRACTOR	
130. Dealers in sheep, goals, and pigs, etc.	631	30	18,107	+2,070	-90	
34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles	1,538	2,436	6,584	- 14 - 37	-7	7
140. Trade in ready made clothing and other articles of dress and toilets (hats, umbrellas, socks, ready made shoes, perfumes,	1,538			-37	-7	
etc).	54	153	7,395	- 43	100	
141. Trade in furniture, carpets, curtains and bedding.				-90	9	S. T. T.
142. Hardware, cooking utensils, porcelain, crockery, glassware, bottles, articles for gardening, etc.	39	20,998	*	2.55		
	-	1	1	1	-	

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII,-Selected Occupations, 1911, 1921, and 1901.-(concid.)

SUBSIDIARY TABLE VII,—Selected Occup		ION SUPPG	ACM TRANSPORT	3		
Occupatios.	1921	1911	1901.	Percentage of Variation of 1921—1911.	Percentage of variation of 1921-1901.	RHMARES.
	2	3	4	5	0	7
B. Preparation, & Supply of Material Substances-contd.						
V.—TRADE.—contd.  36. Trade in building materials	114 114	55 55	536 536	+107 +107	-79 -79	
bricks, tiles and woody material.  37. Trade in means of transport  144. Dealers and hirers in mechanical transport,	590 22	1,753	9,013	= 65 	-93	
motors cycles, etc.  146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels,	568	1,753	9,045	- 67	-93	13/5
horses, cattle, asses, mules, etc.  38. Trade in fuel	5,986 5 986	8,719 8,719	7,011 7,011	-31 -31	-15 -15	
dung, etc. 39. Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining	6,675	9.637	87,848	-31	- 88	E.) -
to letters and the arts and sciences.  148. Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and	1,926	1,704	8,997	+13	-79	91
imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.  149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small article-, toys, hunting and	4,473	7,892	4,638	-43	-4	
fishing tackle, flowers, etc.  150. Publishers, booksellers, stationers, dealers in music pictures, musical instruments, and	276	pt	1,005	+ 203	=72	1
40, Trade of other sorts	44,644 31,905	50,418	\$2,481	-11	-15	
otherwise unspecified.  153. Itinerant traders, padlers, hawkers, etc  154, Other trades (including farmers of pounds, tolls, and markets).	7,100 5,606	1,648	1.772	+331	+301	
C.—Public Administration and Liberal Arts VI.—PUBLIC FORCE	42 404	61,351	20,397	-31	+107	
41. Army	1,586	22,569 5.892	24,377 4,004	-70 +25	-8 -60 +2	
156. Army (Indian States)	20,798	16.677 38,782	20.373	-48	+83,275	
159. Police	10,37 <sub>0</sub> 9,650	26.054	#	-63		
VII.—PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	37,806 31,435	61,393	75,982 721	+31,977	-50 +4.260	1
162.A Chiefs and their families	68 774 5,529	467- 8,572	2,485	+3,300 -657 -36	+2,167	
VIII.—PROFESSIONS AND LIBERAL ARTS  46. Religion 165. Priests, ministers, etc 166. Religions mandicauts, inmates of monas-	40,919 21.665 11,336 252	53,621 36,215 35,774 181	177,606 19,437 15,154 1,194	-24 -40 -68 -39	-77 +11 -25 -79	
teries, etc. 167. Catechists, readers, church and mission	9,195	237	249	+3,779	+3,593	
168. Temples, burial or burning ground service, pilgrim conductors, circumcisers.	882	• 23	2,737	+3,735	+67	F W
47. Law 169. Lawyers of all kinds, including Qazis, law	1,952 1,401	618 384	402 1,045	+216 +265	+385	1 91
48. Medicine	551 5,075 1,177	234 1,690 841	257 1,302 317	÷136 +200 +39	+114 +290 +271	id
dentists, occulists and veterinary surgeons.  172. Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses,	3,898	849	1,375	+ 359	+184	VI
masseurs, etc.	4,142 4,115	2,123 2,123	3,424 3,424	+95 +95	+21 +21	194
174. Clerks and servants connected with education. 50 Letters and arts and sciences	8,085	12,975	9.982	-38	-19	a regi
176. Architects, surveyors, engineers and their employees.  177. Authors, editors, journalists, artists photo-	128		200			MIST
logists, botanists, astrologers, etc.  178. Music composers and masters and players of	7,516	12,975	The state of	-42	-25	
all kinds of musical instruments (not mili- tary singers, actors and dancers).  179. Conjurors, acrobats, fortune tellers, receivers.	230	-			100	
exhibitors of curiosities and wild	1	1450	No. of Lot	1 37	100	12
IX. PERSONS LIVING ON THEIR INCOME	4.406			+11		
51. Persons living principally on their income 180. Proprietors (other than of agricultural land), fund and scholarship-holders and pen- sioners	4,406					

# SUBSIDIABY TABLE VII.-Selected Occupations, 1921, 1911 and 1901.-(concld.)

	POPULATION	SUPPORT	red IN	ariation	variation	
OCCUPATION.	1921	1911	1901	Percentage of variation of 1921-1911.	Percentage of va of 1921-1901.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.—Miscellaneous.—contd.	74,736	76,466	122,421 122,421	-2 -2	-39 -39	
X. DOMESTIC SERVICE 52. Domestic service 181. Cooks, water-carriers, door-keepers, watch-	74,736 72,314	76,466	119,166	-4	-39	
men and other in-door servatus.	1,509	1,396	3,255	+ 208	- 54	
183. Private motor drivers and cleaners	272,346	163,072 163,072	310,885 310,885	-12 -12	-267 -267	
53. General terms which do not muchae	IN THE PARTY OF TH	2,099	553	+23	+1,158	
184. Manufacturers, businessmen and contractors otherwise unspecified.  185. Cashiers, accountants, book-keepers, clerks and other employees in unspecified offices.	19,480	697	10,881	+2,695	+79	
warehouses and shops.	106	70,478	118,050	-13	-48	in the
XII. UNPRODUCTIVE and hospitals	1,344	1,593 1,593	923 923	-16 -16	+73 +73	V-n-
188, Inmates of Juis and asymus and houses.	KO 760	68,885	117,127	- 13	- 49	1000
55. Beggars, vagrants, prositiones 189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, 58,05	59,769	68,885	117,127	-13	- 49	
190. Procurers and prostitutes 1,71  56. Other unclassified non-productive industries 191. Other unclassified non-productive industries	333		#	***	-	100

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE VIII.—Occupation of Selected Castes.

	000	200		0 =	100
	Number per 1,00 workers engaged o each occupation.	female 100		000	emale 100
	age.	2 4		1 ged ion.	2
Caste and Occuption.	P B B	of per	Caste and Occupation.	pat	of pot
	1 50	4.6	Country and Occupation.	2 e	- 2
NOT THE POST OF LINE WAY	ape the	rke		ker h o	ber ker
	Num	Number workers males.		Number per 1,00 workers engaged ceach occupation.	Number workers males.
Ajna.—Agriculture		46			4
The state of the s	703	100	Brahman—Bhagar-Priest—(contd.)	10-19	5514
Income from rent of Land Field-labourers and wood-cutters, etc	100	17	Artisans and other workmen	14	483
Raisers of live-stock milkmen and	113	176	THE PARTY OF THE P	22	15
herdsmen.	43	10	Public force Public administration	30	***
Mineral labourers	18	131	Lawyer, doctors and teachers	11	4
Artisans and other workmen		567	Domestic service	45	34
Public administration  Domestic service		1000	Labourers unspecified	62	137
Labourers unspecified	17 56	233 147	Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and in- mates of jails and asylums.	65	43
Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and	9	700	Othors	19	10
inmates of jails and asylums.	- 70	100000		19	10
Others	10	126	Brahman,-Sanadhya-Priest	84	16
Bhat,-Legend Singers	236	23	Income from rent of land	72	19
Income from rent of land	THEN	1000	Cultivators of all kinds	635	16
Cultivators of all kinds	19 298	171	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	33	107
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	102	96	Raisers of live-stock, milkmen and herdsmen.	9	23
Raisers of live-stock milkmen and	14	29	Trade	16	36
herdsmen	بريطا	2000	Public force	25	
Artisans and other workmen Trade	26	124	Public administration	14	100
Public force	11	22	Domestic service Labourers, unspecified	26	38
Domestic service	34	97	Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and in-	29 36	13
Labourers unspecified	96	85	mates of jail and asylums.	30	00
Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and inmates of jails and asylums.	109	57	Others	21	36
Others	44	10	Brahman.—Shri Gaud-Priest	200	200
Bhil.—Agriculture	490	51	Income from rent of land	197	28
4000 6 60 60			Cultivators of all kinds	236	63
Income from rent of land Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	15	13	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	63	257
Raisers of live-stock milkmen and	187 34	79 11	Trade	40	113
herdsmen.	34	11	Public administration Domestic service	50	277
Labrourers unspecified	243	77	Labourers unspecified	73	415 458
Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and	13	45	Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and	92	50
inmates of jails and asylums.	10		inmates of jail and asylums		- 00
BrahmanPriests	107	71	Others Brahman.—Dakshani-Priest	70	
Income from rent of land	71	29	Income from word of land	251	2
Cultivators of all kinds	555	19	Cultivators of all kinds	52 61	44 61
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc. Raisers of live-stock milkmen and	36	112	Public force	41	
herdsmen.	9	29	Public administration	351	
Artisans and other workmen	7	190	Lawyers, doctors and teachers  Domestic service	65	48
Trade	17	31	Continues	56	54
Public force	25	***	otherwise unspecified.	47	4
Lawrence designs - 1	40	***	Others	76	32
Domestic service	9 32	27 43	Chamer Last W.	221	36
Labourers unspecified	33	138	Culivators of all kinds		100
Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and	38	58	Field labourers and wood-cuttons at-	363 143	49
Others	0.5	Terror	Domestic service	20	101
Others	21	13	Lobourers unspecified	217	97
Brahman.—Bhagor-Priest	154	13	Others	36	42
Income from rent of land	78	ALC: N		713	32
Unitivators of all kinds	393	110	Field lobourers and wood-cutters, etc.	78	108
Field labourers and wood-cutture oto	THE PARTY.	119	Raisers of live-stock milkmen and heardsmen.	98	26
Activities and the second seco	14	64	Laboureus account to a	The said	- man
Raisers of live-stock milkmen and	T.T.	9.7	canourers unspectified	57	110
herdsmen.	177	97	Labourers unspecified	60	119

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE VIII.—Occupation of Selected Castes.—(contd.)

	000, no E	female r 100	DATE OF THE PARTY	000	female r 100
	geo an.	E .	COMPLETE BUILDING TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	1. ged	e e
Tarrico and the second	atic ati	of fer		E Bag	T to
Caste and Occupation,	tumber per 1,0 workers engaged each occupation,		Caste and Occupation.	254	Jo d
	to oc	Number workers males.		558	4.5
	Number worker each oc	umb	THE ROLL SHEET	Number workers each oce	di di
	N × S	Z × E	BULLINE .	Number per 1,000 workers engaged on each occupation.	Number
KalalDistillers and Toddy	231	34	Rajput—Bhadouria.—Military	139	
drawers.				44-	
Income from rent of land	27	30	Income from rent of land Cultivators of all kinds	243	2 00
Cultivators of all kinds	393	42	Others	573 45	5
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	112	127		1730	Julia
Trade	39	23	Rajput-ChohanMilitary	130	1.2
Domestic service Labourers unspecified	28	32		Military Co.	
Others	101	106 32	Income from rent of land Cultivators of all kinds	60	12
Others	.02	02	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	499 110	10
KhangarWatchmen	156	12	Labourers, unspecified	85	8
	7,000	- 31	Others	116	3
Cultivators of all kinds	373	55		251E 20	
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc. Labourers unspecified	125 233	146	Rajput.—Gehlot—Military	250	0 1 3
Others	113	23	Income from rent of land	100	+0
	173	23	Cultivators of all kinds	342	19
KayasthWriters	420		Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	141	2
			Raisers of live-stock milkmen and	63	8
Income from rent of land	36	24	herdsmen.	No.	
Cultivators of all kinds Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	271	38	Others	158	19
77	15 26	39	Delout Vauldonia Wille	0.0	MILE.
Public force	24	20	Rajput.—Kachhwaha—Military	89	3
Lawyers, Doctors and teachers	39	50	Income from rent of land	324	
Domestic service	58	19	Cultivators of all kinds	496	1
Contractors clerks, cashiers, etc., other-	23	6	Labourers, unspecified	34	1
wise unspecified.	00	40	Others	57	3
Others	88	49	Palaut 'Barrer Mills	The state of	MALE.
Cirar.—Agriculture and Hunting	808	46	Rajput.—Ponwar—Military	126	2
		million.	Income from rent of land	66	13
Income form rent of land	22	7	Cultivators of all kinds	552	20
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	64	103	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	109	143
Labourers unspecified Others	59 47	115	Others	147	68
Others	4/	23	Rajput.—Rathor—Military	0.0	
MarathaMilitary and Dominant	320	***		90	6
		Ditt.	Income from rent of land	37	70
Income from rent of land	25	46	Cultivators of all kinds	575	29
Cultivators of all kinds	78	30	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	111	102
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	40	146	Labourers, unspecified	64	109
Date:	68	27	Others	123	35
Lomestic service	176	63	2 0.2		
Contractors, clerks, cashiers, etc., other-	63	4	Rajput.—Tonwar-Military	132	2
wise unspecified.	41.50		AZ TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR TOUR	2000	Julio I
Labourers unspecified	116	111	Income from rent of land	273	. 6
Others	90	60	Cultivators of all kinds	536	11
lina.—Hunting and Robbery	220	31	Others   C   Bring   Others   C	59	47
	intin) o	auty)	SahariaHunting and collecting	496	15
Income from rent of land	35	70	jungle produce.		15.11
Cultivators of all kinds	409	29	Cultivators of all Land	No.	J. A.
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.  Labourers unspecified	177	91 82	Cultivators of all kinds Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	191	12
Others	76	21	I aboneous mesessiff-3	120	24
		41	Others	141 52	75 11
ajput.—Military	124	2		34	11
	222	1 68	SondhiaAgriculture and Decoity	764	3 8
Income from rent of land	206	11		-552	
Cultivators of all kinds	534	16	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	130	98
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	93	50	Labourers, unspecified Others	39 67	144
	200 3		Others	100,000	- 100 100

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE VIII.—Occupation of Selected Castes.—(concld.)

	Charles and the last	ALCOHOLD DO			0.0
	000	feamle r 100		Number per 1,000 workers engaged on each occupation.	female r 100
	Number per 1,0 workers engaged each occupation.	Car		i ba	ie ii
	BE	0	1 1 10 m 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	per ngag patio	
Caste and Occupation.	per	, o o	Caste and Occupation-	en be	0
Caste and Occupation.	1000	39	Sugar and Assertance	250	Number workers males.
	Number workers each oc	Number workers males.	THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	Number worker each oc	Number worker males.
	nor act	on lan		WOR WOR	urn Noi
	Zz	Zsa		Z	Z
SECOND SECOND	7222	2230	er-m. 1(2)	A STATE OF	See
Teli.—Oil pressers	478	41	Shaikh,—(contd.)	1000	
	2477	20	m_1	121	19
Cultivators of all kinds	317	39	Trade	69	
Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	71	104	Public administration	54	101
Labourers, unspecified	60	58	Domestic service	105	72
Others	74	98	Labourers, unspecified Beggars, prostitutes, criminals and	60	36
		16	inmates of jails and asylums.	00	30
Bania.—Trade	659	10		90	19
2 11 1 11 11 11	122	25	Others	30	11/43
Cultivators of all kinds	133	25 51	Jain.—Trade'	783	36
Persons living on their income	39	18	Jain.—Trade	703	3.0
Domestic service		53	Descens Union on their income	45	12
Others	128	33	Persons living on their income Others	172	38
execution of management entrange	672	15	Others		30
Bania—Agarwal.—Trade	072	15	Jain-Oswal.—Trade	683	12
011 1 11111	119	25	Jain-Oswal.—Trade	003	12
Cultivators of all kinds	209	33	Persons living on their income	50	12
Others	209	33	Others	267	39
D . G. L. T	592	22	Others	207	33
Bania-GahoiTrade	372	22	AnimistBhilala-Agriculture and	884	93
William William Secretary	232	21		004	73
Cultivators of all kinds	176	94	Hunting.		Little Co.
Others	1/0	97	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	60	51
n . William Tooks	656	19		37	49
Bania-MaheshriTrade	030	19		19	40
Actor Comments of the Actor	83	43	Others	13	70
Cultivators of all kinds	261	29	AnimistSaharia-Agriculture and	365	83
Others	201	49		303	00
D. J. D. J. Woods	694	16	Hunting.	ALL PARTY	and be
Bania-PorwalTrade	074	10	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	208	48
0.11	100	23	Labourers, unspecified	Contractor .	103
Cultivators of all kinds	206	96	A STATE OF THE STA	55	38
Others	200	90	Others	30	-00
Masslers Dather Military and	247	4	AnimistBhil-Agriculture and	573	27
Musalman.—Pathan—Military and	24.	The second	Hunting.	013	21
Dominant.	213	27	Truning.	FAT	1000
Cultivators of all kinds Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.		87	Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc.	142	118
Artisans and other workmen	67	46	Labourers, unspecified	100000	130
	74	18	Others	64	50
	46	34	Others in the	04	30
Public administration	63		Europeans		The same
Labourers, unspecified	102	59		-	***
The state of the s	131	18	Public force	903	1
Others	131	10	Others	97	28
Sved-Military and Dominant	248	13		36	20
Syed-Military and Dominant			Anglo-Indians	1	NIPS.
Cultivators of all kinds	180	38		****	****
Others	572	26	Public force	433	1448
Others	-	1000		200	***
Shaikh-Military and Dominant	214	1	Others	567	21
Sharkh—military and Dominant	Benedit.	100	7	307	1
	179	26	Armenians	***	Face
Cultivators of all binds					***
Cultivators of all kinds					175
Cultivators of all kinds Field labourers and wood-cutters, etc. Artisans and others workmen		133 25	Others	1,000	

# SUBSIDIARY TABLE IX.—Number of Persons employed on Railways and in the Post Office and Telegraph and Irrigation Departments on the 18th March, 1921.

#### (1) Post and Telegraph.

	Post O	FFICE.	TELEGRA PARTM		The state of the s	ONE DE-
Class of persons employed.	Europeans and Anglo- Indians.	Indians.	Europeans and Anglo- Indians.	Indians.	Europeans and Anglo- Indians.	Indians
1	2	3	+	5	6	7
Total Persons Employed	***	884	***	274		22
Supervising Officers including Probationary Superintendents and Inspectors of Post Offices and Assistant and Deputy Superintendent of Telegraphs and all Officers of higher rank	***	14			i ere	4
than those. Post Masters including Deputy, Assistant, Sub and Branch	THE	151	ane.		me	3481
Post Masters. Signalling establishment including Warrent Officers, non- commissioned Officers, Military Telegraphists and other	110	441	2.744	116		
employees.  Miscellaneous Agents, School Masters, Station Masters, etc.	***	63 84	1	155		*** 12
Clerks of all kinds	***	104				949
Skilled labour establishment including Foremen, Instrument		244		1	#*	
Line men and Line riders and other employees  Unskilled labour establishment including line coolies, cable guards, betterymen, telegraph messengers, peons and		251		2	#7	
their employees.  Road establishment consistent of Overseers, runners, clerks and booking agents, boatmen, syces, coachmen, bearers and others.	1	217			-	-

#### (2) Irrigation Department.

c	lass of p	ersons emp		Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indians			
		100	3	1161				
Total Persons employed	200	***		447	***	***	1	2,44
							1000	50
Persons directly employed	***	***	400	*10	***	***	577	
Officers	(Acc)	***	441	449	7849	(644)	***	2
Jpper subordinates	***	***	***	***	**	777	10.27	2
Lower Do	***	989	***	448	400	888		
Clerks		***	(616)	227	***	***	1 000	10
Peons and other servants	***	***	414	444	***	***	***	
Coolies	***		***	- lask		***	***	7.9
Persons indirectly employed		***		1996	***	111	3	7,9 1 2
Contractors		***	***	. (000	***	***		2
Contractors' regular employees			7446	***	***	***	1446	1,5
Coolies	100	***	***	***	***	***	***	1

#### (3) Railways.

Class of Per	sons en	oployed.				Europeans and Anglo-Indians.	Indians.
Total Persons employed	.01	-	***		-	- 11	3,42
Persons directly employed				100	144	11	1,89
AMILIANA AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	***	100	200	1000	444	31	
Inhardinates drawing more than Rs. 75 p.	m.	1000	242	200	- 044		5
Subordinates drawing more than Rs. 75 p. Do. do. from Rs. 20 to	75	***	***		1777		12
Do. do. under Rs. 20	1999	_ 444	***	366	***	***	114
Persons indirectly employed	***		***	-000	***	***	1,5
Contractors	200	- 444	+44	100	945	277	****
Contractors' regular employees	***	W		444		944	1
Coolies	2017		444	***		444	1,3

SUBSIDIARY TABLE I.-Distribution of Industries and Persons Employed.

zes Zes	as dio	000'I	and po	No of or		77		2		110.11	Van d	1 19		prom
	-sorum	unpe	0001+	and no		1 5	3 6							-
-601	e cmb	ommo	) linpi	10 OV		10	197	e.						
	101	1 '9	Children	Males Females	1	-	V ()					1	Len i	1
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	abourer	Chil	Males	14	30		5	i	1	1	)	1	1
BD		Unskilled labourers.	12	Females	13	172	1	E	2	1	ю	1	Tug E	1
MPLOY	2 128	Un	Adults	Males F	122	149	27	59	27	32	19		1	. 1
RSON E	YED.	1	укитеп	Females	=	217	310	1	1	I	1	* 1	9	I
AND PE	EMFLOYED,	Shiffed months	William Wi	Males F	101	1961	139	741	7	30	29	32	8	218
TRIES	Persons	-		Females	0	4	/ di		1		1	1		1
ERAL DISTRIBUTION OF INDUSTRIES AND PERSON EMPLOYED	NUMBER OF	Direction, Sufervision & clerical	Indians.	Males F	00	243	56	63	80	12	n	ī	25	22
TION OF	NON	Superv	dians.		1	1	1	į		1	1	- 1	1	1
STRING		i rection,	European and Anglo-Indians,	Males Females	9	(3)		-	o ni	+	1	1	9	1
RAL DI			eLU2		5	397			4	-	0	1	1	
GENE		Total		Males Females	+	2903	192	\$68	76	78	100	55	132	240
		ore	·pa			Ujjain	Gird	Gird	Gird	Gird	.5	2	P	La Valle
		District where	chiefly located,			If n	9	0	O	Ö	Ujjain	Gird	Oird	Gird
+stuo	omdeile	7. "	0 '0N I	Flot	2	8	AV.	m	-	. 71	-	-	1	1
MIN'S		×				(E	ı	. 1	1.		E	1		
					1	a	-F06	net h					utjon	160
	N.	1		1	1	-				:	3		munic	1
	ent	shment			1	4			1	Produ	4	1	nd con	
		Establi		1		stries			Instries	hemica			sport a	
	7	industrial Establishment.			-	apul p	1		are Inc	with C	73	,	of tran	
	170	all a				onnecte	stries	ies	then-w	nected	ń	strics	теапя	xary
		1			1	e and c	r Indu	Industr	and Eat	ries con	nduntric	re Indu	ction of	s of Le
			COL		-	L. Textile and connected Industries	2. Leather Industries	3. Metal Industries	4. Glass and Earthen-ware Industries	5. Industries connected with chemical Products	6. Food Industries	7. Furniture Industries	8. Construction of means of transport and communication	9. Industries of Luxury
-		-		1		4	evi .	m	+	6	6	7. 1	8	9. Jr

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE II.—Particulars of Establishments Employing 20 or more Persons in 1921.

				1	NDUST	RIES.					
Establishment employing 20 or more persons.	All Industries.	Textile and con- nected Industries.	Leather Industries.	Metal Industries	Glass and Earthen- ware Industries.	Industries connected with chemical products.	Food Industries.	Furniture Industries.	Construction of means of Transport and com- munication.	Industries of Laxury.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A.—Total Establishments	28	20	1	3	1	116	1	1	1	1	olin di
(i) Directed by Government or Local authorities.	7	. 1	1	2	1	ı	***	***	***	1	an a more
(ii) Directed by Registered companies	3	1		1	**	7555	***	100	1	***	
(iii) Owned by Private persons	18	17	· es. 1	277	***	3 0	1	224	7444	77/4	Me/L-F
(a) Europeans and Anglo-Indians		tillet	iii	340	1966	ine.	***	***	100	est.	MIGHE .
(b) Indians	19	17		200	e.***	27/20	1	***	***		1.05.4
(c) Others	***	3427	4.11	***	200	2440	***	222	***	***	Sat B
B.—Number of persons employed	4,854	3,144	196	895	100	61	54	32	132	240	Solut.
(a) Direction, Supervision and clerical,	406	211	26	64	8	9	3	(+++)	63	22	
(b) Skilled Workmen	3,389	2,096	143	741	41	20	29	32	69	218	
(c) Unskilled Workmen	1,059	837	27	90	51	32	22	***		***	
(i) Adult women per 1,000 adult men.	229	229	100	****	889	***	375	222		101	
(ii) Children (of both sexes) per 1,000 adults.	60	36	***	525			FEE		2	() (dete.)	

## SUBSIDIARY TABLE III.—Organisation of Establishments.

			10	NDUSTI	RIAL E	STABLI	SHMEN	T8.			
Type of organisation.	Total Establishment.	Textile and connected Industries.	Leather Industries.	Metal Industries.	Glass and Earthen- ware Industries.	Industries connected with chemical products,	Food Industries.	Furniture Industries.	Construction of means of Transport and communication.	Industries of Luxury.	REMARKS.
The state of the s	2	3	4	5	6	1/17	8	9	10	11	12
Under the local Government or local authority.	7	1	1	2	-1	-1	***		***	1	
2. Registered Companies	4	1	135	1	100	1	177.	167	1	-	-)8(
(a) With European or Anglo-Indian Directors.	j.,	5245	40	166	147	Case	***6	111	((449		Action
(b) With Indian Directors	3	1	+++2	1	***	1	0.44	::::::	1100	200	
(c) With Directors of different races	1		tite:	-		1241	-777	122	1	222	
3. Privately owned	28	27	W.	(898)	943	***	- 1	200		***	
(a) By Europeans, or Anglo-Indians	****	122	. 775	1775	197.5	J#2.	1200	202	722	#	
(b) By Indians	28	27	1340	1200		***	1	300	399	000	
(c) By Joint-owners of different races		722	275.0	345	***	ec.	œ	it in	**	**	STE H

#### After the distribution to be for the state of the contract of the state of the contract of the

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		Inches August
Total Total	were a See to be a facility of the second	

# Table Carpended Carpended Committee Committee

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### NOTE

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### Chapter XII.

On scrufiny of the Industrial return, the statistics looked doubtful. Subsequent enquiry brought forth returns from 25 more different industrial establishments. The informations were received while the tables were printed off and the Report was in the course of printing. They are given on the next page in a concise tabular form.

The Table will show that besides the 5 Grass Presses, there are altogether 10 Grass Depôts in different parts of the State. These Depôts are mainly established to meet the requirements of the Military Department though private needs also are not overlooked. Most of the workers employed in them are seasonal.

Of the three Electric Power Houses installed in the towns of Lashkar, Shivpuri and Ujjain, the Lashkar one is the biggest, employing in all 205 males in different branches. In the Supervising Staff of these establishments there are four Europeans.

There are in all four distilleries in four different districts of the State. They are all conducted on a commercial scale. The distilleries have been leased out by the State, on contract system, to the highest bidder and no other private individual is allowed to run any such concern in the State.

The other two industries of Lashkar, the Tambat Brothers and Ramchandra Industrials, turn out miscellaneous articles, chiefly small useful machineries. Power is supplied for the work by the local Electric Light & Power Company.

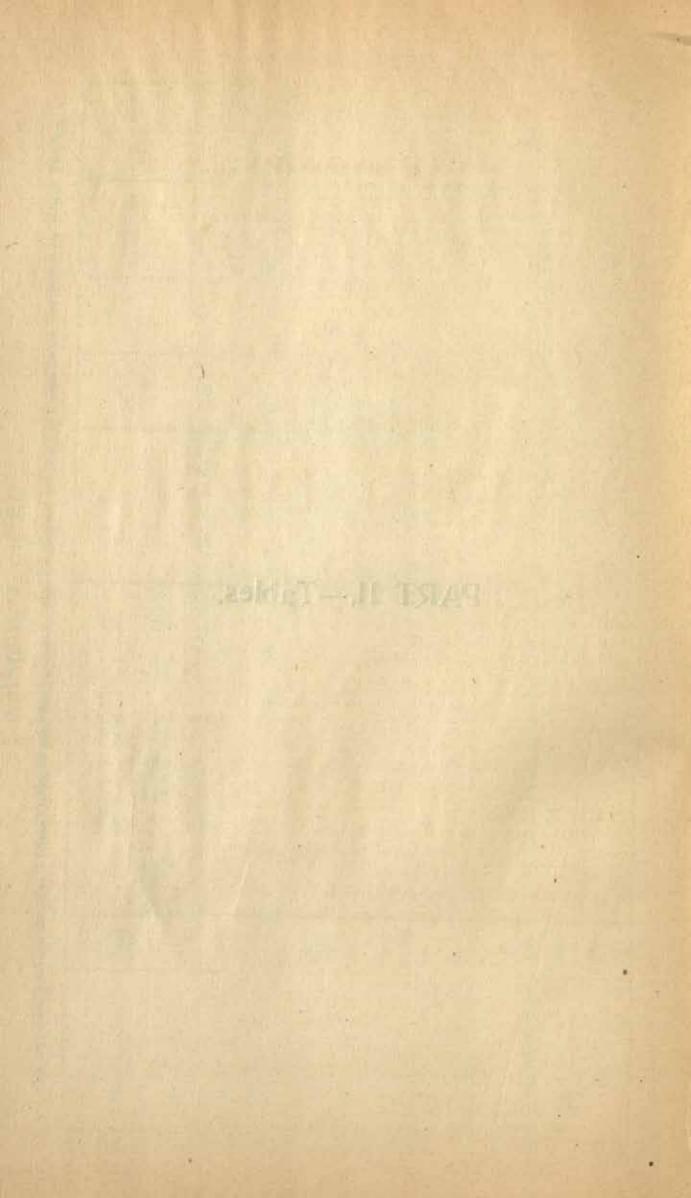
With the exception of the Power Houses, mentioned above, and the Gwalior Civil & Military Stores, a tailoring and outfitting concern, all these industries are owned by private individuals. The former two classes are the concerns of Joint-Stock Companies Ltd.

# INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS.

Later information received from Owners and Managers of the Factories which have not been included in Final Tables.

	Name of setting	manufactured.	-	12	Nib manufacturers and Contractors, etc.	Flour Grinders and Machine Workers		180	To the second			Do.	filters.		Do.	Do,	
L	Nome	mam	1		- 13	Flour C		Distillers.	Do.	è	9	Do. Tailors	fifters.	cers.	-	D	
	Number of	Machines with Horse-power.		2	5 Motors. 84 Horse-power,		1 Engine	65 Horse-power,	1 Engine. 20 Horse-power.	Not given	11	1 1	I Oil.	I Steam.	3 Engines,	-	696j Horse-power 15 Engines.
	Kind of	ă.	-	:	Electric	Oil & Electric,	IX.	Water	Water	Not given		10	mo no	Steam	Not given	ı	Oll, Electric, Water and Steam.
	Rind of	of Company,	-		Private	Private	ni Mon bouls	Private	Private	Private		Joint Stock	Joint Stock	Coy.	Joint Stock	Joint Stock	Joint Stock 4 Private 6
CASTE OF	Links Marie	Manager.	100		Hindu	Hindu	ondo)	Parsi	Parsi	Parsi	Parei	Parsi	European	liv.	European	Hindu	Hindu 3 European 2 Parsi 5
CAST	ar in	Owner.	0		Hindu	Hindu	out M		Parsi	Parsi	Parsi	Ltd.	Coy., Ltd	Aller States	Coy., Ltd	Coy., Ltd	Coy., Ltd. 4 Hinds 2 Parsi 4
	Workmen,	Females.	00		ingove In sing	in de	interior		E	1		1		######################################	-14	nal Fal	+
NED IN	Word	Males	- 2		13	16	2		18	10	18	22	191		20	31	301
NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED	Clerical Staff.	Indians.	9	İ	74	7			7	22	+	00	10	The last	9	0	15
OF PRESO	Clerica	Europeans and Anglo- Indians.	W)			T.E.	una .		a a	d	(10.00)	1		a loc		1	i.
NUMBER	Supervising Staff.	Indians.		100	Jan.		2	ALI I		r.	04	1	7	K &		7	10
	Supervisi	Europeans and Anglo- Indians.	*1	O.	4	(d.			(8)	i i	1	mig.	7	data Mari	WALL OF	The same of	+
	District in which		04		Gird	Gird	Ujjain		Gird	Amjhera	Isagarh .	Gird	Gird		U.Jjain	Narwar.	TOTAL
	Name of Factory.		-		I. Tambat Brotherh, Lashkar	2. Ramchandra Industrials, Lashkar.	3. Distillery, Ujjain	Ì	I	Distillery, Amjhera	6. Distillery, Guna	7. Gwallor Civil & Military Stores Coy., Ltd., Lashkar,	8. Gwalior Electric Light & Power Coy., Ltd., Lashkar.		9. Electric Light and Power Coy., Ltd., Ujjam.	10. Electric Light and Power Sov. Coy., Ltd., Shivpuri.	

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# TABLE I.

#### Area, Houses and Population.

- 1. The Feudatory estates and the Military Stations have been included in the districts in which they are situated.
  - 2. The Railway population is also included in the districts in which the Railway Stations lie.
  - 3. The increase in area is due to the increased area given by some of the Feudatory estates.
- 4. The figures for Military Stations and Residency Headquarters are shown separately in this Table, as well as in the following five Tables. They are also included in their respective districts.
- 5. The figures for Sheogarh and Abhepur have not been included in the Table as the decision regarding their transfer to the Gwalior State was received too late. They are included in the Central India figures and the necessary adjustment should be made in the next Census.

# Area, Houses and Population,

	-					The Day		18	di di		POI	POPULATION	18			-
District.		Area in square miles.	Towns.	Villages.	Оост	Occupied Houses.	ES.		PERSONF.			MALES.			PEMALES.	
					Total.	Towns	In Villages:	Total.	Urban.	Rural.	Total.	Urban,	Rural.	Total.	Urban.	Roral.
		es	in	*	10	9	4	80	a	10	n	12	13	14	15	16
Gwallor State (excluding danga-	Ganga-	26.357	27	10.507	715,768	78,527	637,241	3,186,075	308,383	2,877,692	1,691.700	167,234	1,524,466	1,494,375	141,149	1,353,726
Gangapur	T.	36	E	10	2,048		2,048	104'6	TANADA E	9,401	4,810		4,810	166'+	· i	4,591
Gwallor State (including Ganga-	Ganga-	26,383	27	10,517	717,816	78.527	639,289	3,195,476	308,383	2,887,093	1,696,510	167,234	1,529,276	1,498,966	141.149	1,357,817
Gird District	-	1,712	*	742	79,870	25,615	51,255	325,465	117,596	208.870	178,371	65,639	112,732	148,095	51,957	96,138
Bhind "		1,721	ca	862	79,333	3,520	75,813	382,633	14,464	368,169	208,765	7,920	200,845	173,868	6,544	167,324
Tonwarghar	100	2,004	67	751	71,433	2,360	69,073	336,660	9,207	327,453	186,908	5.152	181,756	149,752	4,055	145 697
Sheopur # ***	(#)	2,366	64	361	29,177	2,522	26,655	124,865	9,886	114,979	66,462	5,127	61,335	58,403	4,759	\$3,644
Narwar	7876	3,763	63	1,280	80,575	3,696	76,879	369,627	15,189	354,438	195,549	8,157	187,391	620'441	7,032	167,647
Isagarh	å	4,590	m	1,868	87,732	4,033	83,699	384,088	15,794	368,294	201,384	8,099	193,285	182,704	7,695	175,009
Bhilsa	-	1,934	7	905	48,084	2,410	45,674	247,667	8,801	238,866	130,252	4,769	125,483	117,415	4,032	113,383
Uffain n	B	2,745	m	1,090	84,194	16,515	67,679	344,218	60,301	283,917	179,347	32,869	146,478	164,871	27,432	137,439
Mandasor:		1.778	*	873	57,504	9,129	48,375	237.745	36,990	200,755	122,645	19,219	103,426	115,100	177.71	97,329
Shajapur	946	2,449	*	1,012	72,471	5,727	66,744	304,987	20,155	284,832	157,843	10,283	147,560	147,144	9,872	137,272
Amhera	Ĭ.	1,321	ŧ	573	27,443	100	27,443	136,520	#	136,520	586'89	199	68,985	67,535	100	67,535
British Cantonments and Military Stations.	pur						, 11	riul.	A L							
Nimach Cantonment	Ŧ	*	1075	a	2,737	2,737	SHE SHE	10,490	10,490	1	5,586	5,586		4,904	+06'+	200
Gung Station	- 3	61	Ħ.		1,310	1,310	1	4,805	4,805	11	2,433	2,433	1	2,372	2,372	
Agar Station	1	-	-	1	317	317	-	1,110	1,110	1	219	617	-	493	493	-
Gwallor Residency	1	100	70	(8)	83	53	)	232	232		131	131		101	101	È
	1															-

# TABLE II.

## Variation in Population since 1901.

- I. Adjustments have been made up to 1901.
- 2. The figures for Sheogarh and Abhepur have not been included in the Table as the decision regarding their transfer to the Gwalior State was received too late. They are included in the Central India figures and the necessary adjustment should be made in the next Census.
  - 3. The figures for Sheogarh and Abhepur are given below :-

		20		1921			1911		la la	1901	1-1-1
Sheogarh Abhepur			Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
	115	***	220	119	101	237	123	114	Separate	figures	are
Lonepur	TOTAL	***	38	25	13	:38	18	20	not	available.	
ALC: N	TOTAL		258	144	114	275	141	134	207	109	98

-	
-	
100	

			Phusons.	The state of the s	Variation   Increase (+)	crease (+)	Net variation in period		MALES.			Frances,	14
Districts.		1921	1161	1001	1911 to 1921	1901 to 1911	1901 to 1921 Increase (+) Decrease (-)	1921	1911	1061	1021	1161	1961
		2	.00	+	10	9	4	500	0	10	111	12	13
Gwallor State (excluding Gangapur)		3,186,075	3,227,961	3,066,038	-41.886	+161,923	+120,037	1,691,700	1,695,940	1,608,663	1,494,375	1,532,021	1,457,375
Gaugapur	i	9,401	761'6	9,003	+204	+194	+398	4,810	4,783	4,606	165'+	4,414	4,397
Owalior State (including Gangapur)	Ť	3,195,476	3,237,158	3,075,041	-41,682	+162,117	+120,435	1,696,510	1,700,723	1,613,269	1,498,966	1,536,435	1.461,772
Gred District on	13	325,466	312,339	385,104	+14,127	-72,765	-58,638	178,371	166,946	1	148,095	145,393	
Blind or	1	352,633	100,364	418,698	17,931	-18,134	- 36,065	208,765	216,659		173,868	183,905	1
Touwarghar	91	336,660	379,113	376,916	-42,433	+2,197	-40,256	186,908	207,141	1	149,752	171,972	
Sheopur	14	124,865	125,763	135,165	868 -	-9,102	-10,300	66,462	66,358	1	58,403	59.405	
Narwar ,	1	369,627	408,129	364,554	- 38,502	+43,575	+5.073	195,548	213,638	-	174,079	194,491	
Bagarth	-	384,088	396 954	335,452	-12,866	+61,502	+48,636	201,384	206,964	. 8	182,704	189,990	
Bhilse n w	1	247,667	196,085	143,229	+51,582	+52,856	+104,438	130,252	101,083	I I	117,415	95,002	
Uffain	18	344,218	344,770	309,036	- 552	+35,734	+35,182	179,347	177,045	141)	164,871	167,725	1
Mandasor	a	237,745	237,128	216,988	+617	+ 20,140	+ 20,757	122,645	122,147	18	115,100	114,981	1
Shaprur n	1	304,987	310,537	286,312	-5,550	+24,225	+ 18,675	157,843	159,962	I	147,144	150,575	ŧ
Amfhera	1	136,520	125,776	103,587	+10,744	+22,189	+ 32,933	68,985	62,780	-	67,535	62,996	1
British Cantonments and Military Stations.	lons.					In SHIP				ì			
Nimach Cantonment	8	10,490	12,318	15,398	-1,828	3,080	4,908	3,586	6.741	8,632	4,904	5,577	6,766
Gama Station	E	4,805	5.099	6,037	- 294	- 938	-1,232	2,433	2,768	3,376	2,372	2,331	2,661
Agar Station	: E3	1,110	3,487	3,990	2,377	- 503	- 2,880	219	1.981	2,401	463	1,506	1,589
Gwalior Residency	3	232	304	1,391	-72	-1,087	-1,159	131	223	774	101	81	617
						The second second							-

•

# TABLE III.

Towns and Villages Classified by Population.

The figures for Sheogarh and Abhepur have not been included in the Table as the decision regarding their transfer to the Gwalior State was received too late. They are included in the Central India figures and the necessary adjustment should be made in the next Census.

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TABLE VI.

HUNAY

Religion.

STEELS CONTRACT STREET, STREET, STREET,

- 1. The population of Gwalior Residency and the Military Stations of Guna, Agar and Nimach is included in their respective districts and is also separately shown for ready reference.
- The population of 37 Estates, heretofore called Guaranteed Estates, which have this time been censused by the suzerain state, is also included in the districts in which they lie.
- The Railway population is also included in the different districts in which the Railway Stations are situated.
- 4. The figures for Sheogarh and Abhepur have not been included in the Table as the decision regarding their transfer to the Gwalior State was received too late. They are included in the C. I. figures and the necessary adjustment should be made in the next Census.

#### Figures by religion for 1921 are:-

		-33	***	8 1	Ні	NDU.	Muse	LMAN.	JA	IN.
Tell 1		Total.	Maies	Female	Male.	Female-	Ma le-	Female.	Male.	Female.
Sheogarh		220	119	101	96	84	20	15	3	2
Abhepur	1277.	38	25	13	25	13	***		***	in.
TOTAL	Gir.	258	144	114	121	97	20	15	3	2

TABLE III.

Towns and Villages Classified by Population.

# TABLE IV.

#### Towns Classified by Population with Variation since 1881.

- Lashkar Brigade, which was shown as separate town in 1911, is now included in Lashkar City. The number of towns is, therefore, diminished by one.
  - 2. Sipri town is now designated as Shivpuri.
  - 3. Col. 1 shows the class of towns according to their population as under :-

Class	H P	opulation	255	246.9	***		50,000 to	100,000
,,,	Ш	"	***	THE .	***	***	20,000 ,,	50,000
**	IV	**	***			***	10,000 ,,	20,000
17	V	711				***	5,000 ,,	10,000
17	VI	n.	F	W-08	THE UNIT		under	5,000

TABLE- IV.

Towns Classified by Population with Variation since 1881.

		1901	20	166,151 48,514 10,063 8,346	617 10,124 8,218 2,737 3,694	5,273 4,900 4,647 2,626	2,909	3,407	1,046	3,235	2,516	2 476	6,766 2,661 1,389
	FEMALES.	1161	19	130,058 25,654 18,431 5,048		4,200 4,466 3,081 3,072 3,266	2,910	2,806	1,229			1,937	5,577 2,331 1,506
	T ALL	1921	18	41,149 35,792 19,558 7,918		4,041 3,923 3,833 3,219 3,118	2,878	2,578	1,998	2,104	1,885	1,583	4,904 2,372 493
		1061	17	183,727 54,112 20,829 12,224		5,583 4,539 4,007	2,822	3,305	3.080	3,146	2,617	2,453	3,632
	MALES.	11611	16	148,035 30,533 28,869 8,833	8,602 7,458 5,603 5,081	4,434 4,410 3,415 3,230	3,028	2,753	1,461		2,150	1,976	6,741 2,768 1,981
		1921	15	167.234 44,595 24,450 12,342	8,425 6,675 6,466 5,386 4,769	4,502 3,971 4,017 3,571 3,192	3,194	3,060 2,501	2,785	2,095	2,027	1,691	5,586 2,433 617
	Variation in period	1921 Increase + Decrease -	14	+ 164,9801	6,379		1,064	2,505		2,799	1	i i	2,579
		1881	13	,426	3,189	2,353 +	467	1,499	1	1,148		,	2,222 -
	INCREASE (+ DECREASE (-	1891 1901	12	29.851 12,8.0 5,201 5,193 + +	4,849 1,057 2,518 1,156 4 + +	595 1,090 152 585 915	938	35 + 1	295	980 399 119	834	1,261	1,344
				11+1+	1+111	4 - 171 690 + - 171 500	202	7181 - 204		985	1 9	9	++1
6.4	VARIATION :-	1900 to 1911	=	- 71,785 - 46,419 - 597 - 6,689	- 4,151 - 2,113 + 5,036 + 1,101 946	111+1		-	+ 10.1	1,340	816	1,016	3 080 938
	VARIL	1911 10 1921	10	30,290 24,200 4,613 6,379	368 1,657 1,287 486 374	91 982 1,354 204 195	177	367		1,085	403	636	1,828
İ		1881	9	143,405 + 32,932 + 	7,412+7,070+	9,247		6,193	<u>+ 1</u>	5,161	1	i i	13,069
	m 0)	1891	30	379,829 115,436 3,469 25,763 1,245	25,785 15,750 8,110 9,188 9,670	10,261 11,043 9,034 6,000 8,920	699'9	7,600	6,111	5,073 6,780 6,309	5,967	0.190	F5,291 4,693 4,031
	POPULATION,	1061	7	349.878 102,626 39,892 20,570 7,397	20,936 16,867 5,592 8,032 7,481	10,856 9,953 9,186 5,415 8,005	5,731	5,343	6,039	4,093 6,381 6,190	5,133	4,929	15,398 6,037 3,990
1	Po	1161	0	278,093 59,187 39,295 13,881 304	16,785 14,694 10,628 9,133 8,427	8,634 8,876 6,496 6,5%	5,938	5,139	4.985	2,753 5,073 4,989	4,317	3,913	12,318 5,099 3,487
1		1921	9	308,383 80,287 43,908 20,260 23,2	16,217 13,037 11,915 9,619 8,801	3,543 7,894 7,850 6,790 6,310	6,072	4,345	4,424	4,199 3,988 3,973	3,912	3,274	10,490 4,805 1,010
	Municipality, Suburbs.	etc.	Ť	Municipality	Municipality.	11111	Town Com- mittee.	Town Com-	Town Com-	Town Com-	:		Cantonment. Military Station
1	District,		3	Glrd Uljain Grd	Mandasor Gird Narwar Bhind	Ujjain Shajapur Ujjain Isagarh Mandasor	Shajapur	- 5	:	Isagarh Sheopur Mandasor	Gird	- arwar	Mandasor Shajapur N
	Towns.		es .	Total Urban Population Lashkar Ulfain	Mandator Shivpuri Bhilsa		Shujalpur Sheopur			Sheopur)	į.	Cantonments Military Sta- tions,	Nimach Cantonment Media Studen Suden Studen S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.
-	Class.	924	-	FEE	222>>	>>>>	> >	> >5	N.		1 S		277

TABLE V.

## Towns arranged territorially with Population by Religion.

- 1. Out of 11 districts of the State there is no town in one district, viz., Amjhera.
- 2. The districts in order of Urban importance stand thus :-

No.	District.		Total	Males	Females.
1	Gird		1,17,596	65,639	51,957
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ujjain	146	60,301	32,869	27,432
3	Mandasor	127	36,990	19,219	17,771
4	Shajapur	144	20,155	10.283	9,872
5	Isagarh	100	15,794	8,099	7,695
6	Narwar		15,189	8,157	7,032
7	Bhind	164	14,464	7,920	6,544
- 8	Sheopur	***	9,886	5,127	4,759
9	Tonwarghar	***	9,207	5.152	4,055
10	Bhilea	***	8,801	4,769	4,032

In the above statement the population of Military Stations of Agar, Guna and of the Cantonment of Nimach is included respectively in Shajapur, Isagarh and Mandasor districts to which they belong.

## Towns arranged territorially

						POPULATIO	N.		HINDU.	4-13-	1	MUSAL MA	in.
	District		Towns, ments	Canton-	Persons.	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons	Males.	Female
	1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8 4	9	10	11
	Total	Urba	Populatio	n	308,383	167.234	141,149	225,045	122,637	102,408	70,910	37,596	33,314
Gird	841	122	- Lashkar		80,387	44,595	35,792						
	1	100	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000		20,260	12,342	7,918	60,307	33,543 9,442	26,764	18,531	10,181	8,350
784	(644)	34	Gwalior	Resi-	232	131	101	170	84	5,947	4,620	2,754	1,566
	5	99	dency. Gwalior	27	13,037	6,675	6,362	9,702	5,007	4,695	3,273	1,635	1,638
	777	**	Bhander	***	3,912	2,027	1,885	3,350	1,745	1,605	562	282	280
			TANK LAND		AL ADVISOR	1004 500	100	TO A BY A	N. P. SHA	O Mark In			
Thirties			aren a		forth some					Land of the land			
Bhind	***	**	250.000	**	9,619	5,386	4,233	7,183	4,041	3,142	1,410	7400	662
Tonwarg	har			1 244	4,845 4,424	2,534	2,311	4,269	2,249	2,020	540	263	272
**	2007	200	-	200	4,783	2,785	2,057 1,998	3,742	2,029	1,713	681	337	344
Sheopur	354	***	-		5,898	3,060	2,838	3,845	2,242	1,603	681	381	300
					7,500	3,000	2,000	3,910	2,036	1,874	1,943	1,001	942
			1111	1111	TON EV	PE	To a		100	100		1	
Sheopur	***	200	Baroda		3,988	2,067	1,921	3,666	1,893	1,773	308	167	141
Narwar	-	177	Shivpuri		11,915	6,466	5,449	9,192	5,012	4,180	2,462	1,313	1,149
*	220	122	Narwar	1	3,274	1,691	1,583	2,750	1,435	1,315	422	204	218
Isagarh	(144)	***	Guna	1	6,790	3,571	3,219	5,351	2,827	2,524	1,134	592	542
***	***	2980	Chanderi	C	4,199	2,095	2,104	2,648	1,280	1,368	1,209	634	575
			Light of	and the	- City		10	III Teles	r tenant		ALC:		11
Bhilsa	62		Bhilsa	SEUM!	8,801	4,769	4,032	State .	THE REAL PROPERTY.		0 500		-
Ujjain		544	Ujjain	177	43,908	24,350	19,558	6,908	3.758	3,200	1,378	748	530
9310	144	100	Barnagar	75	8,543	4,502	4,041	31,159 6,027	17,640	5235.33	11,432	5,944	5,488
1300 7 2	***		Khachraud	-	7,850	4,017	3,833	5,344	3,153	2,874	1,800	990 894	904
Mandasor	***	1886	Mandasor	-7111	16,217	8,425	7,792	10,103	5,237	4.866	4,727	2,476	2,251
					500			1000	- Alleh	-1000		20000000	1007/00/01
		i					TE E	- 5-1	Call 1			- 1	
Mandasor	***	50	Nimach	-	3,973	2,016	1,957	2,777	1,432	1,345	896	421	475
	200	***	Jawad	44	6,310	3,192	3,118	4.313	2,166	2,147	1,375	707	668
	77.		Shajapur		7,894	3,971	3,923	5,120	2,580	2,540	2,280	1,102	1,178
	41	17.00	Shujalpur Agar	277	5,079	3,194	2,878	3,907	2,021	1207000	1,670	899	317
				"	3,079	2,501	2,578	3,424	1,713	1,711	1,163	550	617
British Co	station of	ons.			Test.								1
Mandasor	**	240	Nimach		10,490	5,586	4,904	6,390	3,307	3,083	3,105	1612	
sugarh		144	Guna	100	4 805	2,433	2,372	3,355	1,639	-	1,232	644	588
bajapur	9	N# 1	Agar	1960	1,110	617	493	864	461	403	182	111	71
					-		-	-	2000	-	-		**

## with Population by Religion.

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Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
1,381	923	458	9,741	5.325	4,416	259	180	79	193	87	106	104	56	.48	1	1		749	429	320
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274	158	116	1,097	597	500	32	21	11	57	32	24			23	1			1		- 100
64	40	24	153	86	67	23	16	7	2	2	25	54	31	7		1	***	34	31	3
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	2 11															N.		91		
				-							4									
1	1	344	1,008	586	422	1922	140	1940	iie y		·ir	17	10	7	WA 1			1	m.	224
(Dec)	***	****	36	17	19	Page 1	***	***	100	***		440	1744 T	***	Time .	(444)	***	\$40°	****	W.
5999	***		1	1	***	.017	1997	1848	***	***		76(4)	1100	***	***	994		(vi)	2944	.000
-	575.7	***	257 36	162	20	1988	***	25	***	3440		(666)		***	***	***	****	1000	299	5567
-	-918-	***	30	10	20	(550)	***	1996	om -	***	2.111	311	2000	2770	1000	***	100	9	7	2
					-	-11														
3	2	1	10	14	6	***		910		3447		1000			***	***		1	1	***
1	1	***	175	96	79	-949-	344		4	2	2	15	7	8	***	***		66	35	31
102	52	50	222	***	-	SMF :		100	101	1007	.,,	***			124	200		***	2222	***
7	5	2	191	96	95	15		15	5	10.00	5	See :	344	344	202	with.	***	87	51	36
***	***	***	332	173	159	5440	766	Her		1440		44		***		***		10	8	2
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				1		4		15					8 -				1			
203	20	10	428 992	238 566	190		***	The same		***	(2011	277.		***		1000	1000	7	5	2
7			590	341	426 249	36	27	9	11	4	7	***	***	-	***		15%	75	52 15	23
	***	***	636	341	295	100	444	Ann (	944	2000		6	3	3	***	***		26 70	33	37
-,	May 1	44	1,278	660	618		044	100	5	2	3	947	***	***	***	****	+++	104	50	54
				GRA	10000	2774		377				200		-	***					
					- 1				110											
4	2	2	220	111	109	-	::w:		-	440	244	(440)	100		100	-	22.2	76	50	26
3	1	2	568	292	276	***	***	***				1000	244	***	***	444	1440	51	26	25
		-	475	279	196	(***)		200.0	2772	200	***	220	***	***	***	2000	***	19	10	9
-	***	122	489	269	220		***		98	eru:				77	-			6	5	1
***	240.	San	445	219	226	344	***		111	mr.	4442	227	***	11.	122		***	47	19	28
100		1				711							-					Program		
		- 8				3 -												- di		
775	563	212	46	23	23	7	, 6	1	106	43	63	944	444	110	144	144	3941	61	31	30
12	10	2	73	43	30	131	95	36	2	2		****	***	200	***	944	***	(00)	-444	***
2	2	=	43	25	18	15	15	770	1	300	1	3	3		***	***			2***	+45
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TABLE VI.

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#### Religion.

- The population of Gwalior Residency and the Military Stations of Guna, Agar and Nimach is included in their respective districts and is also separately shown for ready reference.
- 2. The population of 37 Estates, heretofore called Guaranteed Estates, which have this time been censused by the suzerain state, is also included in the districts in which they lie-
- 3. The Railway population is also included in the different districts in which the Railway Stations are situated.
- 4. The figures for Sheogarh and Abhepur have not been included in the Table as the decision regarding their transfer to the Gwalior State was received too late. They are included in the C. I. figures and the necessary adjustment should be made in the next Census.

#### Figures by religion for 1921 are:-

4		1		Hi	NOU.	Musa	LMAN.	JA	IN.
	Total.	Maic.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Ma le	Female.	Male	Female.
Sheogarh	220	119	101	96	84	20	15	3	2
Abhepur	38	25	13	25	13	***	(444		107
TOTAL	258	144	114	121	97	20	15	3	2

TABLE Reli-

	p	OPULATIO			27		200		
A STREET OF THE			Ori:	7	HINDU.			MUSALMAN	2
District.	Persons	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Mates.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Gwallor State (excluding Ganga- pur).	3.186,075	1,691,700	1,494,375	2,805,924	1,492,389	1,313,535	176,883	94,692	82,191
Gangapur	9,401	4,810	4,591	8,034	4,109	3,925	534	277	257
Gwallor State (including Ganga- pur).	3,195,476	1.696,510	1,498,966	2,813,958	1,496,498	1,317,460	177,417	94,969	82,448
forms of Commercial Commercial	the senior	ill N set	Day 1	N-Herida	rodani	e or and	belianing a	all ti	
Gird District	326,466	178,371	148,095	286,670	156,422	130,248	33,634	18,611	15,023
Bhind ,	382,633	208,765	173,868	365,096	199,326	165,770	10,956	5,831	5,125
Tonwarghar	336,660	186,908	149,752	325,103	180,461	144,642	8,970	4,982	3,988
Sheopur And And All and And All and And And And And And And And And And A	124,865	66.462	58,403	104,234	55,693	48,541	4,844	2,579	2,265
Narwar "	369,627	195,548	174,079	338,718	179,500	159,218	8,174	4,451	3,723
Isagarh	384,C88	201,384	182,704	338,429	177,762	160,667	15,700	8,309	7,391
Bhilsa	247,667	130,252	117,415	226,194	119,032	107,462	12,232	6,638	5,594
Ujjain	344,218	179,347	164,871	299,888	155,795	144,093	32,771	17,432	15,339
Mandasor	237,745	122,645	115,100	195,729	100,809	94,920	20,957	10,952	10,035
Shalipur	304,987	157,843	147,141	270,943	140,182	130,761	21,390	12,142	11,245
Amjhera	136,520	68,983	67,535	62,654	31,516	31,138	5,759	3,042	2,717
British Cantenment and Military Stations, etc.									
Nimach Cantonment	10,490	5,586	4,901	6,390	3,207	3,083	3,105	1,613	1,492
Guna Station	4,805	2,433	2,372	3,355	1,639	1,716	1,232	644	588
Agar Station	1,110	617	493	864	461	403	182	111	71
Gwalior Residency	232	131	101	170	84	86	49	36	13

VI.

CHRISTIAN. JAIN				1 .	SIKH		1	PARSI			ARYA			Jew		AN IMIST.				
Сн	RISTIAN			JAIN			J 6 6 F			I I	_				-	(31)				
Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Mates,	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Femiles
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
1.649	1.057	592	38,906	20,877	18,029	661	419	242	255	123	132	167	96	71	1	1		161,629	82 046	79,583
1	î	ren	488	248	240		***	**	000	2250	200	-	2977	277	lass			344	175	169
1,650	1,058	592	39,394	21,125	18,269	661	419	242	255	123	132	167	96	71	1	1	444	161,973	82,221	79,752
389	228	161	2,394	1,313	1;081	64	44	20	63	38	25	78	44	34	ī	1	***	3,173	1,670	1,503
1	ī		6,288	3,420	2,868	189	121	68	(10)	222	ban?	47	29	18		***		56	37	19
3	3		1,923	1,102	821				1	10	24.	-	(44)	- Table 1	•••	***	***	660	359	301
3	2	1	60	27	33	6	5	1	***	260		-	-	375	S###	***		15,718	8,156	7,562
1	1	**	2,856	1,509	1,347	14	7	7	5	3	2	14	6	8		(412	***	19,845	10,071	9,774
38	24	14	5,527	2,924	2,603	173	117	56	10	8	2	15	8	7	274	754		24,196	12,232	11,964
33	21	12	1,923	1,076	847	51	26	25	8	4	4	2	2	2.722	055	***	444	6,924	3,453	3,471
259	144	115	+,410	2,447	1,963	39	29	10	29	11	18	6	5				H	6,816	3,486	3,330
918	629	289	7,756	3,980	3,776	9	8	1	116	48	68	177	***	est.	***	-		12,210	6,219	6,011
2	2	.000	4,346	2,300	2,046	16	16	200	1		1	5	4	1	F-111	A	14	6,234	3,197	3,087
3	3	in	1,911	1,027	884	100	46	54	22	10	12	-	944			-	***	66,071	33,341	32,730
775	563	212	46	23	23	7	6	1	106	43	63	1	MA N	a.	ж			61	31	30
12	10	2	73	43	30	131	95	36	2	2	***		121	111	****		200	en: 11	5,000	*
2	2	100	43	25	18	15	15	-1	1	311	1	3	3	-		Sin .	à.	240	m	1946
13	. 11	2	***		140	-		City Company	-	-	24		***		-	-	-	-	-	
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# TABLE VII.

#### Age, Sex and Civil Condition.

- 1. This table is divided into three parts. Part A shows the distribution for the State as a whole of the total population and of each religion by age, sex and civil condition, excluding Gangapur. Part B shows the distribution for the districts of the total population of the State, including Gangapur. Part C gives similar figures for the City of Lashkar although they have been included in the Gird District.
- In Part B district statistics are given for the total population and the main religions, viz.,
   Hindu, (2) Musalman, (3) Christian, (4) Jain, (5) Animist only and under the following age-periods, 0-1, 1-5, 5-10, 10-15, 15-20, 20-30, 30-40, 40-50, 50-60, and 60 and over.

## TABLE VII.-Age, Sex and Civil Condition-

П		P	OPULATION		U	NMARRIED			MARRIED.		v	Vidowad	
State.	Age.	Persons	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
F	All Reli-	3,185,075	1,691,700	1,494,375	1,293,064	804,929		1,438,358	728,938	709,420	454,653	157,833	296,820
	0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4	71,808 61,178 72,555 87,910	38,229 30,524 36,243 42,531	33,579 30,654 36,312 45,379	70,949 60,184 70,572 85,280	37,828 30,018 35,263 41,351 47,804	33,121 30,166 35,309 43,929 44,704	781 917 1,827 2,416 3,563	377 477 924 1,110 1,680	404 440 903 1,306 1,883	78 77 156 214 436	24 29 56 70 158	54 48 100 144 278
I	4-5 Total 0-5	96,507 389,958	197,169	192,789	92,508 379,493	192,264	187,229	9,504	4,568	4,936	961	337	624
Total Paris	5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	481,553 367,928 245,950 262,445 277,110	251,337 211,560 134,857 132,034 146,129	230,216 156,358 111,093 130,411 130,981	441,730 243,247 82,115 47,670 30,682	239,514 172,757 73,051 42,600 27,054	202,216 70,490 9,064 5,070 3,628	36,834 117,767 153,749 196,184 217,003	10,741 36,008 57,695 81,391 105,885	26,053 81,759 96,054 114,793 111,118	2,989 6,914 10,086 18,591 29,425	1,082 2,795 4,111 8,043 13,190	1,907 4,119 5,975 10,548 16,235
	30.35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55	292,873 193,174 228,282 103,852 144,980	156,450 108,351 123,055 58,547 74,486	136,423 84,823 105,227 45,305 70,494	23,078 11,955 12,427 5,537 6,285	19,605 10,357 10,515 4,612 5,237	3,473 1,598 1,912 925 1,048	221,413 139,738 145,433 59,999 69,701	117,143 81,067 89,407 40,795 49,265	104,270 58,671 56,026 19,204 20,436	48,382 41,481 70,422 38,316 68,994	19,702 16,927 23,133 13,140 19,984	28,680 24,554 47,289 25,176 49,010
	55-60 60-65 65-70 70 & over	43,586 92,920 20,712 40,752	23,221 43,400 10,834 20,270	20,365 49,520 9,878 20,482	2,254 3,411 1,099 2,081	1,899 2,869 883 1,712	355 542 216 369	19,620 31,085 7,223 13,104	14,080 24,604 5,943 10,346	5,540 6,482 1,280 2,758	21,712 58,423 12,390 25,567	7,242 15,927 4,008 8,212	14,470 42,496 8,382 17,355
	- 6			-	- 611.8	The b	-	am a					
	Hindu.	2,805,924	1,492,389	1,313,535	1,123,604	706,541	417,063	1,269,698	642,447	627,251	412,622	143,401	269,221
Y .	0.1 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5	62,975 53,591 62,422 75,454 83,588	33,592 26,943 31,411 36,684 43,429	29,383 26,648 31,011 38,770 +0,159	62,224 52,723 60,540 73,110 80,088	33,230 26,485 30,510 35,620 41,795	28,994 26,238 30,130 37,490 38,293	691 808 1,646 2,157 3,155	342 434 851 1,004 1,525	349 374 795 1,153 1,630	60 60 136 187 345	20 24 50 60 109	36 86 127
IAR	Total 0-5	338,030	172,059	165,971	\$28,785	167,640	161.145	8,457	4,156	4,301	788	263	
SUMM	10-15	421, 451 325,327 218,038 231,300 244,643	220,815 187,884 119,522 116,858 129,518	200,636 137,443 98,516 114,442 115,125	384,800 210,333 70,280 41,181 27,087	209,988 151,845 63,332 37,076 24,207	174,812 58,488 6,948 4,105 2,880	33,985 108,573 138,549 173,189 190,676	9,860 33,413 52,437 72,512 93,351	24,125 75,160 86,112 100,677 97,325	6,421	967 2,626 3,753 7,270 11,960	3,456
STATE	30-35 35-40 40-45	258,961 170,695 201,641 92,354 128,053	138,610 95,734 108,438 51,532 65,363	120,351 74,961 93,203 40,822 62,690	20,651 10,821 11,169 4,979 5,624	17,743 9,481 9,592 4,150 4,771	2,908 1,340 1,577 829 853	194,003 122,036 126,434 52,302 60,261	102,794 70,838 77,703 35,426 42,479	91,209 51,198 48,731 16,876 17,782	44,307 37,838 64,038 35,073 62,168	18,073 15,415 21,143 11,956 18,113	22,423 42,895 23,117
-	55-60 60-65 65-70 70 & over		20,505 38,055 9,578 17,918	18,295 44,237 8,800 18,043	2,007 3,071 951 1,865	1,703 2,666 791 1,556	304 405 160 309	6,256	12,291 20,960 5,174 9,053	4,778 5,530 1,082 2,365	52,731 11,171	6,511 14,429 3,613 7,309	7,558
1		-											
1	Musal-	176,883	94,692	82,191	73,611	44,215	29,396	300000	42,606	38,584		-	-
	0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5	3,304 4,142 4,671	2,111 1,585 2,078 2,224 2,337	1,930 1,719 2,064 2,447 2,375	3,242	2,090 1,562 2,035 2,162 2,206	1,680 2,012 2,373	53 83 119	19 38 57	34 45 64	12	5 5	5 7 12
1	Total 0-5	The second second	10,335	10,535	20,287	10,055		-			1	1 100	10000
	5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	19,872 13,803 15,795	12,720 11,157 7,808 8,080 8,244	12,087 8,715 5,995 7,715 7,347	5,687 3,648	12,250 9,821 4,861 3,167 1,540	5,422 826 481	4,379 7,719 11,295	1,258 2,766 4,496	3,121 4,95 6,790	250 397 852	78 181 417	172 216 435
-	30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55	10,324 13,035 5,668	8,482 5,935 7,039 3,464 5,001	7,432 4,389 5,996 2,204 4,000	533 637 239	928 421 448 198 248	112 189 41	7,972 9,033 <b>3,</b> 806	4,755 5,527 2,673	3,212 3,506 1,133	1.819 3,365 1,623	759 1,064 593	1,060 2,301 1,030
-	55-60 60-65 65-70 70 & over	5,706 1,214	2,963 661	2,743 553	189 45	80 98 21 79	91 24	2,453	423	494	3,064	906 217	2,158

### Part A.-State Summary excluding Gangapur.

1	•	P	OPULATION		t	INMARRIET	4		MARRIED.			VIDOWE	0.
State	Age.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Christians 0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5  Total 0-5 5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	1,649 52 29 28 47 42 798 161 108 239 297 177	1,057 30 15 17 24 23 709 69 38 208 237 113	592 22 14 11 23 19 89 92 70 31 60 64	1,032 51 27 27 47 41 193 160 101 221 232 67	744 29 14 17 24 22 106 69 37 203 221 59	288 222 13 10 23 19 87 91 64 18 11 8	538 1 2 1 I 5 1 7 17 65 101	287 1 1  1 3  1 5 16 49	251 1 2 2 1 6 49 49	79     1  9	26	53
	30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55 55-60 60-65 65-70	142 104 59 50 48 17 12 13	85 64 42 38 24 7 7	57 40 27 12 24 10 5 6	31 11 7 4 2 	28 9 4 4 1	323	106 91 49 40 28 10 4	55 55 32 32 18 6 4 5	51 36 17 8 10 4	5 2 13 6 18 7 7	2 6 2 5 1 2	3 27 4 13 6 5 3 5
	70 & over	14	9	5	1	1	***	6	6	0.00	7	2	5
		114)	111			141	14 .	14	11 11	H.	111	- 1 8	ad.
ı	Jain. 0-1	38, <b>906</b> 899	20,877 506	18,029	15,629 888	10,308	5,321 384	16,124	8,022	8,102	7,153	2,547	4,606
RY.	1.2 2.3 3-4 4-5	677 719 883 988	313 360 451 508	364 359 432 480	662 700 865 898	307 358 446 495	355 342 419 403	14 15 15 82	5 2 4 12	9 13 11 70	1 4	1 1 1	4 2
MMAR	Total 0-5 5-10	4,166 4,671	2,138 2,388	2,028 2,283	4,613 4,353	2,110 2,338	7,903 2,015	133 275	25 43	108	20 43	3	
ST	10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	4,428 3,352 3,604 3,459	2,434 1,710 1,821 1,940	1,994 1,642 1,783 1,519	3,062 1,180 776 607	2,220 1,090 676 500	842 90 100 107	1,307 2,010 2,526 2,385	196 580 1,046 1,264	1,111 1,430 1,480 1,121	59	18	, 122 , 203
STATE	30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55	3,128 2,501 2,708 1,674 2,025	1,749 1,431 1,467 1,042 1,078	1,379 1,070 1,241 632 947	427 298 251 217 161	366 233 220 185 138	61 65 31 32 23	2,009 1,493 1,403 778 802	1,129 928 886 573 578	880 565 517 205 224	710 1,054 679 1,062	254 270 361 284 362	440 693 395
-	55-60 60-65 65-70 70 & over	954 1,266 369 601	563 597 218 299	389 669 151 302	114 65 74 31	97 59 50 26	17 6 24 5	408 357 99 139	287 287 88 112	121 70 11 27	432 844 196 431	181 251 80 161	251 593 116 270
	Sikh. 0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4 4-5	661 13 9 13 17 11	419 5 5 6 13 2	242 8 4 7 4 9	286 13 9 11 16 11	211 5 5 5 4 12 2	75 5 4 7 4 9	326  2 1	189	137	49	19	30
	5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30 30-35	63 73 49 49 68 79	31 41 29 34 49 35	32 32 20 15 19 24 26	60 60 31 21 27 20	28 34 24 16 25 20 27	32 26 7 2 2 2	3 13 18 28 39 56	3 7 5 15 23 35	6 13 13 16 21 24	2 3	 1	   1 3
-	35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55	90 54 47 23 22	32 28 17 13	22 19 6 9	10 9 6 6	9 9 6 5	- i	58 38 33 13 11	19 17 11 7	19 16 2 4	6 5 4 5	1	4 2 3 4
-	55-60 60-65 65-70 70 & over	11 14 13 6	10 7 7 2	1 7 6 4	1 2 5	333 4 	2 1	8 3 4 1	8 3 2	2 1	2 9 4 5	1 4 1 2	5

# TABLE VII.—Age, Sex and Civil Condition—Part A—State Summary excluding Gangagur—(concld.)

П		P	OPULATION	r.		NMARRIE	p.		MARRIED.		7	Vidowed	
State.	Age,	Persons,	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Parsi.	255	123	132	133	59	. 74	107	58	49	15	6	9
I	0-1 1-2 2-3	6 4 6	3 1 2	3 3 4	6 4 6	3 1 2 2	3 3 4			***	***	22	
ı	2-3 3-4 4-5	5	2 2 3	3	5	3	3	(M)	-	***	***	***	
П	Total 0-5 5-10	27	9	16	27 18	9	16	2		2	***	***	***
	10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	23 21 27 22	10 11 9	17 11 16 13	22 12 18 8	6 8 4	16 6 10 4	1 9 9 14	*** 4 3 5	5 6 9			
	30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50	29 27 16 12 11	15 14 12 7 5	14 13 4 5	15 8 3 	9 3 2	6 5 1 	14 17 11 10 7	6 11 8 7	8 6 3 3 3	2 2 2 2 3	2	2 2 2
	50-55 55-60 60-65 70 & over	8 7 5	5 4 5	6 3 3	1	1		7 2 4	4 2 4	3	1 4 1	1 1	3
٧.	Arya.	167	96	71	60	35	25	82	51	31	25	10	15
SUMMARY	0-1 1-2 2-3	1 4 2	1 3	" 1 2	1 4 2 4	10 3	" 1 2	***	77.0	***	# # **	***	-
SUN	3-4 4-5	3	1 2 7	3 1 7	3	1 2 7	3 1	***			***	-	***
E E	5-10 10-15	22 19	13	9	21 15	12 8	9 7	" i	1 1	3	1441		220
STA	15-20 20-25 25-30	5 16 15	9 1 8 7	4 8 8	1 1 2	1		15 12	7 7	8 5		***	,
	30-35 35-40 40-45	22 14 8	16 12 5	6 2	4	4	177	15 11 4	10 11 3	1	3 3 4	2 1 2 1	1 2 2
Н	45-50 50-55	13	5 6 3	3 1 10	1	1		6 5	5	1	7	1	6
	55-60 60-65 65-70	2 5 2	2 5 1		··· 1	1	***	3	3		1 1 2	1 1	 1
	70 & over	3	1	2	UM4	244		1	1	***	2		2
	Jew.	1	1		1	1	/200		546	144	an i	520	**.
П	25-30	1	1	115.66	1	1	=   \***	***	(600)	=1.5440	344		***
	Animist.	161.629	82,046	79.583	78,708	42,815	35,893	70,293	35,278	35,015	12,628	3,953	8,675
П	0-1 1-2 2-3	3,821 3,560 5,223	1,981 1,659 2,369	1,840 1,901 2,854	3,781 3,513 5,139	1,966 1,641 2,337	1,815 1,872 2,802	38 40 80	15 18 31	23 22 49	2 7 4	1	2 7 3 3 21
ı	3-4 4-5	6,829 7,157	3,132 3,338	3,697 3,819	6,698 6,983	3,084	3,614	124 148	44 54	80 94	7 26	5	
1	5-10	26,590 30,348	15,282	14,111	26,714	14,814	13,807	1,281 3,478	162 432 1,134	268 849	116	36	36 80
	10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	18,102 10,443 11,338 13,123	10,603 5,564 4,970 6,242	8,099 4,879 6,368 6,881	14,440 4,713 1,787 956	8,796 3,539 1,426 723	5,644 1,174 361 233	5,413 9,046 11,444	1,888 3,288 5,153	2,344 3,525 5,758 6,291	184 317 505 723	73 137 256 366	111 180 249 357
	30-35 35-40 40-43 45-50 50-55	14,587 9,455 10,758 4,064 5,807	7,429 5,129 6,024 2,441 2,999	7,158 4,326 4,734 1,623 2,808	704 274 351 92 127	500 201 240 69 73	204 73 111 23 54	12,532 8 080 8,466 3,044 3,626	6,413 4,450 5,231 2,068 2,519	6,119 3 630 3,235 976 1 097	1,351 1,101 1,941 928 2,064	516 478 553 304 407	835 623 1,388 624 1,657
	55-60 60-63 62-70 70 & over.	1,381 3,618 723 1,292	768 1,762 362 592	613 1,856 361 700	33 81 23 62	18 43 16 50	15 38 7 12	843 1,774 347 499	550 1,386 251 353	293 388 96 146	505 1.763 353 731	200 333 95 189	305 1,430 258 542

TABLE VII.—Age, Sex and Civil Condition—Part B.—Details for Districts including Gangapur.

_	•				10000	Millio.	uangap		-	li de			_
	Age.	Po	PULATION-		U	NMARRIE	. (19.11)	A	TARRIED.	MINITE	7	Vidowei	
State.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	All Re-	3,195,476	1,696,510	1,498,966	1,296,761	807,171	489,590	1,442,733	731,123	711,610	455,982	158,216	297,766
H	0-1 1-2 2-3	71,966 61,358	38,322 30,623	33,644 30,735	71,101 60,357	37,919 30,114	33,182 30,243	785 922	379 479	406 443	80 79	24 30	56 49
ı	3 4 4.5	72,779 88,237 96,766	36,351 42,680 49,769	36,428 45,557 46,997	70,790 85,598 92,744	35,370 41,498 47,921	35,420 44,100 44,823	1,831 2,424 3,581	925 1,112 1,689	906 1,312 1,892	158 215 441	56 70 159	102 145 282
1	Total 0:5	391,106	197,745	193,361	380,590	192,822	187,768	9,543	4,584	4,959	973	339	634
	5-10 10-15 15-20	482,944 369,052 246,632	252,081 212,174 135,248	230,863 156,878 111,384	442,979 244,010 82,357	240,216 173,251 73,261	202,763 70,759 9,096	36,965 118,118 154,173	10,776 36,122 57,867	26,189 81,996 96,306	3,000 6,924 10,102	1,089 2,801 4,120	1,911 4,123 5,982
	20-25 25-30	263,004 277,839	132,313 146,496	130,691 131,343	47,759 30,758	42,681 27,123	5,078 3,635	196,616 217,578	81,575 106,147	115,041 111,431	18,629 29,503	8.057 13,226	10,572 16,277
ı	30-35 35-40 40-45	293,800 193,726 229,150	156,917 108,609	136,883 85,117	23,125 11,989 12,466	19,640 10,381 10,541	3,485 1,608	222,160 140,167	117,523 81,270	104,637 58,897	48,515 41,570	19,754 16,958	28,761 24,612 47,471
ı	45-50 50-55	104.184 145,522	123,500 58,747 74,740	105,670 45,437 70,782	5,552	4,625 5,254	1,925 927 1,053	146,037 60,208 69,953	89,763 40,948 49,435	56,274 19,260 20,518	70,667 38,424 69,262	23,196 13,174 20,051	25,250 49,211
3	55-60 60-65 65-70	43,701 93,207	23,278 43,510	20,423 49.697	2,257 3,424	1,906 2,877	357 547	19,678 31,176	14,123 24,675	5,555 6,501	21,766 58,607	7,255 15,958	14,511 42,649
4	70 & over.	20,746 40,843	10,847 20,305	9,899 20,538	1,101 2,087	1,715	217 372	7,232 13,129	5,949 10,366	1,283 2,763	12,413 25,627	4,014 8,224	8,399 17,403
ŀ											11	-	
4	Hindu.	2,813,958]	1,496,498	1,317,460	1,126,764	708,452	418,312	1,273,385	644,304	629.081	413,809	143,742	270,067
i	0-1 1-2	63,102 53,738	33,668 27,026	29,434 26,712	62,349 52,865	33,305 26,566	29,044 26,299	692 811	343 435	349	61 62	20 25	41 32
×	2-3 3-4 4-5	62,614 75,746 1 83,807	31,501 36,814	31,113 38,932	60,827 73,393	30,600 35,748	30.227 37,645	1,649 2,165	851 1,006	376 798 1,159	138 188	50 60	88 128 240
MMAR	Total 0-5	339,007	43,537 172,546	166,461	329,724	168,116	38,393 161,608	3,1 <sub>6</sub> 7 8,484	1,530 4.765	1,637 4,319	799	265	534
	5-10 10-15 15-20	422,647 326,303	221,451 188,42n	201,196 137,883	385,872 210,982	210,585 152,267	175,287 58,715	34,098 108,890	9,892 33,521	24,206 75,369	2,677 6,431	974 2,632	1,703
E S U	20-25 25-30	218,628 231,753 245,262	119,868 117,075 129,832	98,760 114,678 115,430	70,489 41,242 27,157	63,514 37,130 24,270	6,975 4,112 2,887	138,915 173,546 191,152	52,593 72,662 93,568	86,322 100,884 97,584	9,224 16,965 26,953	3.761 7,283 11,994	5,463 9,682 14,959
LATE	30-35 35-40	259,753 171,171	1,39,011 95,959	120.742 75,212	20,696 10,851	17,776 9,505	2,920 1,346	194,629 122,404	103,115 71,013	91,514 51,391	44,428 37,916	18,120 15,441	26,308 22,475
co	40-45 45-50 50-55	202,401 92,633 128,519	108,822 51,702 65,576	93,579 40,931 62,943	11,199 4,993 5,644	9,613 4,162 4,786	1,586 831 858	126,944 52,475 60,470	78,010 35,554 42,619	48,934 16,921 17,851	64,258 35,165 62,405	21,199 11,986 18,171	43,059 23,179 44,234
l	55-60 60-65	38,893 82,543	20,549 38,149	18,344 44,394	2,010 3,083	1,704 2,673	306 410	17,113 26,564	12,325 21,018	4,788 5,546	19,770 52,896	6,520 14,458	13,250 38,438
ľ	65.70 70 & over-	18,408 36,037	9,590 17,948	8,818 18,089	953 1,869	792 1,559	161 310	6,264 11,437	5,180 9,069	1,084 2,368	11,191 22,731	3,618 7,320	7,573 15,411
ŀ													
1	45	-13		7				- 4					
1	Musal- man, 0-1	1,77,417	94,969	82,448 1,937	73,817 4,000	44,345	29,472 1,902	.81,475 44	42,740	38,735	22,125 12	7,884	14,241
1	1-2 2-3 3-4	3,322 4,156 4,684	1,595 2,086 2,232	1,727 2,070 2,452	3,259 4,061 4,548	1,572 2,043 2,170	1,687 2,018	54 83	19 38	27 35 45	9 12 17	5 5	5 17 12
1	4-5 Total 0-5	4,732	2,347	2,385	4,494	2,214	2,378 2,280	119	57 90	62 91	57	43	14
1	5-10 10-15	24,875 19,919	12,760	10,571	20,362	12,288	11,139	1,284	400	250 884	164		92
	15-20 20-25 25-30	13,836 15,834 15,634	11,188 7,821 8,103 8,263	8,741 6,015 7,731 7,371	15,286 5,699 3,657 1,935	9,848 4,870 3,176 1,541	829 481	4,393 7,739 11,325 12,355	1,262 2,769 4,510 6,038	3,131 4,970 6,815 6,317	250 398 852 1,344	78 182 417 684	216 435
-	30-35 35-40 40-45	15,965 10,34a 13,088	8,508 5,946 7,060	7,457 4,402 6,028	1,218 534 639	928 421 449	113	12,724 7,992 9,075	6,726 4,763 5,545	5,998 3,227 3,530	2,023 1,822 3,374	854 760 1,066	1,062
-	45-50 50-55	5,690 9,033	3,478 5,018	2,212 4,015	240 364	199 249	115	3,823 4,993	2,685 3,672	1,138 1,321	3,676	1,097	1,033 2,579
-	55-60 60-63 65-70 70 & over	April 10 miles and april 10 mile	1,364 2,972 661 1,448	1,060 2,749 554 1,427	99 190 45 122	80 99 21 79	91 24	1,282 2,460 509 1,040	938 1,965 423 821	344 495 86 219	661	908	2,163 444
1	To the time.	1	-1349	11747	1-4	19	45	1 1,010	061	4.7	1		0

## TABLE VII.—Age, Sex and Civil Condition—

ſ		P	OPULATIO:	N.	υ	N MARRIED		7	MARRIED.			WIDOWE	D.
State	Age.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Fema les.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	3	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
-	Chris-	1,650	1,058	592	1,033	745	288	538	287	251	79	26	53
3	0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4	52 29 28	30 15 17	22 14 11	51 27 27	29 14 17	22 13 10	1 2 1	1	** 1	***		
1	4-5 Total 0-5	47 42 198	24 23 109	23 19	47 41	24 22	23 19	1	1	\$20 C	***	***	(2) (3)
ı	5-10 10-15	161 108	69 38	92 70	193 160 101	106 69 37	87 91	1 7	1	2	***	***	222
1	15-20 20-25 25-30	239 297 177	208 237 113	31 60 64	221 232 67	203 221 59	64 18 11 8	17 65 101	5 16 49	12 49 52	1 9		4
	30-35 35-40 40-45	142 104 70	85 64	57 40	31 11	28	3 2	106 91	55 55	51 36	5 2	2	3 2 7
	45-50 50-55	50 48	43 38 24	27 12 24	8 4 2	5 4 1	1	49 40 28	32 32 18	17 8 10	13 6 18	6 2 5	7 4 31
	55-60 60-65 65-70	17 12 13	7 7 7 9	10 5 6	1 1	1 1	***	10 4 8	6 4 5	3	7 7 4	1 2 1	6 5 3
H	70 & over.	24	9	5	1	1	***	6	6		7	2	5
H	Animist.	161,973	82,221	79,752	78,846	42,893	35,953	70,473	- 35,367	35,106	12,654	3,961	8,693
П	0-1 1-2	3,825 3,567	1,984 1,662	I,841 1,905	3,785 3,520	1,969	1,816	38 40	15	23 22	2 7		2 7
ARY.	2-3 3 4 4-5	5,233 6,844 7,167	2,375 3,140 3,341	2,858 3,704 3,826	5,148 6,713 6,992	2,342 3,092 3,281	2,806 3,621 3,711	81 124 149	32 44 59	80 94	4 7 26	1 4 5	3 3 21
12	Total 0-5	26,636 30,413	72,502 15,318	14,134 15,095	26,158	72,328 14,850	13,830	432	164	263	46	10 73	36
ESUM	10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	18,130 10,468 11,360 13,150	10,014 5,578 4,981 6,255	8,116 4,890 6,375 6,895	14,455 4,718 1,793 957	8,806 3,542 1,431 724	14,162 5,649 1,176 362 233	1,285 8,491 5,433 9,062 11,470	1,135 1,899 3,294 5,165	853 2,356 3,534 5,768 6,305	116 184 317 505 723	36 137 256 366	80 111 180 249 357
STATE	30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55	14,627 9,475 10,788 4,069	7.452 5.137 6,038 2,446	7,175 4,338 4,750 1,623	704 276 354 92	500 201 242 69	204 75 112 23	12,570 8,096 8,487 3,048	6,434 4,456 5,243 2,072	6,136 3,640 3,244 976	1,353 1,103 1,947 926	518 480 553 305	835 623 1,394 624
П	55-60 60-65	5,825 1,384 3,625	770 1,765	2,815 614	33 81	73 18	54 15	3,628 845	2,529	1,099	2,070	408	1,662
	63-70 70 & over	724 1,299	362 593	1,860 362 706	23 63	43 16 50	38 7 13	1,778 348 500	1,389 251 353	389 97 147	1,766 353 736	333 95 190	1,433 258 546
	Jew.												
H	25-30	- 1			1	1					***	-	***
	Parsi.	255	123	132	133	39	74	167	58	49	15	6	9
	0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4	6 6	1 2	3 3 4	6	3 1 2	3 3 4		***				=
H	4-5 Total 0-5	5 6 27	2 2 3	3	5 6	2 2 3	3				#	***	
1	5-10 10-15	20 23 21 27	9	16 11 17	18 22	9 6	16 9 16	2 1		2		440	-
1	15-20 20-25 25-30	21 27 22	10 11 9	11 16 13	22 12 18 8	9 6 6 8 4	6 10 4	9 14	4 3 5	1 5 6 9			
	30-35 35-40 40-15 45-50 50-55	29 27 16 12 11	15 14 12 7 5	14 13 4 5 6	15 8 3	9 3 2	6 5 1	14 17 11 19	6 11 8 7	8 6 3 3	2 2 2 2	2	2 2
	55-60 60-65 70 & over	8 7 5	5 4 5	3 3	<u></u>	1	- 1	7 7 2 4	4 2 4	3	3 1 4 1	1 1 1 1 1	3

Part B.—Details for Districts including Gangapur.—(contd.)

Ī		F	OPULATIO	N.		UNMARRIEI	,		MARRIED.			VIDOWE	Dr.
State	Age.	Persons,	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
1	2	3	•	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Arya.	167	96	71	60	35	25	82	51	31	25	10	15
ı	0-1 1-2 2-3	1 4	1 3	1	1 4	1 3	1	1.11	-		***	1/12	***
	3-4 4-5	2 4 3	1 2	3	2 4 3	" 1 2	3 1				***		***
	Total 0-5	14 22	7	7	14 21	7	7	Cont.			1555	200	
1	10-15 15-20 20-25	19 5 16	9.1	10 4 8	15	12 8 1 1	7	4	1	*** 3			Ξ
	25-30 30-35	15	7	8	1 2		2	15 12 15	7 7 10	5	" 1 3		" 1 1
	35-40 40-45 45-50	14 8 7	12 5 6	1 1		***	===	11 4	11 3 5	1	3 4 1	2 1 2 1	2 2
	50-55 55-60	13	3	10	1	" 1	=	6 5	1	4	7	1	6
	60-65 65-70 70 & over	5 2 3	5 1 1	1 2	1	1		j	1		1 2 2	1	 1 2
	36.3								120	SI/AL			
	1				over felicial		-2/3-00				W. S.		
	Jain.	39,394 911	21,125	18,269	15,821 896	10,430	5,391	16,347	8,127	8,220	7,226	2,568	4,658
Y .	1-2 2-3 3-4	685 727 890	316 364 454	369 363 436	669 708 872	309 362 449	360 345 423	15 15 15	6 2 4	13 11	5 1 4 3	1	*** 4 2
	4-5 Total 0-5	998	2,160	2,051	907 4:052	2,139	1,923	138	13	70 110	8 21	3	7
U M M	5-10 10-15 15-20	4,733 4,491 3,386	2,420 2,470	2,313 2,021 1,658	4,409 3,118	2,369 2,255 1,106	2,040 863 90	261 1,314	44 197	237 1,117	43 59	7 18	36 41
E SU	20-25 25-30	3,649 3,499	1,728 1,849 1,961	1,800 1,538	1,196 789 511	689 504	100 107	2,028 2,555 2,418	582 1,060 1,280	1,44 <b>6</b> 1,495 1,138	162 305 470	100 177	41 122 205 293
STAT	30-35 35-40 40-45	3,172 2,533 2,752	1,766 1,445 1,492	1,406 1,088 1,260	429 299 254	368 233 221	61 66	2,044 1,518 1,434	1,143 940	901 578 529	699 716 1,064	2 55 27 2 3 66	444
S	45-50 50-55	1,700 2,051	1,053	647 960	217 162	185 139	33 32 23	793 811	905 582 585	211 226	690 1,078	286 3 67	404
П	55-60 60-65 63-70	962 1,280 371	571 601 219	391 679 152	114 65 74	97 59 50	17 6 24	412 362 99	290 291 88	122 71 11	436 853 198	184 251 81	252 602 117
	0 & over.	604	299	305	32	26	6	140	112	28	432	161	271
					The second								
	Sikh.	661	419	242	286	211	75	326	189	137	45	19	30
	0-1 1-2 2-3	13 9 13	5 5 6 13	8 4	13	5 5 4	8 4 7 4			#	775	77	
	3-4 4-5	17 11	13 2	7 4 9	11 16 11	12 2	7 4 9	2 1	1	#	111		=
	Total 0-5 5-10	63 73	31 41	32	60	28	32 26	3	3	- 6	***		
	10-15 15-20 20-25	49	29 34 49	20 15 19	31 21 27	34 24 19 25	26 7 2 2	18 28 39	7 5 15 23	13 13 16	2	= 1	
	25-30 30-35	68 79	55	24	20	20	1 344	56	35	21	3		3
	35-40 40-45 45-50	90 54 47 23	32 28 17	19	28 10 9 6 6	9 6 5	i	58 38 33 13	19 17 11	19 16 2 4	5 4	3 4 2	3 4
1	50-55	22	13	9	19	1]	1	11 8	7 8	1	5	1	4
7	60-65 63-70 0 & over-	13 6	7 7 2	7 6 4	1 2 5	4	1	3 4	3 2	2 1	9 4 5	1 1 1 2	1 5 3 3

### TABLE VII.—Age, Sex and Civil Condition—

1		P	OFULATION	. 1414	τ	NMARRIE			MARRIED.			WIDOWE	D.
District.	Age.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	11.2	3	1000	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
H	All Religions	326,466	178,371	148,095	127,183	82,076	45,107	148,605	77,946	70,659	50,678	18,349	32,329
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	6,738 29,086 42,458 34,395 26,420	3,595 14,695 22,331 20,502 14,753	3.143 14,391 20,127 13,893 11,667	6,671 28,539 40,517 24,245 9,661	3,566 14,406 21,741 17,485 8,874	3,105 14,133 18,776 6,760 787	61 457 1,758 9,655 15,606	26 239 504 2,820 5,356	75 218 1,254 6,835 10,250	6 90 183 495 1,153	3 50 86 197 523	3 40 97 298 630
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 69 & over	61,807 52,039 35,677 20,646 17,200	34,001 29,458 20,214 11,026 7,796	27,806 22,581 15,463 9,620 9,404	10,340 4,020 1,734 901 555	9,639 3,615 1,518 781 451	701 405 216 120 104	45.959 38,785 21,754 9,332 5,238	21,625 21,793 14,496 6,903 4,184	24,334 16,992 7,258 2,429 1,054	5,508 9,234 12,189 10,413 11,407	2,737 4,050 4,200 3,342 3,161	2,771 5,184 7,989 7,071 8,246
	Hindu-	286,670	156,422	130,248	111,630	72,344	39,286	129,609	67,686	61,923	45,431	16,392	29,039
	0 1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	5,872 25,657 37,730 30,266 23,288	3,133 12,940 19,909 18,110 12,982	2,739 12,717 17,821 12,156 10,306	5,812 25,248 36,051 21,076 8,274	3.108 12,761 19,444 13,374 7,675	2,704 12,487 16,607 5,702 599	56 343 1,527 8,751 13,963	23 150 400 2,564 4,840	33 193 1,127 6,187 9,123	4 66 152 439 1,051	2 29 65 172 467	37 87 267 584
1	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	54,072 45,742 31,342 17,955 14,746	29,726 25,768 17,702 9,520 6,632	24,346 19,974 13,640 8,435 8,114	8,841 3,553 1,507 795 473	8,299 3,226 1,350 706 401	542 327 157 89 72	40,282 33,757 18,745 7,859 4,326	19,018 18,863 12,549 5,814 3,465	21,264 14,894 6,196 2,045 861	4,949 8,432 11,090 9,301 9,947	2,409 3,679 3,803 3,000 2,766	2,540 4,753 7,287 6,301 7,181
0	Musal-	33,634	18,611	15,023	13,085	8,244	4,841	16,086	8,704	7,382	4,463	1,663	2,800
40 th to 00	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	722 2,851 3,911 3,496 2,666	389 1,456 2,016 2,036 1,526	333 1,395 1,895 1,460 1,140	715 2,724 3,682 2,694	385 1,353 1,902 1,795 1,058	330 1,371 1,780 899 151	5 104 204 754 1,374	3 83 93 220 418	2 21 111 534 956	2 23 25 48	1 20 21 21 21 50	1 3 4 27 33
GIRD	20.30 30.40 40.50 50.60 60 & over	6,535 5,279 3,685 2,321 2,168	3,653 3,082 2,123 1,300 1,030	2,882 2,197 1,562 1,021 1,138	1,209 1,331 390 183 88 69	1,192 323 132 63 41	139 67 51 25 28	4,734 4,227 2,571 1,293 820	2,183 2,448 1,652 956 648	2,551 1,779 919 337 172	83 470 662 931 940 1,279	278 311 339 281 341	192 351 592 659 938
9	Chris-	389	228	161	170	108	62	179	109	70	40	11	29
を表を上し	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	5 44 34 17 25	1 26 19 9	18 15 8 7	5 43 34 17 20	1 25 19 9 16	4 18 15 8 4	1 5	1 2	22 24 21 21 3	11 11 11		
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	72 79 55 35 23	39 45 39 17 15	33 34 16 18 8	29 13 6 2	22 10 4 1	7 3 2 1	38 62 41 19	15 35 32 13	23 27 9 6 2	5 4 8 14 9	2  3 3 3	3 4 5 11 6
h	Jain.	2,394	1,313	1,081	833	558	275	1,023	535	488	538	220	318
2	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	40 164 280 246 183	21 94 131 145 98	19 70 149 101 85	40 161 265 166 55	21 92 130 129 51	19 69 135 37	2 10 77 118	1 1 14 45	1 9 63 73	1 5 3 10	1 2 2	 5 1 8
	20-30 30-40 40-30 50-60 60 & over	475 363 291 187 165	262 222 157 104 79	21 3 141 134 83 86	70 35 23 10 8	65 33 22 8 7	5 2 1 2 1	341 226 150 64 35	160 139 95 50 30	181 87 55 14 5	64 102 118 113 122	37 50 40 46 42	27 52 78 67 80
L	Animist.	3,173	1,670	1,503	1,382	769	613	1,597	842	755	194	59	135
STATE OF	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	97 361 476 350 246	50 177 238 192 123	47 184 238 158 123	97 354 459 274 97	50 173 229 169 70	47 181 230 105 27	7 16 71 140	4 9 21 49	3 7 50 91	 1 5	2	 1 3 5
PARTY OF THE	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	612 526 276 136 93	300 304 173 75 38	312 222 103 61 55	57 21 15 4	5 51 15 10 1	6 6 5 3 3 3	536 473 223 89 42	238 279 1 151 63 1 28	298 194 72 26 14	19 32 38 43 44	11 10 12 11	8 22 26 32 38

### Part B.—Details for Districts.—(contd.)

1	1			-		-		_	-	-	-		
District	Age.	P	OPULATION		il it i	JAMARR 1EC	x: )		MARRIED.	Yell	v	Vidowei	).
Dist		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	All Rell-	382,633	208.765	173,868	153,210	102.808	50,402	168,524	84,054	84,470	60.899	21,903	38,996
-	0-1 1-5 5-10	8,781 35,104 52,935	5,008 18,265 28,824	3,273 16,839 24,111	8,747 34,688 49,908	4,992 18,128 28,008	3.755 16,560 21,900	31 363 2,812	14 114 733	17 249 2,079	3 53 215	23	30 132
1	10-15 15-20	41,046 32,822	24,877 18,451	16,169 14,368	26,278 10,795	20,513	5,765 632	14,054 20,518	4,053 7,721	10,001 12,797	714 1,509	83 311 570	403 539
	20-30 30-40 40-50	70,371 54,816 39,528	37,188 30,957 22,082	33,183 23,859 17,446	10,952 5,196 3,493	10,249 4,847 3,188	703 349 305	52,629 39,065 22,651	24,091 21,719 13,871	28,535 17,346 8,780	6.790 10,555 13.384	•2,845 4,391 5,023	3,545 6,164 8,361
1	50-60 60 & over-	25,877 21,353	13,389	12,458 11,632	1,792 1,361	1,476 1,244	316 117	10,774 5,627	7,455 4,280	3,319 1,347	13,311 14,365	4,458 4,197	8,853 10,168
1	Hindu.			THE		T Start				, tar			
ı	0-1	365,096 8,345	199,326	165,770 3,575	146,084 8,322	98,284	47,800 3,565	160,649	80,116	80,533	58,363	20,926	37,437
	1.5 .5-10 10-15 15-20	33,519 50,519 38,979 31,261	17,490 27,557 23,786 17,627	16,029 22,962 15,193 13,634	33,182 47,696 24,976 10,244	17,360 26,777 19,570 9,672	15,822 20,919 5,406 572	288 2.622 13,311 29,579	108 702 3.911 7,410	180 1,920 9,400 12,169	49 201 692 1,438	22 78 305 545	27 123 387 893
ı	20-30 30-40 40-50	67,167 52,522 37,781	35,458 29,614 21,086	31,679 22,908 16,695	10,426 4,965	9,805 4,669	621 296	50,226 37,459	22,952- 20,762	27,274 16,697	6,515 10,098	2,731 4,183	3,784 5,915
	50-60 60 & over.	24,617 20,386	12,681 9,227	11,936 11,159	3,313 1,677 1,283	3,071 1,410 1,193	242 267 96	21,587 10,218 5,339	13,182 7,040 4,038	8,405 3,178 1,301	12,881 12,722 13,764	4,833 4,231 3,996	8,048 8,491 9,768
H			10001				Market Services						<u></u>
	Musal- man.	10,956	5,831	5,125	4.685	2,826	1,859	4,909	2,480	2,429	1,362	525	837
	0-1 1-5 5-10	292 1,059 1,606	159 514 851	133 545 755	281 1,029 1,501	156 507 816	125 522 685	11 27 95	3 6	.48 21 65	3 10	1 5	2 5 15
	10-15	1,21 <sub>6</sub> 892	695 495	521 397	884 368	602 317	282 51	313 486	30 89 162	224 324	19 38	16	15 22
IND.	20-30 30-40 40-50	1,964 1,480 1,133	1,001 280 615 441	963 700 518	324 110 89	263 71 47	61 39 42	1,502 1,140 772	673 605 475	829 535 297	138 230 272	65 104 93	73 126 179
BH	50-60 60 & over.	767 547	441 280	326 267	56 43	26 21	30 22	381 182	286 151	95 31	330 322	129 108	201 214
1	Chule			-						-			
ı	Chris- tinn,	1	1	377		***	bee	***	-	-	1	1	100
ı	20-30	1	1					144	**		1	1	
	Jain.	6,288	3,420	2,868	2,305	1,595	7	2,842	1,392	1,450	1,141	433	708
	0.1 1-5 5-10	140 493 773	77 239 395	63 254 378	140 444 675	77 239 395	63 205 280	48	***	48 94	1 4		1 4
	10-15 15-20	821 657	380 325	441 332	401 179	325 171	76 8	94 417 445	53 145	364 300	33	9	24
П	20-30 30-40 40-50	1,200 732 596	676 505 370	524 227 226	193 98 87	173 84 67 1	20 14 20	874 422	455 325	419 97 73	133 212 229	48 96 96 94	85 116 133
	50-60 60 & over.	471	252 201	219 204	56 32	37 27	19 5	280 163 99	207 121 86	42 13	252 274	94 88	158 186
	Animist	56			-			mi (			To the		
	1-5		37 6	19	29	6	7 2 2	22	13	9	5	2	3
	10-15 15-20	8 7 8 4	5 7 2	2 2 1 2	6 8 2	7 2	2	2	1	2	100 100 100	3	
	20-30 30-40 40-50	11 6	6	5 2 2 3	3 1	2 1	1	7 4	4	3 2 1	1 1	1	1
	50-60	6	3.	3	1		1	5 3	4 2	1	3	1	2

## TABLE VII,-Age, Sex and Civil Condition-

Ī		P	OPULATION		U	NMARRIED			MARRIED.		V	IDOWED	
Districts	Age.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males:	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
F	All Re-	336,660	186,908	149,752	142,664	93,758	48,906	141,449	71,571	69,878	52,547	21,579	30,968
-	0+1 1-5 5-10	7,233 31,504 49,491	4,033 16,214 27,173	3,200 15,290 22,318	7,170 31,044 47,164	4,012 16,057 26,417	3,158 14,987 20,747	55 405 2,097	18 143 664	37 262 1,433	8 55 230	3 14 92	5 41 138
1	10-15 15-20	38,751 27,791	24,065 15,716	14,686 12,075	27,506 10,042	20,367 8,960	7,139 1,082	10,727 16,426	3,495 6,196	7,232 10,230	518 1,323	203 560	315 763
1	20-30 30-40 40-50	61,867 \$7,039 33,676	33,215 26,841 19,127	28,652 20,198 14,549	10,541 4,247 2,555	9,593 3,887 2,286	948 360 269	45,026 32,842 19,431	20,734 17,975 11,992	24,292 14,867 7,439	6,300 9,950 11,690	2,888 4,979 4,849	3,412 4,971 6,841
i	50-60 60 & over	22,249 17,059	12,149 8,375	10,100 8,684	1,418 977	1,297 882	12t 95	9.697 4,743	6,787 3,567	2,910 1,176	11,134	4,065 3,926	7,059 7,413
1	Hindu.	325,103	180,461	144,642	137,638	90,535	47,103	136,536	69,014	67,522	50,929	20,912	30,017
	0-I 1-5 5-10	6,986 30,419 47,891	3,899 15,678 26,335	3,087 14,741 21,556	6,926 29,983 45,626	3,880 15,524 25,594	3,046 14,459 20,032	53 387 2,050	16 140 652	37 247 1,398	7 49 215	14 89	4 35 126
1	10-15 15-20	37,445 26,850	23,240 15,188	14,205	26.514 9,617	19,629 8,589	6,885 1,028	10,423 15,940	3,413 6,054	7,010 9,886	508 1,293	198 545	310 748
1	20-30 30-40 40-50	59,743 45,385 32,499	32,029 25,886 15,451	27,714 19,499 14,048	10,105 4,082 2,464	9,213 3,765 2,210	892 317 254	43,512 31,627 18,703	20,021 17,283 11,540	23,491 14,344 7,163	6,126 9,676 11,332	2,795 4,838 4,701	3,331 4,838 6,631
1	50-61 60 & over	21,420 16,465	8,076	9,741	1,376 945	1,269	107 83	9.286 4,555	6,476 3,419	2,810	10,758	3,795	6,824 7,170
	Musai- man.	8,970	4,982	3,988	3,898	2,472	1,426	3,902	2,035	1,867	1,170	475	695
	0-1 1-5 5-10	200 811 1,264	107 396 674	93 415 590	197 788 1,213	105 399 662	92 394 351	2 17 42	2 2 9	 15 33	6 9	3	1 6 5
	10-15 15-20 20-30	733	646	378 321	S04 338	587 295	43	215 376	107	158 269	19	10	9
GHAR.	30-40 40-50 50-60	1,659 1,284 908 630	904 745 509 356	755 539 399 274	332 113 64 25	277 77 50 12	55 36 14 13	1,210 970 585 334	561 568 355 253	649 402 230 79	201 259 274	100 104 89	51 101 155 182
	60 & over	457	233	224	24	13	ii	151	119	32	282	101	181
L	Chris- tian.	3	3	644	i	1		1	1		1	1	
	15-20 40-50 50-60	1 1 1	1		1	1		1	1			1	
	33-00						***					-	***
il	Jain.	1,923	1.102	821	775	541	234	751	387	364	397	174	223
H	0-1 1-5 5-10	36 172 213	21 81 101	15 91 112	36 171 202	21 80 98	15 91 104	1 5	1 3	2	6	***	6
	10-15	211 172	138 102	73	129 65	115 63	14 2	79 96	34	57 62	11	5	6
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60	269 280 202 133	228 170 123	141 110 29	84 45 22	83 42 21	4 1	234 165 96	121 91 65	74 31	51 69 84	24 37 37	27 32 47
	60 & over	115	85 53	62	6	13 5	1	51 24	18	6	88 85	40 30	48 55
	Animist.	660	359	301	351	298	143	259	134	125	50	17	33
i	0-1 1-5	11 102	6 59	43	11 102	6 39	5 43	227		-	-		
1	5-10 10-15 15-20	123 71 35	63 41 15	60 50 22	123 59 21	63 36 12	60 23 9	10	3	13	2	2	=-
	20-30 30-40 40-50	96 39 66	54 49 33	42 50 23	20 5 5	20 2 5	3	70 80 47	31 33 32	39 47 15	6 4 14	3 4 6 2	3 8
	50-10 60 % over	43 22	28 13	17 9	3 2	3 2		25	23	2 2	17	- 2	15 7

### Part B.—Details for Districts.—(contd.)

Ī			P	OPULATIO:	*:		INMARBIE	D.		MARRIED		1 3	Vidowet	,
Distant	District	Age.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Maies.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
		2	3	4:	5	6	7	8	9	10	- 11	12	13	(1)
1		Reli-	1,24.885	66,462	58,403	56,566	34,112	22,454	52,476	26,127	26,349	15.823	6,223	9,600
-		0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	2 783 13,758 19,938 13,959 9,158	1,465 6,633 10,259 7,974 5,093	1,318 7,125 9,679 6,013 4,065	2,762 13,570 19,417 10,937 3,859	1,459 6,581 10,056 7,103 3,450	1,303 6,989 9,361 3,834 409	18 163 470 2,912 4,983	5 46 178 799 1,526	13 117 292 2,113 3,457	3 25 51 140 316	1 6 25 72 117	2 19 26 68 199
	60 &	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 over,	21,892 19,327 12,452 6,770 4,798	11,481 10,603 7,057 3,653 2,244	10,411 8,724 5,395 3,117 2,553	3,599 1,459 614 197 152	3,303 1,313 541 173 133	296 146 73 24 10	16,568 14,618 7,893 3,324 1,327	7,246 7,772 5,046 2,434 1,075	9,322 6,846 2,847 890 452	1,725 3,250 3,945 3,249 3,119	932 1,518 1,470 1,046 1,036	793 1,732 2,475 2,203 2,033
10000	ні	ndu.	104,234	55.693	48,541	46,346	28,358	17,988	43,676	21,652	22,024	14,212	5 683	8,529
1		0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	2,334 10 810 16,065 11,746 7,837	1,221 5,251 8,264 6,702 4,360	1,113 5,559 7,801 5,044 3,477	2,317 10,662 15,646 9,024 3,242	1,218 5,210 8,091 5,942 2,902	1,099 5,452 7,555 3,082 340	14 136 379 2.597 4,350	2 35 149 692 1 350	12 101 230 1,905 3,000	3 12 40 125 245	1 6 24 68 108	2 6 16 57 137
		20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 over.	18,609 16,222 10,620 5,823 4,168	9 914 8 980 5 976 3 104 1 921	8,695 7,242 4,744 2,719 2,247	3.186 1.375 561 185 148	2.951 1,251 495 167 131	235 124 66 18 17	13,881 11,895 6,493 2,683 1,248	6,132 6,337 4,132 1,975 848	7,749 5.538 2,361 708 400	1,542 1,952 3,566 2,935 2,772	831 4,392 1,349 962 942	711 1 560 2,217 1 991 1,830
U.R.		isal-	4.844	2,579	2,265	2,146	1.285	861	2,165	1.109	1,056	533	185	348
HEOP		0.1 1-5 5-10 10-13 15-20	140 445 691 560 364	78 217 342 309 212	62 228 349 251 152	136 431 669 484 191	75 213 333 290 167	61 218 336 194 24	4 12 19 69 162	3 4 8 15 42	1 8 11 54 120	2 3 7 11	1 4 3	2 2 3 8
cs		20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 over.	956 755 513 280 140	485 394 289 161 92	471 361 22+ 119 48	187 20 11 6 1	161 28 11 6	26 2	692 603 348 173 83	286 323 230 127 71	406 280 118 46 12	77 122 154 101 56	38 43 48 28 29	39 79 106 73 36
	ti	ris- an. 30-45 50-60	3 2 1	1 1		t 1	1 1	 	2 1 1	1 1	1 3			* *
		0-1 1-5 5-10	60 3 3 4	27 3 2	33 3 2 3	21 3 3 4	15 3 "" 2	6  3 2	24	10	14	15	2	13
	-	10-15	10 3	7 3	172	3	2 5 3	1	4	2	2		***	***
	3 4	80-40 40-50 50-60	11 12 3 3	3 2 5 1	5 9 7 2 2	1	= i		4 7 6 2 1	2 1 4 1	2 6 2 1 1	6 1	i	3 3 5 1 1 1
	Anin	nist	15,718	8.156	7,562	8,052	4,453	3,599	6,603	3,350	3,253	1.063	353	710
	1	0-1 1-5 5-10 0-15 5-20	306 2,500 3,178 1,673 954	163 1,165 1,651 956 518	143 1,335 1,527 717 436	306 2,474 3,098 1,423 423	163 1,158 1,530 £65 378	143 1,316 1,468 557 45	15 72 242 471	7 21 90 134	8 51 152 337	"11 8 8 60	6	11 8 8 8 54
	3	20-30 10-40 10-50 10-60 over.	2,318 2,336 1,303 663 487	1,079 1,225 783 386 230	1,239 1,111 520 277 257	225 53 42 6 2	150 33 35	35 20 7 6 2	1,990 2,111 1,042 465 195	826 1,110 676 330 156	1,164 1,001 366 135 39	103 172 219 192 290	63 82 72 56 74	40 90 147 136 216

### TABLE VII.-Age, Sex and Civil Condition-

IT			A - 100 - 14			la va		-		-	1		
District.	Age.	P	OPULATION		U	NMARRIED			MARRIED.		,	VIDOWED	
a		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
E	2	3	4 -	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
П	All Reli-	269,627	195,548	174,079	162,260	99,290	62,970	158,793	80,052	78,741	48.574	16,206	32,368
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	7,800 40,855 60,678 -14,393 20,575	4,237 20,046 31,197 26,099 16,459	3,563 20,809 29,481 18,294 13,116	7,647 39,682 56,231 31,283 10,410	4,165 19,624 29,949 22,154 9,322	3,482 20,058 26,242 9,129 1,088	1,003 3,902 12,416 17,996	58 385 1,081 3,666 6,609	67 618 2,821 8,750 11,387	18 170 543 694 1,169	4 37 127 279 528	14 133 418 415
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over-	60,508 54,991 36,205 18,877 15,745	31,232 30,352 19,965 9,313 6,648	29,276 24,639 16,240 9,564 9,097	9,311 4,314 1,791 847 744	8,035 3,353 1,395 664 589	1,276 961 396 183 155	46,004 40,691 22,914 8,929 4,803	20,616 22,780 14,835 6,348 3,664	25,388 17,911 8,079 2,581 1,139	5,193 9,986 11,500 9,101 10,198	2,581 4,219 3,735 2,301 2,395	5,612 5,767 7,763 6,800 7,803
	Hindu.	338,718	179,500	159,218	147,548	90,981	56,567	145.759	73,332	72,427	45.4)1	15,187	30,224
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	7,206 36,571 55,201 40,949 27,246	3,939 18,068 28,470 24,103 15,198	3,267 18,503 26,731 16,846 12,048	7,068 35,536 51,121 28,722 9,451	3,874 17,690 27,384 20,436 8,552	3,194 17,846 23,737 8,286 899	123 868 3,569 11,597 16,710	62 343 972 3.406 6,153	61 525 2,597 8,191 10,557	15 167 511 630 1,085	3 35 114 261 493	12 132 397 369 592
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over.	55,743 50,487 33,425 17,455 14,435	28,826 27,962 18,320 8,542 6,072	26,917 22,525 15,105 8,913 8,363	8,593 3,987 1,637 7,56 677	7,490 3,137 1,283 600 535	1,103 850 354 156 142	42,326 37,157 20,937 8,151 4,321	18,941 20,842 13,507 5,790 3,316	23,385 16,315 7,430 2,341 1,005	4,824 9,343 10,851 8,548 9,437	2,395 3,983 3,530 2,152 2,221	2,429 5,360 7,321 6,396 7,216
	Musal- man.	8,174	4.451	3,723	3,399	2,143	1,256	3,624	1,305	1,719	1.151	403	748
3.	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	164 766 1,065 951 661	88 388 566 536- 373	76 378 500 415 288	160 750 1,005 709 211	86 381 553 470 255	74 369 453 239 36	1 15 54 227 348	1 7 12 60 105	8 42 167 243	3 1= 0 15 22	1  1 6 13	2 1 5 9 9
NARWAR	20 30 30 40 40-50 50-60 60 & over.	1,472 1,234 862 548 450	826 682 513 302 177	646 552 3.49 246 273	288 104 53 22 16	255 82 40 15 6	33 22 13 7 10	1,077 890 569 282 361	507 497 394 217 105	570 393 175 65 56	107 240 240 244 273	64 103 79 70 66	43 137 161 174 207
	Christian.	1	1	Z	1	1					100	***	
	Jain.	2,856	1.509	1,347	1,295	820	475	1,078	521	557	483	168	315
The second	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	69 273 364 310 234	28 128 201 163 120	41 145 163 147 114	65 237 311 200 113	28 125 197 145 80	37 112 114 55 33	4 36 52 106 109	#* 3 4 17 35	4 33 48 89 74	1 1 4 12	 1 5	 1 3 7
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over-	571 388 284 186 177	287 224 173 107 76	284 164 109 79 101	173 88 37 39 32	101 56 25 32 31	72 32 12 7 1	340 216 135 55 25	150 144 102 48 18	190 72 33 7 7	58 84 112 92 120	36 24 48 27 27	22 60 64 65 93
-	Animist.	19,845	10,071	9,774	10,031	5,338	4,663	8,317	4,286	4,031	1,527	447	1,080
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	360 3,241 4,042 2,178 1,432	182 1,461 1,958 1,296 767	178 1,780 2,084 882 665	353 3,155 3,789 1,649 554	177 1,427 1,853 1,103 434	176 1,728 1,936 546 120	7 84 226 484 828	5 32 93 182 316	2 52 133 302 512	27 45	- 2 12 11	  15 34
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over.	2,722 2,874 1,630 686 680	1,293 1,477 955 362 320	1,429 1,397 675 324 360	237 131 64 30 19	189 74 47 17 17	68 57 17 13 2	2,261 2,424 1 270 439 294	1,018 1,294 830 293 223	1,243 1,130 440 146 71	204 319 296 217 367	17 86 109 78 52 80	33 118 210 218 165 287

#### Part B .- Details for Districts-(contd.)

1		P	OPULATIO	N.	υ	NMARRIED			MARRIED.	11.7	V	VIDOWE	De .
District.	Age.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females,
1	2	3	4	3	6	7	8	9	10	n	12	13	14
1	All Reli-	384,088	201,381	182,704	166,422	98,119	68,303	169.368	86,541	82,827	48.298	16,724	31,574
-	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	7,610 41,086 65,752 46,342 29,615	3,915 20,633 33,342 27,172 15,497	3,695 20,453 32,010 19,170 14,118	7,564 39,349 61,661 32,263 10,044	3,883 19,258 32,069 22,856 8,088	3,681 20,091 29,592 9,409 1,956	1,675 3,400 13,140 18,463	31 1,350 1,100 4,029 6,896	13 325 2,300 9,111 11,567	62 291 937 1,108	25 173 287 513	1 37 118 650 595
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over.	64,031 56,742 36,831 20,165 16,314	32,655 30,310 19,668 9,971 8,220	31,375 26,432 17,163 10,194 8,094	8,815 3,753 1,666 808 497	7,115 2,691 1,133 625 401	1,700 1,062 533 183 96	49,711 42,962 23,334 40,289 6,350	22,999 23,415 14,655 6,792 5,274	26,712 19,547 8,679 3,497 1,076	5,505 10,027 11,831 9,068 9,467	2,542 4,204 3,880 2,554 7,545	2,962 5,823 7,951 6,514 6,922
	Hindu.	338,429	177.762	160.662	145,741	86,420	59,321	148,879	76,200	72.679	43,809	15,142	28.667
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	6,712 35,732 37,900 41,019 26,261	3,445 18,232 29,582 24,249 13,700	3.267 17,500 28 318 16,770 12,564	6,667 34,037 54,354 28 234 8,705	3,414 16,872 28,418 20,283 6,988	3,253 17,185 26,136 7,951 1,717	43 1,615 3,079 11,891 16,575	30 1,335 998 3,693 6,251	280 2,081 8,198 10,324	2 60 267 894 984	1 25 166 273 461	1 35 101 621 523
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over.	56,176 49,984 32,106 17,830 14,506	28,612 26,796 17,01, 8,586 7,350	27,364 23,188 15,296 9,244 7,156	7,656 3,323 1,431 679 435	6,248 2,367 945 515 370	1,408 956 486 164 65	43,538 37,499 20,106 8,973 5,560	20,265 29,603 12,546 5,794 4,685	23,273 16,896 7,560 3,179 875	4.982 9,162 10,769 8,178 8.511	2,299 5,826 3,519 2,277 2,295	2.683 5,336 7,250 5,901 6,216
	Musal-	15,700	8,369	7,391	6,860	3.941	2,919	7,090	3,716	3,374	1.750	652	1.098
	man, 0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	290 1,582 2,331 1,832 1 213	166 663 1,144 1,020 642	124 917 1,187 812 571	290 1,553 2,207 1,445 521	166 660 1,111 930 429	124 893 1,096 515 92	28 117 372 648	5 29 89 195	23 88 283 453	1 7 15 44	 4 1 18	 1 3 14 26
e e	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	2,810 2,236 1,722 898 786	1,425 1,246 1,025 576 400	1,385 990 697 322 386	490 192 78 66 18	362 141 73 59 10	128 51 5 7 8	2,103 1,726 1,208 520 368	953 961 809 410 265	1,150 765 399 110 103	217 318 436 312 400	110 144 143 107 125	157 174 293 205 275
1 S A	Christian. 1-5 5-10 15-20 20-30 30-40 40-70	38 4 2 2 2 22 3 5	24 1  15 3	14 3 2 2 2 7	15 4 2  8 1	9 1 , 7 1	6 3 2 1 	21 2 14 2	13  8 2 3	8 2 6	2	2	1 11111
I	Jain.	5,527	2,924	2,603	2,454	1,503	951	2,218	1,097	1,121	855	324	531
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	111 503 728 598 468	70 228 367 314 - 250	41 275 361 284 218	110 500 701 450 185	69 227 357 301 171	41 273 344 149 15	1 3 21 143 263	1 1 9 12 74	" 2 12 131 188	 6 5 20	 1 1 5	 5 4 15
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over-	1,076 753 570 432 288	556 394 337 271 137	520 359 233 161 151	259 80 87 45 35	191 53 77 42 15	68 27 10 5 21	721 512 272 199 84	330 27: 17: 157 68	391 237 102 42 16	96 161 211 188 168	35 66 90 72 54	61 95 121 116 114
i	Animist.	€ 24,196	12,232	11,964	11,277	6,188	5,089	11,050	5,444	5,606	1,869	600	1,269
-	0-1 1-5 3-10 10-15 15-20	494 3,254 4,175 E 2,888 1,649	231 1,504 2,240 1,586 892	263 1,750 2,135 1,302 757	494 3,224 4,183 2,132 623	231 1,495 2,174 1,339 491	263 1,729 2,009 793 132	29 181 733 966	9 64 235 372	20 117 498 594	 1 11 23 60	 2 12 29	 1 9 11 31
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over-	3,880 3,733 2,201 996 726	1,790 1,848 1,275 534 332	2,090 1,885 926 462 394	375 152 68 18 8	283 124 36. 9	92 28 32 9	3,295 3,196 1,721 592 337	1,409 1,557 1,114 428 256	1,886 1,639 607 164 81	210 385 412 386 381	98 167 125 97 70	112 218 287 289 311

### TABLE VII.-Age, Sex and Civil Condition-

1		1									-	-	
1	Age.	1	OPULATIO:		t	NMARRIE	D.		MARRIED	N LUI		MIDOWE	D.
1 District		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons-	Males.	Females -	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	All Re-	111-211-211-1	130,252	117,415	101,744	60,027	41,717	116,276	60.234	56,042	29,647	9,991	19,656
1	0-1 1.5 5-10	5,465 25,414 39,111	2,893 12,420 20,524	2,572 12,994 18,587	5,452 24,772 36,379	2,886 12,156 19,983	2,566 12,616 16,395	12 577 2,511	7 226 464	351 2,047	65 221	38 77	1 27 144
1	10-15 15-20	33,359 19,390	17,248 10,613	16,111 8,777	21,817 5,324	13,527 4,824	8,290 500	11.121 13,446	3,561 5,542	7,560 7,904	421 620	160 247	261 373
1	20-30 30-40 40-50	42,344 38,602 24,259	21,202 21,482 13,477	21,142 17,120 10 782	4,710 1,870 833	3,974 1,595 633	736 275 200	33,831 29,961 16,049	15,713 17,314 10,556	18,118 12,647 5,493	3,803 6,771 7,377	1,515 2,573 2,288	2,288 4,198 5,089
1	50-60 60 & over	11,765 7,958	6,474 3,919	5,291 4,039	376 211	296 153	80 58	5,983 2,785	4,491 2,360	1,492 425	5,40 <b>5</b> 4,962	1,687 1,406	3,719 3,556
1	Hindu	226,494	119,032	107,462	92,680	54,755	37,925	106,378	55,049	51,329	27,436	9,228	18,208
1	0-1 1-5	4.978 23,116	2,640 11,300	2,338 11,816	4,965 22,517	2,633 11,052	2,332 11,455	12 538	7 203	5 335	1 61		1 26
1	5.10 10-15 15-20	35,753 30,961 17,466	18,826 15,944 9,334	16,927 15,017 8,132	33,176 20,076 4,731	18,333 12,389 4,339	14,843 7,687 392	2,363 10,489 12,168	421 3,401 4,764	1,942 7,088 7,404	214 396 567	72 154 231	142 242 336
	20-30 30-40 40-50	38,615 35,454 22,192	19,474 19,861 12,247	19,141 15,593 9,945	4,224 1,698 750	3,555 1,463 561	669 235	30,845 27,429	14,513 15,985	16,332 11,444 25,043	3,546 6,327 6,796	1,406 2,413 2,083	2,140 3,914 4,713
-	50-60 60 & over	10,727 7,232	5,879 3,527	4,818 3,705	346 197	275 145	189 71 52	14,646 5.402 2,486	9,603 4,049 2,103	31,353 383	4,979 4,549	1,555	3,424
	Musal-	12,232	6,638	5,594	5,169	3,064	2,105	5,699	3,087	2,612	1,364	487	877
	0-1 1-5 5-10	276 1,227 1,863	145 602 950	131 625 913	276 1,193	145 579	131 614	30	20	10		3	1
1	10-15 15-20	1,340 1,322	734 1,005	606 317	1,782 1,008 393	926 653 325	856 355 68	74 317 907	19 78 673	55 239 234	7 15 22	5 3 7	12 15
	20-30 30-40 40-50	2,206 1,715 1,172	1,032 860 685	1,174 855 487	325 114 50	294 87 41	31 27 9	1,728 1,330 776	670 666 523	1,058 664 253	153 271 346	68 107 121	85 164 225
ILSA	50 & over	665 446	. 685 381 244	284 202	17 11	8	9 5	365 172	282 156	83 16	283 263	91 82	192
BHI	Chris-	33	21	12	18	12	6	14	8	6	1	1	***
	0-1 1-5 5-10	9 2	3 7	2 2	3 9 2 3	3 7	2		7.	=	77	***	
	10-15	3 2	2	2	3	2	1	" 1		1		***	
П	20-30 30-40 40-50	5 3 1	3 2	2 2 1	77	111	***	5 3	3 2	2 2 1	100		
1	50-50 50 & over	i	1		***		***	1	1	2.0	1	1	
П	Jain. 0-1	1,923	1,676	847 17	728	486	242	847	476	371	348	114	234
	1-5 5-10 10-15	144 221 257	60 110 147	84 111 110	35 141 208 172	18 60 109	17 81 99	3 13		3 12	227	111	**
	15-20 20-30	184 369	96 223	88	66	132 65 58	40	103	15 26	65 77	15	5	10
	30-40 40-50 50-60	274 217 121	168 127 70	106 90 51	21 17 9	18 17 9	3	264 185 118	151 133 84	113 52 34	46 68 82	14 17 26	32 51 56
H	0 & over	101	57	44				47 34	38 28	6	65 67	23 29	38
H	Animist.	6,924	3 453	3,471	3,122 173	1(1,696	11.426 84	3,313	1,600	1,713	489	157	332
	1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	913 1,261 793 408	447 633 419 173	466 628 374 235	907 1,200 553 129	610 349	463 590 204	61 235	3 23 67	3 38 168	5	3	2
1	20-30 30-40	1,141	465 587	676 557	100	91 66 27	38 34	984	373	611	16 57	26	31
68	40-50 50-60 0 & over	669 246 176	411 140 89	258 106 87	16 4 3	14 4 2	10 2 1	1,004 504 163	524 341 118	480 163 45	103 149 79	36 56 18	67 93 61
-	- 1		P. BEST		/ 1			95	73	20	80	14	56

## Part B.-Details for Districts.-(contd.)

17.000			1 9	POPULATIO	N.	1	Carrie in marrie				-			
	District	Age.		I .	1		UNMARRIED			MARRIED.			Winown	D,
1	D		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Maies.	Females
1	1	2	3	4	.5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
		All Re-	344,218	179,347	164,871	124,727	78,057	46,670	167,343	85,182	82,161	52,148	16,108	36,040
		0-1 1-5 5-10	8,619 33,404	4,394 16,340	4,225 17,064	8,502 32,314	4,352 15,989	4,150 16,325 18.698	104 999	38 316	66 683	13 91	4 35	9 56
		10-15 15-20	48,237 38,728 24,225	24,420 21,860 12,817	23,817 16,868 11,408	41,646 22,366 6,925	22,948 16,832 6,335	18.698 5,534 590	6,182 15,501 16,353	1,342 4,691 6 139	4,840 10,810 10,214	409 861	130 337	279 524
1	ı	20.30 30-40	56,639 55,868	28,845 29,531	27,794 26,337	6,893 3,117	6:264	629	44,911	20,684	24,227	947 4,835 10,948	343 1,897	2,938
		40-50 50-60 60 & over.	55,868 38,200 21,435	20,566 10,937	17,634 10,498	1,629 691	2,784 1,424 599	333 205 92	41,803 23,922 10,394	23,076 15,415 7,622	18.727 8,507 2,772	10,948 12,649 10,350	3,671 3,727 2,716	7,277 8,922 7,634
			18,863	9,637	9,226	644	530	114	7,174	5,859	1,315	11,045	3,248	7,797
1		Hindu.	299.888	155,795	144,093	107,032	67,234	39,798	146,195	74,234	71,961	46,661	14,327	32,334
1	1	0-1 1-5 5-10	7,582 29,113 42,233	3,836 14,255 21,388	3,746 14,858 20,845	7,474 28,168	3,796 13,948	3,678 14,220	96 873	37 279	59 594	12 72	3 28	9
	1	10-15 15-20	33,878 20,821	19,032 11,090	14,846 9,731	36,102 18,738 5,678	20,032 14,376 5,256	16.070 4,362 422	5,763 14,344 14,300	1,242 4,349 5,524	4,521 9,995 8,776	368 796 843	114 307 310	254 489 533
İ	1	20-30 30-40	48,501 49,095	24,870 25,707	23,931 23,388	5,627 2,675	5,152 2,424	47.5 251	38,868 36,435	18,018	20,850 16,436	4,306	1,700	2,606 6,701
1	le	40-50 50-60 0 & over-	33,411 18,563 16,391	17.901 9,446 8,270	15,510 9,117 8,121	2,675 1,421 596 553	2,424 1,261 523 466	160 73 87	20,621 8,804	19,999 13,311 6,514	7,310 2,290	9,985 11,369 9,163 9,747	3,284 3,329 2,409	8,040 6,754
1	ł				H1785		****	0/	6,091	4,961	1,130	9,747	2,843	6,904
ı	ı	Musal- man. 0.1	32,771	17,432	15,339	12,987	7,838	5.149	15,903	8,301	7,602	3,881	1,293	2,588
1	ı	1-5 5-10 10-15	719 3,060 4.320	359 1,489 2,122	369 1,571 2,198	710 2,970 4,007	357 1,460 2,049	353 1,510 1,958	8 76 284	23	7 53	1 14	1 6	 8 18
1	1	15-20	3,580 2,564	2,080 1,304	1,500	2,746 956	1,809 821	937 135	782 1,539	62 246 456	222 536 1,083	29 52 69	11 25 27	27 42
1	-	20-30 35-40 40-50	5,883 5,021	3,025 2,864	2,858 2,157	1,004 304	886 244	118	4,486 4,065	1,983 2,341	2,503 1,724	393 652	156 279	237 373
AIN	6	30-60 0 & o ver	3,541 2,176 1,907	1,967 1,141 1,081	1,574 1,035 826	151 64 75	112 48 52	39 1 16 1 23	2,528 1,271 864	1,590 877 722	938 394 142	862 841	265 216 307	597 625 661
THE	1	Chris-				-		!		100		968	307	
ı		tian. 0-1	259 16	144	115	147	92	55	101	47	54	11	5	6
	l	1.5 5-10 - 10-15	28 42 32	17 22	11 20 14	28 42	17 22	6 11 20	***		-	7		
1		20-30	17	18	4	30	18 12	12	3	1	2 2	1	==	" 1
1		30-40 40-50	16	21 25 12	22 24 4	14 2 1	10	1	27 46 14	23	18 23	2 1	2	
1	6	50-60 0 & over.	12	4 2	8 2	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		7 2	10 3 1	4 4	5 1	1	4
1	P	Jain.	4,410	2,447	1,963	1.732	1,242	490	1,823	926	897	855	279	576
		0-1 1-5 5-10	129 368 484	88 196	41 172 175	129 357	88 193	41 164	10	3	7	1	-	
	ŀ	10-15 15-20	468 399	309 280 202	188	462 354 150	300 261 141	93	18 111 223	7 19 60	11 92 163	4 3 26	2	2 3 25
	3	20-30 30-40	803 602	436 317	367	145	133	12	584 390	287	297	74	16	58
	60	40-50 50-60 & over.	554 341 262	307 172 140	285 247 169 122	37 22	36 20	2	284 132	208 188 94	182 96 38	146 233 187	83 58	99 150 129
	A	nimist.	6,816	3,486	3,330	2 701	8	2	71	60	- 11	181	72	109
1		0-1 1-5	172 828	101	71	2,791	1,628	71	3,290	1,655	1.635	735	203	532
		5-10 10-15 15-20	762	381 575 446	447 577 316	784 1.027 492	369 541 366	415 486 126	40 117 260	11 31 75	29	4 8	3	3 55
		20-30	1,094	482	612	98	79	23	286	98	185	8	5	5 5 3
	H	30-40 40-50 50-60	1,088 664 340	611 369 174	477 295 166	65	50 10 7	19 15 5	936 859 470	380 501 312	556 358 158	60 164 179	23 60 47	37 104 132
-	50	& over-	295	140	155	8	7	1 2	178 144	134	31	154 148	33 26	121 122

#### TABLE VII,-Age, Sex and Civil Condition-

		P	OPULATIO	N.	υ	NMARRIED			MARRIED.		7	VIDOWEL	,
District.	Age.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	3	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	All Re-	237,745	122,645	115,100	90,149	55,127	35,022	112,225	56,391	55,834	35,371	11,127	24,244
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-23	5,294 23,546 37,273 28,656 18,958	2,806 12,107 19,443 15,784 10,819	2,488 11,439 17,830 12,872 8,139	5,061 21,526 31,154 17,297 3,611	2,655 11,088 17,077 11,858 4,924	2,406 10,438 14,077 5,439 687	210 1,884 5,795 10,615 12,568	146 983 2,237 3,721 5,587	64 901 3.558 6,894 6,981	23 136 324 744 779	36 129 205 308	18 100 195 539 471
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	32,944 38,346 26,286 15,434 11,008	15,701 19,795 13,811 7,091 5,288	17,243 18,551 12,475 8,343 5,720	4,489 2,761 1,193 559 498	3,825 2,090 867 405 338	664 671 326 154 160	25,421 28,524 16,208 7,245 3,755	10,581 15,079 10,258 4,817 2,982	14,840 13,445 5,950 2,428 773	3,034 7,061 8,885 7,630 6,755	1,295 2,626 2,686 1,869 1,968	1,739 4,435 6,199 5,761 4,787
	Hindu.	195,729	100,809	94,920	72,253	44.586	27,667	93,416	46,766	46,650	30,060	9,457	20,503
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	4,322 19,277 30,978 23,626 15,669	2,311 10,074 16,294 13,186 9,008	2,011 9,203 14,684 10,440 6,661	4,124 17,437 25,332 13,608 4,315	2,169 9,121 14,055 9,636 3,780	1,955 8,316 11,277 3,972 535	184 1,734 5,381 9,344 10,658	137 923 2,127 3,363 4,950	47 811 3,254 5,981 5,708	14 106 265 674 696	5 30 112 187 278	9 76 153 487 418
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	26,388 31,947 21,764 12,800 8,938	12,365 16,405 11,276 5,668 4,222	14,023 15,542 10,488 7,132 4,736	3,337 2,299 934 448 419	2,819 1,725 668 324 289	518 574 266 124 130	20,480 23,655 13,277 5,836 2,867	8,448 12,439 8,320 3,801 2,258	12,032 11,216 4,957 2,035 609	2,571 5,993 7,553 6,516 5,672	1,098 2,241 2,288 1,543 1,675	1,473 3,752 5,265 4,973 3,997
П	Musal-	20,987	10,952	10,035	8,945	5,191	3,754	9,451	4,911	4,540	2,591	850	1,741
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	530 2,055 3,167 2,552 1,509	244 1,027 1,612 1,322 835	286 1,028 1,555 1,230 674	518 1,974 2,958 1,976 626	241 994 1,553 1,152 551	277 980 1,405 824 75	8 68 175 546 841	3 29 50 166 266	5 39 125 380 575	4 13 34 30 42	4 9 4 18	4 5 25 26 24
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	3,293 3,174 2,204 1,329 1,174	1,657 1,669 1,222 743 621	1,636 1,505 982 586 553	522 178 101 49 43	439 133 73 34 21	83 45 28 15 22	2,544 2,535 1,501 724 509	1,111 1,359 974 535 418	1,433 1,176 527 189 91	227 461 602 556 622	107 177 175 174 182	120 284 427 382 440
MANDA	Chris-	918	629	289	678	519	159	217	105	112	23	- 5	18
M A	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	28 61 81 56 191	16 28 28 9 175	12 33 53 47 16	27 58 80 51 185	15 27 28 8 173	12 31 52 43 12	1 3 1 5 6	1 1 1 2	2 1 4 4		***	1
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	329 106 40 15 11	269 70 22 7 5	60 36 18 8 6	246 25 5 	239 24 4	7 1 1	82 79 28 9 3	30 43 17 5 3	52 34 11 4	1 2 7 6 7	" 1 1 2 1	1 1 6 4 6
H	Jain.	7,756	3,980	3,776	3,102	1.939	1,163	3,223	1,568	1,655	1,431	473	958
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	176 615 964 863 638	99 291 447 468 291	37 324 517 395 344	169 585 907 686 207	97 279 433 437 197	72 306 474 249 10	19 44 160 410	2 11 10 25 92	2 8 34 135 318	3 11 13 17 21	1 4 6 5	3 10 9 11 16
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	1,216 1,323 1,011 603 347	608 693 568 340 172	608 630 443 263 175	227 162 98 43 18	213 142 88 38 15	14 20 10 5 3	853 828 508 271 126	* 355 440 341 192 100	498 388 167 79 26	136 333 405 289 203	111 139 110 57	96 222 266 179 146
	Animist.	12,230	6,219	6,011	5,092	2,862	2,230	5,880	3.018	2,862	1,258	339	19
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	235 1,525 2,080 1,543 945	134 680 1,060 791 303	101 845 1,020 752 440	220 1,459 1,873 963 270	131 660 1,006 620 220	89 799 867 343 50	13 60 195 557 653	3 19 50 163 276	10 41 145 394 377	2 6 12 23 20	1 4 8 7	2 5 8 15
-	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	1,696 1,769 1,251 679 509	794 949 715 331 262	902 820 536 348 247	142 83 48 18 16	117 62 32 9 11	31 21 16 9 5	1,455 1,415 887 399 246	633 702 601 282 199	822 623 286 117 47	99 271 316 262 247	50 95 82 40 52	49 176 234 222 195

### Part B.—Details for Districts.—(contd.)

T	110	P	OPULATION		υ	NMARRIE	D.	3	SARRIED.	J. Parl	1	VIDOWEI	).
District	Age,	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	3	6	7	8	9	16	11	12	13	14
	All Re-	304,987	157,843	147,144	109,688	68,652	41,036	147,327	73,593	73,734	47,972	15,598	32,374
	0-1 1-5 5-10	8,067 28,831 44,008	4,134 14,286 22,759	3,933 14,545 21,249	7,986 27,964 36,936	4,116 14,040 20,618	3,870 13,924 16,318	79 763 6,671	18 203 2,012 4,393	560 4,639 10,151	101 401 1,196	43 129 681	2 61 272 515
1	10-15 15-20 20-30	34,141 19,504 46,089	18,406 10,188 22,866	15,735 9,316 23,223	18,401 5,450 5,960	13,332 4,957 5,390	5,069 493 570	14,544 13,128 36,062	4,941	8,187 20,006	926	290	2,647
1	30-40 40-50 50-60	49,113 36,980 19,504	25,397 19,090 10,593	23,716 17,890 8,911	3,436 2,099 795	3,109 1,853 695	327 246 100	36,314 22,446 10,043	18,928 13,695 7,350	17,386 8,751 2,693	9,363 12,435 8,666	3,360 3,542 2,548	6,003 8,893 6,118
	60 & over	18,750	10,124	8,626	661	542	119	7,277	5,997	1,280	10,812	3,585	7,227
1	Hindu.	270,943	140,182	130,761	95,522	60.266	35,256 3,448	132,378	65,000 16	66,378 55	43,043,	13,916	29,127
	1.5 5-10 10-15	\$7,170 25,305 38,796 30,288	3,667 12,482 20,005 16,333	3,503 12,823 18,791 13,955	7,099 24,553 32,104 15,656	3,651 12,291 17,985 11,581	12,262 14,119 4,075	678 6,331 13,504	172 1,907 4,095	506 4,424 9,409	74 361 1,128	19 113 657	55 248 471
H	15-20 20-30	17,357	9,042	8,315 20,551	4,639 5,114	4,292	347 370	11,863 31,959	14,196	7,378	855 3,684	265 1,266	2,418
I	30-40 40-50 50-50	44,139 33,287 17,206	22,878 17,169 9,401	21,261 16,118 7,805	3,152 1,934 705	2,883 1,734 622	269 200 83	32,519 20,065 8,894	16,931 12,265 6,558	15,588 7.800 2,336	8,468 11,288 7,607 9,578	3,064 3,170 2,221 3,141	5,40+ 8,118 5,386 6,347
	60 &over.	16,638	8,999	7,639	566	483	83	6,494	5,375	1,119	3/3/9	3,141	0,5,7
	Musal-	23,390	12,142	11,248	10,045	5,777	4,268	10,152	5,225	4,927	3,193	1,140	2,053
I	man. 0-1 1-5	580 2,399	299 1,193	281 1,206	575 2,318	298 1,147	277 1,171	5 55	1 23	4 32	26 22	<sub>23</sub>	3 11
R.	5-10 10-15 15-20	3,790 2,661 1,496	2,009 1,415 800	1,781 1,246 696	3,570 1,973 613	1,925 1,208 486	1,645 765 127	198 651 842	73 199 297	125 452 545	37 41	8 17	29 24
APU	20-30 30-40 40-50	3,684 3,278 2,466	1,862 1,663 1,279	1,822 1,615 1,187	624 172 87	448 129 61	176 43 26	2,827 2,546 1,649	1,297 1,346 969	1,530 1,200 680	730	117 188 249	116 372 481
SHAJ	50.60 60 & over.	1,554	816 806	738 676	62 51	50 25	12 26	772 607	546 474	226 133	720 824	220 307	500
	Chris	2	2		2	2			One of		10		
1	20-30	2	2		2	2	***					7224	12 344
1													
1	Jain.	4,346	2,300	2,046	1,763	1,190	573	1,755	838	917	828	272	556
1	0-1 1-5 5-10	126 415 469	66 253 231	60 162 238	123 408 454	66 247 225	57 61 229	1 6 11	3 6	1 3	1 4	· 1 · 4	4
1	10-15 15-20 20-30	483 304 736	281 169	202 133	365 112	264 109 123	101	108 178 533	13 57 245	95 121 288	10 14 74	12	62
1	30-40 40-50 50-60	645 492 375	326 263 166	356 319 229 209	129 75 51 19	72 41 18	10 10	405 250 186	201 154 95	204 96 91	165 191 170	53 68 53	112 123 117
1	60 & over	301	165	136	27=	25	2	77	63	15	197	78	119
1	Animist.	6,284	3,197	3,687	2,353	1,414	939	3,024	1,514	1,510	907	269	638
1	0-1 1-5	191 712	102 358	89 354	189 685	101 355	88 330	2 24	1 3	1 21	3		3 0
1	5-10 10-15 15-20	953 709 341	514 377 172	439 332 169	808 407 85	483 279 69	325 128 16	131 281 240	26 86 98	105 195 142	14 21 16	5 12 5	9 11
-	20-30 30-40 40-50	901 1,045 735	407 525 379	494 520 356	89 37 27	71 25 17	18 12 10	736 639 482	311 446 307	425 393 175	76 169 226	25 54 35	51 115 171
1	50-60 60 & over	368 329	209 154	159 175	9 17	5 9	4 8	190	150 86	40 13	169 213	54 59	115 154

## Table VII.—Age, Sex and Civil Condition—Part B.—Details for Districts.—(concld.)

	VI	Po	PULATION		ı	INMARRIES		91,	MARRIED.	1817	v	VIDOWED	
District.	Age.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
1	2	3 .	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	All Reli-	136,520	68,985	67,535	62,149	35,142	27,007	60,345	29,434	30,911	14,026	4,409	9,617
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	3,573 16,553 23,465 15,252 9,174	1,839 7,785 11,811 8,187 4,839	1,734 8,768 11,654 7,065 4,335	3,536 16,042 21,968 11,612 4,236	1,830 7,577 11,312 7,221 3,364	1,706 8,465 10,656 4,391 872	36 469 1,367 3,436 4,686	8 200 461 897 1,354	28 269 906 2,539 3,332	1 42 130 204 252	1 8 38 69 121	34 92 135 131
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over.	22,343 20,648 13,268 6,497 5,747	10,422 10,800 7,193 3,419 2,690	11,921 9,848 6,075 3,078 3,057	2,907 941 415 180 312	2,417 737 328 143 213	490 204 87 37 99	18,064 16,762 9,644 3,623 2,258	7,374 8,942 5,892 2,558 1,748	- 10,690 7,820 3,752 1,065 510	1,372 2,945 3,209 2,694 3,177	631 1,121 973 718 729	741 1,824 2,236 1,976 2,448
	Hindu.	62,654	31,516	31,138	24,290	14,689	9,601	29,910	14,255	15,655	8,454	2,572	5,882
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	1,595 6,386 9,581 7,146 4,569	807 3,108 4,821 3,735 2,339	788 3.278 4.760 3.411 2,230	1,575 6,032 8,464 4,358 1,593	805 2,972 4,472 3,051 1,469	770 3,060 3,992 1,307 124	29 332 1,034 2,639 2,899	134 322 634 812	18 198 712 2,005 1,997	22 83 149 167	2 27 50 58	20 36 99 109
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over.	10,944 9,947 6,407 3,016 3,063	5,197 5,113 3,386 1,619 1,391	5,747 4,834 3,021 1,397 1,672	1,290 438 240 91 209	1,124 371 197 79 149	166 67 43 12 60	5,781 7,601 4,239 1,477 978	3,726 4,084 2,609 1,133 799	5,055 3,517 1,630 344 179	873 1,908 1,928 1,448 1,876	347 658 580 407 443	526 1,250 1,348 1,041 1,433
	Musal-	5,759	3,042	2,717	2,598	1,564	1,034	2,494	1,267	1,227	667	211	456
THERA.	man. 0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	143 639 866 717 416	85 313 474 395 217	38 326 392 322 199	142 532 832 563 193	84 311 458 352 166			2 15 43 48	3 7 104 168	12	1 1 3	2 11 7
WV	20-20 30-10 40-50 50-60 60 & over	1,006 857 572 289 254	496 469 311 165 117	261 124	165 45 12 8 6	140 34 8 8	11	684 391 160	324 377 259 119 80	307 132 41	128 169 121	32 58 44 38 34	32 70 125 83 122
i								3	3			1	
-	20-30 30-40	3	1		***			1 2	1		2	***	12
-	Jain.	1 ,911	1,027	884	813	541	271	763	377	386	335	109	226
	0-1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	46 150 233 224 144	21 78 126 147 69	72 107 77	149 220 189	78 123 141	71 97 45	 13 29	3 5 14	24	6	1	" 1 " 5
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	223	151 190 113 94 38	144 110 47	57 12 19	39 12 19	18		126 77 47	80 51	40 71 83	15 25 24 28 16	25 46 59 41
	Animist	-	33,341	32,730	34,396	18,315		-			100	1,515	3,042
	0.1 1-5 5-10 10-15 15-20	1,786 9,367 12,766 7,155 4,035	926 4 280 6,381 3,903 2,208	5,087 6,385 3,252	12,446	920 4,213 6,257 3,672 1,671	5,008 6,185 2,823	129 285 618	61 114 213	68 171 403	17 35 42	 10 18 60	25 24
	20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60 & over	10,639 9,492 6,056 3,044	4,566 5,020 3,377 1,538 1,142	4,472 2,679 1,506	1,384 395 145 60	288 105 36	107 40 24	8.261 4,884 1,930	3,236 4,352 2,947 1,257 848	5,026 3,909 1,937 673	393 836 1,027 1,054	237 380 325 245 234	156 456 702 809

## TABLE VII.—Age, Sex and Civil Condition—Part C.—Details for the City of Lashkar.

	P	OPULATIO:	٧.	U	N MARR IED.	e e	W. C.	MARRIED.			WIDOWE	Di
Age.	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males.	Females.	persons.	Males.	Females,
1	2	3	4	5	6:	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
All Re-	80,387	44,595	35,792	27,432	17,938	9,494	39,198	21,527	17,671	13,757	5,130	8,627
0-1 1-2 2-3	1,674 1,220 1,446	903 587 761	771 633 685	1,653 1,209 1,411	890 583 743	763 626 668	21 11 31	13 4 16	8 7 15	T. 4	3	2
3.4 4-5	1,567 1,589	740 801	827 788	1,527 1,525	722 769	805 756	32 54	15	17 27	10	3 5	5
Total 0-3	7,496	3,792	3,704	7,325	3,707	3,618	149 384	102	74 282	22 51	70 28	23
10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	7,378 6,526 8,595 7,738	4,304 3,513 4,753 4,612	3,074 3,013 3,842	5,358 2,531 1,923 999	3,808 2,272 1,798 924	1,550 259 125 75	1,922 3,713 6,085 5,946	459 1,119 2,681 3,272	1,463 2,594 3,404	98 282 587 793	37 122 274 416	61 160 313 377
30-35 35-40	8,404 4,768	4 600 2,958	3,126 3,604 1,810	731 292	636 258	35 94	6,397 3,531	3,601 2,267	2,674 2,796 1,264	1,276	563 433	713 512
40-45 45-50 50-55	7,069 2,623 4,908	4,097 1,589 2,713	2,972 1,034 2,195	354 93 156	291 82 119	63 11 37	4,526 1,602 2,456	2,995 1,158 1,857	1,531 444 599	2,189 928 2,296	811 349 737	1,378 579 1,559
55-60 60-65	1,275 3,452	764 1,616	511 1,836	35 98	32 84	3 14	580 1,208	421 970	159 238	660 2,146	311 562	349 1,584
70 & over.	4,647	330 757	281 890	22 53	18	11	218 481	172 378	103	371 1,113	140 337	776
		75.0					-			-10-7		
Hindu.	60,307	33,543	26,764	19,841	13,166	6,675	29,501	16,287	13,214	10.965	4,090	6,875
0-1 1-2 2-3	1,248 914 1,025	671 459 531	9 577 455 494	1,229 905 997	659 455 517	570 450 480	19 9 25	12 4 12	7 5 13	3	2	
3-4 4-5	1,112 1,135	527 570	585 565	1,083 1,085	515 546	568	22 41	19	13 22	7 9	3 3	4.
Tetal 0-5	5,434	2,758	2,676 2,862	5,299 5,439	2,692	2,607 2,627 1,003	116 290	75	215	19	10 22 34	20 945
10-15 15-20 20-25 25-30	5,359 5,031 6,514 5,953	3,163 2,710 3,644 3,574	12,196 2,321 2,870 2,379	3,776 1,858 1,360 735	2,773 1,702 1,295 690	156 65 45	1,504 2,933 4,690 4,578	356 907 2,132 2,571	1,148 2.026 2,558 2,007	79 240 464 640	101 217 313	139 247 327
30-35 35-40	6,384 3,611	3,658 2,239	2,726 1,372	542 230	479 209	63 21	4,783 2,612	2,731 1,682	2,052	1,059	448 348	611 421
40-45 45-50 50-55	5,356 2,006 3,689	3,138 1,158 1,987	[12,218 818 1,692	268 64 108	234 56 84	34 8 24	3,328 1,175 1,765	2,259 841 1,329	1,069 334 436	1,760 767 1,806	645 291 574	1,115 476 1,232
55-60 60-65	985 2,560	598 1,182	387 1,378	28 74	25 61 14	3 10 3	410 838	295 683	115 155	547 1,698	278 435 119	269 1,213 186
70 & over	1,187	254 541	223 616	17 43	37	6	155 324	121 249	75	305 820	255	565
										-	-	
Musat-	18,531	10,181	8,350	7,097	4,440	2,657	8,941	4,819	4,122	2,493	922	1,571
man. 0-1 1-2	412 286	226 117	186 169	410 284	225 117 209	185 167 179	2 2	1	1 2			
2-3 3-4 4-5	395 428 425	213 198 214	182 230 211	388 417 413	192 207	225 206	10 11	6 7	2 4 4	1 1	111	i
Total 0-5	1,946	968	978 978	1,912	950 988	962 910	31 92	18 27	13 65	3 9	6	3
10-15 15-20 20-75	1,904 1,389 1,899	1,085 752 1,017	819 637 882	1,501 632 510	984 537 457	517 95 53	384- 722 1,280	98 195 508	286 527 772	19 35 109	3 20 52	16 15 57
25-30 30-35	1,624	937	687 820	234 169	139	27 30	1,252	639 798	613	128	91	92 77
35-40 40-43 45-50 50-55	1,575 545	639 884 356 669	396 691 189 454	57 77 24 43	45 51 21 31	12 26 3 12	825 1,113 383 648	518 684 284 497	307 429 99 151	153 385 138 432	76 149 51 141	236 87 291
55-60 60-63	255 832	144	111 434	4 21	4 17	4	157 351	114 270	43 81	94 460	26 111	68 349 38
70 & over		71 205	49 225		5	5	56 151	46 123	10 28	39 269	77	192

### TABLE VII.-Age, Sex and Civil Condition-

	P	OPULATIO:	ν,	t	NMARRIED			MARRIED.		1 ,	Widower	No.
Age.	Persons.	Males	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons	Males.	Pemales-	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Chris- tian.	274	158	116	120	74	46	121	75	46	33	9	24
0-1 1-2 2-3 3-4	3 5 5 10	1 1 5 4	4	3 5 5	1 5	4	100 100 100	* 333	5222 5222	***		1
4-5 Total 0-5	10	6	16	10 9 32	5 16	16	- 1	1	344	77	22	***
5-10 10-15	21 12	12 5	9 7	21 12	12 5	9			100	***	***	****
15-20 20-25 25-30	20 26 30	14 14 18	12 12	16 16 9	12 11 8	7 4 5 1	4 10 17	2 3 8	2 7 9		2	2
30-35 35-40 40-45	28 24 23	16 14 12	12 10 11	6 2 3	5 1 1	1 1 2	20 20 14	11 13 8	. 9	2 2	144	2 2
45-50 50-55 55-60	16 14	14 7	2 7	2	2		12 8	12 5	3	6 2 6	2	3 2 4
60-65 63-70 70 & over	9 7 4 7	3 5 2 5	6 2 2 2				3 4 4	2 4 2	2	5 3	71	5 2
							4	4	1818	3.	1	2
Jain. 0-1 1-2	1,097	597	500	308	216 4	92	530	274	256	259	107	152
2-3 3-4 4-5	11 20 15 18	9 12 10 11	2 8 5 7	11 20 15	9 12 10	2 8 5	***			277	***	
Totat U-S	73	46	27	72	46	6 26	1	500 m	1	200.) 100.)	***	****
5-10 10-15 15-20 20-25	87 89 78	43 45 35	44 44 43	85 57 21	43 40 19	42 17 2	32 50	5 15	2 27 35	7	<sub>i</sub>	6
25-30 30-35	130 116	63 74 61	67 42 40	28 16	27 15	1	88 89	31 49	57 40	14	10	1
35-40 40-45 45-50	82 102 50	54 53 25	28 49 25	8 3 6 3 4	7 3 5 3	1 1	69 58 59 27	37 42 34 16	32 16 25 11	24 21 37	17 9 14	7 12 23 14 31
50-55 55-60 60-63	86 22 51	46 15 29	40 7	2 3	3		27 31 7 31	23 7 11	8	20 51 13	6 20 6	7
65-70 70 & over	10 20	3 5	22 7 15	11 A.	3.	75	31 3 1	11 3 1	2	35 7 19	15	20 7 15
Sikh,	32	21	11	14	10	4	18	11	7			
1-2 Total 0-5	1	200	1	1 1	966	7	22	***	***	646	366	m
5-10 10 15 15-20	5 3 3	4 2	1 1 3	5 3 1	4 2	1 1	1000	202	200		***	177
20-25 25-30	1	3 1	1	2	2	3	2 2 1	1 1	2 1	NEWE STATE		11
30-35 35 40 40-45 50-55	5 2 4	4 2 1 2 2	3	1 	1	***	4 2 4	3 2 1	1 3	344	177	244 277
55-60	2 2	2 2		1	fr: 1	==	1 2	1 2		***		12.
Parsi.	57	32	25 1	26	14	12	30	17	13	1	1	
1-2 3-4 4-5	2 1 1	1	2	2 1 1	1	2 3. 1	**** ****			***	禮	
Total 0-5 5-10	5	3 1	4	- 5	T	4			100	1000	1000	194
10-15 15-20 20-21	7 2 3 6 6	1 3	2 2 3	7 2 2 4	3 1 3	2 1 1	1	377				2
25-30	6	1/2	4	1	ī	2.111	5	1	4		-	***

## Part C .- Details for the City of Lashkar .- (contd.)

Age.	Pe	OPULATIO:	۶.	T.	INMARRIE	D.		MARRIED		- 3	VIDOWE	D.
Age	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons:	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	2	8	9	10	11	12	13
Parsi.				- ×	E (1)	1						
30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-55 55-60	10 6 5 3 1 2	8 4 4 2 1 2	2 2 1 1 1		5	4	5 6 5 3 1	3 4 4 2 1	22 1 1 ::	=	= :	
60-63	1	1	444	"3	1000	7"	1	1		220	112	***
Arya.	54	31	23	20	13	7	29	17	12	5	1	4
0·1 1·2 2·3 3·4	1 1 1 1	1 1 3	1	1 1 1 1	1	Z 1				***	***	==
Total 0-5 5-10 10-15	4	2 5 4	2	4	2 5	2		75		-		***
15-20 20-25 25-30	6 8 1 7 6	1 2 2	5 4	6 7 1 1 1	1 1	1	6 5	 1 2	1 5 3			
30-35 35-40 40-45 45-50 50-35	6 6 2 3 2	3 6 2 3	3 ' ' ' 2	=			5 6 2 2 1	3 6 2 2 2	2   1	1  1 1	1	
70 & over.	3	1	2	***	on.	- m	1	1	1200	2		2
Jew. 25-30	1	1	***	1	1	***			***	***	***	
Animist.	34	31	3	5	4	1	28	27	t		-77	1
5-10 20-25 25-30 30-35 40-45	1 7 3 15 5	7 3 15 3	2	1 2 2	2 2 2	1	5 1 15 4	5 1 15 3			21 12 12	
45.50 50-33 60*65	1 1 1	1 1 1	=		114		1 1 1	1 1 1 1				

## TABLE VIII.

#### Education by Religion and Age.

This table shows the number of persons returned as literate, illiterate and literate in English, among the total population, by each religion and four age-periods. It is divided into three parts. Part A gives information for the State excluding Gangapur and Part B by districts including Gangapur; while Part C deals with the City of Lashkar.

2. Literacy of Indian Christians by age is shown in the following inset :-

Age.	-31	TOTAL.		I	LITERAT	E,	li li	LITERA	TE.	LITERA	TE IN E	NGLISH
	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Female
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Total.	760	371	389	371	205	166	389	166	223	185	112	73
0-10	252	120	132	58	33	25	194	87	107	15	9	6
10-15	88	29	59	45	21	24	43	8	35	14	5	9
15-20	38	23	15	: 28	22	6	10	1	9	17	17	
0 & over	382	199	183	240	129	111	142	70	72	139	81	58

Of the 371 literate persons (205 males, 166 females) 145 (88 males, 57 females) are Roman Catholics and the rest 226 (117 males, 109 females) are Protestants of various denominations. There is no Syrian (Indian Christian) in the State.

## TABLE VIII.-Education by Religion and Age-Part A.-State Summary excluding Gangapur.

,-					-	luding	-				,		
			1917		POP	ULATI	ON.	-			LITERA	TE IN E	NGLISH
1	Age.	NINE	TOTAL.	5 50		LITERATE		1	LLITERATI	E		119	430
State.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males.	Females,	Persons-	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12 -	13	14
T	All Re-	3,186,075	1,691,700	1,494,375	110,348	100,659	9,689	3.075.727	1,591,041	1,484,686	8,844	8,330	514
ı	0-10 10-15	871,511 367,928	448,506 211,560	423,005 156,368	5,681 13,535	4,574 12, <b>0</b> 81	1,107 1,454	865,830 354,393	443,932 199,479	421,898 154,914	188 805	149 750	39 55
ı	20 & over.	245,950 1,700,686	134,857 896,777	111,093 803,909	11,684 79,448	10,464 73,540	1,220 5,908	234,266 1,621,238	124,393 823,237	109,873 798,001	1,364 6,487	6.116	371
ı	Hindu.	2,805.924	1,492,389	1,313,535	85,674	79,100	6,574	2,720,250	1,413,289	1,306,961	6,364	6,160	204
ı	0-10	759,481	392,874	366,607	4,351 10,738	3,559	* 792	755,130	389,315	365,815	108	96 619	12
	10.15 15-20 20 & over.	325,327 218.038 1,503,078	187,884 119,522 792,109	137,443 98,516 710,969	9,075 61,510	9,748 8,230 57,5 <sub>6</sub> 3	990 845 3,947	314,589 208,963 1,441,568	178,136 111,292 734,546	136,453 97,671 707,022	651 954 4,631	927 4,518	32 27 133
					A GRA	THE STATE OF	277	100000					
1	Musal- man.	176,883	94,692	82,191	13,840	11,999	1,841	163,043	82,693	80,350	1,155	1,120	35
ı	0-10 10-15 15-20	45,677 19,872 13,803	23,055 11,157 7,808	22,622 8,715 5,995	1,527	1,246 1,129	165 281 234	45,041 18,345 12,440	22,584 9,911 6,679	22,457 8,434 5,761	17 77 139	16 76 137	1 1 2
	20 & over-	97,531	52,672	44,859	10,314	9,153	1,161	87,217	43,519	43,698	922	891	31
ı	Chris-	1,649	1,057	592	1,172	836	336	477	221	256	986	743	243
	10-15	359 108	178 38	181 70	99 63	54 30	45 33	260 45	124	136 37	56 32	30 14	26 18
	15-20 20 & over-	913	20S 633	310	226 784	204 548	22 236	13	85	74	215 683	500	16 183
	Jain.	38,906	20,877	18,029	9,093	8,293	500	29.813	12,584	17.229	211	208	3
RY.	0-10	8,837	4,526	4,311	559	465	94	8,278	4,061	4.217	4	4	-
100	10-15 15-20 20 & over.	4,428 3,352 22,289	2,434 1,710 12,207	1,994 1,642 10,082	1,160 980 6,394	1,029 873 5,926	131 107 468	3,268 2,372 15,895	1,405 837 6,281	1,863 1,535 9,614	36 51 120	36 49 119	2 1
SUMM				Ellow	553	, Ja			495				
	Sikh.	661	419	242	169	160	9	492	259	233	22	22	
STATE	0-10 10-15	136	72	64 20	13 12	11 11	2	123	61	62 19	3	3	444
16	15-20 20 & over-	49 49 427	29 34 284	15 143	8	130	6	37 41 291	18 26 154	15 137	18	1 18	##
И	Parsi.	255	123	132	170	84	86	85	39	46	74	46	28
Н	0-10 10-15	47 23	20	27 17	9 14	4 3	5 11	38	16	22	1 6	1	·
	15-20 20 & over	21 164	10 87	11 77	14	6 71	8 62	38 9 7 31	16	15	63	1 2 2 41	2 22
	Arya.	167	1	71	95	67	28	72	29	43	27	26	1
	0-10 10-15	36 19	20	36 10	6 10	3 7		30	17	13	2	2	
	15-20 20 & over-	5 107	1 66	4 41	77	57	3 3 2 20	9 3 30	2 1 9	7 2 21	25	24	
	Animist.	161,629	90.04	70 757	134	119	15	161 402	Pi ner			- 7	
	0-10	56,938	82,046 27,761	79,583	134 8 11	7 7		161,495 56,930	81,927 27,754	79,568	4	4	777
Į	10-15 15-20- 20 & over.	18,102 10,443 76,146	10,003 5,564 38,718	8,099 4,879 37,428	11 16 99	7 14 91	1 4 2 8	18,091 10,427 76,047	9,996 5,550 38,627	8,095 4,877 37,420	Ξ.	=	
	Jew.	(1)	1		1	1		***			1	1	Table 1
	20 & over.	1	1	-	1	1			***	***	1	1	#
-									- 1				

# TABLE VIII.—Education by Religion and Age—Part B.—State Summary including Gangapur.

1					POF	ULAT	ON.	mon.				150	
1	Age.		TOTAL.	-		LITERATE,	duran	1	LLITERATI	. 1017	LITERA	TE IN E	NGLISH.
State		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	+	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	All Re-	3.195,476	1,696.510	1,498,966	110,879	101,167	9,712	3,084,597	1,595,343	1,489,254	8,850	8,336	514
-	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	374,050 369,052 246,632 1,705,742	449,826 212,174 135,248 899,262	424,224 156,878 111,384 806,480	5,709 13,586 11,749 79,835	4,599 12,127 10,523 73,918	1,110 1,459 1,226 5,917	868,341 355:466 234,883 1,625,907	445,227 200,047 124,725 825,344	423,114 155,419 11 <sub>0</sub> ,158 800,563	188 806 1,365 6,491	751 1,316 6,120	39 55 49 371
1	Hindu.	2,813,958	1,496,498	1,317,460	86,053	79,465	6,588	2,727,905	1,417,033	1,310,872	6,368	6,164	204
	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	761,654 326,303 218,628 1,507,373	393,997 188,420 119,868 794,213	367,657 137,883 98,760 713,160	4,373 10,768 9,126 61,786	3,580 9,776 8,276 57,833	793 992 850 3,953	757,281 315,535 209,502 1,445,587	390,417 178,644 111,592 736,380	366,864 136,891 97,910 709,207	108 651 955 4,654	96 619 928 4,521	12 32 27 1133
1	Musal-	177,417	94,969	82,448	13,867	12,026	1,841	163,550	82,943	80,607	1,156	1,121	35
-	man. 0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	45,825 19,929 13,836 97,827	23,139 11,188 7,821 52,821	22,686 8,741 6,015 43,006	637 1,529 1,365 10,336	472 1,248 1,131 9,175	165 281 234 1,161	45,188 18,400 12,471 87,491	22,667 9,940 6,690 43,646	21,521 8,460 5,781 43,845	17 78 139 922	16 77 137 891	1 1 2 31
1	Christian.	1,650	1,058	592	1,173	837	336	477	221	256	987	744	243
-	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	359 108 239 944	178 38 208 634	181 70 31 310	99 63 226 785	54 30 204 549	45 33 22 236	260 45 13 159	124 8 4 85	136 37 9 74	56 32 215 684	30 14 199 501	26 18 16 183
1	Jain.	39,394	21.125	18,269	9,217	8,408	809	30,177	12,717	17,460	211	208	3
MMAR	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	8,944 4,491 3,386 22,573	4,580 2,470 1,728 12,347	4,364 2,021 1,658 10,226	564 1,179 992 6,482	468 1,045 884 6,011	96 134 108 471	8,380 3,312 2,394 16.091	4,112 1,425 844 6,336	4,268 1,887 1,550 9,755	4 36 51 120	4 36 49 119	2
E SU	Sikh.	661	419	242	169	160	9	492	259	233	22	22	No.
STAT	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	136 49 49 427	72 29 34 284	64 20 15 143	13 12 8 136	11 11 8 130	2 1 6	123 37 41 291	61 18 26 154	62 19 15 137	3 1 18	3 1 18	
-	Parsi.	255	123	132	170	84	86	85	39	46	74	46	28
STATE OF THE PARTY	0.10 10-15 15-20 20 & over-	47 23 21 164	20 6 10 87	27 17 11 77	9 14 14 133	4 3 6 21	5 11 8 62	38 9 7 31	16 3 4 16	22 6 3 15	1 6 4 63	1 2 2 41	*** 4 2 22
	Arya.	167	96	71	95	67	28	72	29	43	27	26	1
	0-10 10.15 15-20 20 & over.	36 19 5 107	20 9 1 66	16 10 4 41	6 10 2 77	3 7  57	3 3 2 20	30 9 3 30	17 2 1 9	13 7 2 21	2 25	24	
1	Animist.	161,973	82,221	79,752	134	119		161,839	82,102	70.000			42
	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over	57,049 18,130 10,468 76,326	27,820 10,014 5,578 38,809	29,229 8,116 4,890 37,517	8 11 16 99	7 7 7 14 91	15 1 4 2 8	57.041 18.119 10.452 76,227	27,813 10,007 5,564 38,718	79,737 29,228 8,112 4,888 37,509	4	= 4	1 1111
	10.1	- 00			22					12	22	-	
	Jew.	ı t	1	eeti eeti	1 1	1		***		J	1	1	

## TABLE VIII,-Education by Religion and Age-Part B.

ſ	T	-	1	100 100	-		active score	Notice 1	HIER			1	-	
1			(1)			POI	ULATI	ON.	THOR			LITERA	TE IN É	NGLISH.
	1	Age.		TOTAL.			LITERATE	S STEEL	15 - 1	ILLITERAT	E.			
	District.	13 -	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	1	2	3	(4)	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1		II Rell- gions.	326,466	178,371	148,095	24,838	21,859	2,979	301,628	156,512	145,116	4,138	3,884	254
		10-15	78,282 34,395	40.621 20,502	37,661 13,893	1,175 2,665	873 2,246	302 419	77,107 31,730	39,748 18.,256	37,359 13,474	89 412	78 380	11 32
1	20	15.20 & over	26,420 187,369	14,753 102,495	11,667 84,874	2,612 18,386	2,231 16.509	381 1,877	23,808 168,983	12,522 85,986	11,286 82,997	634 3,003	612 2,814	22 189
1	н	Iladu.	286,670	156,422	130,248	19,771	17,485	2,286	266,899	138,937	127,962	3,186	3.036	150
1		0-10 10-15	[69,259 - 30,266	35,982 18,110	33,277 12,156	938 2,187	701 1,856	237 331	68,321 28,079	35,281 16,254	33,040 11,825	61 358	53 331	8 27
	20	15-20 & over	23,288 163,857	12,982 89,348	10,306 74,509	2,164 14,482	1,854 13,074	310 1,408	21,124 149,375	11,128 76,274	9,996 73,101	527 2,240	508	19 96
ı		usal-	33,634	18,611	15,023	3,861	3,389	472	29,773	15,222	14,551	631	611	20
4		0-10 10-15	7,484 3,496	3,861 2,036	3,623 1,460	162 358	117 292	45 66	7,322 3,138	3,744 1,744	3,578	13 42	12	1 1
G 1 R	aw.	15-20 & over	2,666 19,988	1,526	1,140 8,800	352 2,989	298 2,682	54 307	2,314 16,999	1,228 8,506	1,394 1,086 8,493	79 497	78 480	17
	J	ain.	2,394	1,313	1,081	803	719	84	1,591	594	997	38	38	
		0-10 10-15 15-20	484 246	246 145	238 101	45 98	34 87	11	439 148	212 58	227 90	- 3	3	44
ı	20	& over	183 1,481	98 824	85 657	67 593	58 540	53	116 888	40 284	76 604	10 25	10 25	18.83
ŀ	An	imist.	3.173	1,670	1,503	3	3	in the second	3,170	1.667	1,503	01		
	JIP.	0-10 10-15 15-20	934 350	465 192	469 158			***	934 350	465 192	469 158	(20)	772	
-	20 a	k over	1,643	123 890	123 753	1 2	1 2	177	1,641	122 888	123 753		225	- 12
		Reli-	382,633	208,765	173,868	11,767	11,198	569	370,866	197,567	173,299	236	235	1
П		0-10 10-15 15-20	96,820	52,097 24,877	44,723 16,169	582 1,437	509 1,350 1,135	73 87	96,238 39,609	51,588 23,527	44,650 16,082	.14 47	14 47	***
	20 8	e over	32,822 211,945	18,454 113,337	14,368 98,608	1,215 8,533	8,204	329	31,607 203,412	17.319	14,288 98,279	111	110	" 1
	Hir	ndu. 0-10	365,096	199,326	165,770	10,529	10,053	476	354.567	189,273	165,294	225	224	1
		10-15 15-20	92.383 38,979 31,261	49,817 23,786 17,627	42,566 15,193	1,248	1,179	59 69	91,866	49,359 22,607	42,507 15,124	14 46	14 46 I	
i	20 &	over	202,473	108,096	13,634 94,377	1,082 7,682	7,403	69 279	30,179 194,791	16,614	13,565	103	102	1
BHIND.		usal- ian. 0-10	10,956	5.831	5,125	353	306	47	10,603	5,525	5,078	4	4	
=		10-15	2,957 1,216 892	695 495	1,433	26 51	19	7 8 5	2,931 1,165	1,505 652	1,426 513	<b>A</b>	12	-
8		over	5,891	3,117	397 2,774	30 246	25 219	7	5,645 5,645	2,898	2,747	3	3	
		o-10	6,288	3,421	2,868	852	811	41	₹ 5,436	2,609	2,827	3	3	-
	3	10-15	1,406 821 657	711 380 325	695 441 332	135 103	125 507	10	1,367 686	679 255	688 431	277	#	-
	20 &	over	3,404	2,004	1,400	575	557 557	18	2,829	228 1,447	326 1,382	1 2	1 2	
	Anlı	mist.	56	37	19				56	37	19		1.	
1	1	0-10	15	11 7	1 2	2	***	-	15	71	1	: 1	-	-
2	0 &	5-20 over	29	17	12			***	29	7 2 17	12		7	
			Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, where the Owner, which is the Owner, where the Owner, which is the		-	-			1				100 1	100

## -Details for Districts including Gangapur.

r	1		7		POP	ULATI	ON.				1		
	Age.	PALE	TOTAL.			LITHRATE	name of	1	LLITERAT	K.	LITER	ATE IN I	ENGLISH.
District		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males,		Persons	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	s	9	10	11	12	13	14
Towns.	All Reff-	336,660	186,908	149.752	8,743	8,254	489	327.917	178,654	149,263	332	327	5
1	0-10 10-15	88,228 38,751	47,420 24,065	40.808 14,686	549 1,326	476 1,262	73 64	87,679 37,425	46,944 22,803	40,935 14,622	13 34	11 34	2
1	15-20 20 & over.	27,791 181,890	15,716 99,707	12,075 82,183	957 5,911	899 5,617	58 294	26.834 175,979	14,817 94,090	12.017 81,889	60 225	60 222	3
1	Hindu.	325,103	180,461	144,642	8,108	7,663	443	316,995	172,796	144,199	326	321	
1	0-10 10-15 15-20	85,296 37,445 26,850	45,912 23:240 15,188	39,384 14,205 11,652	510 1,239 879	1,182 827	68 57 52	84,786 36,206 25,971	45,470 22,058 14,361	39,316 14,148 11,610	13 34 56	11 34 56	2
AR.	20 & over.	175,512	96,121	79,391	5,480	5,214	266	170,032	90,907	79,125	223	220	3
ARGHA	Musal- man, 0-10	8,970 2,275	4.982	3,988 1,098	821	297 13	24	8,649	4,685	3,964	4	4	
WAR	10-15 15-20 20 & over	1,024 733 4,938	646 412 2,747	378 321 2,191	38 36 233	34 33 217	4 3 1 <sub>6</sub>	2,261 986 697 4,705	1,164 612 379 2,530	,0971 374 318 2,175	4	4	
TONW						200							
	Jain. 0-10 10-15	1,923 421 211	1,102 203 138	821 218 73	309 25 48	288 21 45	21, 4 3	396 163	182	214	***	-	
	15-20 20 & over.	1,119	102 659	70 460	41 195	39 183	12	131 924	93 63 476	70 68 448			
	Animist.	660	359	301	-1		2	659	359	300			11.
ı	0-10 10-15 15-20	236 71 35	128 41 13	108 30 22	T .	Ξ	== 1	236 71 34	128 41 13	108 30 21		1	=
	20 & over.	318	177	141	344			318	177	141	222	-	
П	All Reli- gions. 0-10	124,865 36,479	66,462 18,357	58,403 18,122	3,344	2,942 189	402	121,521	53,520	58,001 18,034	m	108	3
	10 15 15-20 20 & over	13,989 9,158 65,239	7,974 5,093 35,038	6,015 4,065 30,201	476 304 2,287	419 272 2,062	88 57 32 225	36,202 13,513 8,854 62,952	18,168 7,555 4,821 32,976	5,958 4,033 29,976	12 7 90	12 6 88	1 2
	Hindu.		55,693						-				
П	0.10 10-15	29,209 11,746	14,736 6,702	48,541 14,473 5,044	3,057 261 441	2,681 176 388	376 85 53	28.948 11,305	14,560	48,165 14,388 4,991	2	2 12	
	15-20 20 & over.	7,837 55,442	4,360 29,895	3,477 25,547	288 2,067	258 1,559	30 208	7,549 53,375	6,314 4,102 28,036	3,447 25,339	12 5 69	68	1
U.R.	Musal- man.	4,844	2,579	2,265	261	238	23	4,583	2,341	2,242	20	20	W
HEOPUR	0-10 10-15 15-20	1,276 560 364	637 309 212	639 251 152	14 31 14	11 27 12	3 4 2	1,262 529 350	626 282 200	636 247 150	2	2	***
SH	20 & over.	2,644	1,421	1,223	202	188	14	2,442	1,233	1,209	18	18	7
I	Jain. 0-10	60	27	33	16	14	2	44	13	31	4		the second
	10-15 15-20 20 & over.	10 10 3 37	7 3 12	5 3  25	1 11	4 1 9	- 2	10 6 2 26	5 3 2 3	5 3 23		111	111
						VI.		-			-		
	0-10 10 15	5,984 1 673	2,979	7,562 3,005 717	5 2	2		5,982	2,977	7.562 3,005			10.000 I
	15-20 20 & ever.	954 7,107	956 518 3,703	436 3,404	1 2	1 2		1,673 953 7,105	956 517 3,701	717 436 3,404		-	111

## TABLE VIII,-Education by Religion and Age-Part B.

Γ				100	Po	PULATIO	N	7-20					
+5	Age.		TOTAL.	ATTITUDE IN		LITERATE,	10 194 1)	IL	LITERATE		LITERA	TE IN EN	GL18H.
District.	1140	Persons.	Males	Females.	Persons.	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons	Males.	Females
1	2	3	4	5	5	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	All Reli-	369,627	195,548	174,079	5,424	5,036	388	364,263	190,512	173,691	215	203	12
	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over,	109,333 44,393 29,575 186,326	55,480 26,099 16,459 97,510	53,853 18,294 13,116 88,816	306 636 601 3,881	242 591 549 3,654	64 45 52 227	109,027 43,757 28,974 182,445	55,238 25,508 15,910 93,856	53,789 18,249 13,064 88,589	11 17 23 164	17 22 157	1 7
	Hindu	338,718	179,500	159,218	4,601	4.278	323	334.117	175,222	158.895	164	154	10
1	0-10 10-15	98.978 40,949	50,477 24,103	48,501 16,846	258 545	208	50 39	98,720 40,404	50,269 23,597	48,451 16,807	11 13	7 13	4
	15.20 20 & over	27,246 171,545	15,198 89,722	12,048 81,823	500 3,298	456 3,108	44 190	26,746 168,247	14,742 86,614	12,004 81,633	17 123	16 118	5
A R	Musal- man.	8,174	4,451	3,723	465	437	28	7,709	4.014	3,695	40	40	(see
R W	10-15	1,996 951 661	1,042 536 373	954 415 288	23 47 64	16 46 59	7 1 5	1,973 904 597	1,026 490 314	947 414 283	 1 6	1 6	22
7	20 & over.	4,566	2,500	2.066	331	316	15	4,235	2,184	2,051	33	33	2.00
	Jain.	2.856	1,509	1,347	338	303	35	2,518	1.206	1,312	7	7	-
ı	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	706 310 234 1,606	357 163 120 869	147 114 737	22 41 35 240	15 36 32 220	7 5 3	684 269 199	342 127 88	342 142 111	3	3	=
-		-,000		73/6	10240	220	20	1,366	649	717	•	1	-
ı	Animist.	19,845 7,643	10,071 3,601	9,774	2	2		19,843 7,643	10,069 3,601	9,774	***	111	
l	10-15 13-20 20 & over.	2,178 1,432 8,592	1,296 767 4,407	882 665 4,185	2	-:: -::		2,176 1,432 8,592	1,294 767 4,407	882 665 4,185		=	111
-	All Reli-	384,088	201,384	182,704	8,605	8,048	557	375.483	193,336	182,147	444	424	20
IJ	0-10 10-15 15-20	114,048 46,342 29,615	57,890 27,172 15,497	56,158 19,170 14,118	396 1,047 1,032	348 954 952	48 93 80	113,652 45.295 28,583	57,542 26,218 14,545	56.110 19,077 14,038	30 69	5 30 65	- T
1	20 & over.	194,083	100,825	93,258	6,130	5,794	336	187,953	95,031	92,922	340	224	16
ı	Hindu. 0-10	338,429	177,762 51,259	160,667 49,085	6,308 285	5,962 253	346 32	332,121 100,059	171,800 51,006	160,321 49,053	283	277	6
	10-15 15-20 20 & over-	41,019 26,264 1,70,802	24.249 13,700 88,554	16,770 12,564 82,248	803 754 4,466	741 710 4,258	62 44 208	40,216 25,510 166,336	23,508 12,990 84,296	16,708 12,520 82,040	3 17 45 218	3 17 42 215	3 3
ISAG	Musal- man.	15.700	8,309	7,391	1,032	934	98	14,668	7,375	7,293	106	98	8
ı	0-10 10-15 15-20	4,203 1,832 1,213	1,975 1,020 642	2,228 812 571	48 132 125	40 117 110	8 15 15	4,155 1,700 1,088	1,935 903 532	2,220 797	10	10	750
	20 & over-	8.45:	4,672	3,780	727	667	60	7,725	4,005	3,720	15 80	15 72	8
	Jain,	5,527	2,924	2,603	1,048	960 51	88	4,479	1,964	2,515	24	23	1
	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over-	1,342 598 468 3,119	665 314 250 1,695	677 284 218 1,424	107 144 740	93 124 692	6 14 20 48	1,285 491 324 2,379	614 221 126 1,003	671 270 198 1,376	1 3 7 13	1 3 6 13	1
			-	1000									
	Animist. 0-10	24.196 8,123	12,232 3,975	11,964	24	19	5	24,172 8,119	12,213	11,959	1112	2	**
	10-15 15-20 20 & over.	2,888 1,649 11,536	1,586 892 5,779	1.302 757 5,757	3 4 13	1 3 12	1 1	2,885 1,645 11,523	1,585 889 5,767	1,300 756 5,756	2	2	
1						-				10000		1	100

# Details for Districts including Gangapur—(contd.)

r	fe .				POP	ULATI	ON.	who h					
1	Age.		TOTAL.			LITERATE	. 77	1	LLITERAT	е.	LITERA	TE IN E	NGLISH.
District		Persons,	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	545	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
I	All Re-	247,687	130,252	117,415	5.784	5,398	386	241,883	124.854	117,029	314	293	21
1	0-10 10-15 15-20	69,990 33,359 19,390	35,837 17,248 10,613	34,153 16,111 8,777	185 714 702	165 628 642	20 86 60	69,805 32,645 18,688	35,672 16,620 9,971	34,133 16,025 8,717	3 22 43	21 21 39	1 14
1	20 & over	124,928	66,554	58,374	4,183	3,963	220	120,745	62,591	58,154	246	231	13
1	Hindu.	226,494	119,032	107,462	4.840	4,548	292	221,654	114,484	107,170	247	231	16
1	0-10 10-15 15-20	63,847 30,961 17,466	32,766 15,544 9,334	31,081 15,017 8,132	160 607 607	144 531 564	16 76 43	63,687 30,354 16,859	32,622 15,413 8,770	31.065 14,941 8,089	20 35	19 33	1 2 13
1	20 & over.	114,220	60,988	53,232	3,466	3,309	157	110,754	57,679	53,075	191	178	
1	Musal- man. 0-10	12,232 3,366	6,638	5,594 1,669	416	377	39	11,816	6,261	5,555 1,668	41	41	
871	19-15 15-20 20 & over.	1.340 1,322 6,204	734 1,005 3,202	606 317 3,002	48 33 331	1 43 29 304	1 5 6 27	3,364 1,292 1,287 5,873	1,696 691 976 2,898	601 311 2,975	3 36	2 3 36	#
BH		-				304		3,073	61030	2,575			
ı	Jain, 0-10	1,923	1,076	847 212	486	440 18	46	1,437 380	636 170	210	7	6	1
1	10-15 15-20 20 & over-	257 184 1,082	147 96 645	110 88 437	54 57 355	50 47 325	1 <sub>0</sub> 30	203 127 727	97 49 320	106 78 407	3 4	2 4	1
	Animist.	6,924		3,471	4			-		-		i	
	0-10 10-15	2,347	3,453 1,169 419	1,178		4		6,920 2,347	3,449 1,169	1,178	144	266	
	13-20 20 & over.	408 3,376	173 1,692	235 1,684	4	4	11.	793 408 3,372	419 173 1,688	374 235 1,684		II. 1	111
1	All Re-	344,218	179,347	164,871	16,768	15,025	1,743	327,450	164,322	163,128	1,477	1,433	44
1	0-10 10-15 15-20	90,260 38,728 24,225	45,154 21,860	45,106 16,868 11,408	922 2,161 1,764	726 1,910	196 251	89,338 36,567	44,428° 19,950	44,910 16,617 11,197	112	5 105 184	1 7 4
1	20 & over.	191,005	12,817 99,516	91,489	11,921	1,553	1,085	22,461 179,084	11,264 88,650	90,404	188 1,171	1,139	32
1	Hindu,	299,888	155,795	144,093	11,813	10,857	956	288,075	144,938	143,137	1,158	1,154	4
1	0-10 10-15 15-20	78,928 33,878 20,821	39,479 19,032 11,090	39,449 14,846 9,731	598 1,569 1,259	485 1,428 1,126	113 141 113	78,330 32,309 19,582	38,994 17,604 9,964	39,336 14,705 9,618	1 81 141	79 141	2 2
I	20 & over.	166,261	86,194	80,067	8,407	7,818	589	157,854	78,376	79,478	935	933	2
. Z	Musal- man- 0-10	8,099	17,432	15,339	3,322 b 176	2,756	566	29,449	14,676	14,773	148	143	5
111	10-15 15-20 20 & over.	3,580 2,564 18,528	3,970 2,080 1,304 10,078	4,129 1,500 1,260 8,450	387 337 2,422	118 310 261	58 77 76	7,923 3,193 2,227 16,106	3,852 1,770 1,043 8,011	4,071 1,423 1,184	8 19 121	8 18 117	
D			AND THE			2,067	355	*0,100	3,011	8,095		750	
	Jain. 0-10	981	2,447 593	1,963	1,420	1,280	140	2,990 870	1,167	1,823	68 2 13	67	
	10-15 15-20 20 & over-	468 399 2,562	280 202 1,372	188 197 1,190	173 171 965	152 153 873	21 18 92	295 228 1,597	128 49 499	167 179 1,098	13 14 39	13 14 38	1
	Animist. 0-10	6,816 2,152	3,486	3,330	100		1	6,816	3,486 1,057	3,330 1,095		-1.	***
	10-15 15-20 20 & over.	762 421 3,481	446 207 1,776	316 214 1,705	=	***		762 421 3,481	446 207 1,776	316 214 1,705			
and a	1000000		-	The same of		-	the .	- Children	- DESCRIPTION OF		-	-	-

#### TABLE VIII.-Education by Religion and Age,-Part B.-

I	1					POPI	ULATI	ON.	Will like					
		Age.	-	TOTAL.	14/4	284 B	LITERATE	- 1	T	LLITERATI	E. 1100	LITERA	TE IN E	NGL 1981.
- Charles	District.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
	-	2	3	4.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	1	All Reli-	237,745	122,645	115,100	12,720	11,603	1,117	225.025	111,042	113,983	1,213	1,069	144
1		0-10 10-15 15-20	66,113 28,656 18,958	34,35 <sub>6</sub> 15,784 10,819	31,757 12,872 8,139	665 1,461 1,270	524 1,302 1,159	141 159 111	- 65,448 27,195 17,688	33,832 14,482 9,660	31,616 12,713 8,028	44 71 241	24 58 228	20 13 13
	2	0 & over	124,018	61,686	62,332	9,324	8,618	706	114,694	53,068	61,626	857	759	98
i	ı	Hindu.	195,729	100,809	94,920	7,739	7,306	433	187,990	93,503	94,487	307	.301	6
-		0-10 10-15 15-20	54,577 23,626 15,669	28,679 13,186 9,008	25,898 10,440 6,661	383 918 695	315 877 651	68 41 44	54,194 22,708 14,974	28,364 12,309 8,357	25,830 10,399 6,617	31 42	31 41	1
1	-	0 & over.	101,857	49,936	51,921	5,743	5,463	280	96,114	44,473	51,641	233	228	5
SOR		Musal- man. 0-10	20.987	10,952	10,035	1,917	1,627	290	19,070	9,325	9.745	103	102	
ANDA	1	10-15 15-20 0 & over	5,752 2,552 1,509	2,883 1,322 835	2,869 1,230 674	78 203 155	65 144 125	13 59 30	5,674 2,349 1,354	2,818 1,178 710	2,856 1,171 644	3 8 5	3 8 5	==
MA		o & over	11,174	5,912	5,262	1,481	1,293	188	9,693	4,619	5,074	87	86	1
		Jain. 0-10	7,756 1,755	3,980	3,776	2,364	2,167	197	5,392	1,813	3,579	46	46	
1	2	10-15 15-20 0 & over	863 638	837 468 294	918 395 344	152 305 224	120 269 204	32 36 20	1,603 558 414	717 109 90	886 359 324	1 11 10	1 11 10	
	-	o at tiver	4,500	\$2,381	2,119	1,683	1,574	109	2,817	807	2,010	24	24	***
	1	Animist.	12,220 3,840	6.219	6,011	27	26	1	12,203	6,193	6.010	- 1	1	PHF.
1	20	10-15 15-20 0 & over	1,543 943	1,874 791 503	1,966 752 440	3 4	3 4		3,840 1,540 939	1,874 788 499	1,966 752 440		222	
-			5,904	3,051	2,853	20	19	1	5,884	3,032	2,852		1	
	1	All Reli- gions. 0-10	304,987 80,906	157,843 41,179	147,144 • 39,727	9,421	8,671	750	295,566	149,172	146,394	287	279	8
	20	10-15 15-20 0 & over	34,141 19,504 170,436	18,406 10,188 88,070	9,316	1,243 912	425 1,104 802	73 139 110	80,408 32,898 18,592	40,754 17,302 9,386	39,654 15,596 9,206	38 28	36 28	2
					82,366	6.768	6,340	428	163,668	81,730	81,938	220	214	
P		O.10	270,943 71,271	140,182 36,154	130,761 35,117	6,976	6,505	471	263,967	133,677	120,290	211	204	7
l	20	10-15 15-20 0 & over	30,288 17,357 152,027	16,333 9,042 78,653	13,955 8,315 73,374	366 929 668	316 839 594	50 90 74	70,505 29,359 16,689	35,838 15,494 8,448	35,067 13,865 8,241	28 17	1 26 17	2
	-					5,013	4,756	257	147,014	73,897	73,117	165	160	5
APUR	1	Musal- man. 0-10	23,390 6,769	12,142 3,501	11,248 3,268	1,346 75	1,169	177	22,044	10,973	11,071	56	55	4
1		10-15 15-20 & over.	2,661 1,496 [12,464	1,415 800 6,426	1,246 696 6,038	170 142 959	142 117 830	15 28 25	6,694 2,491 1,354	3,441 1,273 683	3,253 1,218 671	7 5	7 5	= .
SH	-				0,000		830	109	11,505	5,576	5,929	44	43	_
1		Jain. 0-10	1,010	2,300	2,046	1,057	964	93	3,289	1,336	1,953	17	17	
	20	10-15 15-20 0 & over.	483 304 2,549	281 169 1,300	202 135 1,249	141 99 762	122 89 706	19 10 56	955 342 205	503 159 80	452 183 125	3 6	3 6	=
				1				36	1,787	594	1,193	8	8	
	A	nimist.	6,284	3,197	3.087	24	17	7	6,260	3,180	3,080			1
	20	10-15 15-20 & over.	1,856 709 341	974 377 172	882 332 169	3 1	2 1 1	2	1,854 706 340	972 376	882 330	**		
	-	a over.	3,378	1,674	1,704	18	13	5	3,360	1,661	1,699	***	177	=

## Details for Districts including Gangapur.—(concld.)

ſ			15 19	100	POP	ULATIO	ON.	n hall		XX II			
1	Age.		TOTAL.			LITERATE	Tell se	II	LITERAT		LITERA	TE IN E	NGL 18H.
Dutrict.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	+	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
The second second	All Religions. 0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over.	136,520 43,591 15,252 9,174 68,503	68,985 21,435 8,187 4,839 34,524	67,535 22,156 7,065 4,335 33,979	3,465 154 420 380 2,511	3.133 122 361 329 2,361	332 32 59 51 190	133.055 43,437 14,832 8,794 65,992	65,852 21,313 7,826 4,510 32,203	67,203 22,124 7,006 4,284 33,789	83  11 8 64	81  11 8 62	2   2
	Hindu. 0-1g 10-15 15-20 20 & over	62,654 17 562 7,146 4,569 33,377	31,516 8,736 3,735 2,339 16,706	31,138 8,826 3,411 2,230 16,671	2,311 97 282 250 1,682	2,125 82 249 223 1,571	186 15 33 27 111	60,343 17,465 6,864 4,319 31,695	29,391 8,654 3,486 2,116 15,135	30,952 8,811 3,378 2,203 16,560	76  11 8 57	74 -11 -8 55	
AMJHERA.	Musal- man. 0-10 10-13 15-20 20 & over	5.759 1,648 717 416 2,978	3,042 872 395 217 1,538	2,717 776 322 199 1,420	573 19 64 75 415	496 12 50 62 372	77 7 14 13 43	5,186 1,629 653 341 2,563	2,546 860 345 155 1,186	2,640 769 308 186 1,377	3	3	
	Jain. 0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over	1,911 429 224 144 1,114	1.027 225 147 69 586	884 204 77 75 528	524 38 73 50 363	462 28 62 40 332	62 10 11 10 31	1,387 391 151 94 751	565 197 85 29 254	822 194 66 63 497	II.	1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	
The same of	0-10 10-15 15-20 20 & over	66,071 23,919 7,155 4,035 30,962	33,341 11,587 3,903 2,208 15,643	32.730 12,332 3,252 1,827 15,319	41	43   4 39	1	66,027 23,919 7,155 4,031 30,922	33,298 11,587 3,903 2,204 15,604	32,729 12,332 3,252 1,827 15,318			

# TABLE VIII.—Education by Religion and Age—Part C.—Details for the City of Lashkar.

11					11/21/2017	ULATI	O-24.				1000		
	Age.		TOTAL.	CHARLES TO		LITERATE.	100/19	- 1	LLITERATE		LITERA	TE IN E	NGL ISH.
City,		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females-	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	41	5	6	7	8	9 1	10	n	12	13	14
1	All Reli- gions. 0-10	80,387 15,393	44,595	35,792 7,604	14.782 725	12,662	2,120	65,605	31,933	33,672	3,188	2,987	201
2	10-15 15-20 0 & over	7,378 6,526 51,090	7,789 4,304 3,513 28,989	3,074 3,013 22,101	1,494 1,601 10,962	531 1,210 1,317 9,604	194 284 284 1,358	14,668 5,883 4,924 40,130	7,258 3,094 2,196 19,385	7,410 2,789 2,728 20,745	69 319 497 2,303	61 292 480 2,154	8 27 17 149
H	Hindu.	60,307	33,543	26,764	11.695	10,009	1,686	48,612	23,534	25,078	2,563	2,434	129
20	0-10 10-15 15-20 0 & over	11,205 5,359 5,031 38,712	5,667 3,163 2,710 22,003	5,538 2,196 2,321 16,709	583 1,229 1,336 8,547	424 995 1,101 7,489	159 234 235 1,058	10,622 4,130 3,695 30,163	5 243 2,168 1,609 14,514	5,379 1,962 2,086 15,651	50 285 430 1,798	43 261 416 1,714	7 24 14 84
	Musal- man,	18,531	10,181	8,350	2,360	2,082	278	16,171	8,099	8,072	387	374	13
20	0-10 10-15 15-20 0 & over	3,945 1,904 1,389 11,293	1,989 1,085 752 6,355	1,956 819 637 4,938	99 212 212 1,837	74 175 178 1,655	25 37 34 182	3,846 1,692 1,177 9,456	1,913 910 524 4,700	1,931 782 603 4,756	11 26 46 304	10 26 45 293	1  1 11
CI	hristian	274	158	116	196	121	75	78	37	41	150	99	51
20	0-10 19-13 15-20 & over	54 12 20 188	29 5 14 110	25 7 6 78	16 7 18 155	11 2 13 95	5 5 5 60	38 5 2 33	18 3 1 15	20 2 1 18	6 3 11 130	10 83	3 1 47
	Jain.	1,097	597	500	442	385	57	655	212	443	34	34	in the second
	0-10 10-15 15-20 & over	160 89 78 770	89 45 35 428	71 44 43 342	22 36 32 352	17 32 24 312	5 4 8 40	138 53 46 418	72 13 11 116	66 40 35 302	 3 8 23	 3 8 23	
KAR	Sikh.	32	21	- 11	14	13	1	18	8	10	5	5	
LASHKAR 00	0-10 10-15 15-20 & over	6 3 3 20	15	2 1 3 5	11	1 2 10		5 1 3 9	3 5	2 1 3 4	<sub>2</sub>	2 3	=
1	Parsi.	57	32	25	39	27	12	18	5	13	32	25	7
20	0-10 10-15 15-20 & over	12 2 3 40	1 27	8 2 2 13	2 1 3 33	2 1 24	1 2 9	10 1 7	3	8 1 4	1 2 29	1 1 23	1
,	Arya	54	31	23	34	23	11	20	8	12	16	15	1
20	0-10 10-15 15-20 & cver	10 8 1 35	7 4 1 19	3 4  16	2 7 25	17	3	8 1 1 10	5 1 2	8	1	1  14	
1	almist.	34	21									-	-
i	0.10 10-15 15-20	1		1	-	=	=	33	30	3 1	770 2274		# 1
20 8	& over	33	31	2	1	1	***	32	30'	2	22	-	
- ASS	Jew. & over	1	1	***	1	1 1					1	1	

## TABLE IX.

### Education by Selected Castes, Tribes or Races.

This table deals with the education of 15 selected castes with 19 sub-castes—Brahman (6), Bania (5), Rajput (8).

The following is the statement showing the details of Gangapur:-

Casto  Gangapur 1 Hindu	e .		Persons.	TOTAL.	Females		LITERAT	E.	IL	LITERAT	re.	LITERA	TE IN	ENGLIER
Gangapur				Males.	Females	Persons	1					Markett		
Gangapur		1111	2			Crauma.	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females
	Cities .		The state of the s	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1 Hindu		***	1,678	846	832	241	233	8	1,437	613	824	2	2	
· Minda	110	440	1,100	559	541	143	142	1	957	417	540		***	
1. Bania	***	***	836	434	422	123	123	la la	733	311	422		944	0.00
Agarwal		- 111	282	145	137	15	15	***	267	136	137	WELL		104
Mahesri	in	先	467	236	231	90	90	-60	377	146	231	110	Tierez	-
Oswal	1440		107	53	54	18	18	449	89	35	54			-
2. Bhat	***	440	75	40	3.5	5	5	2.1	17	9	8			1
3. Brahman	222		104	50	54	9	8	7	95	42	51		144	
Bhagor		***	. 5		5	944	244	200	5	552	5	20	Civi	
Dakshani	122	97.9	7	5	2	4	3	1	3	2	1		1344	***
Gaur	1000	m	89	43	46	4	4	200	\$5	39	46	ш	2000	
Sanadhya	11944	244	2	1	1	1	1	***	1		1		Y	***
Sarwaria	200	1444	1	1	144	344		0 446	1	1	100	***	***	***
4. Kayasth	122		22	14	8	5	4 . 5	447 ()	17	9	8		9944	- TO -
5. Maratha	1944		7	***	7	200	900	***	7	****	7	11 1222	***	222
6. Raj put	144		36	21	15	1	1		35	20	15	-	-	1
Parihar	(#	1 100	2	2	- Tab.		740		2	2	***			- Harti
Rathor		144	34	19	15	1	1		33	18	15		****	-
II Musalman	1000		262	131	131	14	14		248	117	131	2	2	
1. Pathan	1502	3	58	33	25	5	5	***	53	28	25	7	1907.0	
2. Sayyed	-		10	. 4	6	2	2	***	8	2	6		1	577
3. Shaikh	1444	222	794	94	100	7	7		187	87	100	200	44	10.
III Jain	1944	1444	316	156	160	84	77	7	232	79	153		BET !	
1. Oswat	558		314	156	158	84	77	7	230	79	151		700	
2. Portual		200	2	***	2	***	***	146	2	444	2	4.1	***	

TABLE IX.—Education by Selected Castes, Tribes or Races.

	-		139		POI	PULATIO	ON.		-				
Caste, Tribe or Race.	Locality.		TOTAL.		L	ITERATE		It	LITERAT	E.		ERATE NGL 15H	
		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3	840	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	1+
Gwalior State (ex	cluding Gangapur)	510,466	280,084	230,382	51,543	45,848	5,695	458,923	234,236	224.687	5,434	5,282	152
	Gangapur	7.678	846	832	241	233	8	7,437	613	824	2	(2)	8861
Gwallor State (inc	tuding Gangapur)	512,144	280,930	231,214	51.784	46,081 35,453	5,703	460,360	234,849	225,511	A 100 CO. CO.	5,284	
1 Hindu	***	43,475	23,809	19,666	39.686	8,372	4.233	260,935	134,737	126,198	4,453		132
Agarwal	Gird and Tonwarghar	21,755	12,115	9,640	5,090	4,770	535 320	16,665	7,345	9,320	287	393	8
Gahohi	Bhind and Narwar	6,116	3,357	2,759	1,096	1,064	32	5,020	2,293	2,727	14	14	200
Mahesri	Ujjain and Mandasor	4,390	2,379	2,011	1,244	1,148	96	3,146	1,231	1,915	55	51	4
Oswal	Shajapur	7,199	3,914	3,285	964	913	51	6,235	3,001	3,234	35	35	
Porwal	Mandasor and Isagarh	4,015	2,044	1,971	513	477	36	3,502	1,567	1,935	10	10	SM
2. Bhat	Ujjain and Shajapur	7,950	4,291	3,659	661	615	46	7,289	3.676	3.613	9	9	(man)
3. Brahman		141,297	80,328	60,969	16,276	14,604	1.672	725.021	65,724	59,297	1.928	1,868	80
Bhagor	Gird and Narwar	15,707	8,493	7,214	1,743	1,582	161	13,964	6,911	7,053	87	84	3
Dakshani	Gird and Ujjain	12,814	6,884	5,930	4,819	3,956	863	7,995	2,928	5,067	1,308	1,267	41
Gaur	Gird and Shajapur	8,073	4,768	3,305	1,790	1,617	173	6,283	3,151	3,132	225	217	8
lijhotia	Isagarh and Bhilsa	5,305	2,850	2,446	662	625	37	4,643	2,234	2,409	47	45	2
Sanadhya	Bhind and Tonwarghar.	95,466	56,704	41,762	7,223	6,788	435	91,243	49,916	41,327	256	250	6
Sarwaria	Isagarh	932	620	312	39	36	3	893	584	309	5	5	***
Kayasth	Gird and Bhind	24,298	13,548	10,750	7,342	6,217	1,125	16,956	7,331	9,625	1,431	1,389	42
5. Maratha	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	11.183	5,896	5,287	2,867	2,469	398	8,316	3,427	4,889	481	462	19
6. Moghiya	Ujjain and Mandasor	2,042	1,169	873	24	22	2	2,018	1,147	871	***	***	200
7. Raj put Baghela	Bhilsa	70,376	41,149	29,227	3,609	3,154	455	66,767	37,995	28,772	201	198	3
Bundela	Towards and Days	1,935	1,335	600	51	82	17	796 1,849	383	413 596	5	3	310
Chanhan	District on a service	11,483	4,982	6,501	796	677	119	10,687	1,253	6,382	57	57	810
Gaur *	Bhilsa and Ujjain	1,371	761	610	133	101	32	1,238	660	578	9	8	1
Kachwaha	Bhind	15,649	9,558	6,091	1,046	950	96	14,603	8.608	5,995	30	30	500
Parihar	Bhind and Tonwarghar.	1,756	697	1,059	73	63	10	1,683	634	1,049	3	3	240
Rather	Ujjain and Shajapar	7,673	3,963	3,710	470	374	96	7,203	3,589	3,614	56	36	640
Tonwar	Bhind and Tonwargher.	29,662	19,436	10,226	954	873	81	28,708	18,563	10,145	38	36	2
Il Musalman		98,826	53,137	45,689	8,395	7,311	1,084	90,431	45,826	44,605	886	868	18
1. Pathan	Gird and Ujjain	44,743	24,228	20,515	3,642	3,235	407	41,101	26,993	20,108	380	372	3
2. Sayyed	Do	9,534	5,324	4,210	1,328	7,108	220	8,206	4,216	3,990	236	233	3
3. Shaikh	Do	44,549	23,585	20,964	3,425	2,968	457	41,124	20.617	20,507	270	263	7
III Jain		14,270	7,597	6,673	3,635	3,253	382	10,635	4,344	6,291	98	96	2
1. Oswal	Ujjain and Mandasor	9,221	4,895	4,326	2,524	2,284	240	6,697	2,611	4,086	73	71	2
2. Porwal	Isagarh	5,049	2,702	2,347	1.111	969	142	3,938	1,733	2,205	25	25	-
IV Animist	4.000	98.427	50,006	48,421	68	64	4	98,359	49,942	48,417	1	1	***
Bhil, Bhilala, and Gond.	Amiliera	98,427	50.006	48,421	68	64	- 3	98,359	49,942	48,417	1	1	-
The state of the s						-							-

## TABLE X.

#### Language.

In this table the languages are shown under three main heads—A Languages of India, B Languages of other Asiatic countries and C European Languages. Languages of India are again sub-divided into (1) proper to State and (2) not proper to State.

The languages of Gangapur Pargana are given below:-

Nan	ne of La	nguage.	7	Person	ns.	Males.	Females.
	199	Total	111	100	9,401	4,810	4,591
Brij Bhasha	1000		1 344		-1	1	-
English	960	-	200		1	1	Silver III
Gujarati	***	225	2000		7	3	14
Hindi	-	3376	in est		21	14	5
Marathi	192	46	142		2	2	mr.
Marwari	764	1000	1100		1,265	697	56
Mewati	***		100		7,871	3.971	3,90
Punjahi	770	2000	222		10	9	
Urdu	200	4.2	177		323	112	11

100	the standard stand	Poru	LATION DEALT	WITE.		GIED.	
Script No.	Languages and Dialects-	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	GWALIOR STATE	3,195,476	1,696,510	1,498,966	326,466	178.371	148,095
2	A. Languages of India	3,194,416	1,695,721	1,498,695	326 240	178,221	148,019
3	(1) Languages proper to State  Indo-European Family	2,967,895	1,577,080	1,390,815	308,630	168,785 168,750	139,928
5	Eastern-Hindi - Baghelkhandi	2,903,000	28	1,389,131	300,030	100,1730	
6	Bhil Dialects	57,405	28,734	28,671	198	113	85
7 8	Bhili	34,831 22,138	17,474	17,357 11,085	198	113	85
9	Rathavi	436	207	229		-	22
10	Rajasthani	1,123,583 126,896	584,074 66,390	539.509 60,506	308	268	40
13	Malwi	941,757 15,138	489,017 7,726	452,740	308	268	40/
14 15	Sondhi	24,957	13,229 7,712	7,412 11,728	7.	200	-
16	Wasters Wardi	14,835		7,123	1 1 122	120,400	100 000
17	Bundelkhandi	1,783,964 294,272	963,033 158,796	820,931 135,476	308,124 33,719	168,369 17,511	139,755 16,208
19	Bhadaori	135,881	75,048	60,833	42	42	# #
21 22	Hindostani	2,241 1,255,880	1,061 676,947	1,180 578,933	258,416	142,044	116,372
23	Jatwari	5,013 14,972	2,452 7,877	2,561 7,095	645	153	492
24 25	Tonwarghari Urdo	25,454 50,208	14.442 26,367	11,012 23,841	407 14,885	362 8,247	6,638
26	Dravidian Family-Gondi	956	308	648	8.3	35	48
27	Unclassed Gi psy Languages	1,939	903	1,036			
28 29	Barjari Bargundi	1,855	853 50	1,002			***
30	(2) Languages not proper to State	226,521	118,641	107,880	17,527	9,436	8,091
31	Indo-European Family	226,229	118,497	107,732	17,467	9,403	8064
32	Pashto	410	225	185	1	1	***
33	Bengali	262	154	108	206	128	78
34	Bihari Parbi	8,850	4.790	4.060	1,197	703	494
35 36	Gujarati	12,332 11,913	6.224 6.028	6,108 5,885	336 336	209 209	127 127
37	Kathiawadi	419	196	223	277.	***	-
38 39	Kashmiri	18 23.034	12,131	10,903	15 13,220	5.983	6.237
40	Eastern Pahadi-Nepali	4	4	10,505	3	3	
41	Punjabi	1.825	1.083	742	285	200	85
42 43	Punjabi	1,767	1,047	720	281	199	82
44	Rajusthani	128,871	66,377	62,494	2.158	1,134	1.024
45 46	Hadauti	2,353 2,858	1,193 1,689	1,160 1,169	10	8 23	2
47 48	Mewari	92,886 30,125	47.859 15,214	45,027		1,091	987
49	Mewati	649	422	14,911 227	2,078 47	13	35
50 51	Western Hindi	48,960	26,490 505	22,470	39	27	12
52 53	Antervedi	903	12	398	23	12	11
54	Brij Bhasha	48,034	25,973	22,061	16	15	1
55	Parameters.	1,504	880	624	***	544	****
56	Sanskrit	13	115	31	7	7	3919
58	Dravidian Family	292	144	148	60		27
59	Tamil	84	30 8	54	12	7	5
61	B. Languages of other Asiatic	200 140	106 78	94 62	48 39	26 23	27 16
62	Countries. Indo-European Family-Persian	79	39	40	29	13	16
63	Semitic Family - Arabic	61	39	22	10	10	***
65	C. European Languages	920	711	209	187	127	60
66	Indo-European Family English	920	687	209	187	127	60
67 68	French	4 26	3 21	1	4	113 3 11	54
	Portugueso	40	- 41	5	16	11	-5

### Gwalior State including Gangapur.

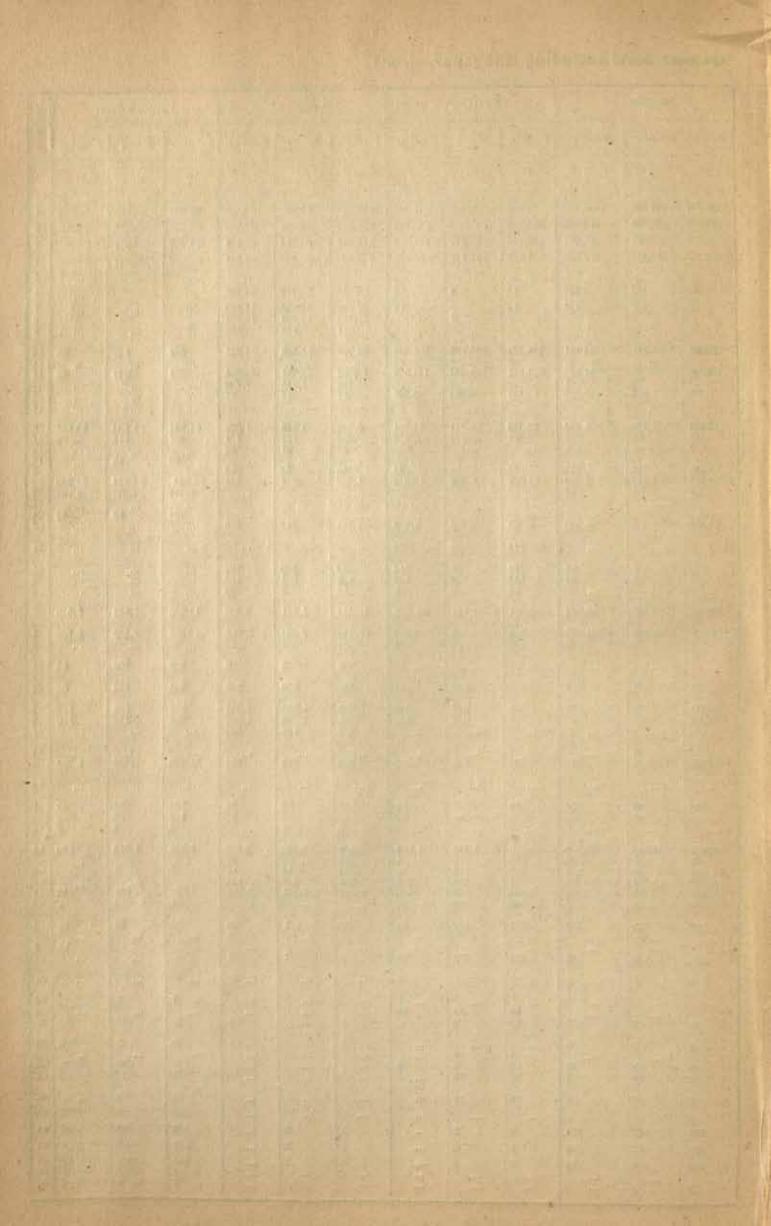
	BHIND.	N TOO	То	NWARGHAR			Sицория.		SHA	NARWAR.		No.
Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons-	Males.	Females:	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Serial No.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	*16	17	18	19	20	
382,633	208,765	173.868	336,660	186,908	149,752	124,865	66,462	58,403	369,627	195,548	174 079	1
382,632	208,764	173,868	336,660	186,908	149,752	124,857	66,456	58,401	369,625	195,548	174,077	2
377,204	206,593	170,611	331,483	184,088	147,395	80,862	42,6668	38,194	368,281	194,811	173,470	3
377 204	206,593	170,611	331,483	184,088	147,395	80,862	42,668	38,194	368,281	191,811	173.47.0	1 5
6	3	3	17844	***	***	441		212	88	27	61	6
61	22	39	730		100	441	229	210	58	27	-31	3
- 8	22	8 31	100	257	.222	2	14 Com 12	- 2	30	- 441	20	9
53		8,516		530	23	100000000	7.747	7,133	1,001	571	430	10
19,657	11,141	8,503	553 24	7	17	14,880	100		1,001	571	430	112
577	569	8 5	529	523	6	45	35	10	1,001	1971	984	13 14
				244	***	14,835	7,712	7,123		19861		15
357,480	195,427	162,053	330,930	183,558	147,372	65,541	34,692	30,849	367,192	194,213	172,979	16
23,546	14,899	8,647 60,578	34 59	12 17	22 42	7	1	1	174,374	92,756	81,618	18
135,183	74,605	444	1	1 147	135	W	-	-			C### 1	19 20
185,898	98,754	87,144	282 297,221	165,157	232,004	03,440	34,508	30,738	191,546	100,835	90.711	21 22
3,024	1,574	1,450	1,220 14,685	7,726	563 6,959	288	182	106	1,266	619	647	23
8,498 1,331	4.741 854	3,757 477	16,540 888	9,333	7,207 380	1 4	1	1 3	22	***	***	25
STATE	400			444	1550				144			26
	***	**			100 M		-	To a second		1	24	27
***	114	- 1	***		***		2.2		222	***	100	28
		***	***		***	10000			***	737	607	30
5,428	2,171	3,257	5,177	2,820	2,357	43,995	23,788	THE ASSOCIATION AND ADDRESS OF	1,344	11 -12	607	31
5 382	2,156	3.226	5,174	2,819	2,355	43,981	23,784	20,797	1.344	737		32
4	3	4	3	3		4	1	3	6	2	4	33
2,701	1,090	1,611	203	43	160	27	12	1000	7	7	540.10	34
		87	32	4	28	324	167		4	1		35
170 170	83 83	87	***	7000	***	324	167	157	4	1		30
7	F .	***				2400	244	-	1000	-	3337	31
178	94	84	159	80	79	199	107	92	432	256	176	34
-	700	322	100	744	2 140	Tour	11/11	9441	* 3	1	STILL BOOK	140
404	222	182	21	15	6		27	26	45			
352 52	189	163 19	21	15	6	53	. 27	26	45	26	-	
1,759	566	1,193	259	176	83	468	234	234	412	201		4
135	53	82	446	1	1	42 53	13	29	1	1	548	4.
1,488	377	1,111	251	171	80	14	133	5	******	****	211	1 4
136	136	******		1995	110		25	. 1	177	1000	3773	4
169	98	71	TO STANK WHEN	1,625	1,382	42,894	23,229	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	1000000	0.00	194	5
48	43	1997 0.00	Otogan	1,625	200 C	120	27			243	1000	111/4
121	50	71	-	-				2.0		1227		5
140	HAC.	395	1,489	872	617	5	275.11			777	***	5
- 220	***	F	122		122	1000	177		144	-	-	5
46	15	31		,	2			2 10	1112	2000	1 110	13
46	15	31	3		1 2			10	" "	-	144	33.55
THE !	17.	100	1916	***		- 1		1444	-	,	****	2 6
	1	457.5	1888	11/1/23	222	8	1		100	100	The same	,
***	-	1000	HAZ.	***	-	8	-50	5		1		,
1			2773	775	177	-	41	- 44	- march	6.1	STATE OF	2
1772		2000	2900	***	***	-	-	-	-	17.00	1	
		***	1 100	1	1	1					A STATE OF THE	50 1
14	***	100	1	1	1	100	100	333	944	1 1000	Leve	

#### TABLE X- Language

- 111		A State of			47				1000		
No.	Languages and Di	alasta	100	ISAGAR	H.		BHILSA.		y	UJJAIN.	
Serial No.	Languages and Di	mortice.	Persons.	Malcs.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males,	Females.
1			21	22	23	24:	25	26	27	28	29
1	GWALIOR STATE	211.0	384.088	201,384	182,704	247.667	130,252	117,415	344,218	179 347	164,871
2	A Languages of India	1 1999	384,054	201,364	182,690	4,564	2,545	2,019	344,156	179,312	164,844
13	(1) Languages proper to 5			196,512	178,453	243,103	127,707	115,396	323,048	167,635	155,413
5	Indo-European Family			196,188	177,898	242,260	127,384	111,876	322,790	167,500	155,290
6	Eastern Hindi-Baghell Bhil Dialects	KDRDCI	42	25	17	84	45	39	300	123	177
7	Bhili	200	1,414	728 437	1.258	51	12	39	300	123	177
8 9	Bhilali		572	291	281	33	33	2**	-	***	***
10	The state of the s		5772	(College)	200	177.63		***		****	***
111	The second secon		135,459	69,987 54,275	65,472 50,321	184,480 3,182	95,975 1,529	88,505 1,653	298.184	154,222	143.962
12	Marine Committee		30,423	15,506	14,917	181,286	94,439	86,847	298,128	154,174	143,954
14 15	Sondhi		440	206	234	12	7	5	52	46	6
1		41) ) (Si)	***	TV2	777.	422			***		10 111
16	Bundelkhandi		236,599 31,673	125,448	111,151	57,696 29,164	31,364 16,172	26.332 12,992	24,311 939	13,160 555	11,151 384
18	**************************************		498	332	166	58	36	22	17	17	littee /
20 21	Hindustani		45	45	202	118	9,565	31 8,524	250 16,525	9,016	148 7,509
22 23	Jatwari	***	200,032	106,254	93,778	18,089	139		10,523	***	775
24	Tonwarghari		10	6	4	270	***	131	- 5	5	-
25		100	4,341	2,316	2,025	9,997	5,365	4.632	6,575	3,465	3,110
26	Dravidian Family-Gon	di seri	167	70	97	555	173	382	57	227.	37
27 28	Unclassed Gi psy Langua Banjari	Bes III	712	254 254	458	288 288	150 150	738	227 171	735 101	86 70
29	THE TOTAL SECTION SECT		712	434	458	400		138	50	34	16
30	(2) Languages not proper	to State	9,039	4,852	(4)237	4,564	2,545	2.010	21,108	11,677	9,431
31	Indo-European Family	· www	9,086	4.849	4,237	4,564	2,545	12.019	21,026	11,629	9,397
32		447	157	74	.83	34	32	2	25	16	0
33	Bengali	45) (see:	14	10	- 4	444	or and	2770	19	4	15
34	Bihari Furbi	er en	356	164	192	200	89	HI	2.126	1.545	581
55	Charles and the second		303	+ 57	246	892	192	100	4.827	2,412	2.415
36	AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	Hi Hi	303	57	246	298	192	105	4,817	2,404	2,413
38	Kashmiri	HEET VALUE			7.1					1	100
139	Marathi	- 200	078	371	307	699	395	304	4,348	2,380	1,958
40	Eastern Pahudi-Nepali		2444		500	Tare III	0.885	These	200		900
41		W 100	565	301	264	56	34	22	129	98	31
#3 #3	(Sa. 4 (74) (14)		563	301	264	56	39.	.22	129	98	31
144	Rajasthani	an 1	5,282	2,951	2,351	3,190	1.759	1,431	9.433	5.005	4,338
46	Hadauli	-	1,305	651	654	89	55	34	113	5,095	15
47	Mewari	11 111	956 676	593 336	363	647 374	344 179	303	1,327	404 763	225 564
49	THE RESERVE AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN T		2,192 153	1,293	899 75	2,080	1,181	899	7,354	3,824	3,530
50	Western Hindi		1.723	913	810	85	42	0.00		12	0.5
51 52	Abirwari	Ma Ma	828	452	376	13	5	- 8	42	17	25 6
53	Dat Diberton	ii alii	895	461	434	72	37	35	36	17	19
54	Western Pahadi-Guja	1	1	. 1	22/	De tale 12	222	100	.,,		
55	Sanskrit	· · · ·	1242	324	e me	t	. 1	-100	- 5	5	170
56	Theory I diam Durantin		7 3	7 3		1	1	Frees.	72	57	15
58	Tomati	9411		100	***	3845	***		82	48	34
69 60	Canarese	2 10	3	3		200	***		-		***
61	B. Languages of oth	ner Asiatic	5	3	2	577	****		81	47 19	34 18
62	Indo-European Family-	Persian	-41	2	2		- m			1	
63	Semitic Family-Arabic	0.000	7	1	-wei	1997	-44		37	19	18
64	C. European Languages		29	17	12	2007	200	HAVE B	25	16	9
65	Indo-European Family English		29	17	12	THAT I	1	華	25	16	9
67	French		29	17	12	***			18	9	9
68	Portuguese	-	44					- 114	7	7	

#### Gwalior State including Gangapur.—(contd.)

	Mandasoi	i.		SHAJAPUR	1		AMIHERA.		L	ASHKAR CI	rv.	No.
Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Serial
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	
237.745	122,645	115.100	304,987	157,843	147,144	136,520	68,985	67.535	80,387	44,595	35,792	1
237,038 134,876	122,088	114,950 65,025	304,969 299,138	157,825 154,654	147,144	136,518 126,218	68,983 63,762	67,535 62,456	89,200 65,214	44,477 36,511	35,723 28,703	3
134,783	69,803	64 980	298,823	154,547	144,276	125,794	63,533	62,261	65.214	36,511	28.703	4
111	***		***	#15	1175	***	T Stt	***	2550	019	1,044	5
257	127	130	- 14	4	10	53, 76	27,316	26'660	255	1999	(0)	6
257	127	130	13	3	10	32 101 21 494	16,403 10,728	15.698 10,766	***		22	3
****	-	199	775	200	227	381	185	196	2007	111	100	9
122,462	64,301	58,161	276,677	144,192	132,485	68,773	34,548	34,225	283	257	26	10
115,674	60,749	54,925	259,071	134,805	124,266	53,566	26,786	26,780	283	257	25	12
6,785	3,550	3,235	17,587	9,380	8,207	15,126 81	7,722 40	7,404	- 22		110	13 14
12,064	5,375	6.689 22	22,132 448	10.351 215	11,781	3,045 332	1,669	1,376	64,931 187	36,254 115	28,677	15 16 17
5	3	2	***	1446		51	31	20	89.81	441	72	18
1,052 4,167	635	417	95	21	74	399	24	37.5	40	40		19 20
124	2,033	2,134 56	18,821	8,586	10,235	1,069	788	281	55,226 9,344	30,927 5,083	24,299 4.261	21 22 23
777-1004	744	177	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	444	***	44	317	HARAGE IN	134	89	*** 45	23 24
6,675	2,617	4.058	2,768	1,529	1,239	1,194	665	529	244	744	***	25
	225	400	114	30	54	***		666	.ee.		100	26
93	48	15	201 185 16	87 79 8	114 106 8	424 406 18	229 221 8	195 185 10	-	***	222	27 28 29
102,162	52,237	49,925	5.831	3,161	2,670	10,300	5,221	5.079	14,986	7,966	7,020	30
102.098	52,210	49,888	5.812	3,148	2,664	10,299	5,221	5,078	14,935	7,939	6.996	31
15	9	6	149	79	70	24	- 0	15	275	***	122	32
Till consent	The		111	222	- THE	6	3	3	177	109	68	13
856	446	410	610	393	217	567	298	269	252	162	90	34
1,082	523 523	559 559	1,109	542 642	467 467	3,850 3,441	1,934	1,916	286 286	176 176	110	35
923		***		· ***	100	409	188	221	100	164	(24)	37
786	3 382	404	1,384	615	769	952	469	483	12,088	6,352	5,736	38
000	248	5555	100	159.2	100	649	(0)	ere l	Teen.	1999	15464	40
164 164	94 94	70 70	59 59	47	12	45 43 2	20 18 2	25 25	132 128 4	87 86 1	45 42 3	41 42 43
98,897	50,624	48,273	2,175	1.157	1.018	4,848	2,490	2,358	1,945	1,016	929	44
601 219	291 84	310 135	165	150	94 30	22 25	15	10	1000	3	22	43 46
89,758 8,276	46,302 3,937	43,456 4,339	1.095	135 616	335 479	260 4.541	134 2,341	126 2,200	1,021	1,001	920	47
43	10	33	265	185	80	577	22.0		21	12	9	49
287	122	165	267	173	94	10	E.	9 8	23	12	11	50 51
287	122	165	267	173	94	2		1	23	12:	11	52
8	7	i	1		- 0	- Am		-172	400	West	7222	54
***	one	100	1550	- 11	441	1446	664	Your	7	7	Teatr -	53
54	27	37	66 19	50 73	16	"" 1	FEE	CO 7	51	27	24	56
8	3	5	-	***		1		1	8	5	3	58
56 32	24 10	32 22	15 16	4 9 16	6	***		***	43 35	22 20	21 15	59 60 61
29	7	21	16	16	***	.01		94	10	10	***	62
	3	1	***	***				172	25	10	15	63
675	547	128	2	2	166.	2	2	4441	152	98	54	64
675	547	128	2 3	2 2	0 444	2 2	2 2		110	91	54 49	65
3	3	200	1995	(888		-	***	772	4 8	3	1 4	67 68
3	3	***	***	464	****	-	***		-1			08



# TABLE XI.

#### Birth-place.

This table gives the information for birth-place of the persons censused in the State as well as the districts where enumerated.

The figures for Gird Gwalior District include those for Lashkar City shown separately.

The figures for Gangapur Pargana are shown below:—

Birth-place			P	OFULATIO	N.
	1 3		Persons.	Males.	Females.
2" 1			2	3	4
То	tal	1 11	9,401	4,810	4,591
1. Gwalior State	240	340	6,332	3,885	2,447
2, Central India	946	1444	4	2	2
3. United Provinces	444	2440	14	9	5
4. Rajputana States	222	15	3,022	902	2,120
5. Ajmer-Merwara	***	7444-7	19	6	13
6. Bombay:	200		3	2	1
British Districts	2115	427	2	7	
States			1	7	A PER
7. Punjab	***		7	4	***

-			4-	-		DISTRICT	OR CITY
70	District, State, province or country	POPUL	ATION OF THE	STATE:		GIRD.	
Serial No.	where born.	Persons-	Males	Females-	Persons.	Males.	Females-
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
-	Gwalior State excluding Gangapur	3,186,025	1,691,700	1,494.375	326,466	178.371	148,095
2	Gangapur	C (20)	3,810	4,591	-	-	- a
3	Gwalior State including Gangapur	3.195.476	1,696.510	1,498,966	326,466	178,371	148,095
4	A. Born in India	3,194,793	1,695,906	1,498,887	326,401	173,335	148,076
5	1. Districts within the State	2,902,057	1,566,968	1,335.699	295,479	163,152	132,327
7	Gird	362,183	191,658 203,641	165,238 158,542 142,858	279,192 5,170	153,831 3,051	2,119 1,506
8 9 10	Tenwarghar Sheopur	116,031	185.314 62,423	53,608 173,013	4,310 500 4,429	2,804 232 2,021	268 2,405
11	Narwar	1720000000	194,374 187,635	163,066	611	355	256
113	Bhilsa	188,624	99,529 145,788	89,095 131,551	248 454	152 296	96 158 53
14	Mandasor	178,371	97,588 139,709	80,783 123 734	184 254	131	94
16	Amjhera	112,919	59,309	53,610	127	119	8
17	11. Provinces and States in India			William Con	o mines		5.831
18	(1) Central India States	137,917	58,069	79,848	10,508	3,677	5,831
19	Ajaigarh	31.	19	140 12 490	196	*	100
21 22 23	Ali Rajpur	269	355	192 15,333	77	45	32
24	Bhopal		13,242	251	133	71	62
25	Datin	14,931	5,434	9,497 5,746	7,231	2,327	4,904 37 28
27 28	Dhar	10,536		5,986 23,789	103 732	75 267	465
29	Jaora	6,237	2,317	3,920	4 3	2	- 1
31 32	Jobat	494	806 225 110	269 195		120	344
33	Narsinghgarh	10 A 100 A		2,508	*** 4	1	412
34	Orchha	41	18	2,412	729 5	317	E
36	Raigarh	4,299	1,634	2,511 2,665	14	12	301
38	Rewah			413 507	607	. 306	***
90 91	Samthar	872	366 208 435	564 1,058		175	583
42	Central Andia unspecified	1,079		375		-	6.291
43	(a) United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.	1270000	25,715	33,306		7.557	8,291
45	British Disricts	2010	1100000	33,306 4,530		7,557	632
46 47	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW	346	210	136	147	91	36 123
48	Azamgarh	11 286	11	192	10	10 56	32
50	Barabanki	. 308	216	92	118	109	9 24
51 52	Benares	313	195	127	79	46 32	47
53 54	D. think	. 138		112		14	30
55		3,28		1,790			24 227
57 58	Dehra Dun	2,19	8 88	125	5 37	5 31	6
59	Etawah	., 5,38	1,774	3,610	650	489	161
60	Fatehpur	72	1 144		64	32	32
63	Gorakhpur		4 2		4		7 2 156
64	Hardoi	24	7 100	14	2 2000	86	7.0
65	Jalaun	3,88	3 872	3,01	431	182	249 405
67	Testmon	20,52	ET COLUMN	10,74	2 4,507	1,711	2,796
-		19	3 128	6.	5 45	34	

WHERE	ENUMER	ATED.			AL PRINCIPAL PRI	10 -					Tit.	
	BHING.		To	NWAR GHAI	R-		SHEOPUR.	1		NARWAR-		I No.
Persona.	Males	Females.	Persons.	Maler:	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males	Females.	Serial
9	10	- 11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
381,633	208,765	173.868	336,660	186,908	149,752	124,865	66,462	58,403	369,627	195,548	174,079	1 2
NAME OF THE PARTY OF	441	1000		100 010		100	en 400		200 627	105.740	174,079	3
382,633 382,632	208.765	173,868	336,660	185,938 185,938	149,752	124,865	65,462 65,458	58,403	369,627	195,548	174,079	4
363.747	208,764	160,252	327.149	183.746	143,403	117,389	62,976	54,413	363.874	193,394	170,480	5
6,406	2,855	3,551	6,510	3,355 652	3,155	1,653	849	804	8,769 176	4,461	4,308	6 7 8
351,653 4,112 150 1,043	198,766 1,290 76 384	152,907 2,822 74 659	3,635 315,683 765 282	179,268 259 109	2,983 136,415 506 173	1,697 112,703 1,096	628 60,859 552	1,069 51,844 544	460 1,074 350,875	200 462 187,104	260 612 163,771	8 9 10
97	19	78 19	93 16	43 7	50	131	. 39	92	2,271 76	+923 41	1,348	11 12
57 97 40	45	52 39	27 21	18	17	42 7	30	12	77 17	43 12	34	13 14
51	13	38	114	29	85	9	A	9	73	35	38	15
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3.381	820	2,561	187	88	99	102	64	38	1.623	552	1,071	17
	***	223	944	***				1	400	1	944	18 19
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22	9	13	18	13	5	12	2	10	20 150	103	47	23
2,698 20.	687	2,011 2	113	65	48	40	31	9	1,323	391	932 1	24 25
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33		32	100	#	946	26	23	3	#	2073	-	36 37
85	15	70		- #			11	22	100	444		38
62	" 7	55	35		35	-	75	100	100	200	- 12	40
13,731	3,463	10,268	4,819	1,153	3,666	315	182	133	2.626	929	1,697	43
13,731	3,463	10,268	4,819	1.153	3,666	315	182	133	2,626	929	1,697	43
1,852 55 35	666	1,186	2,384 27	694 14	1,690	30	And West	30	179	161	18	44 45 45
140	13	32	2	6	8	110	***		1		# .	47 48
7	-	7	F	444			***		11		11	49
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1,045	165	880	10 173	5 31	142		220	- 4	24	18		56
107 3,731	19 976	 88 2,755	51 699	22 122	29 577		*** ***		10	6	-	57
289 234	53 53	236 IS1	23	3	20		27	122	3	2	1	60
10	3	7	3		3		- 2	100				61
117	2	117		2	19		***	H	-	1	1 10	6
2,825	558	2,267	471	28	443		-		21	311		6.5
219	100	158	1000	47 10	64			9	2,045	600	State of the last	1 6
26	13	13	44	10	1	***			No. of Res		April 1	1

1		1.0		1			1			DIS	TRICT O	R CITY
2	District. State, pro	wince or com	ntry	The same	ISAGARE	6	1	BHILSA.		Hill.	Ullats.	
Serial N	where		-		Land				l and			
S				Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
	SER SER			21	22	25	24	25	25_	27	28	29
	Gwalior State excl	uding Gan	gapur	384,088	201,384	182,704	247,667	130,252	117.415	344,218	179,347	164.871
	2 Gangapur	244	1922	444	+++5	***		-,-	***	1977	***	and and
No.	Gwallor State incl	uding Gan	gapur	384,088	201,384	182,704	247,667	130.252	117,415	344.218	179,347	164,871
	A. Born in India	- 441	2,000	384,065	201,368	182,697	247,566	130,251	117,415	344,190	179.325	164,865
	I. Districts within		:15	361,980	190,599	171,381	199,170	105,574	93,596	289,614	153,267	136,347
3	Bhind Tonwarghar		-	11,284 350 853	3,633 242 599	7,651 108 254	1,253 622 904	1279. 381 428	974 241 476	9,273	4,823 311 68	3,450 42 15
10	Sheopur		***	270 7,519	172 3,014	98 4,505	397 1,775	297 956	100 819	83 21 128	21 91	37
11	Dest			340,339 I,003	182,351	157,988	6,145	3,310	2,835	572	313	259
1.	Ujjain Mandasor		***	105	349 70 23	654 35 3	186,362 127 22	98,568 73 13	87,794 54 9	137 272,718 1,029	143,736 498	128,982 531
12	Shajapur		***	201	127	74	544	257	287	5.969	3,120	2,849
10	Amjhera	States in	India	30	19	11	19	12	7	331	195	136
17	beyond the State	ė.		4,668	2,257	2,411	24,863	12,472	12,391	38,159	16,736	21.423
18		200	***			****	***	-	Parell I	407	544	44
20	Ali Rajpur Barwani		***	***			***		**	***		
23	Bhopal Chhatarpur		***	1,283	657	626	16,698	7,897	8,801	3,604	1,386	2,218
24	Datia Dewas		77	151 260 12	93 158 11	58 102 1	3,173	1,736	1,437	10 42	10 24	18
26 27	Dhar Indore	411	***	10 218	S 144	2 74	11	74	7 7 70	5,227 3,093 18,022	1,944 1,332 8,378	3,283 1,761 9,644
28	Jaora Ihabua			4	3	1	375			2,687	1,687	1,600
30	Jobat Khilchipur		-	3	2	- 1	***	100		169	91	78
32	Narsinghgarh	#	721	502	291	211	46	1	45	73	33	40
34	Orchha Panna Rajgarh		***	63 18 2,028	32 7 769	31 11 1,232	4,643 13 73	2 737	1,906		***	
36 37	Ratlam Rewah	1	- 11	11 20	4 18	7 2	4 29	11	73 3 18	3,431 76	1,402 31	2,029 45
38	Sailana Samthar	201			777	3		- 194	/	835	363	472
40 41	Sitamau Central India unsp	ecified		10 67	5 6 22	4 45	14 5 3	8	6	29	14	15
42	(2) United Province		and	4.295	1.981	2,314	13,283	7.225	6,058	3,355	1,812	1,543
43	Oudh. British Districts			4 295	1.981	2 314	13.283	7,225	6,058	3,355	1,812	1,543
44 45	Agra	=	- 444	254 17	134 11	120 6	1,259	638	621	232 27	150	82
44 46 47	Aliahabad Azamgarh	# -	***	50	35	15	55	10	45	34	28	6
48	Barabanki	I	***	8	5	3	36	28	8	10	21	7
49 50	Bareilly			13 42	8 17	5 25	94	82	12	72 55	35 34	37 21
51 52	Badaon		-	1	1		21 19	17 8	11	18 27	18	27
53 54	Bulandshahar Cawnpore			5 120	94	5 26	2 872	592	280	10 352	7 221	131
55 56	Dehra Dun Etah	7	=	3	3 2	1	5	***	1	4	4	***
57	Etawah Farrukhabad	ATTS .	***	14	10	4	45	28	17	75	41	34
59 60	Fatchpur Fyzabad			7 11	5 7	2 4	13 2	8	5 1	45 47 15	32 22 7	13 25
61	Gorakhpur Hamirpur			10	7	3	67	48	19		= 1	
63 64	Hardoi Jalaun	700	77	3 25	3 24	1	57	25	32	41	4	-
65	Jaunpur Jhansi		***	3,246	1,391	1,855	9,748	5,589	777	34	31	3
68	Lucknow			119	12	107	8	5,389	4,159	385	242	143
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	WHERE	ENUMER	ATED.		-								T
		MANDASOR			SHAJAPUR.	No.	41/10	AMIHERA.	2434	L	викла Ст	ν,	oN la
	Persons-	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Miles	Females.	Persons.		Females.	Settal
	30	31 -	32	- 33	34	15	36	37	38	39	40	41	
í	228,344	117,835	100,509	304,987	157,843	147,144	136,520	68,985	67.535	80,387	44,595	35,792	
	9,401	4,810	4,591	2000	199	440	1254	4	en:	ena.	100	- 993	2
	237,745	122.645	115,100	304,987	157,843	147,144	136,520	68,985	67,535	80,387	44,595	35,792	3
	237.221	122.164	115,057	304,851	157,821	147.140	136.519	68,984	67.535	80,345	44,566	35,779	4.
	197 665	107.689	89,976	370,696	143,102	127,594	115 304	59,970	55,334	69,975	38,208	31,667	5
	20,050	10,575	9,475	10,739 126	5,288 94	5,451	1,767	709	1,058	64,520 1,448	34,580	29,940	5 5
	14 46	11	36	51 105	16 35	32 35 70	5	1	4	1,704 166	1,185	519 40	9
	28	23	5	96	71	25	16	49		901	565	336	10
	31 17	23 8	8 9	378 401	226 248	152 153	33 300	29 21	279	358 122	233 86	125 36	12 13
	456 176,424	96,700	79,724	2,805 396	1,183 150	1,622 246	432 205	145 52	287 153	361 169	23 <sub>0</sub> 1 <sub>20</sub>	131 49	14 15
	556	163	393	255,592	135,788	119,804	80	17	63	127	68	59	100
9	12	5	7	7	3	4	112,357	58.940	23,415	99	96	3	
	12.474	3,953	8,521	23,773	9,660	14,113	18,179	7.790	10,389	1,019	557	462	17
	T	19.42	1005	31	19	12	140	100	140	***	H	***	19 20
ł	93 59	60 30	32 29	44	53.5	775	753 210	295 47	458 163	21		1771	21
ì	25	10	15	6,685	3,160	3,525	131	54	77	27	12	15	25
ł	26 1.064	10	16	21	3	 18 1.599	335	2 178	2 157	633	323 65	310 27	24 25
i	5,458	405 8 1,634	659 50 3,824	2,771 137	1,172 69	68	7,118 7,204	3,051 3,093	4,067 4,111	93 126	69	24 65	26- 27
ı	3,486	1,201	2,285	7,688	2,409	5,279	17	7	10	2	1	1	28
ı	2	1	1		2411		1,527 494	714 225	813 269	25.	2	112	29 30
ı		4	2	301 3,963	107	194 2,206	***	1.2		3		*** 2	30 31 32
ı		and I	996	1	2	AN I	* 440	144	***	1995	-	25.45	33 34
۱	689	3	5	2,097	932	1,165	3	3	77	1	2 1	100	35 36 37
ì	17	167	522 12	36	***	25	114	37	***	ing.	2.00		37
ı	38	3	35	A- 1		roes.			-	10	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	m s	38 39
ı	1,445	411	1,034	3	3	777	1 128	1 83	45	***	1 224	110	40 41
1	1.479	836	673	836	458	378	433	148	285	5,170	3,284	1.886	42
ı	1,479	- 856	673	836	458	378	433	148	285	5.170	3.284	1.886	43
I	190	63	127	80	68	12	17	5	12	794	404	390	44 45
ı	47 26	12	14	9	3	7	10	8	3 2	94 118	45	49 72	45
ł	722	-1	# -	277	1	72	*	2	2	8 16	8 8	8	47 48
ı	119	66 4	.53	14 12	. 14	5	3	1	2 2	108 55	100 38	8	49
ı	21 2	17	4	100	1996	***	5	+	1	50 4	17	17 33 4	50 51 52
١		AL		1	1	1	26	**	26	34	6	28	52 53
-	106	53	1 53	63	33	30	3 28	17	11	12 176 6	91 5	12 85 1	55 56
	132	93	39	18	11	77 7	2	70	2	17 246	11 151	95	57 58
	4 8	4	#15	16	7	9	+ 8	1 6	3 2	200	131	69	19
	19	12	7	2	2		2	2		6	5	î	61 62
1	38	35	3	778.0	2041		A.		=	89	84	5	63
1	8	1 3		1 6		1 6	3	4		149	83	66	64
1	130	85	140 Life	HE (1970)		1000	7	15	11	711	354	357 57	66
1	25	16	45	93	36	57	26	5	41	764	117	37	68
1			-				The second second						

Г					0.000		DISTRIC	T OR CITY
No.	District, State, province of	r country	Popul	LATION OF THE	STATE		GIRD.	
Serial N	where born-		Persons.	Males	Females.	Persons-	Males.	Females.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7 -	8
1			1,954	714	1 240	550	442	108
2004	Mirzapur		255 84 170	124 78 56	131 6 84	65 4 53	23 4 17	36
3	Mutira		1,100	785	315	693	521	169
6 7 8	Rac-Bareli	-	21 478 174	14 229 144	7 219 30	14 85 123	11 54 101	31 22
10	Shabjahanpur		93	52	41	21 2	21 2	-
11		fied	343 7,729	147 3,225	196 4.504	155 1.833	122 1,192	33 641
13	A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN C		8,073	3.885	4.188	250	124	126
14	British Districts	ne.	8,073	3.885	4,188	250	124	126
15	Akola	772	133 39	78 15	55 24	10 10	5 4	5
17 18 19	Hoshangabad Jubbulpore		43 355 474	20 105 259	23 160 205	3 14 24	3 7 15	7
20	Nagpur	100	152	87	65	38	27	11
21 22 23	Narsinghpur Nimar Raipur	**	8 155 69	129 35	3 26	2	1	1
24	Saugor		5,687	2,574	34 3,113	84	38	46
25	Central Provinces unspeci		958 3,835	478	480	64	2.3	41
27	British Districts	) per (	3,206	1,982	1,433	1,567	1,035	532
28 29	Ahmedabad	13	226	162	64	45	40	5
30	Bombay	***	179 467 2	118 284	183 2	88 398	58 261	30 137
32	Khandesh	1	295	232	63	61	44	17
3+ 35	Nasik Poona Ratnagiri		378 315	13 242 164	136 151	13 195 308	13 119 160	76 148
36 37	Satara Sholapur		318 20	194 12	124	136	69	67
38	Surat Bombay unspecified	244	118 874	90 470	28 404	43 216	39 186	4 30
40	Aden		1	1	100		7411	446
41 42 43	Bombay States Gujarat Kathiawar		629 427 177	420 264 136	209 163 41	64	46 23	18 7 2
44	Kolhapur	1	25	20	5	19 15	12 11	4
45	(5) Baroda State (6) Ajmer-Merwara	1997	579 722	307	368	103	44	59
47	(7) Rajputana States		78,063	35,088	42,975	3,154	1,755	1,399
48 49	Alwar	1	1,046	473	573	186	115	71
50 51	Bharaipur		764 435	64 370 157	30 394 278	199	115	84 11
52	Bundi	***	308 5,728	2,794	156	BILL I	- OHE	0.00
54 55	Jaipur Jaisalmer		13,163	7,186 150	2,934 5,977 120	1,101	650 345	451 285
26 57	Jhalawar Karauli	-	2,797 4,366	959 1,750	1,838 2,616	2 6+	1 20	1 44
58 59	Kishangarh Kotah	-	68 8,979	4,258	36 4,721	13	57	13
60 61 62	Marwar Mewar	77	2,583 13,685	1,364 5,058	1,219 8,627	76 46	59 21	17 25
63	Tonk		3,661 13,165	5,716	2,225 7,449	187	106	81
65	Rajputana unspecified (8) Punjab		6,951	3,170	3,781	428	193	235
66	British Districts		2,548	1.665	883 714	925 733	531	394 286
67 68	Ambala	240	62	39	23	15	4 4	11
68	Amritaar 441 ***	200	289	217	72	15	11	

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WHERE	ENUME	RATED				1						
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Persons.	Males	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Scrint
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
782 61	60	607	550	52	498			-	3 7	3 4	3	1 2
13	6	# 7	13	7	6		1 11			3	100 1	3 4
63	31	32	87	49	38	3#	1112	777	1	1	12	5
140		132	14	6	8 2	-	449	202	100	27.4	***	6 7 8
18		16	2 2	ZZ:	2	277		1 11	1	1	771	9
111	1	110	2	2	117	199	946)	310	3	1	2	
1,710	560	1,150	58	27	31	262	181	81	305	106	199	12
31	7	24	70	41	29 29	19	18		47	34	13	
42	100	24	70	41		19	18	100	47	34	13	15
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2	***	2	5	. 5	#	18	17	1	19	15	4	25
14	1	13	61	41	20	22	17	6	50	25	25	
14	1	13	60	40	20	7		6	1 50	25	25	27
			11	2	9	***		14	1		1	28 29 30
1		1	-		100		***	2 第	220	***	-	31 32
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2 1	1	1 1	1	1	***		***	100	22	14	8	31
***	60,000	19.4	- :::	-57	37	2	1	1	72	***		36 37
10	45	10	1 47	1 36		5	100		27		16	38 39 40
7466	22.7		-		177	1001	300	H 1002	24	277	1000	523
	***		1	1	100	16 16	16 16			200		41 42 43
-	***		1	1	111	***	***	1000	***	200	111	44
6	6	277	4	4	0773	***	772	777	13	9	- 4	45
ett.	100	744	220	441	11122	14	5	9	T.	1	544	46
1,361	765	596	4.253	1.765	2,488	6,892	3,115	3,777	1,302	551	751	47
72	13	59	123	70	53	10	3	7	36	20	21	48 49
42	32	10	52 25	30 23 1	2 3	10	7	3 43	1	10	8	50 51 52
569	313	256	3,303	1,358	1,945	190	108	82	114	58	56	100
514 16	317 11	197	47 32	19 16	28 16	2,866	1,472	1,394	99	58	41	53 54 55
48	31	17	536	210	326	988	385	603	6	3	3	56 52
*** 4		-				8	1.026	8	764	241	523	58 59
144	***		25 17 1	6 7	10	2,560 24 83	1,035 8 47	1,525 16 36	31 165	25 85	6 80	60 61
15	5	10		144	222	12	7	5	4	1	3	62
76	38	* 38	1 87	1 24	··· 13	77	36	41	52	45	7	63 64
247	132	115	31	25	6	94	74	20	65	34	31	65
244	132	112	30	25	5	94	74	20	65	34	31	60
132	*** 85	47		222	***	200	22.	-	***		***	67 68

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1		1				-					DIS	TRICT (	OR CITY
	No.	District, State, provis	ice or count	ry	110	ISAGARN		-	BHILSA.	31 3		UJJAIN.	
1	Serial No.				Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females-	Persons.	Males.	Females.
-			Ball		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	1 2	Mainpari	***	375	16 11	7	9	6	2	4	9	4	(5
	3	Meerut Mirzapur	222	***	8	5 7	- 6 1	59 11	11	59	22	16	6
-	4 3	Moradabad Muttra	100	- 110	23	18	5	17 46	. 14 . 33	13	45 87	22 61	23 26
ш	6	Muzaffarnagar	112	his	6	3	3				1		-
п	7 8	Rae-Bareli Saharanpur	777	0.0	4	4	2	*	* 1		153	133	20
10	9	Shabjahanpur	227		24	7	17	***	989	- #	2	12 2	100
	11	- Catalogs	100	22.5	121	-	111	- ***	1412	777	25	3273	222
	12	United Provinces u	uspecified	2	309	126	183	802	58	744	1,513	609	904
	13	(3) Central Province	s and Berr	ır	1,003	455	548	5,197	2.401	2,796	698	545	153
3	14	British Districts		The same	1,003	455	548	5,197	2,401	2.796	698	545	153
	15	Akola			100		- 200	440	×	300	8	8	(110)
	16 17	Amraoti Bilaspur		****	3	1	1 2	6 37	1 16	5 21	4	*	1000
- 3	18 19	Hoshangabad Jubbulpore	***	121	27 129	23 134	4 5	35 83	16	19	118	61	57
	20	The same		***	18		8	1982	42	+1	50	43	7
	21	Narsinghpur		244	9	#	***	15 8	8 5	2	37	20	17
- 2	23	Nimar Raipur	***	***	344	110	#	" 12	6	6	128 24	128	10
		Saugor	***/	111	732	234	495	4,746	2,230	2,516	43	25	18
	25	Central Provinces in	specified	100	92	62	30	255	- 77	178	286	242	44
	26	(4) Bombay	THE .	1000	107	65	42	190	155	35	1,160	719	441
2	17	British Districts	100	liba.	99	.57	42	61	49	12	925	565	360
	28	Ahmedabad Ahmedaagar	201	199	8	5	3	10	1 9	1 182	84	77	
3	10 11	Bombay	7.55	944	21	14	7	***	3103	344	37	35	1
3	2	Khandesh	T.	24.	32	11	21	" 11	9	2	154	148	1 6
3	3	Nasik	1900	1 100	11.5	***	- Mil	-		244	222	-10	1944
3	5	Pouna Katnagiri	777	***	9 4	5 4	355	18	18	1	82	49	33
3	7	Satara Sholapur		Jan.	5	3	2	4	1	3	137	97	40
	8	Surat		944	1	1					(1)	110	200
	0	Bombay unspecified	1	***	18	13	3	15	10	5	25 395	154	261
1	1	Bombay States	444	7022	8	8	11-	129		200	· ***	410	100
	2	Gujarat Kathiawar		***	4440.0	T-0.5	***	9	106	23	235 215	154	81 75
4		Kolhapur	***	T.	8	8	255	120	105	35	14	8	6
4.	5	(s) Baroda State	N#66	-11	6	2	4	5	1	4	233	106	127
40	6	(6) Ajmer-Merwara	-	-504	6	5	1	# 46	22	24	178	112	66
4	7	(7) Rajputana States	See .	***	11,482	5,621	5,861	4.799	2,337	2.462	10,377	5.716	4.661
4		Alwar	144		257	114	143	23	12	11	105	2,000,000	Contract of
50	0	Banswara Bharatpur	11	***	108	44	64	60	28	32	63	72 48	36 15
5	1	Bikaner Bundi	Ter Av	1	71 13	4	69	1	1	3	78 78	46 46	32 32
5	3	Dholpur	-	Gir.	234	131	83	137	103	30	87	72	15
5	5	Jaipue	200	7426	1,235	629	606	486	286	34 200	3.967	2,252	1,715
50	6	Jhalawar Karauli	7.993	500	9	2	7	1		1	196	92	104
51	31	Kishangarh	Party.	(00)	180	121	39	68	20	48	117	8.5	32
-59	9	Kotah	110	1945	3,339	1,751	1,588	240	129	111	431	4	1
6	1	Marwar Mewar	304		79 140	50 98	29 42	165 172	80 97	85 75	418	232 310	199 108
6	111	Partabgarh	7,444	500	2	1	1	21	5	6	30 214	73	71
16		Tonk Rajputana unspecifie	d	-te	5.614 194	2,535	3,079	3,412	1,575	1,837	508	360	148
6	3	(8) Punjab	144	1000	417	319	98	76		19	3,986	1 851	2,1.5
6	6	British Distrites	044	-94	407	311	96	76	44	32	208	163	45
6		Ambala	944	7200	2	2	14.	1	44	32	203	159	44
	18	Amritsar	-	1988	78	66	12	17	9	** 8	*** 11	- n	- 12
-	_								-	The same of the sa	-	-	- 100

WI	HERE	ENUMER	RATED.		I U				7	7			
I	4 11	MANDASOR	14		SHAJAPUR.		1 900	AMJHERA.	TALE	L	ASHKAR CI	TY.	No.
Pe	rsons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Serial No.
1	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	
1	6 18	1 10	5 8	32 4	28 2	4 2	in i		1	211 30	165	45 30	1 2
	5 4 61	4 2 37	1 2 24	5 12 39	5 6 32	6 7	45 3 3	42 3 2	1 1	3 22 518	404	46 30 3 22 114	3 4 5
	49	16	33	2	2	12.2	27	2	25	8 21	7 9	1 12 17	6 7 8 9
1	20	15	5	23	23 4	1	-	440 440 440	**	116	99	17	10
	52 373	190	44 183	1 370	1 156	214	193	1 19	174	95 1,054	83 803	12 251	11 12
1	89 89	41	48 48	441	158 158	283 283	228 228	61	167	190	98	92 92	13
	3	3		112 18	62	50 12	***		17	7 8	5 4	2 4	15 16 17
	60 5	32	28 2	49 5	19 2	30	 50 115	37	 13 115	7 18	3 12	7 6	17 18 19
	7	T.	7	30	27	3	4	1	3	35	26	9	20 21
13	6 3	2	6	15	6	g	21 3 35	23	21 3 12	53	30	23	20 21 22 23 24
	465	1	4	212	36	176	172			59	13	41	25
	324	227 161	238 163	75 51	45 38	30 23	123	72 56	51 40	1,119	739 726	380 373	26
	61 37 46	33 14 8	28 23 38	7	2	5	9	2	7 4	45 60	40 43	5 17	28 29
	**	2	2	# s	3	5	25	15	10	27	17	10	30 31 32
	10	9	10	3	2	1	27	24	3	148 147	92 55	56 93	33 34 35
	19	1 12	7	22	22	1	11		11	45	# 1	45	35 36 37
	48 88	33 49	15 39	19	8	11	26	15	" 11	586 586	38 431	155	38 39 40
1	141	66 64	75 67	14	7 6	7 2	2t 18	16 14	5 4	20	13	7	41 42 43
	9 .1 27	1	-8	6	4	5	1 2	1	Vill 1	17	10	7	44
	443	193	250	141	97	9	41	22 8	19	94	37	57	45
2	24.192	8,990	15,202	8.256	3,691	4,565	1,995	782	1,213	1.791	927	854	47
1	5 <sub>6</sub>	36 10	20	63 31 50	38 16 26	25 15 24	141  51	6	133	123	69 40	54 65	48 49 50
	124	51 2	73	17 23 25	13 17	13 10 8	137	6	131	43	32	11	52
	1,807	957	850 1,133	863 215 795	538 121 211	325 94 584	649 2	313	336	515	265 268 	194 247 	53 54 55
-	12	8	3	2,346	866	1.480	16	13	3	13	. "	3	56 57 58
1	422 663 2,670	180 308 4,453	242 355 8,217	1,097 281 202	623 188 110	474 93 92	, 829 125	329 74	***500 52	8 24 6	6 24 1	2 5	59 60 61
	1,739	1,048	1,935	1,663	656	1,007	6	11	7	68 423	32	36	62
1	1,804	799	1,005	348 188	141	207 30	5	5	5	423 491	189 258	234	64
	145	90	55	173	145	28	13	8	5	385	226	159	66
	31	19 33	12	14	14		··· i	1	=	7	3 7	6	67 68

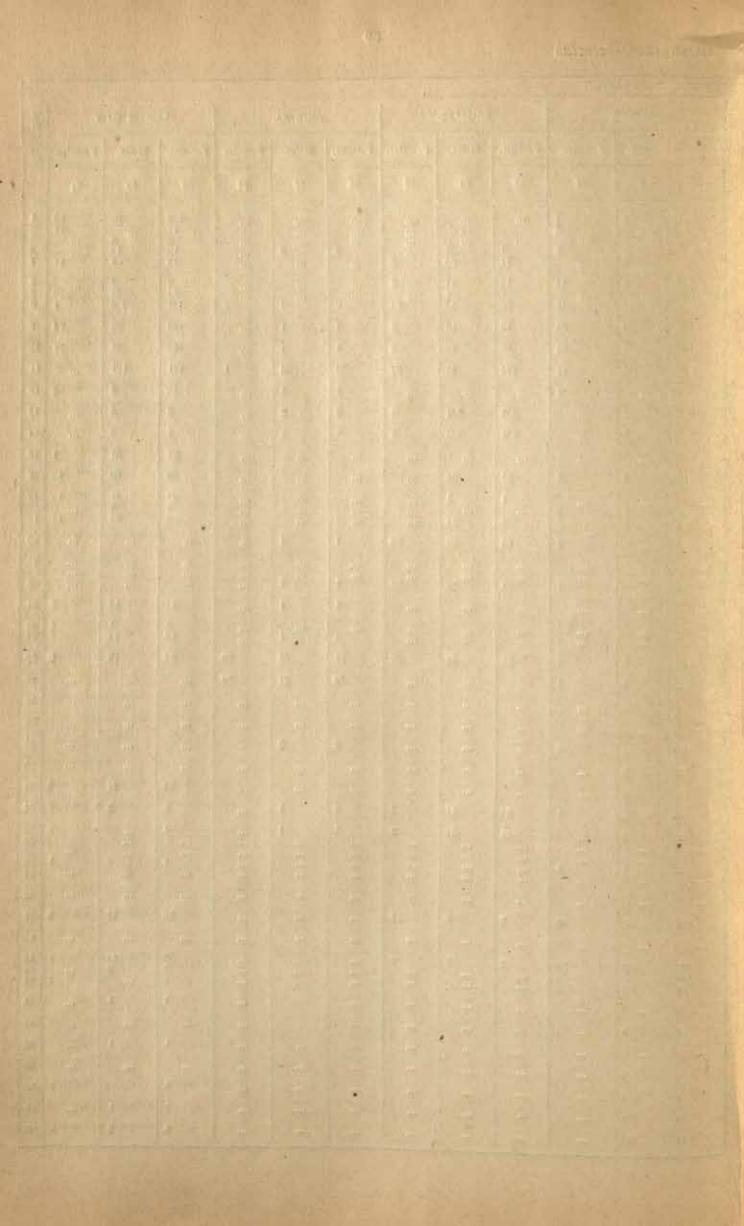
Ī								DISTRIC	OR CITY
No.	District, State, provin	ce or cou	intry	Popul	LATION OF TH	E STATE.		Giro.	
Soulal No.		9 3	7.01	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
	2			3	1 4	5	6	7	8
	Gurgaon Hissar	***		176	76	100	165	69	96
	Karnal	***	73	22 9 277	2 9 152	125	20 6 52	6 36	18
	Ludhiana	111	4.00	135	, 93	42	39	14	16 25
0 0	Robtak	***	111	73 144	54 114	19 30	10 95	66	1 29
9	The state of the s		****	996 365	713 196	283	316	230	86
10	County of the last	1000	100	365	196	169	192	84	108
11	(9) Dethi	***	***	722	598	124	243	221	22
12	Area timouniar state.	-		34	25	9	20	14	6
13	ASSESSED VISION STREET	e	95	307	296	- 11	5	5	
15	4-2	-	***	307	296	11	5	5	
16	100	***		25	21	4	22	21	1
17	Calcutta		***	325 78	205	128	126	83	43
18	Murshidabad	***	#	23 224	16 139	28 7 85	57 4 65	37 4 42	20
26	(14) Bihar and Orissa	***	***	95	61	34	6	6	
21 22	Darbhanga Gaya	100	***	4	2	2			277
23	Patna	1	118	90	1 58	32	6	6	**
24	(15) Madras		10.000	52	31	21	29	15	14
26	Coimbatore Madras		==	47	2 29	3 18	3 26	1	12
27	(16) Hydrabad		/   344	2	117	125	41	28	13
28	(17) Mysore	10	1999	7:	26	44	1	1	388
30	(18) Travancore (19) Andmans and Nic	obset	1-2-11	4	4	VIII)		[74]	7
51	(20) Baluchistan	obars		2	(1) (644)	2	2	7	2
12	(21) Burma	***	1/	25	20	5	1	The same of	1
33	(22) Portuguese Settle	ement-	Goa	61	45	16	51	42	
34	B. Born in other Asia	tic Cou	ntries	71	61	10	13	9	4
35 36	Afghanistan Cyprus	72		44	38	6		2	2
37 38	Japan Nepal	***	***	19	1 16		7	6	2 1
39	Persia Turkey in Asia	***	***	3	5				-
41	C. Born in Europe	***	1	571	507	64	J	1	
42	(i United Kingdom		7	551	490	61	49	38	11
43 44	England and Wales Scotland	***	76	520	470	30	30	23	2
45	Ireland	***	- All	17	13	7 4	1	2	2
46	(ri) Denmark	946	440	3	. 3		3	3	124
47	(iii) France	1999		6	5	1	5		1
49	(iv) Italy	***		5	*	2	3	3	100
50	D. Born in Africa (u	nspecifi	ied)	8	5 7		3	3	1275
51	E. Born in America		***	13	10	1 3	3	3	The same of
22	F. Born in Australasia		3	20	19	1	6	5	2
-	-						N N		

#### Birthplace.—(contd.)

WHERE	ENUMER	ATED.										
1	BHIND.		т	ONWARGHA	R.		SHEOPUR			NARWAR.	E WA	No.
Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males,	Females.	Scrial No.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	1	20	
3	2	3	***		-	112		77	200	100		1 2
76	26	50	3	3	22	225						2345
11	5	6	1	1	***	7440 II				**		
20	14	6	1 23	 1 18	5	94	74	20	65	72 34	31	6 7 8
3	1 1	3	1	4	1		***	700	***	270	2100	9
3	100	3	1	411	1	111	- H	4		144		10
76	-69	7	21	14	7	4	1	3	13	10	3	11
1 000	7997		1990	***	1,000	3	3		4	3	*	12
#1	27%	200.	6	3	3	300		1197	1	may F	W-1270	13
3	1988	3	6	3	3	255	300	77.5	1	1	1.77	15
26	7	19	59	28	31	2	1	37.	3	3	HINE WALL	15
7	6	1	5	2	3	2445		444	144	3444	ME IF III	17
19	1	18	53	26	27	2	1	1	3	77 3		18 19
325	577.	222	811.	.000		4	2	2	- 100	0,000		20
1111	222	- F	244	77	***	4	2	2	222	- 37	TO ME	21 22
***	***	***	440	199	***	***	THE THE	55	775	222	202	23
394	***		440		144		***	***			ne itti	24
J-44	-	120	***	-	**	22	# 1		77.	#	#	25 26
.9	444	9	990	111	1 244	***		73.	3	***	3	27
200	***	***	***	444	(3))	***	(444	***	***	1844	2000	28
- 333	222	12 7	***					14		***		30
S##	***	-	445			1227			2	2	***	3.1
- m		687	100	- 112	207	441		8	177		-	32
1200	***		No.	****	444	and the		# 4	Parents	100	- F	33
1	-1	***	****	144	***	4	4	70 × 00	224	344	2444	34
	-		- 777	***	***	*	4	144	244	(600) (400)	777	35
1	*	-	***	***		-	77	111		***	10	36 37 38 39
( <del>**</del>	144			343	1000			104	M1.	/M//	200	40
-	-	-	744	111000	7865	-	WE	14	100	240	***	41
100	.777 10	7.887.15	- #:	10.44K		111112				***		42
	200	#	***		***		-	***	22	***	-	43 44
144	***		***		165	-	#1	***	555		275	45
1555	344	S244	11544		1000	- 100		-	***	1702	- 200	46
7		***	000	100	+	- 414	600). 110.7		#	222	15***	47
The state of	14		***			***		-14	100			49
1 WE	740	-	-117		***			Per Inc	***	100.0		50
D	***	1 6 m	- 111	12.	***			-		Patter	222	51
796	***		1000	2344	445	111		322		In Hone	Esti n	52
-												

1			1			200	1			DI	STRICT C	OR CITY
No.	Dis rict, State, provin where bor	ce or count	ry:	1/14	ISAGARH			BHILSA.			UJJAIN.	
Serial	A Airmin		N 110	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
		10 (8011)	8	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1 2	Gurgaon Hissar	22	111	4	4			***	-	222		***
3 4 5	Karnal Lahore Ludhiana	***	1	111	63	48	2	#		*** 19	16	3
6	Rawalpindi	***	***	23	23	( Casa )		1966	200	2	2	940
7 8	Robtak Punjab unspecified	1077	- Carr	130	100	30	59	35	24	171	···130	41
9	Punjab States	***	***	10	8	2	5		. 1	8	8	222
10	Patiala	#	-	10	8	2	5	4	1	8	8	***
11	(9) Delhi	***		70	55	15	9	6	3	74	43	31
13	(10) Kashmir State (11) N. W. F. Province		(Seal)	T a		1000	144	1995	1000	31	27	4
14	Peshawar	1	244	1	1	1000	in the			31	27	
15	(12) Assam	(42)	San	- F	w.	102		22		- 111	427	T Mar
16	(13) Bengai		bar.	2	1	1	15	7	8	44	32	12
17 18 19	Calcutta Murshidabad Rengal unspecified	***		" 1		1	3 9 3	5 2	3 4	4 40	28	12
20	(14) Bihar and Orissa			1767	7774	7.500		1	ree.	- 14	12	2
21 22	Darbhanga Gaya	#	-	# 1		122		1000		- iii	* 1	144
23	Patna	177	***	#"		111943	3	1	- T	13	11	2
24	(15) Madras	2001	2 444	2 2	1	3	4	1	3	16	13:	3
25	Coimisatore Madras	23			1			1	3	16	13	3
27	(16) Hydrabad	***	1997	19		18	3	1	2	4	3	t)
28	(17) Mysore	-#	Here)	1	I.	***	***	型		7	2	5
30	(18) Travancore (19) Andmans and Ni	icobars	VIII.		E (6)	-011	77	Tall William	1772	77503	(89)	100
31	(20) Baluchistan		1344	6	4	2	100	Ella:	1184:	1	-	
32	(21) Burma	-	***	***	-	300	1000	***	110940	1	9	4- 19
33	(22) Portuguese Sett	lement—(1	oa	ma C		1	- 111	779	775	8	1	7
34	B. Born in other Asia	atic Count	tries	- 4	4	-	2	- 1	THE STATE OF	19	17	2
35 36	Afghanistan Cyprus	#		3	3		244		Ultrack	6	51	1
37	Japan		711	1		-	1	E	-	8	- " 7	1
39	Persia	144	244	***	100	1000	Inche in	222		5	5	346
40	C. Born in Europe		255	19	12	7	1022	200	VIII.	8	5	
42	(i) United Kingdom	4	Range			111 page	History	-000	- 44	-44	7611	A 1
43	England and Wale	\$ \u	1944	74	9	- 5	1000				5	3
44	Scotland Ireland	344	344	" 2	2	***	3000	777	***		***	***
46	(ii) Denmark	-44	1945	***		700	- 200	- #II			199	2001
47	(iii) France		1	***	344	100	A A		_342	- 7,000	1	***
48	(iv) Italy	100	300	3	1	2	- iil	*#:	- 114	1000	722	***
50	(v) Portugal  D. Born in Africa (	unspecifie	d)	Tal		= 1.0	HIII (fre	- ##		(4))	344	440
51	E. Born in America	unspecific	140		- A	10.00	110.00	144	and V	- 1	Cate	1
52	F. Born in Australasi		***		- 140	- 100			-440			
			-0.00	-40								

WHERE	ENUMER	ATED.			1 3 1 3				-	The Road		
	MANDASOR			SHAJAPUR.			AMJHERA.	4	L.	ASHKAR CIT	ry.	No.
Persons.	Males.	Females-	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Serial
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	14
2 2	1	1 2		1111	200	1992		44	120 17	28	92 17	1 213
14	6	*** 8	1	1	***	3	3	4A	12	6 12	***	4
1	1	100	71	65	6	det	***	944	19	- 5	14	3
25 36	21	16 15	13 1 73	11 1 53	25	9	T.	22	7 51 137	7 22 136	29	5 7 8
130	78	52	15	13	20	1	1	5	106	32	74	9
130	78	52	15	13	2	1	1	- 機 13	106	32	74	10
58	41	17	100	85	15	54	53		171	171		11
1		1		144		1	1		10	6	4	12
5	5		256	252	4	2	2		4	4		13
5	5		256	252	4	2	2	1	14	4	***	14
948	244	122	ur i	W.	140	1466	***	7.0	22	21	1	15
13	8	5	35	35	Hart I	-	- Table	242	89	60	29	16
	ee 2		1	1		***		946	47	31 4	16	17
9	7	3	34	34	MA-3	1967	322	220	38	25	13	18
	W##	-1	68	39	29	1	1		ali	in the s		20
441	144	- un	14.00	- 1 M - 1	Mg .	100	***	020	. 444	240	2000	21 22
1777	400	1	68	39	29	***		***	244	100	24	23
***	1117	300	01 (11)	(600	100	1	1	300	21	14	7	24
72	- 22	- 12	100	=	F 223	1	- 4	22	3 18	13	2 5	25 26
10	- 6		82	36	46	71	42	29	24	15	9	27
2	1	1	764	488	130.5	59	21	38	1 144	-	144	28
:4	4			***			277			ites	120	29
-	- 12		222	20	-	100	0.11	-	m.	iii.	244	30
13	11	2	m -	444	100	2	2	241	194	1999	1	31
2	2	944	100		100	100	1900	7884	0	104947	es	32
2	2			. 444	643		244	199	30	ZI	9	33
4	3		24	21	3	1	1	222	6	3	3	34
2	2	6717 244	24	21	3	1	1		2	440	2	35
2	1	1		411	1446	***		440	4	3	***	35 36 37 38 39
***	***		#	***	100 H		+22	- 44	1000	1000	***	100
***	400	1400	Ton.	-911	-	107	-10	1801		200	111	40
493	451	42	2	1	L	200	1	299	25	17	8	1 1
466	470	***	****		-	- PR	444	750	20	***	***	42
10	432 5	34	2		7:	***	100	***	2 1	13 2	7.	43 44 45
	11	3	***		100	144	- 100	***	1	1		45
1	1	***		***	HH.	***	***	646			100	47
		***		***			5277		1	1		48
2	2		200	***	44		200	202	Y111	145	100	49
4	41	100		100	m.			44	4	3	1	50
9	9	N 566	444	***		440	***		1	1	***	51
14	14	***	740	-	-	+41		1	6	5	1	52
			1		1	William F.	100					



## TABLE XII.

#### Infirmities.

This table is divided into two parts. Part I gives the afflicted persons for the State as a whole by age, and Part II the total afflicted population and their distribution by districts.

The following table gives the information of Gangapur by age :-

				ULATI		1	NSANE		DE	AF-MUT	rEs.	E	BLIND.	
A	ge.		Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Gangapur			7	4	3	1		1	1	1	1	5	3	- 2
20-25 _	440		1	10	142	200	244	-116		941	9444	1	1	74267
25-30	416	-	1	(4)		1974	1111	200	***	tie	-	1	1	310
30-35	444	144	2	246	2	1		1	660		****	1	***	18
50-55	100		3	2	1	7010	***	777	1	1	0.01	2	1	10

## TABLE XII-Infirmities.-PART I.-Distribution by age.

			PULAT			INSANE	•	DE	AY-MUT	P.5.		BLIN	D.		LAPER	No.	
AGE.		Porsons	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males	Femiles.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Personsa	Males,	Females.	
1		2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	ı
Iwalior State in Ing Gangapur.	clud-	8,430	4, 38	4,192	457	308	149	1,416	888	528	6,139	2,739	3,400	418	303	115	
0-1	11,500	18	. 8	10	722	1227	3111	- 4	1	3	13:	.7	6	1	122	1	
1-2	444	28	16	12		4443	1944	10	6	4.	18	10	8	***		W.C.	
2-3	(***	45	31	14	- 1	1	200	7	3	2	37	25	12	604	300	***	
3-4	(525)	58	35	23	2	1	1	14	6	8	42	. 28	14	***	-015	***	Ü
4-5	100	69	42	27	8	7	1	10	7	3	49	26	23	9	2	1 1000	i
TOTAL 0-	5	218	132	86	11	.9	2	45	25	20	159	96	63	3	2	1	I
5_10	1993	434	288	146	40	.24	16	106	69	37	285	193	92	3	2	- 1	ľ
0-15	1800	449	292	157	43	29	14	119	82	37	279	179	100	8	2	6	ı
5—20	at .	286	198	88	32	23	9	71	52	19	179	120	39	4	3	1	ı
0-25	11922	460	281	179	57	43	14	106	79	27	283	150	133	14	9	5	ı
5—30	242	498	285	213	56	46	10	88	55	33	316	155	161	38	29	9	ľ
0—35	910	607	344	263	50	30	20	109	75	.34	385	191	194	63	48	-15	
5_40	ATT OF	498	264	234	24	15	9	108	67	41	313	145	168	53	37	16	13
0-45	1000	867	428	439	34	36	18	153	91	63	57.6	239	337	84	62	22	
5—50	m	438	227	211	15	9	0	73	47	26	314	141	173	36	30	6	
0 55	vac	909	418	401	25	12	13	122	78	44	709	292	417	53	36	17	
560	1999	327	142	185	10	6	14	45	26	19	250	98	156	18	12	6	
0 65	1	1.117	406	711	17	10	7	123	62	61	948	313	635	29	:21	8	
570	1	300	136	164	9	6	3	35	15	19	251	109	142	5	5		
and over		1.022	397	625	14	10	4	113	64	49	588	318	570	7	3	- 01	

# TABLE XII-Infirmities.-PART II.-Distribution by Districts.

		PULAT FLICT		91	NSANT	10	DE	AF-MUT	es,		BLIND		1	LAPERS	100
District,	Personst	Males.	Females.	Personsi	Maler	Females.	Persons	Males.	Femplus.	Persons.	Miles.	Females.	Persons,	Malest	Femalos,
1	2	3	4	. 3	6	7	8	9	10	111	12	13	14	15	16
Gwalior State excluding Gangapur.	8,423	4.234	4,189	456	308	148	1.415	887	528	6,134	2,736	3,398	418	303	115
Gangapur	. 7	4	3	1	, lie	1	1	1	200	5	3	2	-440	200	19447
Gwalior State includ- ing Gangapur.	8,430	4.238	4,192	457	308	149	1,416	888	528	6,139	2,739	3,400	418	303	115
Gird	983	452	533	56	41	15	118	74	44	790	325	465	21	12	9
Bhind	878	395	483	28	18	10	118	83	33	699	267	432	33	27	6
Tonwarghar	633	323	310	14	7	7	104	69	35	495	235	260	20	12	. 8
Sheopur	354	159	195	16	12	4	76	47	29	257	99	158	5	1	4
Narwar	1,008	499	509	39	29	10	156	99	57	791	357	434	22	24	8
Isagarh	543	275	270	29	22	7	68	35	32	410	189	221	38	28	10
Bellsa	1474	238	236	22	16	6	96	58	38	349	158	191	7	6	1
Ujjain	1.462	801	561	96	63	33	283	169	114	964	483	481	119	86	33
Mandasor	403	219	184	33	23	10	84	50	34	253	119	134	33	27	6
Shajaput	1,546	811	735	105	69	39	291	192	99	1,016	471	575	161	79	22
Amiliera	142	66	76	16	8	8	22	11	11	85	36	49	19	11	- 8

# TABLE XII-A.

Infirmities by selected Castes, Tribes or Races.

This table shows the distribution of all infirmities in certain selected castes, tribes or races.

2. The inset shows the infirmities of Gangapur in selected castes:—

Caste		Po	PULAT LT W	ION ITH.		INSANI		DE	AF-MU	TES.	VIUS	BLINE	o.
Cant.	H	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons,	Males,	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Pemales.
1	15	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Gangapur	224	1,230	631	599	1	1344	1	1	LALA				
I Balai	154	325	173	152			440		male		5	3	
2 Bania-Agarwai	2000	282	145	137				222	(22)	V	and the	1	644
3 Gujar	***	309	157	152				1	1		3	2	
4 Jain—Oswal		314	156	158	1		1	E		***	1	-	1

TABLE XII-A.—Infirmities by selected Castes, Tribes or Races.

- 1					10				15						11,000
		ATION DEAL	T WITH,	1	INSANE	4	DE	af-Mu:	res.	3	BLIND			LEPER	s.
Gaste, Tribe or Race	Persons,	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females.
1	2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Gwalior State exclusing Gangapur.	2,098,281	1,111,981	986,300	242	152	90	762	466	296	3, 7	1,579	2,028	236	166	70
Gangapur	7,230	631	599	1	***	,	1	7	200	5	3	2			Cast .
Owalior State Inclu- ing Gangapur.	2,099,511	1,112,612	986,899	243	152	91	763	467	296	3,61	170000	2,030	236	166	70
I Hindu	1,885,186	1,001,395	883,791	213	134	79	669	409	260	3,363	1,459	.904	207	144	63
1. Ahir	129,490		62,737	11	8	3	34	20	14	183	80	103	13	7	6
2. Bairagi .	30,032	101.01.01	14.184	5	4	7	21	16	5	81	47	34	7		3
3. Balai .	121,144	63,158	57,986	37	25	12	63	31	32	247	107	140	40	26	14
4. Bania .	34,963	19,333	15,630	6	6		21	13	8	100	56	46	6	5	7
(i) Agarwal .	21,755	12,115	9,640	3	3		13	9	4	46	27	19	3	2	i i
(ff) Gahohi .		1	2,759			1	2	1	1	20	9	11	1	1	-
(iii) Oswal .	7,092	3,861	3.231	3	3	***	6	3	3	34	19	15	2	2	***
s. Brahman .	98,463	56,702	41,761	8	5	3	19	12	7	1 179	78	101	1	4	
(i) Sanadhya	98,463	56,702	41,761	8	3	3	19	12	7	179	78	101	4	4	100
6. Chamar -	374,996	191,418	183,578	35	22	13	736	84	52	802	332	470	30	15	15
7. Darzi	18,435	9.459	8,976	4	- 3	7	7	5	2	28	19	9	8	6	2
8. Dhobi .	33,137	17,184	15 953	2	7	7	14	3	11	42	10	32		***	
9. Gadaria .	83,717	44,838	38,279	6	4	2	16	14	2	104	42	62	6	5	1
10 Gujar	107,636	60.039	47,597	24	20	4	47	37	10	178	91	87	8	2	
11. Kachhi	168,658	87.728	80,930	11	5	6	62	48	14	262	715	147	13	11	2
12. Kayasth	24,276	13,534	10,742	4	2	2	77	8	3	40	15	25	3	3	***
13. Khati	33,059	. 17,914	15,145	9	3	6	14	7	7	95	49	46	2	1	7
14. Kirar	66,877	37,258	29,619	2	***	2	15	10	5	89	39	50	3	2	1
15. Koli	51,190	27,086	24,104	6	2	4	23	5	18	130	49	81	7	4	3
16, Kurmi	56,118	29,647	26,471	8	3	5	19	9	70	90	42	48	11	9	2
17. Kumhar	52,673	26,556	26,117	7	5	2	20	15	5	112	54	58	6	3	3
18. Lodhi	93,997	51,170	42,827	2	1	7	16	9	7	73	29	44	7	3	1
19. Mina	60,128	33,040	27,088	7	***	- 1	14	5	9	40	74	26	2	1	1
20. Nai	49,701	26,102	23,599	6	5	7	25	13	12	143	48	95	11	10	1
21. Raj put	39,858	24,801	15,057	2	2		11	10	1	61	31	30	2	7	1
(i) Ponwar	10,196	5,365	4,831	- 2	2	2000	3	2	1	28	10	18	2	1	I.
(ii) Tonwar	29,662	19,426	10,226	****	***	) ere	8	8	***	33	21	12	***	A .	1996
22. Rawat	38,761	20,588	18,173	2	1	7	12	4	8	78	25	53	***	***	***
23. Sondhia	45,698	22,434	23.264	7	7	dir.	8	5	- 3	47	27	74	7	7	
24. Sonar	20,871	71.176	9,695	7	4	3	74	10	4	65	27	38	6	6	144
25. Teli	51,908	27,629	24,279	7	2	5	27	76	11	100	34	66	11	10	1
II Musalman	89,040	47,686	41,354	17	11	6	62	- 43	19	131	70	61	11	8	3
1. Pathan	44,685	24,195	20,490	9	6	3	32	25	7	70	35	35	7	6	1
2. Shaikh	44,355	23,491	20,864	8	5	3	30	18	12	61	35	26	4	2	2
III Jain—Oswal	(0.5%)	156	158	1	200	1	***	***	(000)	74.00	***	***	440	44	- 149
IV Animist	1 - 24	63,375	61,596	12	7	5	32	15	17	118	53	65	18	14	4
1. Bhil		34.835	33,655	10	6	4	77	9	8	71	28	43	14	10	4
2. Saharia	56,483	28,540	27,943	2	7	1	15	6	9	47	25	22	. 1	4	****
						-		EF			THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	1	15	1

## TABLE XIII.

#### Caste, Tribe, Race or Nationality.

- 1. This Table deals with the Castes and Tribes of Hindus, Musalmans, Jains and Animists for the State including the Pargana of Gangapur.
- 2. Important Castes only have been shown separately. Castes numerically insignificant have been grouped as "others."

Castes which have been grouped as "others" are shown separately in an appendix at the end of the Table.

- 3. The figures for Christians (Total 1,650, males 1,058, females 592) have not been shown in this Table as they are specially dealt with in Tables XV and XVI.
  - 4. Following are the Castes of Gangapur :-

Caste, tribe,	Po	PULATIO	on.	Caste, tri		Po	PULATIO	ON.	Caste, tri		Po	PULATI	ON.	1
Nationality	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Nationalit		Persons,	Males.	Females.	Nationalit		Persons.	Males.	Females	
Total	9,401	4,810	4,591	Dhobi		50	24	26	Rawat		65	39	26	1
Hindu	8,034	4,109	3,925	Dholi	***	113	59	54	Sonar		126	-	66	
Ahir	326	172	154	Gadaria	-	359	199	160	Songr	-	140	60	90	1
Bagri	16	9	7	Ghosi	-	1	1	-	Tamboli	-	3	3	#	ı
Bairagi	63	19	- 44	Gond	***	89	43	46	Teli		188	94	94	ı
Balai	325	173	152	Gujar	_	309	157	152	Ten		100	31	37	1
Bania	1,181	572	609	Gusain	-	87	47	40	Vidur	***	18	10	. 8	I
Agarwal	282	145	137	Jat	***	927	491	436	Others		858	451	407	1
Makeshri	467	236	231	Joshi	1	15	9	7	Others	-	020	454	107	1
Oswal	107	53	54	Kachhi		3	3	***	Musalma	a	534	277	257	ı
Others	325	138	187	Kandera	-	3	1500	3	Bohra	-	2	2	***	1
Bhangi	62	22	40	Kalal		6	5	1	Faqir .	-	50	30	20	13
Bhat	75	40	35	Kayasth	-	22	14	8	Mewati	-	16	9	7	l
Bhii	16	9	7	Khati	24	66	47	19	Pathan	-	58	33	25	ı
Bhoi	7	7	45	Khatik		126	55	21	Pinjara	-	56	-28	28	l
Brahman	611	319	292	Kumhar	***	375	199	176	Săiyad	-	10	4.	6	١
Audich	6	3	. 3	Lohar	-	107	48	59	Shaikh		194	94	100	1
Bhager	5	***	5	Mali		430	203	227	Others	-	148	77	71	١
Dakshani	7	3	2	Maratha	***	7		7	Jain		488	248	240	ı
Sanadhya	2	7	1	Nai	***	136	62	74	Oswal	-	314	156	158	١
Sarwaria	1	1		Rajput	***	210	106	104	Porwal	-	2	***	2	
Olhers	590	309	281	Kachkas	eaha:	2	2		Saraogi	1400	16	8	8	1
Chamar	548	284	264	Rathor	440	34	19	15	Others	***	156	- 84	72	-
Chhipa	54	27	27	Solanki	260	8	4	4	Animist	***	344	175	169	
Darzi	50	27	23	Others	100	166	81	85	Bhil	***	344	175	169	-

## TABLE XIII.—Caste, Tribe,

								ADL				
ber.		Tota	L POPULA	TION.	Gı	RD.	Вн	IND.	Tonw	ARGHAR.	SHEO	PUR.
Serial Number.	Caste, tribe, race or Nationality.	Persons.	Males	Females	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Males	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	n	12	13
-	Gwallor State (excluding Ganga-	3,186,075	1,691,700	T STEE	178,371	148,095	208,765	173,868	186,908	149,752	66,462	58,403
3	Gangapur	9,401 3,195,476	4,810 1,696,510	4,591 1,498,966	178,371	148,095	208.765	173,868	186,908	149,752	66,462	58,403
4		2,813,958	1,496,498	1,317,460	156,422	130,248	199,326	165,770	180,461	144,642	55.693	48,541
5	1. Ahir	129,816	66,925	62,891	6,675	5,053	7,078	5,647	2,177	1,785	1,954	1873
6	2. Ajna ,	10,229	5,136	5,093	0.22	700	2440	***	***	12	1443	22
7	3, Bagri	21,548	11,930	9,618	940	***	***	**:	***	160	3	2
3	4. Bairagi	30,095	15,867	14,228	317	238	314	217	553	299	1,042	731
9	5. Balai	121,144	63, 158	57,986	461	402	275	686	2	111 20 FOR	234	268
11	6. Bania	73,948	40,597	9,640	7,663	5,971	3,766 520	2,834	3,339	2,480	1,507	1,025
12	7. Agarwal 2. Gahohi 3. Maheshri	6,116	12,115 3,357 2,379	2,759	2,303 776 220	1,937 601 179	767 14	453 634 21	36 25	3	113	17
14	4. Oswal	7,199	3,914	3,285 1,971	80	71 12	12 75	20	188	39	25 311	37 319
16	6. Others	30,473	16.788	13,685	4,280	3,171	2,378	7,658	983	990	524	683
17	7. Banjara	14,138	7,662	6,476	38	11	21	40	115	58	570	449
18	8. Pasor	16,108	8,934	7,174	1,386	1,252	479	313	4	2	6	2
19	9. Bhangi	21,629	11,577	10,052	1,918	1,645	2,090	1,499	1 208	1.041	629	457
21	10. Bhat	7,950	4,291	3, 659	234	186	717	504	315	273	193	184
22	11, Bhil	12,311	1,319 5,943	6,368	1, 914	1,784	274	215	290	397	101	****
23	13 Declarate	278,998	154,946	4,052	22,726	17,085	35,214	28,958	28,664	21,296	5,581	4,701
24	7. Audich	5,138	2,946	2,792	7	12	Elements.	-	***	344	***	2
25 26	2. Bhaduria 3. Bhagor	7.197 15,707	4,069 8,493	3,128 7,214	183	167 2,105	3,818 706	2,836 522	7 20	1	36	28
26 27 28	4. Dakshani 5. Gaur	72,814 8,073	6,884 4,768	3,305	3,262 1,036	2,902 712	18 275	107 185	17 257	121	701 227	97 137
29 30 31	6. Gujar-gaud 7. Jijhotia	7,516 5,305	3,828 2,859	3,688 2,446	165	7 169	245	179	68 68	41	760	759
32	9. Rikhisur	9,677	2,741 5,246	2,223 4,431	688 94	46	2,256	1,853	2,486	2,193	36	47
33 34 35	10. Sanadhya 11. Sarwaria	98,465	56,703 621	41,762 312	6,414	4,669	21,099	15,657	16,286	11,725	3,534	2,215
36	12. Shrigand	2,210	54,930	1.352 46,069	8,619	5,884	6.202	7,073	9,509	7,085	887	1,416
37 38	14. Chamar	375,544 9,475	191,702	183,842 4,688	22,263	20,631	29,362	28,016	25,548	23,947	8,890	8,516 53
39 40	16. Chhipa	6,842 18,485	3,297	3,545	563 770	715 643	205	351 630	113 487	109	116	83 85
41 42	18. Dhakad	27,530 20,583	13,979	13,551 9,291	1,522	1,441	766	660	1,039	812	686 536	649 472
43	20. Dhobi 21. Dholi /	33,187 5,309	17,208 2,618	15.979 2,691	1,901	1,743	2,631	2,201	2.715	2,395	637	754
45 46	22. Gadaria	9,872	45,037 5,145	38,439 4,727	6,491	5,439 944	13,591 499	11,35 <sub>6</sub> 451	5,634	4,218 11	359	291
48	24. Gond	107,636	60,039	47,597	7,209	5,702	6,561	5,144	15,695	10,248	15 3,570	3,008
50 51	26. Gesain 27. Jat	10,854	5,967 11,806	4,887 9,711	2,623	1,978	152 799 287	158 595 353	530 137	413 31	1,245	1,122
52 53	28. Jogi	4,512 6,697 168,661	2,272 3,253 87.731	2,240 3,444 80,930	369 624 16,049	475 618 15,096	614	690	175 639 14,651	676	131	112
54 53	21. Kahar 32. Kalal	4,221	2,302	1,919	75 942	41 675	396 435	349 315	753 475	12,906 409 394	338	2,290
56 57	33. Kandera 34. Kayasth	9,218	4,828 13,548	4,390 10,750	869- 3,264	903 2,442	1,170 2,768	1,085	1,229	1,005	246 245	186
58 59	15. Khangar	12,767 33,125	6,796 17,961	5,971 15,164	627 214	523 283	1,039 810	758 681	1	2	13 624	607
60 61	37. Khatik	9,536	4,897 37,258	4,639	842 3,914	710	1,022	880 16	890	905 8,578	2,406	2,017
63	39. Koshii	51,190 17,280	27,086 8,463	24,104 8.817	5,885 1,394	5,378 1,288	1,017	3,738 1,066	6,787	5,761	1,149	1,037
63	41. Kurmi	53,048	29,647	26,471 26,293 42,527	543 2,775 1 693	2,560	3,022	2,821	3,117	2,697	1,164	1,034
66	43. Lodhi	93,997	51,170	42,827	1,683	1,340	7,917	7,863	1,080	852	32	30
-										- 5	-	-

#### Race or Nationality.

					- 1			9								
NAR	WAR,	ISAC	ARH:	Ent	LSA.	UJJ	AIN.	MANE	ASOR.	Shaja	PUR.	Амл	IERA.	LASHKA	CITY.	per,
Males.	Females,	Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Mafes,	Females	Mates.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Serial Number,
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
195,548	174,079	201.384	182,704	130,252	117.415	179,347	164,871	117,835	110,509	170, 843	147,144	68,985	67,535	44,595	35,792	1
000	***	200	***	***)	744			4,810	4,591	2777	1		. ***		(Vec	2
195, 548	174,079	201.384	182,704	130.252	117,415	17 ,347	164,871	122,645	115,100	157,843	147.144	68,985	67,535	44,595	35,792	3
17 ,500	159,218	177.762	160,667	119,032	107,462	155,795	144,093	100.809	94,920	140,182	130,761	516	31,138	33,543	26,764	
14,619	12,594	20,889	24,555	5,242	3,686	3,682	3,622	1,053	770 557	4,918	4, 4	158	155	641	283	5
240	69	118	11.	164	150	5,956	5 165	2,186	1,717	843 r 2,974	898 2,122	289	282		### P	6
603	277	1,881	2,751	711	544	,985	2,649	3,858	3,863	3,024	2,102	577	557	164	106	8
117	247	80	53	885	663	23,954	21,450	14,032	11,935	14,249	12,899	8,869	9,383	8	11	9
5,105	4,267	2,330	1,886	1,011	830	3,284	2,822	4, 252	3,936	5,336	4,494	77 9	703	2,715	2,253	10
1,698 1,492 66	1,321 1,387 55	586	409 37	104	21 t 93	373	341	949	903	453	443	103	114	1,408 186	1,251 153	11 12
17 30	18	264 77 494	210 29 495	95 10 51	90 15 21	303 520 230	266 396 190	885 473 493	785 317 666	250 2,466	2,336	237 46	214	213 75	179 59	13
1,802	7,477	8.47	766	467	397	1,851	7,625	1,452	1,265	335 1,832	1,371	372	17 342	833	611	15
2,051	78 987	1,495	1,390	1,773	1,314	924	768	1,065	982	495	330	1,061	1,056	179.	1 222	17
1,109	1,001	2,057	1,998	1,240	1,233	251 949	912	22 816	875	1,438	1,162	***		326	242	18
347	263	532	360	176	227	664	545	545	437	537	685	166	136	694 76	51	19
3487	1000	12	37	149	37	239	= 202	176	240	389	307	301	290		0	21
259	482	179	360	1,325	890	849	955	500	962	256	245	97	78	852	797	22
11,757	10,183	15,616	12,383	7.207	5,900	11,382	10,389	8,364	5,808	6,743	5,505	1,692	1,844	8,829	6,298	23
***	3.213	1	12	3	***	1,941,	1,397 125	276	218	678	496		55	7	12	24 25
3,589 184 186	760 217	739 1,013 494	536 565 126	917 176 279	333 168 314	7.461 631	1,259 567	23 211 447	33 236 245	43 370 645	48 328	24 61	29 106	3,018	358 2,727	25 26 27
176	722	1.769	1,091	78 903	736	484	327 41	1,820	1,984	685	636 538 45	297	18 22	728 5 22	506 5 29	28 29 30 31
52	2 600	179 218	183	603	616	284 720	273 85	40	6	238 70	148 67	27	11	388 8	199	31 32 3
3,287	2,699	2,654 500 50	7,926 255 35	1,935 3 14	1,720	493 47 352	251 17 456	166 11 52	107	748 19 284	727 22	87 8	56	1,570	926	34
4.280	3,721	8,548	7,493	2,354	1,754	5,268	5,475	5,318	2,918	2,908	2,188	1,037	437 1,062	2,521	1.526	35
24,635 963 433	23,941 1,210 378	26,033	25,548	24,028 768	23,992	9,140	9,235	7,738	7,706	12,472 113	10.948	1,593	1,362	1,545	1,435	37 38
554	469	215 960 570	163 757 481	366 714 42	455 ,110 9	260 1,918 2,996	371 1,842 3,213	773 1,076 7,543	786 1,007 7,372	1,875 1,247	1,796	26 280	34 252	311 289	429 264	39 40 41
3,390 2,759	2,419 2,558	2.870 1,982	2,437 1,893	1,165	1,048	973	921	744	726	865	1,048 1 860	894 "143	776	305	325	42 43
7,346 169	6,893	1.823	1,449 287	749	875 504	3,051	1,024 2,902	853 3,836	1,025	716 1,830	526 1,720	91 327	77 219	***44	31	44
5,972	4,774	295 14 4,097	3.451	24 1,319	978	66 178 5,577	5,082	593 43 4,078	679 46 3,822	5,925	1,597	36	29  74	866	556	46
1,034	1,165	186 978	123	501 412	404 280	1,485 2,365	1,097 2,094	356 1,738	301 1.749	1,236	908	152 498	121 507	78	***31	48 49 50
655 14 330	373 814	669 262	687 218	149	95 136	168	139	9	34	64	 26	** 8	*** 9	"113	99	51 52
14,328 156 1,489	12,598 51 1,350	9,446 305 1,124	10,321 241 1,070	11,429*	10,457	1,390 171 947	1,300 319 845	167 161 338	210 227 338	742 189 918	618 202	166 96	227 80	2,256	2,296	53 54
559 1,231	508 919	416 1,393	558 1,309	279 1,302	183 1,128	30 750	23 558	9 465	20 336	8 857	811 703	418 13 81	402 18 83	78 1,358	1,000	55 56 57
3,791	3,622 3,248	598 2,617	466 2,390	567 212	474 13	117 5,698	99 3,928	22 178	14 92	19 3,266	13 3,247	830	675	112 212	32 227	58 59
324 11,185 4,766	9,257 4 54s	296 6,403	347 4 852 2 142	2,198	1,932	213 37	170 30	14	718	74 20	89 16	4 5	18 11	238	265	60
84 152	4,545 69 144	2,456 858 467	2,147 813 276	4,705	4,999	162 243 6,098	145 376 5,826	104 112 6,625	122 170 5,559	1.344 50 11,579	1,231 36 11,543	2.422	1 477	1,707	1,834	63
12.647	2,840 17,441	2,454 13,568	2,646 8,750	1,800	2,082 4,594	2,531	3,081	3,166	3.222	3,014	2,726 696	2,422 602 786	1,477 534 789	427 78	445 52	64 65 66
	-			100			1 7	- 31	100	755		163.0	103	200	- 507/	

#### TABLE XIII-Caste, Tribe,

-1				1, 110, 1					350			-16
oper.	AND THE PARTY	TOTAL	POPULATI	on.	GIR	2.	Витя	D.	TONWAR	GHAR.	SHEOP	UR.
Serial Number.	Caste, tribe, race or Nationality.	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males	Females.
		30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	44. Lohar	25,135 28,999 11,183 60,128 11,961 2,042 49,837 249,526	12,986 14,201 5,896 33,040 6,336 1,169 26,164 139,648	12,149 14,798 5,287 27,088 5,625 873 23,673 109,878	1,559 278 3,129  2,187  2,710 5,212	1,271 264 2,931 1,890  2,365 2,394	1,478 41 27  1,505  3,867 29,736	1,125 23 29  1,455  3,167 20,048	232 60 52 5,092 123  3,231 27,314	190 91 38 4,095 155 2,605 19,630	410 2,225 14 10,691 53  832 1,180	315 2,776 4 8,316 57 676 1,008
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 27 28 29	1. Baghele	847 17,647 1,935 11,483 20,563 5,235 1,459 1,371 7,819 13,651 10,196 1,754 13,674 13,674 20,801 7,673 5,951 3,316 7,909 5,102 29,662 61,476	417 11,590 1,335 4,982 11,071 2,921 869 761 4,664 9,560 5,365 695 7,211 11,095 3,963 3,515 1,991 2,181 1,816 19,436 31,210	430 6.057 600 6.501 9,494 2,314 590 610 3,155 6,091 4,831 1,059 6,463 9,706 3,710 2,436 1,325 2,728 1,286 10,226 30,266	30 549 30 591  40 28 294 514 403 62  39 97 41 440 9 1 024 1,021	6 114 29 295  3 51 187 112 235 20  31 55  29 123 9 286 809	10,418 286 578 8 62 689 8,107 171 334 7,571 6 250 170 250 2,578 4,445	16 4.091 1,640 1 162 596 4,306 4,306 133 578 1,463 1,396 190 34 2,296 4,143	9 497 1 338 60 23 38 1,809 242 850 102 635 21 4,151 4,151 2 13,946 4,525	18 1,652 20 1,556 33  19 21 1,206 1,124 1,212 303 583  112  112  2,016 10 6,075 3,667	 9 52  24 186 25 9  5  21  27 786	8 5 30 19 67 18 10 1 3 1 25 40 781
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	52. Rawat 53. Sansi 54. Seharia 55. Silawat 56. Sirvi 57. Sondhia 58. Sonar 59. Sutar 60. Tamboli 61. Teli 62. Vidur 63. Others	38,826 1,165 1,897 5,050 4,592 45,698 20,997 33,339 6,742 52,096 3,414 63,653	20,627 585 1,168 2,675 2,270 22,434 11,236 16,637 3,531 27,723 2,270 33,031	18,199 580 729 2,375 2,322 23,264 9,761 16,702 3,211 24,373 1,144 30,622	4,430 6 60 35  1,251 1,617 1,078 2,730 1,744	3,714 4 26  1,133 1,423 1,087 2,480	995 2,004 301 4,609 7,252	860 1,794 272 3,906 5,018	1,711 43 64  625 3,103 137 3,452 3,415	1,289 120 34 24 520 2,156 121 2,959 3,940	235 18  321  63 816  718	315 14  212  43 597  253
42	II. Musalman	1,77,417	94,969	82,448	18,611	15,023	5,831	5,125	4,982	3,988	2,579	2.265
43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51	1. Bohra 2. Faqir 3. Mewati 4. Mughal 5. Pathan 6. Pinjara 7. Saiyad 8. Shaikh 9. Others	11,593 8,207 7,644 2,737 44,743 8,739 9,534 44,149 39,671	6,162 4,305 3,964 1,463 24,228 4,490 5,324 23,585 21,448	5,431 3,902 3,680 1,274 20,515 4,249 4,210 20,964 18,223	43 326 599 427 6,535 41 1,618 5,919 3,103	20 304 514 332 5,032 53 1,283 4,954 2,531	120 44 51 1,708 204 1,309 2,395	150 39 69 1,517 148 1,128 2,074	319 152 30 1,506  617 1,417 941	294 135 20 1,985 1 440 1,215 798	11 6 145 160 17 675 12 67 494 893	114 135 157 3 600 10 53 465 728
52	III. Jain	39,394	21,125	18,269	1,313	1.081	3,420	2,868	1,102	821	27	33
53 54	1. Oswal	9,221	4,895	4,326	. 118	126	1	43	1 n	5	3	6
55	3. Saraogi	5.049	2,702	1,839	133	99	543	420	501	512	6	5
56	4. Others	21,071	11,304	9,767	1,062	¥56	2,672	2,405	587	304	17	20
57	IV. Animist	161,973	82,221	79,752	1,670	1,503	37	19	359	301	8,156	7,562
58	1, Bhil	68,832	35,010	33,822	70	62	-	544	20	23	119	103
59	2. Bhilala 3. Gond	25,482	13,300	13,182		48	0.000	1		1	2996	1999
60	3, Gond	3,457 5,176	2,604	1,586 2,512	60	1	1	P		1	34	1
62	5. Saharia	20.000	28,540	27,943	1,345	1,243	37	19	337	276	800,3	7,457
63	6. Others	1,543	836	707	195	149	#	-44	2	-	1446	2
64	V. Sikh	661	419	242	44	20	121	68	-	-	5	1
65	VI. Parsi		123		38	25	in .	144	1	***	1444	
66	VII. Arya	167	96	71	44	34	29	18	-	1646	1400	-
67	VIII. Jew	1	1	20	1	1/200	1000			Iree I		-

#### Race or Nationality.-concld.

				_													
	NARY	WAR.	Isa:	GARH.	Виз	LSA.	Ujj	MAIN.	Mant	ASOR.	SHAJ	APUR.	Анд	HERAL	Lasus	AR CITY.	mber.
	Mades.	Females,		Females,	Males.	Females.	Males,	Fernales.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Mates.	Females.	Scrial Number.
l	+1	42	43	44	45	46	47:	48	r	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	
	2,463 123 232 9 457  3,259 6,411	2,845 179 172 1 415 2,781 4,998	1,514 1,424 81 9,890 972 355 2,991 11,918	1,361 1,371 50 8,254 591 225 2,866 8,857	1,069 290 216 4,750 899 107 1,866 17,028	1,516 235 148 3,757 893 97 1,974 14,408	1,226 4,937 1,095 634 187 361 2,576 16,279	1,02° 4,815 847 530 169 311 2,412 14,463	1,201 3,067 226 404 53 336 1,908 5,618	1,035 3,409 236 438 235 1,679 5,063	1,670 1,551 431 1,311 10 2,340 16,812	1,177 1,420 451 1,594 5 3,482 16,164	164 205 393 259  584 2,140	287 215 381 103  466 2,845	326 186 2,505  749 3,063	274 181 2,484  633 1,232	4 5 6 7 8
	3 5 81 165 417  1 3 113 715 20  920 37  8 55 11 300	7 14 91 102 366  40 98 474 11  804 25  7 34 15 193	27 14 243 1,170 1,170 14 133 525 109 199 5 905 5,336 152 117 227 117 53	23 15 154 121 1,004  12 47 197 65 120 5 462 4,368 117 56 71 102 45 52	258 33 611 407 5,169 2 225 325 129 375 42 717 4,225 164 39 61 84 171 219	295 119 238 394 4,762 8  88 258 258 236 15 285 285 327 67 19 80 52 165	84 9 30 1.074 623 616 96 170 401 1,182 6 751 191 17,241 275 416 142 447 447	64 6 27 936 611 440 31 149 323 200 992  411 150 1,009 1,009 158 158 477 477	324 40 364 139 30 5 30 5 30 5 30 717  386 4 780	1 1 3 356 12 207 84 35 	37 41 1,076 3,508 1,868 546 40 364 47 842 86 1,865 62 1,239 3,197 300	37 21 824 2,615 1,577 436 72 243 35 744 121 3,603 53 946 2,131 297	3 200 84 71 2 11 20 4 27 42 95 338 142 1 137	18 187 187 91 82 4 16 39 58 112 111 250	774  21 24 84 266 112 34  35 46  23 288	23 82 2	12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
	517 9,141 25  1,207 23 196 2,921 2,165 1,467	2,717 7,967 32  995 23 139 2,457 1,088 2,270	2,315 2,879 38 693 2,484 37 11 1,183 52 294 3,561 4,859	1,821 2,619 28 499 1,928 20 47 1,036 57 324 3,127	3,687 2,075 130 351  6 651 906 230 2,684 1 2,026	2,742 2,105 41 170  5 599 1,231 208 2,589  1,690	718 8,161 55 78 414 107 6,112 1,408 2,849 306 2,138	126 7,924 42 96 413 112 6,219 1,240 2,415 233 2,161 9,637	46 7,757 105 212 42 39 2,439 1.312 1,814 127 2,216 15 565	33 7,852 147 217  43 49 2,480 1,276 1,891 122 1,997 11 2,680	13,866 1,915 3,948 7,32 2,032	28 2,383 28 31 14,513 1,614 5,412 573 1,534 31	92 877 2 3.087 368 321 62 558 15 833	2,117 2,117 276 300 89 565 914	376 1,282 37  590 139 420 650	136 590 7  528  111 422	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38
	1,451 127 43 47 1,428 6 220 1,588 992 1,509	3,723 124 41 53 1,124 5 183 1,427 766	8,309 81 351 437 289 2,129 158 508 1,771 2,585	7,391 110 294 337 243 2,005 149 522 1,690 2,041 2.603	50 349 317 32 2,253 612 458 1,893 674	5,594 40 268 295 42 1,828 561 287 1,650 523	17,432 2,124 844 398 147 3,409 1,231 728 3,950 4,601	15,339 2,019 737 398 143 2,904 1,162 578 3,406 3,992	10.952 2,907 515 810 209 1,253 804 221 2,157 2,076	10,035 2,498 464 736 186 1,120 736 176 2,104 1,995	593 1,150 930 181 2,929 1,471 521 2,373 1,994	11,248 423 1,057 884 137 2,891 1,379 316 2,322 1,839	3,042 248 59 74 33 403 135 162 714 1,194	2,717 207 75 124 46 409 193 124 603 936	10,181 43 85 152 288 3,867 41 882 3,619 1,204	8,350 20 51 108 214 3,051 53 715 3,066 1,072	42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51
	45	39	104	75	91	847 47 319	1,341	1,963	3,980 1,640	3.776 1,508	1,145	2046 994	1,027	884 394	110	500 113	53
	236 1,038 10,071	163 983 9,774	45 1,004 12,232	60 962 11,964	524 3,453	38 443 3,471	379 712 3,486	305 553 3,330	135 121 2,084 6,219	96 2,041 6,011	936 3,197	73 865 3,087	46 112 468 33,341	99 58 333 32,730	108 379 31	83 304 3	54 55 56 57
	459	346	3,209 392	,092 301	202	192	2,872	2,777	4,615	4,469	2,917	2,897 28	20,447	19,861 12,850	14	1	58 59
	9,612	9,428	1,230 908 6,453	910 808 6,838	546 33 2,661	592 53 2,621	10 4 30	12 2 20	1,601	I,542	5 81 62	4 105 41	3	10		1	60 61 62
-		7	40	15	7	10	570	519		***	22	12				***	63
	3	2 8	8 8	56	4	25	29	18	48	68	16	1	10	12	32	25	65
	-	3			2		3	3	***		.4	1		***	31	23	66

# Appendix to TABLE XIII.—List of Castes included in "Others."

Caste, tribe, race or Nationality. Persons Males Fema				Caste, tribe, race		-	Donner	1104		1	TOTAL	POPULA	TION.
	TOTAL	POPULA	TION.	Caste, tribe, race		TOTAL	POPULA	TIOX.	Caste, tribe, race or		-		
	Persons.	Males-	Females.	Nationality.	1	Persons.	Males.	Females	Nationality.	P	ersons.	Males. F	emales.
Hindus,	70			Other Castes .		63.653	33,031	30,622	Jains		21,071	11,304	9,767
Brahman	100,999	54,930	46,069	1 Bargunda .		2,144	1,069	1,075				- 202	
1 Adgod ···	2,869	1,424	1,445	2 Baři	44	1,061	421	640	1 Agarwal .		1.792	915	877
2 Ametha	1,300	709	591	3 Bedia .		4,712	2,600	2,112	20.00		182	90	92
3 Audumber	1,892	1,096	796	4 Beldar .		2,435	1,291	1,144	2 Bhatera		404:	30	94
4 Bengali	122	73	49	5 Bhami		3,480	1,679	1,801	3 Jaiswal .		1,919	1,091	828
5 Chaturvedi	82	47	35	6 Bhand .	w.	184	88	96				10	
6 Daima	101	47	54	7 Bharbhunja		714	362	352	4 Jati		47	30	17
7 Gujrathi	2.013	1,317	696	8 Bharnd	*	211	138	73			, Jac	3222	
8 Kashmiri	191	109	82	9 Bhopa	117	493	244	249	5 Khandetwal		635	343	292
9 Madrasi	5	3	2	10 Bohara		176	87	89	6 Nima		29	20	9
10 Nagar	2,098	1,099	999	11 Charan		936	536	400	O Ivilia				14 1
11 Ojha	28	14	14	12 Deswali		890	484	406	7 Unspecified		16,467	8,815	7,652
12 Saraswat	3,064	1,728	1,336	13 Dhangar		337	202	135		1		19.1	
13 Shenvi	152	66	86	14 Dhanuk		2,783	1,520	1,263	Musalmans	Ш	39,671	21,448	18,223
14 Shrimali	2,377	1,432	945	15 Gole	***	2,730	1,277	1,453	Musaidians		39,071	213330	101040
15 Telang	89	51	38	16 Kachera	***	36	14	22		7			
16 Others	84,616	45,715	38,901	17 Kalbelia	***	629	447	182	1 Badhai	774	8	8	-
Rajput	61,476	31,210	30,266	18 Kanjar	2200	231	181	50	2 Bawarchi	***	48	18	30
Rajput	01,470	51,210	30,200	19 Kasera	100	619	365	254	3 Behna	****	629	331	298
1 Chandel	1,288	721	567	20 Kharol	546	1,413	780	633	4 Bhat	474	21	14	7
2 Chandrawat	589	288	301	21 Khatri		1,982	1,173	809	5 Bhangi	1975	1,396	690	706
3 Dhandhere	1,018	662	356	22 Kir	>+++	3,028	1,593	1,435	6 Bharbhunja	333.0	525	277	248
4 Dikhit	. 2	1	1	23 Lakhera	222	2 396	1,238	1,158	7 Bhisti	***	1,977	1,122	855
5 Gaharwar	126	53	73	24 Lunia	***	530	303	227	8 Chhipa	***	1,241	626	615
6 Gautam	. 11	10	1	25 Mahar	***	863	503	360	9 Dhobi	***	326	174	152
7 Hai fiai bansi _	25	14	11	26 Mallah	***	924	530	394	10 Hammal	***	256	129	127
8 Khichi	415	209	206	27 Manker	***	5,876	2,560	3,316	11 Julaha	***	632	328	304
9 Nandbansi	1,865	943	923	28 Maru	222	2,335	1,183	1,152	12 Kunjda	***	1,682	904	778
10 Pawaiya	. 140	110	26	29 Mochi -		1,894	1.022	872	13 Lakhera		375	219	
11 Ponwar Maratha		5	5	30 Nayak	144	2,595	1,153	1,442	A STATE OF THE STA	***	297	171	126
12 Sagawat	. 33	3	G 3	31 Nat	(4×)x	2,776	1,431	1 2532	Twenty and the same		363	199	164
13 Sengar	2,465	8 70	3 1,765	32 Nath	***	3,156	1,770	1.386	1	(999)	1,501	995	
14 Vaish	191	10	1 90	33 Parbhu.		127	.83		17 Mirasi	19.00	-	119	10000
15 Others	. 53,29	27,35	6 25,943	34 Pardhi	44.	1,227	633	594	Carried and		453	253	
Bania	. 30,473	16.78	8 13,685	35 Pasi		721	367	354	The sales and	212	11	7	200
The late		10/1/3	10,000	36 Patwa	***	979	483	496	and the second second	(474		1.1000	
	3,02	1,71	2 1,312	37 Pinjara	_	162	81	81			2,029	1 400000	1
	1,19		2 500	38 Rangara		3,673	1,977	7 1,693		1,073	1	N. Carlo	300
	29	1 12	2 169	39 Sanyasi	111	185	8		The second	13**		100	6 -6
	. 4	3 2	6 17	40 Sikligar		525	300	225	1000	144	I Sections	10000	10000
	18	10	5 89	41 Others	***	1,486	271	710	The same of the same of	1977	Participal State of the Control of t	1000	
6 Kasaudhan .	1 com		9 123	Animists	4	1,543	836	91 - 10 -	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	2000			1
	1,69			1 Kirar	- 45	5		5 3		***	-	0	1 3
	35		6 130	2 Kel	***	407	2 23	7 163	The state of the s	900	- Francisco	1	1 3
	39	14	10000	3 Korku	***	1,05	33	1 52	The second second	***	17-05	13000	M conto
10 Others	23,05	7 12,61	3 10,444	4 Kotwai	-	71	6	2 1	30 Unspecified	***	19,563	10,665	8,395

## TABLE XIV.

#### Civil Condition by Age for Selected Castes.

- 1. This Table like Table IX does not deal with the whole population but with certain selected castes, which are considered of local importance.
  - 2. The details for Gangapur Pargana are shown separately as an appendix to this Table.

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## TABLE XIV.—Civil Condition

-		-		-		100			-44			1011
Numbe	CASTE.		Locality.	Sex.	Population			UNM	ARRIED.			
Serial Number			Downly.	Jez.	dealt with.	TOTAL.	0-5	5-12	12—15	15—20	20-40	40 and over.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	84	9	10	- 11	12
	The Film							1.50				
1	Gwallor State(ex- ing Gangapur.)	clud-	}	{ Males Females	427,092 346,516	203.454 118,311	43,931 41,499	67,024 52,242	24 604 9,875	23.212 5,509	32,812 6,205	11,871 2,981
	Gangapur		100	Males Females	1,142	523 353	125 112	200 165	84 45	42 10	57 12	15 9
,	Gwallor State (Inc.)	clud-	}	{ Males Females	428.234 347,608	203,977 118,664	44,056 41,611	67.224 52.407	24,688	23.254 5,519	32,869 6,217	11,886
	Hindu	***	1940	{ Males Females	317 319 246,656	151,042 80,140	30,580 26,819	48,277 35,359	18 267 6,947	17.234 4,246	26,376 4.475	10,308
	2. Bania		Ujjais	{Males Females	5,136 5,093	1,820 4 1,435 5		662 663	214 80	150 74	183 41	174 59
6	2. Bania	-	-	Ma'es Females	23,879 19,666	10,484 6,406	1,842 1,873	3,054 2,629	1,236 670	1,270 607	2,020 369	1,062 258
7	(1) Agarwai	-	Gird and Tonwarghar.	{Males Females	12,115 9,640	5,612 2,942	1,027	1,801	622 169	704 211	1,060 155	398 62
	(2) Gahoki		Bhind and Narwar.	{ Males Females	3,357 2,759	1.651 802	292 253	390	184 48	178 21	367 32	189 58
9	(3) Maheshri	-	Mandasor	{Males Females	2,379 2,011	1,110 702	212 191	347 312	146 56	106 38	200	99 21
10	(4) Osmai	-	Shajapur	{Males Females	3,914 3,285	1,282 1,314	190 240	262 349	182 358	165 255	228 65	255
11	(5) Pormal:		Isagarh and Mandasor.	{ Males Females	2,044 1,971	829 646	121 180	203 242	102 39	117 82	165 33	121 70
12	3. Bhat	-	Ujjain and Shajapur-	{ Males Females	4,291 3,659	1,888	451 383	527 458	231 117	212 79	325 74	141 54
13	4. Brahman	-		{Males Females	73,562 56,168	36.754 16,338	6,321 5,895	10.789 7,687	4,094 1,098	4,031 683	8,260 646	3,259 329
14	(1) Bhagor		Gird and Nar- war.	Males Females	8,496 7,212	4,237 2,241	775 784	1,252 966	513 138	511 131	852 181	334 41
15	(2) Dakshani			{ Males Females	6,884 5,930	2,548 1,661	541 620	759 543	453 286	377 147	318 40	100 25
16	(3) Sanadhya		Tonwarghar.	{ Males Females	56,703 41,762	29,318 11,918	4,870 4,335	8.633 6,047	3,052 603	3,039 341	6,948 367	2,776 205
17	(1) Sarwaria			Males Females	621 312	253 82	33 21	30 17	18 13	57 15	84 10	31 6
18	(5) Shrigand {		Ujjain and Shajapur.	Males Females	858 1,352	398 436	102 115	115	58 58	47	58 48	18 52
10	5 Gujar {		and Bhind.	Males Females	60,039 47,597	29,031 16,105	5,904 5,386	10,028 6,905	3,619 1,145	3,165 520	4)613 877	1,702 272
30		6. Kayasth {		Males Females	13,548 10,750	6,531 3,610	1,107	1,839	841 342	986 159	1,359	399 139
21	7. Kirar	{	Narwar and Tonwarghar.	Malcs Females	37,258 29,619	17,320 11,115	4,533 3,871	6,161 5,335	1,980	1,829 554	2,199	618
1		1				- W		2	11	-		13

by Age for Selected Castes.

Ī			MA	RRIED.				1		w	IDOWED.	AL U			1 to
1	TOTAL.	0_5	5—12	12-15	1520	20-40	40 and	TOTAL.	0-5	5_12	12-15	15-20	20-40	40 and	Serial Number
1	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	4
1	4				100										-
1	170,774 154,760	2,171 2,930	6.207 10,671	8,270 12,903	16,054 24,121	82,540 75,139	54,932 28,996	52,864 73,445	159 382	1 290 1,733	2,092 1,933	2,963 3,724	18,433 19,381	27,927 46,287	1
1	525 523	1	· 2	15 47	71 96	238 267	195 95	94 216	1	***	1 2	7	28 63	63 144	2
	171,299 155,283	2.175 2,931	6,209 10,688	8 285 12,950	15,125 24,217	82,778 75,406	55,127 29,091	52.954 73,661	160 382	1,290 1,736	2,093 1,937	2 964 3,731	18,461 19,444	27,990 46,431	3
	122.792	1,861 2,498	4 766 8,406	6,666 10,266	13,179 18,141	58,793 50,365	37.522 19,251	43 485 57,589	105 338	1,225 1,534	2,006 1,710	2,709 3,359	14,628 15,366	22,812 35,282	•
	2,783 2,393	20 91	229 368	218 278	280 357	1,276 919	760 380	533 1,265	1 3	13 106	16 23	39 69	173 368	291 696	5
1	9 467 8,099	171 139	491 528	644 939	1,049	4,253 3,632	2,869 1,513	3,858 5,163	10 53	227 162	272 267	354 314	1.061	1,934 2,897	6
	4,842 4,167	58 57	152 216	197 441	479 688	2,454 2,015	1.512 750	1,661 2,531	3 26	20 52	17 70	61 113	553 687	1,007	7
	1,252 1,203	25 9	66 63	62 129	123 159	595 609	381 234	454 754	10	2 13	31 15	29 44	161 229	230 443	8
	905 790	19	41 47	54 95	95 125	401 373	295 143	364 519	1	7 8	12 22	24 28	98 765	219 292	9
-	1,538	S1 40	146 170	244 196	216 211	475 337	406 220	1,094 797	2 13	188 71	197 744	202 50	167 211	338	10
	930 765	18 26	86 32	87 78	136 165	328 298	275 166	285 560	=	10 18	15 16	38 79	82 178	140 269	11
	1,773 1,539	68 87	102 158	134 126	200 216	732 664	537 288	630 955	14 24	38 38	49 24	92 43	157 183	280 643	12
	25,238 23,993	285 152	661	1,372 2,657	2,662 4,186	12.450 11,267	7,868 4,018	11,570 16,237	14 27	134 162	198 380	550 868	3,976 4,624	6,698 10,176	13:
	3,144 2,869	74 12	122 220	110 290	252 463	1.575	- 1,017 522	1.115 2,102	1	5 17	13 74	116	348	629 1,331	14
	2,841	9 7	32 149	. 163 293	389 549	1,210	1,068	1,495 1,724	2 2	6 18	19	169	406	893 1,010	15
	18,703 17,822	132 127	491 1,266	1,044	1 910	9,432 8,527	5,694 2,882	8,6 <b>8</b> 2 12,021	8 75	122 119	159 253	209	3,139	5,045 7,665	16
	196 118	-,	?	30 16	58 30	70	37 32	172 112			,	53	52	66	17
	354 639	10	15 74	25 66	53	133 240	118	105		,,	6	30	31	65	18
	24,470 23,041	252 1,080	877 2,173	1,453	2,343	11,944	7,601 3,794	6,538	11	147	116	222	2,314	3,728	19
	5,095	31	93	2,100	3,479	2,581	1,803	1,922	38	42	263	398	522	6,228	20
	15,465	234	762	306 895	1,595	2,359	4,255	4,473	12	41 82	63 379	269	1,624	1,686 2,107	
	12,596	235	1,157	1,014	2,024	6,145	2,021	5,908	44	250	214	296	1,539	3,565	21
	1			6-1		7			000		-				

#### TABLE XIV.-Civil Condition

i		411/9817W					Una	ARRIED.			
Serial Number.	CASTE	Locality.	Sex.	Population dealt with.	TOTAL.	0-5	5—12	12—15	15—20	20-40	40 and over.
1	77 (2 7 17 18	3 0	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Total I								
22	8. Maratha	Gird and Ujjain.	Males Females	5,896 5,287	2,486 1,690	525 485	771 780	323 109	364 58	911 213	112 45
23	9. Mina	{Isagarh and Sheopur.	Males Females	33,040 27,088	15,345 10,092	3,106 3,136	5,289 3,854	1,788 1,540	1,636 611	2,692 581	834 370
24	10. Rajput	(17) - 7at	Males Females	59,572 40,617	29,015 12,919	6,264 4,042	9,100 5,375	3,872 990	3,542 869	4,272 1,112	1,965 531
25	(1) Bhadoria	{Bhind and Tonwarghar.	Males Females	11,590 6,057	5,546 1,944	1,253 636	1,906 926	712 105	629 117	692 111	354 49
26	(2) Chohan	Bhind and Ujjain.	{ Males Females	4,982 6,501	2,163 1,481	458 479	629 588	324 90	266 137	356 138	130 49
27	(3) Gahlot	Shajapur	Males Females	869 590	359 191	75 69	704 84	50 11	27 8	31	72 11
28	(4) Kachhawaha	Bhind	{ Males Females	9,560 6,091	4,976 7,834	1,113 582	1,793 866	616 128	556 88	701 102	197 68
29	(5) Ponwar	Ujjain and	Males Females	5,365 4,831	2,446 7,410	529 521	730 533	377 139	299 72	362 93	149 45
30	(6) Rathor	Ujjain and	Males Females	3,963 3,710	1,894 1,173	459 366	636 461	216 100	191 92	306 119	86 35
31	(7) Sizodia	{ Mandasor and Ujjain.	Males	1.991 1,325	846 479	162 115	274 140	134 58	99 49	99 44	78 73
32	(8) Solanki	Shajapur and Ujjain.	{Males Females	1,812 1,282	766 452	152 162	228 129	83 64	87 31	119 31	97 35
33	(9) Tonuar	Tonwarghar and Ujjain.	Males Females	19,436 10,226	10,017 3,954	2,063 1.105	2.799 1.648	1,360 295	1,388 274	1,605 466	802 166
34	1) Saharia	(Isagarh and Bhilsa.	Males Females	1,168 729	368 269	90 89	57 49	69 15	48	62 27	42 56
35	11 Musalman		{Males Females	53,137 45,689	23,401 14,973	5,309 5.361	7,442 6,320	3,307 1,312	2,892 500	3,534 1,063	917 417
36	1. Pathan	Gird and	{Males Females	24,228 20,515	10,554 6,847	2,159 2,636	3,487 2,909	1,536	1,285 295	1,582 268	505 120
37	2 Salyad	Do.	Males	5,324 4,210	2,199 1,513	439 523	720 532	312 199	315	331 108	82 67
.38	3. Shaikh	Do.	{Males Females	23,585 20,964	10,648 6,613	2,711 2,202	3,235 2,879		1,292		330 230
39	111 Jaio		{ Males Females	7.597 6.673	3,528 1,924	635 724	1,113	440 143		667 115	277 87
40	1. Oswal	Ujjain and Mandasor.	Males	4,895 4,326	2,179 1,212	393 443	725 510				112 55
41	2. Porwal	Isagarb	Males	2,702 2,347	1,349 712	242 281	3 88 298	143			165 32
42	IV Animist—Bhil, Bhilala and Gond.	}Amjhera	Males	50,181 48,590	26,006 21,627	7,532 9,707	10,392	2,674 1,518		2.292 564	384 192
				1000	1 3						

by Age for Selected Castes .- concld.

ĺ	-	100	Ма	RRIED.						v	VIDOWED		100		Tage
	TOTAL.	0-5	5—12	12-15	15-20	20-40	40 and over.	TOTAL.	05	5—12	12—15	15_20	20_40	40 and	Sgrial Number
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	50-
1	1							1				7	1,01	E - 11	
ı	2,672 2,261		43 108	55 136	163 407	1,398 1,176	986 417	738 1,336	6	15 28	20 26	32 37	182 313	488 926	22
l	12,718		912 1,092	748 1,160	1,148 2,347	5,730 4,515	3,604 2,564	6,977 4,966	3 50	265 193	509 222	411 533	1,816 1,236	1,973 2,732	23
	22,497 18,203	254 307	587 887	983 1,547	3,120 2,970	10.436 9,160	7,117 3,336	5,060 9,495	17 73	259 298	292 224	496 610	2,718 2,572	4,278 -5,718	24
ı	4,480	15 71	63 66	128 224	702 489	2,121 1,553	1,451 474	1,564 1,296	3	37 17	39 28	133 66	471 370	881 815	25
	2,089 3,354	64 85	55 146	143 191	158 455	1,037 1,813	632 664	730 7,666	3 7	70 28	50 35	56 178	218 385	333 1,093	26
	379 239	60	23 32	35 35	46	97 66	118 44	131 160		9 16	7 19	6 16	77 21	32 77	27
	3,575 2,897	11 10	42 94	101 196	307 495	1,947 1,528	1,167 568	1,090 1,366		25 6	42 23	57 67	282 404	603 865	28
	1,979	58 21	74 122	114 163	254 318	871 1,050	608 405	940 1,342	6 18	51 26	66 24	28 98	371 396	418 780	29
	1.627 1,583	14 30	47 762	97 156	128 177	858 767	483 291	442 954	2 3	18 21	23 36	34 38	122 283	243 573	30
	679 481	7	17 28	17	107 69	319 221	219 116	466 365	9	14 13	2 15	32 43	193 111	220 174	31
	733 534	6 19	54	107	84 117	295 196	187 89	313 296	17	7 15	14 27	42 15	95 77	155 145	32
	6,955 4,223	26 49	212 193	241 469	1,334	2,890 1,965	2,252 744	2,464 2,049	3 7	28 156	44	108	289 584	1,392	33*
	614 275	3 4	9 8	18	178 66	274 121	132	186 185	4	3	8	43	85 109	43	34
	23,667 21,446	152 220	770 1,307	892	1,911	11,230	8,712	6,069	49	40	61	107	2.753	3,059	35
10.14	10,865	. 56	267	385	3,314	5,367	3,989	9,270	32	108	103	109	1,344	6,497 1,355	100
	9,709	122	532	693	1,545	1,058	793	3,959 770	10	32	20 31	15	330	410	36
	1,821	25 82	94	135	269	878	420	876	5	15	35	28	251	542	37
1	9,916	73	405 681	411 778	1,500	4,805 4,847	3,930 2,037	2,490 4,435	18	16 61	35	48	1,079	1,294	38
	3,240	25 25	57 112	156 73	222 509	1.580 1.570	1,200 732	829 1,728	2 8	12 28	24	93	206 581	577 994	39
	2,129 2,001	21 23	46 74	129 48	163 302	979 1,026	791 528	587 1,113	2 7	12 18	10	16 55	148 359	400 664	40
	1,111	4 2	38	27 25	59 207	601 544	409 204	242 615	" 1	10	2 14	5 38	58 222	177 330	41
1	21,600 21,889	137	616 863	571 1,005	1.413 2.253	11.170 12,893	7.693 4,637	2,575 5.074	1	13 66	15 100	127 170	874 1,076	1,542 3,658	42
						13				3					

#### APPENDIX TO TABLE XIV.-Civil Condition

-		-		1			-	The	MARRIED.	117	1000	
tumb	CA	STE.		Sex.	Population			-	MARIE D.	2		
Serial Number	THE WAY		11-0		dealt with.	TOTAL.	0-5	5—12	12-15	15-20	20-40	40 and over.
1		2	A.	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Gangapur			Males	1,142 1,092	523 353	123 112	2/0 165	84 45	42 10	57 12	15 9
2	I Hindu	930	18 6	. Males	680 632	304 210	67 56	100 107	65 29	30 6	31 8	11 4
3	1 Bania			Males Females	434 422	208 14‡	45 41	78 75	27 16	26 1	22 7	10 4
•	(1) Agarwal	110	77	Males	145 137	71 44	13 16	30 25	10 2		6	1
1 5	(2) Maheshri	H.		Males Females	236 231	112 82	28 19	. 39 46	14 10	10	14	7 3
6	(3) Osteval			Males Females	53 54	25 18	6	9	3 4	5 1	2 2	2 1
7	2 Bhat			{ Males Females	40 35	11 16	7	7 7	1 2	1	1	/=
8	3 Brahman		X 2	. {Males Females	10 6	i	3	***	1	-	***	1
9	(1) Bhagor	R.		Males	3	- 7	1		1	17		
10	(2) Dakshani		. 9	Males Females	5 2	2	2	(A)	-	714 6m	340	
11	(3) Sanadhya	42	1.0 -	.   Males   Females	;	1	20 C	#	1000	) (44)	110	1
12	(4) Sarmaria	134	- 1	. { Males Females	- 1				***	100	44	***
. 13	4. Gujar			Males Females	157 152	62 45	15 6	7 24	35 10	. 5	3	***
34	-5, Kayasth			Males Females	14	6 2	1	2	2		1	
15	6. Maratha	3.		Males Females	7	- 2	" 1	1	***	344		=
16	7. Rajput			Males Females	25 19	13	2	6 2	1	"1	5	22
17	(1) Kachhwah			. { Males Females	2	2		-	***	-	2	=
18	(2) Rathor	4		Males Females	19 18	9	2	5 2	1	12	2	
19	Il Musalman	241 15	· kie ·	Males Females	131	65 39	23 19	26 13	6	3 2	6	1
20	1. Pathan	-	*	Males Females	33 25	12 6	6	3 2	1	1	1	. III
21	2. Saiyad			Males Females	6	1 3	. " 1	2	1	**	***	
22	3. Shaikh	1		Males Females	94 100	52 30	17 14	23 9	: 4	2 2	5	1
23	III Jain		- A	Males Females	156 160	76 44	14 14	31 18	9	6		2 3
24	I. Oswal			Males Females	156 158	76 44	14 14	31 18	9	6		3
25	2. Porwal	ā		Males Females	2		***				***	-
26	IV Animist (Bhil		- 11 -	Males Females	175 169	78 60	21 23	43 27	4 3	3 2	6 3	- 2
1	-			-			-				-	-

by Age for Selected Castes .- (Gangapur).

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TOTAL	. 0—5	5—12	12—15	15-20	20-40	40 and Over-	TOTAL.	0-5	5-12	12—15	15-20	20-40	40 an	
13	14	15 "	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	1
5.5	25 4	2 17	15 47	71 96	238 267	193 95	94 216	1		1 2	1 7	28 63	63	
3 2	08	2 3	14 30	58 67	126 131	108	68 152	1	0.50	1		20	46	
11	53	2 2	1 5	15 21	92 107	74 28	42 117	1		1	7	51	92 32 77	
1 6	7	1	1111	8	31 36	21	13	***	***		***	40	11	
9	9	744	1	6	46	12 46	31 25	1	-	-		6	26 17	
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- 3	1	22.	***		1	2	2			***		1		15
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10	-	- 2			2 7	7	1 2	***			150		***	3
59 81	** 1	4		2 8	29 40	28 24	7	***					2	18
18 15	= :	-			9	9	3	***	***	***		1	10	19
2 3	***	144	***	-	9	6	1		***		***	1	3	20
39 63			***	2 8	2 20 29	17	3	#	344				1	21
69 81	3	- 4	*		38	17	3 7	***		***	- 1		7	22
69	270	4	3	12	45	17	35		22	72	-	11	8 24	23
81	-	4	3	**12	45	17	33	***			22	10	8 23	24
89	- 1	-	***				2		***	***		1	1	25
91	"	6	10	11 9	45 51	30 15	18		-				18	26
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				1									17	
	123						(1)							
100	# 1										Pare -	-	P4	
	7.1													
#1														

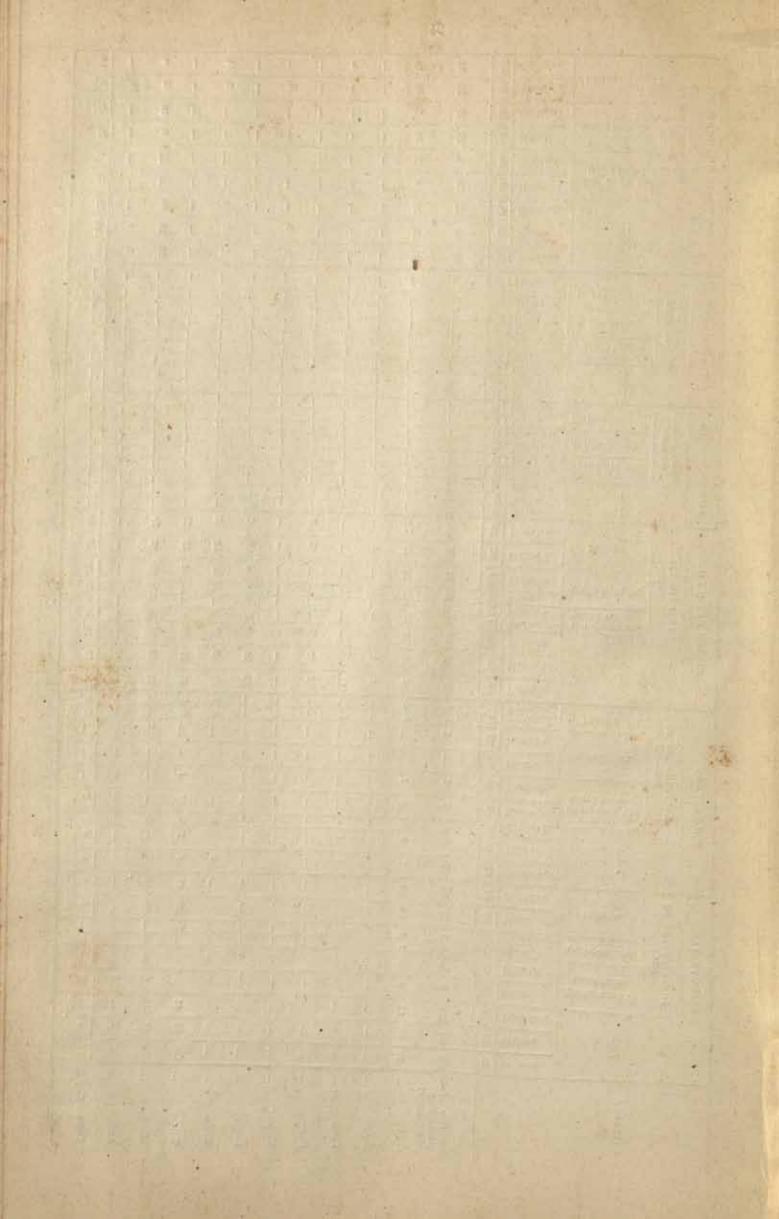
# TABLE XV.

Territorial Distribution of the Christian Population by Sect and Race.

- 1. This Table shows the denominations of Christians of all races.
- 2. One Anglo-Indian male of Roman Catholic denomination belongs to Gangapur.

| % | Females. | % | Males. | % | Males. DISTRIBU-.engibnI METHODIST. \*suripuj -olgnA Europeans & allied races. Pemales. 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 Males Females Total. Males Persons DISTRIBU-Females. .ennibuI Males Females. 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 -olgnA Tadians GREEK. Males Europeans & Females. Males TABLE XV.-Territorial Distribution of the Christian Population by Sect and Race. Females. Total. Males 30 1 4 30 37 1 Females. DISTRIBUTION BY RACE. -susibul 36 ŝ 1 31 8 31 32 33 34 35 Females. .snaibul 94 BAPTIST. -olgak Males. Buropeans & Females. tk 00 10 Male 80 8 C.E 33 3 Females. 3 31 35 Total. 20 31 100 30 39 Males. 63 10 : : = 29 14 Persons. 138 Females. DISTRIBUTION BY RACE. susibul. Males 23 24 25 26 2: Lemujea. Indians. ARMENIAN. Males. a Anglotilied races. Females. Europeans & Males. 22 Females. Total. 20 21 Malcs. Persons. Females-9 RACE. 24 10 22 -sasibal 18 40 Males. ÷ 43 1 ä B + 1 BY Females 3 Anglo-Indians. 17 ANGLICAN COMMUNION, DISTRIBUTION 22 50 \* 6 7 16 25 Males. \* 1 m # 1 Ė Europeans and allied races. 10 3 15 57 Females, 1 77 443 10 8 10 ŧ 2 467 ā 6 7 Malcs. 24 \* 2 87 B 1 E 4 112 13 2 Females. 40 30 64 20 473 54 1 Total 558 38 22 Males. N 30 260 17 37 34 100 52 = 670 Persons. 었 12 106 191 101 389 10 Females. Indians, S 135 98 RACE. CV 7 100 1 114 37.1 6 Males. 10 2 26 BY 35 ŧ 1 121 00 Females-DISTRIBUTION Anglo-99 8 E 40 7 1 ä Males. = 52 TOTAL P 6 Europeans and allied 82 Females. 0 33 683 54 43 E 547 15 -Folald 116 2 115 2 289 191 1 592 1 4 Ecurales. \* 629 158 m 24 5 21 甚 228 058 Total, 10 Males. m 38 918 -33 259 274 389 650 Persons. CH Gwalior State (including Gangapur). Lashkar City Tonwarghar DISTRICT. Mandasor Shajapur Amjhera Sheopur Isagarb Narwar Ullain Bhind Gird

1		0	- 1	177												
	7 0		Females.	100	24	10	- 1	4	-	18	1	-	- 1	+	- 10	13
-	BY	snaibnl	Maies	108	50	2	1	1		+		et	3	64	#1	100
ED.			Females.	107	2	7	1	- 20	.1	1	H	3	1	10	-	200
RETURNED	DISTRIBUTION RACE.	Anglo-Indians.	1114010000	901		-	-	al I	2.74	- 4			-	1	- 44	1 -
12	RACI		Males.		22	=	4		11	10	E.E.		- 1	90	1	[ 2
R	ISI	allied races.	Pemales.	105		-		1	-	1	1	3	1	1	1	-
NOT	9	Europeans and	Males.	104	100	•	3	1	No.	1	1	1	1	4	1	100
			Females.	103	42	17	1	1	1	1	10 10	-	- 1	ź	1	23
SECT		Total.	Maless	102	\$	31	- 1	1		-	•	20	-	10	-	12
		H	Persons.	101		100			-	-	-,-	173		-	ei	44
-				-	87	89	-:	-					- 1	24	- 52	4
920	NOI	.ansibnī	Pemales.	100	3	1			- 1	-	. 6	-	- 1	4	1	
SALVATIONIST	DISTRIBUTION BY RACE.		Females, Males,	6686		- 3		10.0	- 1	1	1	- 4			1	1
101	IVE F	Anglo-Indians.	Males.	16	1	1		1	- B			1	1	1		13
TAV	Die	Europeans and	Males. Females.	95 96	-			-		÷	1	- 1		-		
- V			Fernales.	13	1	- 1	-1	18	- 1	1	3	- 4	1	10		13_
00	-	Total	Persons.	92,93	-	-1	11 (3	-	2	-	-	- 1	1	***	1	11
	NO	-suespul	Females.	16			- 4	-1	- 1	-	-	-		(B)	-	1 3
VAN	UTI	7	Vemales,	89 90		18	1 1	-		1	3	- 1	1			11
SYRIAN	STRIBUTION BY RACE.	-sneibnI-olgnA	Males.	100		1	- 3			1	-	!		4 3		1
	DIST	Europeans and allied races.	Malcs.	8687	-	1		1		1	-			8 18	1	1 1
ROMAN	-		Females.	200	200	-	. !			1		1			-	
RO	100	Total.	Persons.	8384	_	1	-	1		1		3	1	120		
-	An		Females.	25	126	20		111	-	1	64	90	33	2		00
1 22	11/2/20	snaibnl	Males	150	126	63	-	1	61	1	10	9	21	22		0.00
CATHOLIC	RACE,	-suripul-offiuV	Pemales-	8	9	20	- 4	1	-	1	+	- 1	-	53	1	18
ATI	S.T.B	Tenant Paul	Ecmales.	7879	481962	8 438	1				m	- 1	14	8 30	10 10	828
2	Dist	Europeans and allied races.	Males-	17	8	17	0.4	. 1		1	10	1	3	20		12
N V	10.0		Bemales.	76	<u> </u>	88	3	1	-	- 1	0	90	52	# # P		36
ROMA		Total	Males.	7.5	366	128	A	1	.01	1	9	10	21	90	B	78
1		ATTO SELECTION	Persons	7.4	457	226	7	141	m	- 1	23	1.8	25	131	10	2
1		- sueipu1	Males.	72 73	-	C0	1	3	1		- 1	40		1	1	64
1	N BY	*	Females	71 2	24	1	1	1	1		1	1		64		1
E	DISTRIBUTION RACE.	.asibal.olgaA	Males.	20		ŧ	4	1		1	1	1	1	190	1	1
PROTESTANT	TRI	allied races.	Females.	8	2	-	. 4	1	31	1	1	3	-	4	1	
TE	Dis	Europeans and	Males.	89	20	-00	1	1	11	1	1	1	-	1	1	let .
PRC	1		Remales.	67	yc .	m.				1	1	-	04	6.0	-3	248
1		Total.	Males.	99	2	1	1	157	193	: 8	1	m	1.7%	1	1	+
1		Ĥ	Persons+	50	<u>«</u>	7	1	: #			1	+	*	640	11	0
	BY	- grantolit	Females	19	661	122	1 3	进	1	-	1	=	#	143	1	+
z		engibni	Males	2 63	111	2	1	1	1	200	1		8	9	1	00
TRIA	OE.	Anglo-Indians.	Males. Females.	6162	10	10					i	i	-	1		1
CTE	KA		Lemples	99	1	-	1,	1	4	TE.	-1	1	1	1	9.5	1
PRESBY TERIAN.	DISTRIBUTION RACE,	Europeans and allied races.	Males.	39	m	7	1	I	a.	9		Ŧ	I	10	110	13
P.F			Females.	.58	204	16	1	1	1	18	1	1	45	143	100	2
1		Total.	Males,	37	131	12	- 1	3 -		1	E,	1	99	62 97	64	10
			Persons.	36	100	33	1	- 1	1	N.	1	ŧ	103	195	N	14
		2			) at	1		1 3	1	1	2 3	***	3	Œ.	1.3	1
	DISTRICT				Gwallor State 3 (including Gangapur)	Gird	Bhind	Tonwarghar	Sheopur	Narwar	Isagarh	Bhilka	Ollain	Mandasor	Amjhera	Lashkar Giy
4			2 2 2		1000											



# TABLE XVI.

#### Europeans and Anglo-Indians by Race and Age.

- 1. This Table is divided into two Parts. Part (a) shows the distribution of Europeans and allied Races by age and Part (b) that of Anglo-Indians.
  - 2. No European (except one Anglo-Indian) has been returned in Gangapur.
- 3. Districts that do not contain Europeans or Anglo-Indians have been omitted from Parts (a) and (b) respectively.
  - 4. There is only one Armenian male in Gird Gwalior District aged 50 and over.

TABLE XVI.-Europeans and allied races and Anglo-Indians by race and age (a) Europeans and allied races (including Armenians).

	So and	Females.	38	-	54	:		3 3			64
	50		(These	Fig.	UI -			2000		100	-
9	9723	Males		100	2.8	- 127	1	-			-
	40-50	Females	37	-	-	:		_	_		1
1 3		Males	35	100	en	-		-		1	100
16	30-40	Females.	1 80	100		-			-	1	100
	30	Males,	33	12	-	:		*		-	100
	18-30	Females.	32	6	1.5	-	1	*		-	000
46	100	-soleld	31	35	10	- 5	-	288	-		-
Отника,	16-18	Females.	30	1 9	* :		7 1	-	-	1	L
5		Males-	29	3	9	1		N B	1 -	i	
	10-16	Females.	28	-		7		64	- 1	1	
	10	Males.	27	-	-	3	:	1	-	1	
	10	Pennales.	26	100	1	1	i	m	1		
1	0-10	Males.	25	04	+	1	-	1	1		L
	40	Pemales	124	22	0	64	्र	10	E	4	1
	All ages.	Males.	23	38	20	-	8	35	E	64	12
	V	-latoT	22	80	29	60	-	45	1	545	19
	outr.	Females.	21	7	54	1	1	64	1	1	
	50	Males.	20	04	64	1	1	ŧ	I	1	Ī
	-50	Pemales	19	9	14	1	-	m	1	ŧ	
	40-50	Males.	18	16	7	7	**	7	1	1	1
No.	9	Pemales,	17	12	64	6.5	64	15	1	1	-
100	30-40	*səleM	16	99	0	m	-	43	1	1	0
TS.	30	Pemales	1.5	119	m	67		13			64
BJEC	18-30	Males.	14	396		4	m	380	24	1	*
BRITISH SUBJECTS	16-18	Fomales.	13	1	1	II E	113	Tien.	(2)	1	
1718	5	*səlek	12	9	:	1	1	9	E		1
Ba	10-16	Females.	=		1	O.	75	13	-	1	-
	10	Males.	10	13	1	1	100	1		1	1
	0_10	Females.	0	10	+	1	100	0	1	3)	i
	0	Males.	00	13	-	3		12	1		
1	3	Females	7	60	10	10	m	42	į	1	+
	All ages.	Males.	9	489	10 E	11	N7	448	64	***	21
	Y	Total.	10	549	33	16	00	490	66	1	25
1		Females.	+	82	19	7	*	25		I	11
TOTAL.		Males.	m	547	7	12	20	483	5.5	64	33
To		Total.	64	629	62	19	0	533	64	64	44
1000					1	:		-	1		
							437		1	th.	
	ict.			tate		urb	.0	Mandasor	apur	bera	th
A	District			or S	Gird	Isagarh	Uljain	Man	Shajapur	6. Amjhera	ar C
			-	Gwallor State	÷	ri	6	+	*	· ·	Lashkar City
		THE		D							

TABLE XVI.-Europeans and allied races and Anglo-Indians by race and age (b) Anglo-Indians.

30 -40 40-50 50-60 60 and over.	Males.  Pemales.  Pemales.  Pemales.  Pemales.  Pemales.  Pemales.	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	14     19     24     20     15     14     10     10     8     11     7       14     19     24     20     15     15     16     10     8     11     7       1     8     3     9     10     9     4     8     3     8     4        3      1         1     1       1     3      1         1     1       1     3      1          1     1       1     3      1         1     1       1     3      1         1     1       1     3      1              1     3                1     3      1            .
15-20	Males,	17 1	2 2 2 1 1 0 2
18-20	Males,	15 16	0 0 0 1 1 N
80	Females.	14	8 8 1 1 1 2
16—18	Males	13	1
10-15	Ecmajes.	1 12	8 8 4 1 4 4
TO T	Pemales.	10 11	E E 4 4 0 0
5-10	Males.	6	91 19 19 19
1-5	Females.	00	1 3 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16
-	Malcs.	4	
170	Malca. Females.	5 6	0 6 1 1 0
	Females.	+	121 121 121 121 35 .
ALL AGES.	Malcs,		139 140 71 71 60 60 66
V	.faioT	77	260 105 106 106 106 136 99
	District.		Cangapur.  1. Cangapur.  1. Cangapur.  Cangapur.  Cangapur.  1. Card  A. Isagarh  S. Ujjain  4. Mandasor  Lashkar City

### TABLE XVII.

#### Occupation or Means of Livelihood.

In 1911 the statistics of occupation were exhibited in Table XV and its four parts, but this time they are all shown in independent Tables with separate serial numbers. Last time information for Christians was gathered in Tables XVII and XVIII but this time it is shown in Tables XV and

The same scheme of classification as was adopted in 1911, is followed this time also, except that instead of 169 groups there are now 191. The alterations have been made to expand the groups and correct imperfect classification of 1911.

3. Tables XVII to XX are confined to occupation, while Table XXII and its parts deal with

the statistics of industries.

- 4. The following groups have been omitted as there are no workers under these groups :-
  - Tea, coffee, cinchona and indigo plantations.
  - Raising of birds, bees, etc. 15.
  - 16. Raising of silk-worms.
  - 19. Coal mines.
  - Petroleum wells. 20.
  - 21. Mines and metallic minerals (gold, iron, manganese, etc.).
  - Jute spinning, pressing and weaving.
  - 33. Weaving of woollen carpets.
  - 34. Silk spinners.
  - 35. Silk weavers.
  - 41. Furriers and persons occupied with feathers, and bristles; brush makers.
  - 42. Bone, ivory, horn, shell, etc., workers (except button).
  - 43. Sawers.
  - 46. Forging and rolling of iron and other metals.
  - 62. Manufacture and refining of mineral oils.

63. Manufacture of papers, cardboard and papier mache.
In Col. 9 of the General Schedule, none have been returned as distillers hence there are no entries in Table under that head. Subsequent enquiry shows that there are four Distilleries (Gwalior, Goona, Amjhera and Ujjain) in the State where 88 persons are at work.

- 92. Ship, boat, eroplane builders.
- 104. Persons concerned with aerodromes and aeroplanes.
- 105. Persons (other than labourers) employed in harbours and docks including pilots.
- 106. Labourers in harbour works and docks.
- 107. Ship owners and their employees, ship brokers, ships' officers, engineers, mariners and firemen.
- Navy. 157.
- 158. Air force.
- Public scribes, stenographers, etc. 175.

-				GWALIOR	STATE		
H.		- 1		GWALION	JIAIL.	3/	
er.	Detail of Occupation.	pue s		ACTUAL W	OREHES.	0 = 1	
Serial Number.	Detail of Occupation.	Vorker	Tor	AL.	Partially Ag	griculturists.	Dependants.
Serial		Total Workers Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depe
1		3	4	5	6	7	8
1 2	Gwallor State excluding Gangapur	3,186,075	1,423,283	542,081	47,825	10.558	1.220 711 6.337
3	Gangapur Gwallor State Including Gangapur A.—Production of Raw Materials	9,401 3,195,476	2,580 1,425.863 1,028,265	542.565 374,391	128 47,953	10.558	1.227,948 723,808
5	1. Exploitation of animals and vegetation	2,726,464 2 124.842	1,027,631	374,048	4,332 1.159	1,067	723,163 722,382
6	(a) Ordinary cultivation	2,123,371 2,064.737	1,027,039 997,194	373,950 366,682	4,030	1,051	700 861
8	1. Income from rent of agricultural land.	100,275	35 541	9,458	2400	444	55,276
10	Ordinary cultivators     Agents, managers of landed estates (not planters), clerks, rent collectors, etc.	1,715,846 1,532	889,532 568	268,442 295			557,872 669
11 12	4. Farm servants 5. Field labourers	5,621 241,463	2,387 69,166	306 88,181	***	1	2,928 84,116
13	(b) Growers of special products and market gardening.	1,441	566	186	152	44	689
14	7. Fruit, flower, vegetable, belel,	1,441	566	186	152	**	1,095
15	(c) Forestry 8. Forest officers, rangers, guards, etc.	2,881 370	964 142	822	54 18	2	228
17	Wood-cutters, firewood, catechu, rubber, etc., collectors, and charcoal burners.	2,274	659	822	26	2	793
18 19 20	10. Lac collectors (d) Raising of farm stock 11. Cattle and buffalo breeders and	237 54,312 2,386	28,315 1,804	€,260 190	3,824 308	1,005 38	19,737 892
21 22	12. Sheep, goat and pig breeders 13. Breeders of other animals (horses, mules, camels, asses, etc.).	259 34	79 13	36 2	4	1	144 19
23	14 Herdsmen, shepherds, goatherds,	51,633	26,919	6,032	3,512	966	18,682
21 25	2. Fishing and hunting	1.471	592 . 445	98 98	129 118	16 16	781 484
26 27	18 Hunting	1,622	634	343	173	58	297 645
25 29	4. Quarries of hardrocks 22. Other minerals (jade, diamonds,	396 396	155 155	63	8 8	2 2	178 178
30	5. Salt, etc 23. Rock, sea and marshsalt	1.226 1.028	479 332	280 280	165	56 56	467 416
32	24. Extraction of salipsire, alum and other substances soluble in water.	198	147	20	70		51
33	BPreparation and supply of material substances.	536,282	199,523	69,515	32,811	6,493	267.244
34 35	111. Industries	341.351 55.648	129,420 21,832	46.181 8,181	25.213 3,829	4.546 814	165,751 25,635
36	25. Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing.	8,521	3,623	867	699	109	4,031
37, 38	26. Cot n spinning 27. Cotton sizing and weaving	4,016 32,261	13,341	1,320 4,390	2,497	505	1,661
39 40	29. Rope, twine and string 30. Other fibres (coccanut, aloes,	314 166	7	47 92		19	156 47
41	flax, hemp, straw, etc.).  31. Wool carding and spinning	52	9	28		441	15
42	32. Weaving of woollen blankets 36. Hair, camel and horse hair	1,023	368	216	121	17	439
45	37. Dyeing, bleaching, printing, pre- paration and sponging of textiles.	8,702	3,039	1,163	336	111	4,500
13	38. Lace, crépe, embroideries, fringes, etc., and insufficiently described textile industries	602	289	58	24.	8	
46	7. Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom.	28,187	11,189	2,991	2,634	595	14,007
47	39. Tanners, curriers, leather dressers and leather dyers, etc.	17,784	6,516	1,985	1,501	328	9,283
48	40. Makers of leather articles, such as trunks, water-bags, saddlery or harness, etc., excluding articles of	10,403	4.673	1,006	1,133	267	4,724
49 50	8. Wood	34.798 21,535	13,804 9,085	3,038	2,811	174	17.954 12,449
51	45. Basket makers and thatchers and	13,261	4,719	3,037	416	174	5,505
	builders working with bambos, reed or similar materials, and other industries of woody material in- cluding leaves.						

#### Means of Livelihood.

			IRD.					RE	HIND.		1 /
pu.			WORKERS.			Pa					
cers a	-				Dependants.	gers a		ACTUAL	WORKERS.		20
Work	Ton	TAL.	Partially as	griculturists.	epend	otal Workers Dependants.	To	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists	Dependants.
Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	a	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dep
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
326,466 149,934	147,094 77,330	42,879 21,415	5,415 733	 1,268 217	13,6493 51,189	382,633 294,981	 170.731 137,443	52,275 46,288	10,643 638	2,264 235	 149,627 111,250
149,721 149,598 141,869 6,538	77,243 77,191 73,908 2,794	1,393 1,389 0.188 507	757 744 	210 209 	51,085 51,018 47,773 3,237	293,961 293,846 289,911 32,061	137,077 137,064 135,109 13,405	46,039 46,039 45,037 3,366	515 509	188 188	110,845 110,743 109,765 15,290
129,758	69,161	17,809			42,788	249,534 88	119 5 2	39,347	2		90,645
532 5,020 694	273 1,671 285	1,862 70	60	28	251 1 - 339	100 8,128 183	63 2,046 76	2,321 86	49	7	36 3,761 21
694	285	70	60	28	339	183	76	86	49	7	21
458 42	147	182	. 16		129 24	13	9 7		n 22 1	325	4
416	129	182	9	***	105	2	2	11 344 (		-	22211
€,577 89	2,851 49	949	668	<sub>181</sub>	2,777 39	,739	1,870	916	460	3 181	952
32	13	4	***		15	S	8		1		
6.456	2,789	944	668	181	2,723	3,731	1,862		459	181	953
123 41 82 213	52 20 32 87		13 13  16	1 1 7	67 17 50 104	115 12 103 1,020	13 11 2 366	249	6 5 1 123	42	102 1 101 405
88	28 28				60		111	- 111	***	***	W
125 114 11	. 59 55 4	22 22 	16 12 4	7	44 37 7	1,020 904 116	366 276 90	249 249 	123 83 40	42 42 	405 379 26
68,986	25,619	7,829	3,119	700	35,538	55,899	21,341	9,422	7,852	1,603	24,636
39,903 6,421 882	14.717 2,360 333	4,801 1,038 100	2,174 382 63	451 112 24	20,387 30,23 449	37,907 7,752 1,127	15,537 3,179 490	6,493 1,423 163	,967 1,023 146	1,234 229 26	15,877 316 474
637 3,435 106	1,435 28	287 487 14	281	3 80 	294 1,513 64	5,372 16	2,263 12	123 1,037 	29 764	183	249 ,072 4
21	5	10	***	***				***		996	
1,052	24	1	12	-	27	9	-5	4	51	3	-
236	387	116	22	5	121	640	224 68	96	72	8	320
To the same	HUG		0.00	1	1777	-	1000	100	Awes		The state of the s
1,579	579 378	205	286 216	94	785 462	3,344 2,392	867 539	449 225	347	188	12,038
642	201	108	70	58	323	952	328	224	172	92	410
4,001 2,369	1,459	411	297 247	17	2,131 1,457	3,880 1,845	2,125 1,012	262	607 468	49	1,493 833
1,632	547	411	50	17	674	2,035	1,115	262	139	49	560
	6			20/20		S Very	19.0				

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1			91	TONWA	ARGHAR.					SHE	OPUR.	100	
	mber.	ers and	1	ACTUAL	WORKERS.		uts	Total Workers and Dependants.	14	ACTUAL	WORKERS.		10 11
	Serial Number.	Total Workers Dependants.	То	TAL.	Partially as	griculturists	Dependants.	Work	To	TAL,	Partially	griculturisti	Dependants.
	Ser	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	a	Total	Males.	Females.	Malesi	Females.	Dep
	***	21	22	3	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	336,680 260,635 260,531 260,486 256,839 19,052	156.567 127.528 127.465 127.441 125.732 7,813	3.936 41,56 41,54 41,54 3 4 1,208 1,233	7,330 376 -346 339	2.154 89 80 80	126.161 97.547 91.523 91.523 91.502 89.899 10.906	124,865 54,275 84,259 84,142 79,427 1,656	53,906 39,385 39,573 39,556 37,627 543	23 182 76,787 16,187 16,175 15,720 107	2.257 795 195 193	323 54 54 50	47,777 28,503 28,499 28,411 26,680 1,006
	10	235,435	116,786	39,675	II.	12	78,974 35	57,616 46	30.685 30	6,857	THE STATE OF	217	20,074 13
	11 12 13	105 2,035 128	47 917 55	13 279 5	23		45 839 68	643 19,466 30	362 5,407 3	10 8,743 2	II 1	#	, 16 25
	14	128	55 7	5	23	L	68	30	3	2	1	1775 E	25
	16	14	6	1	1		6	270 53	78 13	73	2 2	1	119
	17	2	1	1	(F)	***	(44)	217	65	73	-	1	79
Tage .	18 19 20	3 505 18	1,647	329	315	79	1,529	4 41 5	2,448	380	190	49	1,587
	21 22	***	3	72	1	-	1	43	2	12	***	-	29
1	23	3,493	1,632	329	314	79	1,522	4,372	2,446	368	190	49	1,558
3	24 25 26	45	24 2 22	***	7 2 5	***	21	117	17 17	12 12	2 2	4	88 88
13	27	104 24	63	23 14	30	9	20 18	- 16	12	***			4
	28	24	10	. 14	1	2 2		16	12 12	***	***	22	4
20.00	10 11 12	80 9 71	53	9	26	7 2	18				-		344
1	3	49,748	19.714	7.983	5,626	7,520	22,051	21,435	70.704	777	-		***
3	8	,747	13,869	,895	4.560	1.041	13,983	12,052	4,347	3,114 1,588	7,442	205	6.117
3	6	8,399 2.984	3,658 1,351	965 150	1,047 364	255 41	3,776 1,483	2,200 240	746 84	495 60	104	14	959
3	8	928 3,393 49	566 1,361	517 6	67 542	21 141 2	1,515	1,445	13 545	147 230	3 73	2 6	50 670
4	0	-	-	100	***	22.5	43	- 122	T.		4	2	
4 4	2	2	775	2	***	***	***	*** 6	***	5		**	1
4		943	323	165	67	43	455	286	100	50	*** 9	2 2	156
4	5	90	57	10	7	7	32	13	. 4	3	1	4	6
13	4	1.127	597	96	204	46	434	1,763	1,009	35	231	7	719
14		436	198	76	127	41	162	7	- ·	- 3		(444	4
(28	0	691	399	20	77	5	272	1,756	1,009	32	231	7	715
4 5	9	2,074 1,508	980 698	141	466 382	23	953 810	927 75c	347 285	25	118		550 471
5	2	566	282	141	84	23	143	166	62	25	3		79
1			1.1	1500	*		5-14-		1				
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	-	NAI	RWAR.					ISAC	GARH.	da.	
nts.		ACTUAL	WORKERS		172	a and	E	ACTUAL V	WORKERS.		
J Workers as Dependants.	TO	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists	dants	orker	TO	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists	dants
Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males	Females	Males.	Females	Dependants.
						- 20				Pemares.	
33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
iii/	447.15	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	1944	200	***		***		-	175	#
369,627 249,208 249,191	155,625 772,218 112 218	75,533 50,791 50,791	9.856	2,494 462	138,469 86,199	384.088 261,189	167,096 125,198	74,389 56,452	4,751	518 22	142,603 84,519
248,989 235,731	112,111	50,776 48,512	1,649	462 459	86,182 86,102 81,146	264.153 264,009 256.521	123,178 123,114 119,689	56 451 56,442 55,926	150 132	18	84,524 84,453 80,906
5,367	2,243	595	-	- 1	2,529	10,790	2,736	1,660	**	120	6,394
216,254	100,498 167	41,821	12	=	73,935 32	208,103	107,542	41,137	***		59,424 24
159 13,751	130 3,035	6,095		H (##	29 4,621	933 36,660	437 8,966	55 13,071	25	***	14,623
4	3	***	3		1	66	28		1000	***	38
106	23	30	0 1		53	473	28	55	2	***	38 237
40	2	C 1441	344	***	38	56	17	227	î	***	39
	21	30	1		15	389	151	55	1		183
13,148 2,017	6,012 1,197	2,234 148	1,599 306	459 38	4,902 672	6,949 252	3,216 41	461 . 40	129	18	3,272 171
8		***			4	113	34	10	2	1	69
11,123	4,811	2,086	1,293	421	4,226	6,584	3,141	411	125	17	3,032
202 200	107 106	15	46 45	3	80 79	144 126	64	9	18	4	71
17	1	144	1		17	18 36	52 12 20	1	4	-	65 6 15
17 17	(277	Ξ	200	- 25	17 17	36 36	20 20	1	4		15 15
5000	70.5	700	-	-		72	***	444		-	
63,964	24,491	9,851	0.37.5	***	2772	275.0	***	#	***	2	##
42,822	17,125	6.341	6,373 4.970	980	19,356	66,424 45,119	23,616	8,562	3,584	335	34,246
7,571 468	2,717	1,282	460 17	101	3,572 269	5,425 513	16,287 2,833 229	6,349 919 57	2,892 194 16	279 47 5	22,483 2,673 227
361 5,534 2	2,147	180 737	297	64	2,650	235 4,454	2,073	133 527	5 128	16	78 1,852
-	-		5***	***	= =	37 135	***	25 92	***	18	12 43
197	71	89	- 53	5	37	171	60	8 15	7	***	96
968	316	202	*** 82	30	450	846	435	62	38	*** 8	349
39	13	7	4		19	25	10	-	TOWN TO	112	15
4,646	2,127	498	703	196	2,021	2,224	1,087	158	385	1	979
1,534	729	229	381	106	576	1,658	723	157	201	1	780
3,112	1,398	269	322	90	1,445	566	366	1	184	**	199
4.491 2,574	1,827 1,264	548	561 488	48	2.116 1,310	5,341 3,687	2,148 1,622	304	370 361	6	2,889
1,917	563	548	73	48	806	1,654	526	304	9	6	2,065 824
	1.	W A	1-13	7	7 75 1	57.13			123	1312	
the state of the s	-		The state			-			1	7 4	7376

SIII	MET PE	9 3 11	BHI	LSA.					UJ	AIN.		18
iber.	rs and nts.	TAR	ACTUAL V	WORKERS.	* * "		Total Workers and Dependants,		ACTUAL	WORKERS		1 18
Serial Number,	Total Workers and Dependants.	То	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists.	Dependants,	Worke	То	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists	Dependants.
Seri	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dep	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depe
200	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	36
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	247,667 760,653 160,652 160,479 157,564 6,127	117,996 80,770 80,709 80,629 78,881 2,320	43,122 28,008 28,008 27,994 27,742 820	825 41 41 36	241 77 17 17 15	86,549 57,935 51,935 51,856 50,941 2,987	344.218 795,956 195,956 195,865 191,506 15,207	142,746 90,683 90,683 90,626 87,840 2,915	58,474 38,522 38,522 38,522 38,522 38,208 936	3,085 338 338 334	419 76 16 16	142 66 66 66 65 11
10	94,685 95	52,833 54	11,294 5	/ mps	=	30,558 36	136,750 56	76,491 18	19,923 17	***	1	40
11 12 13	1,303 55,354 112	408 23,266 46	124 15,499 13		8	771 16,589 53	721 38,852 28	143 8,273 3	24 17,308 9	-	E	13.
14	112	46 61	13	15	. 8	53	28	3	9	2444	1000	
16	26	14	28	2		57 12	232 77	111 36	42	19	-	
17	120	47	28	2	***	45	155	75	42	12	1.70	
18 19 20	2.657	1,641	211	19	7	 805	4,019	2,672	263 1	315	16	ï
21 22	18	8	i	22	2	9	22	2	10	-	***	
23	2,638	1,633	210	19	7	795	3.996	2,670	252	315	16	1
24 25 26 27 28 29	173 121 52 1 1	80 57 23 1 1	14	5 :: ::	2 2 	79 50 29 	91 14 77	57 7 50 		- 4	**	
30 31 32	141		-	-				222				-
33	34,990	14,011	#	***	+10	17,882	62.000	100	380.7	325		-
34	24,522 2,847	9.537 1,272	2.417	501	90	12,568	63,838 39,403	22,859 13,158	6.305 4.728	1,487	193	34,
36	423	299	364 17	86 23	3 2	1,211	6,098 464	2,319	493 43	392	35 7	3
17 18 19	140 1,328 13 5	55 514 7 4	219	40	1	595 6 1	312 3,730 27	95 1,632 12	68 197 2	40 310 1	8 11	1,
12	20 168	60	30	23	=	8 78	146	56	13	20		144
13	689	292	23	***		374	1.211	383	166	14	5	***
5	# 61	37	3	***	277	21	8	3	4	5000	1000	
6	4,707	2,087	150	106	29	2,470	3,290	926	460	97	14	1,9
8	4,686	2,074	150	106	29	2,462	2,955	793	445	70		1,7
0	-	13	200	***	, , ,	8	335	133	15	27	14	- 1
9	3,720 2,099	1.164	484	44	15	2,072 1,430	4,007 2,702	1,451	325	98	-	2.2
	1,621	495	484	3	15	642	1,305	505	325	22	2	1,7

1		MAN	DASOR.					SHAI	APUR.		-
72		A CONTRACTOR	WORKERS.		- All	79.		1			
Mers at				-	1	Crs as		ACTUAL	Workers.		
Total Workers and Dependants.	То	TAL.	Partially ug	griculturists.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Tor	AL.	Partially ag	triculturists.	Dependants.
Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depo	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dept
57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68
220	150	224	266			174	7.	-	The state of the s		
237,745 746,177 145,939	68,727 68,662	42,125 30,785 30,740	2,173 99 99	644	94.634 46.605	304.987 216.122	134,544	54.718 38,223	1,383	233	115.725 76.276
145.877	68,658 66,474	30,740 30,331	99	12	46,537 46 48 <sub>9</sub> 44,95 <sub>0</sub>	216.085 215.870 210.721	101,603 101,487 97,857	38,229 38 179 37,761	66 38	2 2	76.262 76.204 75,103
1,017	253 62,511	79 23,931	Cone Line		68 <sub>5</sub>	1,556	395 87,196	23,039	22.	My He	1,041
519	22	217	1882	277	280	240	33	34	#2		173
261 15,748 175	3,611 49	50 6,054			134 6,083 125	852 36,415 17	9,786 16	21 14,547	22	=	384 12,082
175	49	1	-	222	125	17	16	340	1	***	1
674 44	225 21	231	- 11	1	218 23	388	94	157	19		137
421	54	231	1	1	136	387	93	157	5.000	111	137
209 3,264	150		10 88	11	59 1.177	4,744	3,520	261	38	3	963
19	9	.12	-	277	10	9	5	***	30	****	4
3,220	5	1	77.	-	10	***	222	***		***	
62	1,896	176	88	11	1,157	4,735	3,515	261	38	3 2	959
21 41 178	65	45	111	344	18 40 68	202 13 37	114	41	28	3	47
178 178	65 65	45 45			68 68	36 36	20 19 19	3 3	- 27		14 14 14
***	***	***	-227	500		I 1	1	***	100	222	22
50,746	18,643	4,927	7,366	718	27,176	45,194	17.037	6,328	830	133	21,829
27.941 3,263	10,733 958	3,202 509	962 73 21	9t	14,006 1,796 187	29 819 3.224	11,562	3.703 493	702 52	84 18	14.554
416 333	205	168		214	161	3.224 717 45	304	136	16		1,334 277
1,179	463 18	111	46	440 440 440	605	1,663	655	228	8	3	780 14
169	***			111	***		3	227		200	3
T,135	78	161	1 4	-	788	73 665	14  371	1	28	10	58  186
13	4	1	1	Mary I	8	9	1	7		1	1
3,974	1,901	262	273	30	1.811	726	9	366	2		351
2,453	1,075	237	223	19	1,141	726	- 9	366	2		351
1,521	826	25	0	11	670	200	(6)		144	***	
1,823	630	117	107	2	1,076	3,594 2,070	1,362	395	133	14	1,837
462	145	116	2	2	201	1,524	440	395	31	14	689
						The State					Mary .
1				- 1				-			

			AMJE	IERA.	99.5				LASHKA	R CITY.		Min.
bore	Workers and cendants.	Thy	ACTUAL	WORKERS.			s and		ACTUAL	Workers.		
Serial Number	Total Workers Dependants	То	TAL.	Partially as	griculturists.	Dependants	Total Workers Dependants.	To	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists.	Dependants
Seria	Total Deg	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depe	Total Dep	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Deper
277	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	136 520 704,394 104 394 104 210 102 804 904	78.572 69,220 69.220 69,162 68,604 124	11 936 6,754 6,154 6,151 6,049 35	163 3 3 3 3	60 7 1 1	45,992 29,020 29,020 28,020 28,020 28,151 745	80.387 2,803 2,803 2,803 2,752 2,578 1,198	30 938 7.224 1,224 1,200 1,115 398	5,056 170 170 170 160 38	54		43,3 7,4 1,4 1,3 1,3
10	91,834 20	66,287	3,609	1 22	-	21,938 12	1,380	717	122		(100	5 200
11 12 13	12 10,034 4	2,188 2 2	2,402	1922		5,444 2	5	3		200		244
15	107	28	23	344	146	2 56	3	3	ms .	***	in in	
16	99	7 21	23			1 55	7	. Siii			3273	
18.4		W. 1		***	***	33	300	2354	36		1111	50
18 19 20	1,295	528 	79	3	1	688	169 80	82 48	10	**************************************		13"
21 22	9	:42	220	14		5		- 23		1	944	180
23	1,286	524	79	3	1	683	89	34	10	## C	Mir.	777
24 25 26 27 28 29	184 170 14	58 56 2	3 3			123 111 12 	51 6 45	24 3 21				444
30	100	***	***	***	200	189	***	T-14	201	447		-
31 32		200			-		***		***			
33	15,058	4,371	2,097	89	50	8,590	26,284	9,244	2,331	44		14,7
34 35 36	9,115 1,448 287	2,548 393 56	1,664 200 52	53 16 8	8	4,903 855 179	14 102 1.442 227	4,870 483 68	1,341 149 18	33		7,8
37 38 39 40	136 728 	64 251	100 	8	***	50 377	181 337 106	2 174 28	68 11 14	 	111	1
41	Open Control			552	***	***	7	3	- 444	234		144
42 43 44	267	22	12		77	18	7	2				7000
45					***	231	129	171 35	28	944	1111	24
46	807	***	312		110	495	44/1			-		
47		***	***	-	-				940			220
48	807	-	312			495	**				S+++	
49 50	943 564	311 270	26	10		606 294	960 517	382 195	88 15			49
51	379	41	26	***		312	443	187	73	***	***	18

			G	WALIOF	STATE	6,	
ere		pur a		ACTUAL V	Workers.		
Serial Number.	Detail of Occupation	Total Workers and Dependants.	Тот	AL.	Partially as	griculturists,	Dependants.
Serie		Total Dep	Males.	Females	Males.	Females.	Depe
1	3	3	14	5	6	7	8 (0)
52 53 54	9. Metals	22,265 538 13,460	9,523 3:3 5,517	1,873 7 843	1,531 60 1,109	209 1 132	10,869 198 7,100
55	49. Workers in brass, copper and bell- metal.	5,712	2,137	1,015	315	76	2,560
56	<ol> <li>Workers in other metals except precious metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.).</li> </ol>	2,421	1,461	8	2	-	952
57 58	51. Workers in mints, die-sinkers, etc.	134 28,929	10,753	4,255	2,012	442	13,921
59 60	<ol> <li>Makers of glass and crystal ware.</li> <li>Makers of glass bangles, glass beads, and necklaces, glass ear-studs, etc.</li> <li>Makers of porcelain and crockery.</li> </ol>	12 1,470	10 458 55	274	*** 18	8	738
63	. 55. Polters and earthen pipe and bowl makers.	26,390	9.855	3,801	1,981	433	12,734
63 64	56. Brick and til makers 57. Others (mosaic tale, mica, alabaster, etc., worsers).	88 8 50	350 25	175 5	1 4	Traffic T	363 20
65	11. Chemical products properly so-called and analogous.	7.959	2,901	1,200	708	236	3,858
66	58. Manufacture of matches and explo- sive materials. 59. Manufacture of aerated and	1,131	407	105	60	13	619
68	mineral waters and ice. 60. Manufacture of dyes, paints and inks.	7.3	6	77E)	5-11	(444)	66
69	61. Manufacture and refining of vegetable oils.	5,437	2,085	846	628	223	2,506
70	64. Others (soap, candles, lac, cutch, perfumes and miscellane-	1,310	396	249	20	(44)	665
71 72	65. Rice pounders and huskers and flour grinders.	13.320 2.449	4,756 527	2,591 1,211	416 73	60	5,973 711
73 74	66. Bakers and biscuit makers 67. Grain parchers, etc	587 1,542	139 529	170 406	01 95	18	278 607
75 76	68. Butchers	3,348 223	1,110	368 26	101	11	1,870
77 78	70. Briter, cheese and ghee makers 71. Makers of sugar, molasses and gur.	16 13	2	14	2	5	12
79	72. Sweetmeat makers, preparers of jam, condiments, etc.	5,108	2,407	392	145	17	2,309
80	75. Manufactures of tobacco, opium and ganja.	34	5	- 3	***	***	26
81 82	13. Industries of dress and the toilet  76. Hat, cap and turban makers	104.458 360	37,953 160	14,457	10,165	1,666	52,048 154
83	77. Tailors, milliners, dress makers, darners and embroiderers on linen.	15.526	5,663	2,313	576	115	7,550
84 85	78. Shoe, boot and sandal makers 79. Other industries pertaining to dress gloves, socks, gaiters, belts, buttons, umbrellas, canes, etc.	39,078 706	14,031 368	5,282	4,086	451	19,765 308
96 87	80. Washing cleaning and dyeing 81. Barbers, hair dressers and wig	19,711 29,000	6,541 11,160	5,137 1,629	2,351	790 305	8,033 16,211
88	82. Other industries connected with the toilet (tattooers, shampooers, bath-houses, etc.)	77	30	20	3		27
\$9 -90	14. Furniture Industries 83. Cabinet makers, carriage painters.	251 251	130 130	7	19		114 114
91	15. Building Industries	13,420	4.965	1, 894	219	189	8,561
92 93	85. Lime burners, cement workers 86. Excavators and well-sinkers	490 118	170 85	63	20		257
94 95	87, Stone cutters and dressers 88. Brick layers and masons	8,845 90	3,139 71	1,401	101	107	4,305
96	89. House builders (other than buildings made of bomboo or similar materials), painters, decoraters of houses, tilers,	3,877	1,500	426	96	82	1,951
97	plumbers, etc. 16. Construction of means of transport.	50	97				1
98	90. Persons engaged in making, as- sembling or repairing motor vehicles or cycles.	26	8	444	1	II 4	23 18
99	91. Carriage, cart, palki, etc. makers and wheel wrights	24	19	440			3
-	and muser magnes					1001	

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				G	IRD,	1		1		вн	IND,		
	oper.	Total Workers and Dependants.		ACTUAL.	WORKERS			rs and		ACTUAL	WORKE#S.		
	Serial Number.	il Work		XTAL.	Partially as	griculturists.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants	То	TAL	Partially a	griculturists.	Dependants.
	_	-	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dep	Total	Males.	Females.	Males-	Females.	Deper
		9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	52 53 54	3,450 45 2,832	23	123 51	144	14 14	1,896 22 1,502	2,022 29 1,689	837 19 693	371	281 5 243	37 33	814 10 688
	55	525	108	70	3	1995	347	304	125	63	33	4	116
	56	45	21	2	1188	100	25		G.	DAVID.	***	****	***
	57 58 59	2,359 1	797	436	159	144	1,126				144		
	59	43	1 5	16	2	6	22	2,778	1,184	538	502	155	1.056
	61 62	2,315	791	420	157	36	1,104	46 2,727	14		3	***	32
	63 64	# 1			Trace	944	144	E/16/1	1,167	537	501	155	1,023
	65	462	179	80	35	33	203	1,544	573	404	202	***	. 22
	66	264	113	17	5	ε	134	68	32	8	293	161	567 28
	67	6 2	1	1.00	****	310	2	***	140	The second	794	200	4601
	68	100	62	63	30	27	65	1.468	538	393	280	159	537
	70	112	***	200	100	1886	1001	8	3	3	200		2
	71 72	2,063	703 10	324 241	24 2	7 2	1,036	1,957 303	679 46	423 160	197	19	855
	73 74 75	113 228 615	62 103 217	16	3	1	109	564	189	169	66	9	
	75 76 77 78	5	2	28 3	8	2	370	319	144	12	42	3	206 163
	79	731	309	33			***	237	***				***
	80	44				2	389	769	300	82	70	7	387
8	81 82 83	10,347	3,842	1,247	745	127	5,258	10.561	4.589	1,742	2,328	342	4.239
	100	1,995	771	266	56	14	958	1,100	344	248	107	13	508
100	85	2,075	675	187	102	11	1:213	2,533	1,354	360	906	89	919 21
115	86	2,927 3,120	1,303	761 20	243 344	91 11	1,158	3 360 3,532	1,376	794. 33g	561 751	132 10s	1,190
3	38	*	1990	2	(644	Ave:	2	6	3	14	The same of	440	1,699
8 9	10	43 43	22 22	4	-000	##	17 17	877	344	125		201	
15	11	3,999	1,324 30 14	135	39	- 4	2,540	299	97	81	100		
100	93	3 492	14	29	1 27	2 4	33 8 2,253		777	777	19	1	121
Times	5 06	393,	122	25	11		246	293	91	81	19	1	121
		1		ALL			41	- 12			The same of	244	100
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9	9	and and			44.	***	45	100	***	***		W	=
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		TONW	RGHA	R.			To the last	SHEO	PUR.		
pue		ACTUAL	WORKERS			pur		ACTUAL 1	WORKERS.		
o kers dants.	Tot	TAL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	Dependants.	arkers :	Ton	TAL.	Partially ag	riculturists	nts.
Total Wo kers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depe	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
1,543	954	101	187								
32 271	13 114	1 39	3 38	55 28	488 18 11s	583 3 436	227 1 151	- 16	85 40	5	336 2 269
1,237	826	61	146	27	350	10		4		4	6
3	1	1777	727		2				144	100	:##
2,711	1.265				***	134	75		45	-	59
73	22	18	416	72	1.225 33	1,337	422	144	127	18	771
2,638	1,243				1192		724	5.3	***	100	
277	4,473	203	410	72	1'192	1,307	415	134	127	18	758
1,934	890	***		77)	222	10	***	5	**	-	5
347	154	92	247	18	952	420	66	131	2	5	223 10
	125	A.m.	795	100	1		44.	W6.1	1	2000 Mai	45
58 1,529	736	90	218	18	58 703	152	***	25	144	5	127
		***	300	944	in.	255	63	106	6	22	86
2,505 672	1,477	205 81	152	24	823	427	66	134	6	1	227 49
196			51	6	211	175	9	117	THE RESERVE		49
298	106 107	49 31	17 42	5	41 160	169	32	3 12	1	***	125
***			***	-	***	100				***	10 (11)
1 339	884	44	42	7	* 411	74	25	2	4	***	47
7,882	2 700	182	100	300	- 148	##S	30.2	344			
525	2,706	1,408	1.741	30	3,768	2,839  293	935	305	248	45	1.599
1,191	668	67	324	16	456	293 888	68	67	7 75	9	148
	254	1	98	1000	118	15		8	13		7
2,417 3,367	1,005	704 527	625 622	243 122	1,139 1,835	636 1,017	209 418	157 13	72 94	31	270 586
10		***		(44)	10	34		2775		***	77.00
24 24	***	7922	17.	w	24 24	26 26	10	3	1		13
1,896	206	952	26	93	738	331	10	56	1		193
1,739	124	949	23	93	666	76				= 1	3
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	777	240				***	-		=	***	
-									W. I	W-1-	200
		-		- June 1			""	***	***		140

9	1											
	-		NA R	WAR.	- A-				15 A G	ARH.		
THE W	s and		ACTUAL.	WORKERS.			pun		ACTUAL	Workers		1
Aerial Kamilan	Vorter	To	rat.	Part all y is	gelenitorist	ants.	orkers idents.	То	TAL.	l'artially a	riculturists	ants.
Sector	Total Worlers of	Males.	Females.	Males.	F imiles.	Dependants.	Tot-1 Workers to Dependants.	Males.	F,males.	Males	Females	Dependants.
	33	31	35	36	37	38	1- 19	-0	41	+2	43	41
	2 2 0 11 14 1,50		10000	523	61	903	2.880	1,016	383	213	7	1,431
	1,50	3 "717	50	256	50	788	1.473	19.5 52.5	74	20 127	P(100	80 874
5		THE PERSON SEC.	18	27	31	140	1 123	292	207	64	7	524
	6 1	7	2	127	***	5	-11	6	2	2	-	3
5	3 3 687	ï 573	- 631	552	107	1.703	2.301	1,046		100	-17	1.635
5	88	40	13	6	2	43	219	53	620	136	16	1.033
6	5.521	1,320		346	101	1.661	37 3,045	18 973	569	5 129	*** 16	19 1,501
6	78		71)	>>>	100	7010	HI I	929	269			4,301
63			74	22	10	115	£52	310	114	52	4	428
63	1	31		11	í	4	93	28	20			45
63		-		***	200	***	444	727	122	445	122	- 64
69	1111	84	- 41	" 11	9	92	2 9	121	23	51	***	130
76		3	29	***		29	480	161	66	3	120	253
71 72	87t	217	211 79	8	5	353 14	1.203	450 22	241	6	1	605
23 71	- 26	14	6	2		6	198	2 52	Per 1	2017	***	200
73 74 75 76 27 78	#15 11	120	J83 11	***	***	202	422	111	1/	2		27 223 3
78 79	225			=	5	W 22	77	**	=	(11)	11	12
80		62	32	1	***	121	440	178	25		···:	237
51 82	15 487	6 753	2:82	2.416	(31)	7051	18.608	6.073	3 (51	1,444	127	9 574
82 83 84	1.110	418	2 3	65	18	457	1,446	587	"15	56	9	708
85	7,716	3,719	679	1,560	174	3,898	11,462	2,967	2,210	792	123	6,285
86	3,221 3,413	1 164	1 001	4°7 514	201	1,018	2,065	1.808	573	266 327	12	702
83	12		11	4		1	24	11	6	3		7
80 90	84E		-			1	***		44	***	•	Steen 1
91	1,050	644	30	34		376	1.177	367		-		***
92 93 94	643	433	1g	***		190	209	66	75	20	3	735
94 95 96	+02	206	12	34	- 1	184	468 54 446	191 38 72	30	24	3	247
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97 98	-	-		-	-		3 3	7 2			-	
99					***	-	3	-	***	-	-	-
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			1000	The second second								

708	1		PH	ILSA.				Here's	Ujj	IN.		
45	s and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.			purs ,		(A secola			
45	Worker	То	rat.	Partially sg	gi ulturists.	dants.	Worker	101	PAL.	Partially a	griculturist.	dants.
708	Total Do	Males.	Females.	M des.	Families.	D. pr.tt	Total	Mates.	Females	Males.	Females.	Depen
231   222   13   8   3   314   1,700   044   72   101   13     173   85   3   3   3   87   1,000   268   173   34   6     2   1   1   3   54   17   1   3     1,000   854   13   18   1,005   3,257   1,170   662   09   9     110   42   10   3   58   2,77   728   73   73     1,000   854   13   18   1,005   3,257   1,170   662   09   9     1,000   854   13   18   1,005   3,257   1,170   662   09   9     1,000   854   10   3   3   3   3     1,000   854   13   18   1,005   3,257   1,170   662   09   9     1,000   854   10   3   3   3     1,000   854   10   3   3   3     1,000   854   10   3   3     1,000   854   10   3   3     1,000   854   10   3   3     1,000   854   10   3   3     1,000   854   10   3   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   854   10   3     1,000   10   10   10     1,000   10   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10   10     1,000   10     1,0	45	46	17	48	49	50	51	52	51	. 54	55	56
	1000000	1 (0.000)	10	The same of the last	***	401	2,779	1,023	246	133	21	1,300
1	۵31	2)2	13	8		77 314		614	72	101	15	993
1,000	175	83	3		440	87	1,020	368	173	34	6	489
110	2	1	1	***		-	24	17	1	***		16
110	77000		(age as	-	441	740		and the	44	- Tan 1		10.00
1,761	110	- 42	100	less.		1 (0) page 100 h	- ST-1921	1.170	482	***	1000	1 626
10	A Common or widow			11464			36	450				1.00
40   25     4     15     3.5		A const	The second second	14)		979	2,317	728		90	8	1,226
55	10	1,000		***	100.00	34 15			The state of the s	1994	1 3 3 3	292
241	1		20	23		238	868	123	191	6	1	554
Table   Tabl	500	1		***	***	28			46	1.00	***	170
241   137   2   23     262   538   102   138   6   2	1000					18 - 5 1	- 21	L.	1 %	Total Control		***
516     190     111     2     215     1,651     445     276     133     13       27     11     8     8     19     27     10     18     7     133       30     13     56     12     8     19     27     10     18     7     10       133     56     12     8     65     37     83     40     7     10       20     3     3     41     10     10     24     7     10       20     3     3     47     10     11     10     10       20     3     3     10     24     7     10     10       30     5     2     113     601     301     24     7     10       1352     633     191     17     5     5.8     3.249     1.033     500     89     17       1,455     531     91     49     1     833     3.550     1.162     242     226     4       1,471     496     37.8     61     29     1.05     27.3     19     19     8       1,908     3.1     9     1     1     6     2     1	241		3	23			558	102	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	6	2	214
148     53     16      29     199     21     138        27     11     8       8     19     21     29     7       133               133               208     90               208     90                 208     90	24/	103	14	(011	***	108	10	3	7	244	470	63
133	516 148		111 16			215 29	1.751	445 21	270 108		2 2 2	256 70
135	27	11	8		-	Till at 8	27 1 9	21	16 20	7		. 85
208   90   5   2     113   601   301   74   7       6 261   2.193   820   179   64   3.576   11.23   3.578   1.175   507   66     7 352   633   191   17   5   5.8   3.249   1.033   500   89   17     1,453   531   91   49   1   833   3.520   1.163   242   226   4                 1,771   496   578   61   52           15	133	» 36 •••		10000	117.0	65	347	83	40	i		212 74
6 561		1 1000	100000	7.555			13				1111	12
6 561	208	90	5	2	***	113	19 19 19	301	34	. 7	225	2.6
1 352 623 191 17 5 3.8 3.249 1.033 500 89 17 1,455 531 91 49 1 833 3.520 1.163 242 226 4 1 1.771 4968 51.1 52 1.4 52 1.6 52 1.4 52 1.6 52 1.4 52 1.6 52 1.4 52 1.6 52 1.4 52 1.6 52 1.4 52 1.6	ALC: U	1000						- 16		6 - O ID	100	× 24
1,455     531     91     49     1     833     3,520     1,163     2,42     226     4       1,771     496     578     61     52     58     697     1,050     573     1 9     19     8       1,968     5,1     52      1     6     2         15     14       1     6     2         141     9i      18      50     12     2         822     380     50     7      58     1,769     925     20i     1i     63       467     214     37     6      216     872     522     70     9     8       3     3     3     3     22     1      157     754     362     116     1     53	7400000	673	100	264			208	22	10	de levices		6.470
1,771     496     578     61     2g     697     1,050     373     1 9     19     8       1,968     5.1      52      1,4.7     3,142     8c7     275     1;2     16       15     14      1     6     2         141     9i      18      50     12     2         822     380     50     7      383     1,700     996     20i     11     63       28     18         27	1,455	531	E Care	100		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	3.520	1,162	0.000		A L	2,116
3,968     5.1      52      1,4.7     3,142     867     275     112     16       15     14       1     6     2          141     91      18      50     12     2          822     380     50     7      583     1,700     926     201     11     63       28     18         27     27     27         467     214         216     872     522     70     9     8       3     3              44     4               44     4                 15     10                33     324     145	200	-		240		The state of the s	43	11	9	1	the board of	23
35     14      1     6     2         141     9i      18      50     12     2          822     380     50     7      50     17     996     201     11     63       28     16        10     56     15     15         467     214         216     872     522     70     9     8       3     3     3       157     754     362     116          4     4	1,968			61 52		697 1,4-7	1.050 3,142	373 867	1 9 275	19 1:2	8 16	538 2,000
141     91      18      50     12     2           822     380     50     7      583     1,700     925     201     11     63       28     18                 467     214 <td>15</td> <td>14</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>200</td> <td>1</td> <td>6</td> <td>2</td> <td>(m)</td> <td>***</td> <td></td> <td>Section 1</td>	15	14		-	200	1	6	2	(m)	***		Section 1
822     380     50     7      583     1.709     926     201     11     63       467     214     37     6      27     27     27     27     15         3     3       216     872     522     70     9     8       324     145     22     1      157     754     362     116      1     55	141 141	91	131000		V 10000 11		12	2 2		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		10 10
467     "214     "37     "6     "216     872     522     "70     9     "8       33     324     145     "22     "1     "157     "754     362     "116     "1     "55       4     4     "4     "4     "55     10     "15     10     "16     "1     "55	822		50			583	1.700	986	201	200	63	582
4 4	467	214	***	1000 m	944	10	56 27	27		··· 1	=	26
4 4 15 10 15	3	3	1125	-	1000		A	***	The same of	849.7	240	280  276
The second secon		1 - 4		THE						Jan Barrier	No	4/0
	4	4	-		1	32	15	10	I THE			-
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4 4 13 10	4	4	772.		***	200	13	10				3

16			MAND	ASOR.	7.21	J.n F		15.1	SHAJ	APUR.		
-	rs and		ACTUAL '	WORKERS.		1	purs		ACTUAL	WORKERS,		
Script Number.	Total Workers and Dependants	To	PAL.	Partially as	riculturists	dants.	Vorker	Ton	PAL:	Partially ag	ricultorists.	dants.
Serial	Total	Males-	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Fotal Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants
	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	61	65	66	67	68
52 53 54	3,622 106 1,036	1,932 73 414	56 4 50	87 31 56	6 1 3	1,634 29 572	2,206 31 1,463	817 7 596	244 103	58 1 52	3	1,145 24 764
55	188	47	2	1	ш	139	701	206	141	5	7444	354
36	2,292	1,398	***	300		894	11	8				3
57 58 59 60	2,889 9 259	1.074 7 62	396	105	5	1 419	3,598 2 321	1,348 2 114	494 48	96 1	10	1.756
61 62	2,621	1,005	348	105	977	1,268	3,218	1,227			32	1,560
63 64		100		105	3	2,20a	57	5	431 15	95	10	37
6.5	527	158	56	13	999	313	418	215	38	9	3	165
66	2	1	1	572		22.11	20	8	3	HE.		9
68	170		= 14	and the	1722	144	***	- H			***	****
70	317	100	31		200	186	396	205	35	9	3	156
The state of	208	57	24	13	- Meg   10	127	11175	100	1000	1 1000	2005	200
71 72	1,229	300	269 105	1	1	660 36	654 82	191	214 65	1	100	259 17
73 1 74 1 75	292 31 + 379	62	122	::: 0	****	108	33 100	3 14	25 49		*** 2	5 37 63
76	112	117 24	13			249 83	89	24	2	-	***	744
78	269	83	22	199		- #					7	***
80			42 7		- 1	164	356	148	73		Add:	135
81 82 83	6,481	2.179	1,075	206	(2	3.227	11,143 125	4,471	936 35	<b>191</b>	32	5,735 17
84 85	1,373	474	197 483	52 32	5	702	2,858	1,044	269	52	4 2	1.545
14	1	100	1	1		849	4,679	1,983	463	115	23	2,233
86	1,252 2,946	372 856	249 145	14	1 5	631 1,045	466 2,988	174 1,186	104	12 106	3	188
, 88	344	200	276			2000	700	114		244	550	100
89 90		-	-		****	-	5 5	5 5		1	1122	-
91	915 28 16	346	192	27	26	377	1,076	523	99	20		454
92 93 94 95 96	16 377 33	14 161 30	93	12	= .	18 2 123	63 53 335	33 30 171	12 1 28	2		18 22 136
26 1	461	137	90	27	25	234	625	259	58	18	1	278
1				10.83	1							-
97 98	124	1	12	進		-	7	5	***	1		2
999	yes	3.44	241				7	3		1		2
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	s and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.		The same	pur s	17.	ACTUAL	WORKERS.		
	Total Workers and Dependants.	To	TAL.	Partially as	griculturists.	dants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Ton	ral,	Partially a	griculturists.	lants.
	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Dependants.	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Dependants.
	69	70	71	72	73 +	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
	469 13 425	193 <sub>182</sub>	35 2 25	8 8	=======================================	241 11 218	1,637 45 1,322	634 23 541	5	***	17.	989 22 776
ı	25	9	8		-04	8	222	49	7	***	1000	166
1	6	2		***	***		48	21	2	***	-	25
	1,022	221	283	7	8	518	451	72	143			236
ı	102	19	25	***	***	58				***	***	12.00
1	920	202	258	,		460	451				***	236
1	/"	***		***	8	400	431	72	143			430
ı	2000	/***	***	***	***	-	211	2		-	275	
ı	***						132	57	140	***		75
ı	1994	**	-	***	***		6	4	***	***	100	2
ı			2***	***	**			***	***	****	***	
	***	***	***	***	***			-		***	***	***
ı	341	48	109					Figure	5000	100		F. STILL
ŀ	39	***	38	1	***	184	1,257	491	122 86	-91	-	644 82
ı	120 24 62	6	6	***	***	114 12	113 173	62 89	3 5	200	10.	48
ı			19	***		28	354	134	3	***		217
l	110.0	***	12			=======================================	=======================================	***			#	#
ı	96	27	10	1	(44)	29	444	201	25	244		218
1	3,236	1,041	576		), 200 I	1,619	3,546	1,142	411	***		* 002
ı	235	*** 46	79	3		110	13 959	333	411 <sub>85</sub>		120	1,993 8 541
ı	1,751	636	420	5	1	675	919	207	110	***		€02
	T. H		***	.""	777.0	775	213	80	11	200	-	122
	544 706	95 244	77	1 2		372 462	666 776	216 301	195 10	***	340.	255 465
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	***	- 1					37	22				15
	146	70	14	-		62	1,900	585	38	33	***	1,277
-			77	=	=		51 2	20	2	3		29
	83	48	12		- =	33	1,631	482	36	30	***	1,113
1		I		***		2	240	1971	***	5.000	193	134
1		1		1000		1	148 4 9	7 3		WE E	300	100
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-		-					-		The same			- 12

		- M	G	WALIOR	STATE	24	
er,	Detail of Occupations			ACTUAL V	ORKERS.		
Serial Number,		Total Workers and Dependants.	Тот	TAL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	Dependants.
Serie			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1		3	4	5	6	7	В
100	17. Production and transmission of physical forces (heat, light,		84				53
101	electricity, motive power, etc.)  93. Gas workers and electric light power	137	84	=			
102	18. Other miscellaneous and undefined industries.	31,932	11,503	5,694	867	161	14,735
103	94. Printers, lithographers, engravers, etc.	494	221	***	4	(heer	273
104	<ol> <li>Bookbinders and stitchers, envelope makers, etc.</li> </ol>	- 9	3	, 3	277	1555.	3
105	96. Makers of musical instruments 97. Makers of watches and clocks and	115 120	75 74		8	***	40
	optical, photographic, mathemati- cal and surgical instruments.	420			***	1995	46
107	98. Workers in precious stones and metals, enamellers, imitation	13,554	4,920	961	552	23	7,673
108	jewellery makers, gilders, etc.  99. Makers of bangles, or beads or neck-	100	46	-			
100	laces of other materials than glass, and makers of spangles, rosaries,	100	46	18	1		36
109	lingams and sacred threads.						
110	100. Toy, kite, cage, fishing tackle, etc., makers, taxidermists, etc.	57	35		2	1848.	18
1000	101. Others including managers, persons (other than performers)	73	51	1	1000	***	21
	employed on theatres and other places of public entertainment, em-						
111	ployees of public societies, race course service, huntsmen, etc.						
112	102, Contractors for the disposal of refuse dust, etc.	246	39	2	3	4440	205
113	103. Sweepers, scavengers, etc	17,164 18,233	6,039 7,785	4 705 1,234	297 311	138 89	6,420 9,214
115	20. Transport by water	1,414	913 539	128	20	4	373 134
	ployed on the maintenance of streams, rivers and canals (in-	-				***	137
115	cluding construction). 109. Labourers employed on the	639	346	115			100
	construction and maintenance of harbours, docks, streams, rivers				9	101	178
117	and canals. 110. Boat owners, boatmen & towmen.	98	28	9			
118	21. Transport by road 111. Persons (other than labourers)	12.233	4.949 327	1,064	10 259	85	6,220
30	employed on the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges.	1,0/5	24/	227	4	36	519
120	112. Labourers employed on roads and bridges.	2,378	652	592	9	37	1,134
121	113. Owners, managers and employees (excluding personal servants) con-	744	189	3	***	74	552
	nected with mechanically driven vehicles (including trams).						
122	114. Owners, managers and employees (excluding personal servants) con-	6.373	3,251	135	215	3	2,987
123	nected with other vehicles.	70	1		-	P	
124	116. Pack elephant, camel, mule, ass	1,218	353	20 87	20 11	8	16 778
125	and bullock owners and drivers.  117. Porters and messengers  22. Transport by rail	377	143		1111	-	234
127	118. Railway employees of all kinds	4,171 3,939	1,709	42	29 26		2,420 2,282
128	other than coolies.  119. Labourers employed on Railway con-	232	52	42	3		138
129	struction & maintenance & coolies and porters employed on railway.			1000			1111
130	23. Post Office, Telegraph and Tele- phone services	415	214	E WB	3	1 1 1 1	201
131	120. Post office, Telegraph and Tele- phone services.	415	214	272	3	44	201
132	V. Trade 24. Banks, establishments of credit ex-	1.76.697	62.318 4.962	22,100 1,109	7.287 687	1,858	92,279
133	change and insurance. 121. Bank managers, money lenders.	16,017	4,962	1,109	687	- 20	9,946
5	exchange and insurance agents, money changers and brokers and	1100	-030000	50053	307	109	9,946
134	25. Brokerage, commission and export.	2,749	1,045	-	20		25450
135	122. Brokers, commission agents, com- mercial travellers, warehouse	2,749	1,045	200	29		1,704

1		G	IRD.			1	ALEV)	вні	ND.		-
and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.			s and	33	ACTUAL	WORKERS,		
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Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants,	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants,
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
57	19	***			38		144	***	. ***	***	-
57 5,113	1 <sub>9</sub>	798	63		38 2,319	3.760	1,416	800	370	53	1,544
407	169	-		***	238	2	1	***	1997	444	1
3	1	-44	222	222	2	***	***	1200	100	200	
31	18	**	***	***	13	***		***		=	===
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2,752	1,047	260	***			1	- 1	200	1		***
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40 345	27 125		10	1	6	259	20	2	- 12	***	237
345 956 948	405 397	***	 10 7		220 551 551	34 34	22 22	***			12 12
8	8	-	3	(775)	1	146	(49)	225	-	***	***
55	32		1		23	2	1	***		***	1
- 55	32	***	1	.747	23	2	1		999	***	1
24,018 1,871	8,587 666	2.732 95	838 55	240 14	12,699 1,110	17,505 1,258	6,171 301	2,888 181	1,872 118	369 26	8.446 776
1,871	666	95	55	14	1,110	1,258	301	181	118	26	776
207	***	5			3 . 5	The state of		HUE	Pil	H	Dr.
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TONWARGHAR. SHEOPUR.												
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ė.	and and		ACTUAL	WORKERS,			s and	100	ACTUAL	WORKERS.		
Serial Number.	Total Workers and Dependants.	То	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists	Dependants.	Vorker	To	ral.	Partially ag	griculturists	lants.
Seria	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Deper	Total Workers : Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Dependants.
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10	2 2,652	1,136	714	74	44	802	1,198	5 432	240	***		1
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104				**	**	7773		***	***			***
105		2	***	2		***	-::		***		***	***
107	593	242	40	14	+	311	317	123	5	16	***	189
108	****		New York	// Jan.	***		6	225	1	***		5
109								West				
110		4	***	200	***	10	8		0.00	***	100	
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113 114 115	1,369 8 5	251	287	29	69	831	843 117	308 267 27	234 128 19	13	8 4	325 448 71
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120	741	71	228	2	35	442	124	23	50			51
121	71	***	***	***	***	71	130	133				
122	197	136	1	22	200	60	97	51	2		69	
123 124	2 1	2		1.000	-		13		12	3	-	44
125			***		***	- 1	443	146	45		4	252
126	44	12 12	***	2 2	-	32 32	29 29	14		4		15 15
128			***	***	***	-	***	***	*			-
129	9	3	****	-		6	16	5	***		-	11
131	15,632	5.594 479	2,801	1,036	410	7,237	8 540	5	-	***	944	11
132	15,632 1,160	479 479	2,801 225 225	102	29	7,237 456	8,540 659	2,707 173	1,398	484 31	102	4,435 446
100	1,100	419	243	102	29	456	659	173	40	31	2	446
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orkers dants.	Tot	FAL.	Partially ag	riculturists	unts.	orkers lants.	To	TAL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	unts.
Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males,	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.
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57	2 2 3 3 3 3	+++	1	***	12	480		244	2		303
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		1	виі	LSA.					U.J.J.	AIN.		
	and		ACTUAL V	VORKERS.			pus		ACTUAL	WORKERS.		THE
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	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males-	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants,
	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
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101 102	1,906	730	340	10		836	4.645	1,161	905	85	12	14 2,579
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104		115 1212	Witten (K)	***	2000		. 6	2	_ 3	i ree	***	1
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107	806	299	20	9		487	2,962	568	584	58		1,810
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125 126 127	594 594	272 272	***	1 1		322 322	947 802	18 383 345	- 41	11	*	5 523 457
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131 132	9,359	3,978 246	657 16	107	20	4.724 344	21,936 1,517	8,418 444	1,470 93	842 50	46	12,048 980
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pue	RV	ACTUAL V	VORKERS.			pur	P. 11.3	ACTUAL V	VORKERS.		13 1
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fotal Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Depondants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen
56	57	58	59	60	61	52	63	64	65	66	67
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								-		- Committee Committee	

101	100	1		AMJ	HERA.	- Carlo		1		LASHKA	R CITY.		
100	er.	rs and		ACTUAL	WORKERS,			s and		ACTUAL	Workers		
100	Numb	Worke	Ton	ral,	Partially ag	griculturists.	odants.	Worker	Тот	AL.	Partially a	griculturists.	ndants.
100		Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Deper	Total Dep	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Deper
101		69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
102	100	**		***		· · · · · ·		54	18	***	200	444	35
103		7994	271	109	2		323			376	10000	10000	1,312
105	103	15	1		775	11,		407	169				238
106	104		***	***	***	Unit Wall	***	1	1	***		***	
107     381     169     13     2     199     933     336     17      58       108			1995					31	18				13
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117       118       384       176       48       3       160       1,157       445       20        689         120       171       77       44        50 <td>115</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>24355</td> <td>A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR</td> <td>7.77</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2.5%</td> <td>100000 - 100</td> <td>200</td>	115			1	24355	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	7.77				2.5%	100000 - 100	200
117       118       384       176       48       3       160       1.157       445       20        689         120       171       77       44        50 <td>116</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td>118</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	116						100		118				
117       118       384       1176       48       3       160       1.157       445       20        68         120       171       77       44        50 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>275</td> <td></td> <td>- 1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10.000</td> <td>***</td> <td>77</td> <td>1277</td>				275		- 1				10.000	***	77	1277
120     171     77     44      50	117	384					***	1.52			222		***
120     171     77     44      50	119				1000	The state of the s	1		975201	63.00.0	C-070 1 L	Pulled I	
122     199     95      3      104     780     296     20      464       123      11      3 <t< td=""><td>120</td><td>171</td><td>77</td><td>44</td><td>+++</td><td>-</td><td>50</td><td></td><td>***</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	120	171	77	44	+++	-	50		***				
123     124     11     3     3     3     220     345     125	121	1	1		***	200		23	15				8
123     124     11     3     3     3     220     345     125	122						-	99					130 =
125       345     125       226       127       206     112     1      93       128	1	199	95		3	***	104		296	20	""	***	464
126     127      206     112     1      93       128       1      4     36     26        10       130     9     5      1      4     36     26        10       131     5,549     1,642     384     32     42     3,523     10,783     3,791     969     8      6,023       132     1,516     467     51     12      998     800     273     53       474       133     1,516     467     51     12      998     800     273     53       474       134         281     137       144	11/2/27	11	3	3		54753	5			10000	1000	200	100000
128 <td>125 126 127</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>****</td> <td>***</td> <td>***</td> <td>206</td> <td>112</td> <td></td> <td>ar.</td> <td></td> <td>220 93</td>	125 126 127				****	***	***	206	112		ar.		220 93
129     8     5      1      4     36     26        10       130     9     5      1      4     36     26        10       131     5.549     1.642     384     32     42     3,523     10,783     3,791     969     8      6.023       132     1,516     467     51     12      998     800     273     53       474       133     1,516     467     51     12      998     800     273     53       474       134         281     137        144			200	1750	11/201	777		12.7mm	20				
130 9 5 1 4 36 26 10  131 5.549 1.642 384 32 42 3.523 10.783 3.791 969 8 6.023  132 1.516 467 51 12 998 800 273 53 474  133 1.516 467 51 12 998 800 273 53 474	129 1	9		3 / 4				-	1				
131 5.549 1.642 384 32 42 3.523 10.783 3.791 969 8 6.023 133 1.516 467 51 12 998 800 273 53 474 135 998 800 273 53 474		0	3	1	193			1 755	-				
132 1,516 467 51 12 998 800 273 53 474 133 1,516 467 51 12 998 800 273 53 474 134 281 137 144	131	5,549	1,642	384		- 110	3.523	10,783	3,791	969			-
134 281 137 144	1		467	51	42		998	800	273	53		- 7763 11	474
134 281 137 144	7.55	1,510	567	51	12	***	998	800	273	- N.	***	-	474
	134	7.0000	- 1000	1353 - W		100000	2000-	281	137	D 000 7 17	100 TO 10		144
								401	Service .	March 1	***	77%	144

26. Trade in piece-goods, wood, cot.  27. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  27. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in wood in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in wood fuot forewood, cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, barboo, thatch, and cork, barboo, cork, bark, barboo, barboo, cork, bark, barboo, barboo, cork, bark, barboo, barboo, cork, cork, co	T			WE AND AND	GV	VALIOR	STATS.		-
26	1			and and	1	ACTUAL W	ORKERS.		THE STATE OF
26	Vamber.		Detail of Occupation.	Vorkers	TOTAL		Partially agric	culturists.	ndants.
2	Serial 3			Total V Dep	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depe
26. Trade in piece-goods, wood, cot.  27. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  27. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in wood in skins, leather and furs.  28. Trade in wood fuot forewood, cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and cork, bark, barboo, thatch, and cork, barboo, cork, bark, barboo, barboo, cork, bark, barboo, barboo, cork, bark, barboo, barboo, cork, cork, co	1	-	Ž	3	4	5	6	7	
135   27. Trade in skins, leather, furning feathers, born, and articles made   124. Trade in skins, leather, furning feathers, born, and articles made   28. Trade in wood for freewood, cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and   28. Trade in wood for freewood, cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and   29.   28. Trade in wood for freewood, cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and   29.   28. Trade in wood for freewood, cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and   29.   28.   29.   28.   2		26.							4,967 4,967
137   27.   Trade in trade in the callers of the			ton, silk, hair and other textiles.	- Eller	200	-	83		433
28	100	27.	124. Trade in skins, leather, furs,			97	83	12	433
123. Trade in wood foot firewood, cork, bark, bamboe, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboe, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboe, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboe, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboe, thatch, and cork, bark, bamboe, thatch, and cork, bark,		- 28	by them, etc.	644	199			775	445 445
articles made by them.  143  126. Trade in metals, machinery, knives  127. Trade in metals  128. Trade in metals  129. Trade in metals  129. Trade in metals  129. Trade in metals  121. Trade in metals  121. Trade in footery, bricks and tiles  121. Trade in chemical products (drugs, dress paints, explaints), petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, petroleum, dress paints, explaints, dress paints, explaints, dress paints, explaints, dress paints, explaints, dress paints, dress paints, explaints, dress paints, explaints, dress paints, dress paints, explaints, dress paints, dress,		20,	125. Trade in wood (not firewood).	644	199	15711	45	-	443
126. Trade in mietals, machinery, inviews   1,498   462   198	Market 1	20.	articles made by them-	The same	462				838 838
145   127. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles   216   131   21   3   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1		-4	126. Trade in metals, machinery, knives	1,498	11.	100		1339	64
146   31, Trade in chemical products (arge, dyes, paints, explosives), petroleum,   128. Trade in chemical products (arge, dyes, paints, explosives), petroleum,   129. Vendors of wine, liquors, arrated waters and ice.   129. Vendors of wine, liquors, arrated waters and ice.   129. Vendors of wine, liquors, arrated waters and ice.   129. Owners and managers of hotels, cookshors, Sarais, etc., and their employees.   120. Owners and managers of hotels, cookshors, Sarais, etc., and their employees.   122. Govers and sellers of vegetable oil, salt and other condiments.   1272   50   31   129. It is hotelers.   129. Sellers of milk, butter, ghee, poultry, eggs, etc.   129. Sellers of sweetments, sugar,   129. Sellers,	- 3000 Miles		Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles	216	131		3	1	64
dyes, pains, explosives), petroleum, class   doctors, restaurants, etc.	146	31,	Trade in chemical products	813		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	5	10/30	411
149   32   Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc.   3,782   1,194   100   123   Vendors of wine, liquors, acrated   3,483   1,194   1,195	-		dyes, paints, explosives), petroleum,	NILLE .	Till Till Till Till Till Till Till Till		100	119	2,399
150   waters and icc.   150   waters and icc.   150   waters and imanagers of hotels, cookshors, Sarais, etc., and their cookshors, sarais, etc., and their cookshors, sarais, etc., and their cookshors, etc., and their cookshors, sarais, etc., and their cookshors, etc.	27-740-6-740	32.	Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc	100000000000000000000000000000000000000					2,244
151	150	7.70	waters and ice.	201 -400	144	25	-	4	155
133   131   Fish dealers   122   130   131   Fish dealers   132   132   134   135   132   132   132   132   132   132   132   132   132   133   133   133   133   133   133   133   133   134   138   133   134   138   135	151		cookshops, Sarais, etc., and their	-	1	19 970	3 730	6.069	41.252
134   135   136   137   138		33.	131. Fish dealers.	172	50	31	( tes )	1	14,211
135   Sellers of milk, butter, ghee, poulty, eggs, etc.   134   Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gur and molasses.   135   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   135   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   136   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   136   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   135   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   136   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   136   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   137   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   138   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   139   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   137   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   138   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   139   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the delivery and those processes.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the delivery and those pertables, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom, betel-leaf, from the molasses.   130   Cardamom,			<ol> <li>Grocers and sellers of vegetable oil, salt and other condiments.</li> </ol>	TELEVISION OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	12	LANGE LANGE		124	3,981
134. Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gray and molasses.   11, 989   3,919   5,056   419   275   155   155. Cardamom, belel-leaf, vegetables, fruit and arecant sellers.   166. Grain and palse dealers   26,424   5,846   3,200   730   167   175   158   137. Totacco, opium, ganja, etc., sellers.   1,322   622   132   40   22   132   139. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.   611   1,520   1,020   93   96   161   134. Dealers in hay, grass and folder, 4,706   4,706   1,520   1,020   93   96   161   141   176   161   141   176   161   1	-		133. Sellers of milk, butter, ghee, poul-		100000	The state of the s	1000	THE REAL PROPERTY.	374
135. Cardamom. betel-leaf, vegetables, fruit and arecannt sellers.   11,959   3,919   3,000   730   167   185   136. Grain and pulse dealers   26,424   3,200   730   167   129   139. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.   651   197   62   93   96   129   139. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.   651   197   62   93   96   120   139. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.   651   197   62   93   96   120	0.9900		134. Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar gur and molasses.	The cas	11 30000	1005	1	275	5.034
136. Grain and palse dealers   26,424   137   70 hacco, opium, gania, etc., sellers.   1,392   632   133   40   2   12   18. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.   139. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.   139. Dealers in sheep, goats and folder.   4,706   1,520   1,020   93   96   161   34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles.   1,538   479   156   39   44   162   163   140. Trade in ready-made clothing and other articles of dress and toilet (hals, umbrellas, socks, ready-made shoes, performers, etc.)   163   35. Trade in furniture	1 400	136	135. Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables	The Course	I de Tonne	1		2000	14,378
188. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs.   139. Dealers in bay, grass and fodder.   4,706   1,520   1,020   93   96   161   34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles.   1,538   479   156   39   44   162   162   164   162   164   162   165	158		137. Tobacco, opium, ganja, etc., seller	1,392	632	132	40	2	628
161   34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles   1,538   479   156   39   44     162   140. Trade in ready-made clothing and other articles of dress and toilet (hats, unshrellas, socks, ready-made shoes, perfumes, etc)   54   13   156   156     163   35. Trade in furniture			138. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs 139. Dealers in hav, grass and fodder	4,706	1,520	1,020	93	96	2,166 903
other articles of dress and toilet (hats, umbrellas, socks, readymade shoes, perfumes, etc)  35. Trade in furniture	161	34-	Trade in clothing and toilet articles.	1,538		5 1 0 000	(4.00)	1000	903
163   141. Trade in furniture, carpets, curtains and bedding.   142. Hardware, cooking utenails, porcelain, crockery, glassware, bottles, articles for gardening, etc.   15   10       165   36. Trade in building materials (stones, plaster, cement, sand, thatch, etc.) other than bricks, tiles and woody materials.   143. Trade in building materials (stones, plaster, cement, sand, thatch, etc.) other than bricks, tiles and woody materials.   144. Dealers and hirers in mechanical transport, motors, cycles, etc.   145. Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carts, boats, etc.   146. Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carts, boats, etc.   146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, Cattle, asses, mules, etc.   147. Dealers in fre-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc.   5,986   1,838   1,680   109   104   173   147. Dealers in fre-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc.   148. Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.   149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   1473   1,680   633   161   49   176   176   176   176   176   177		2110	other articles of dress and toile	t l	No. of the last	Marie 161	1	19	
141. Trade in furniture, carpets, curtains and bedding.     142. Hardware, cooking utenails, porcelain, crockery, glassware, bottles, articles for gardening, etc.     166	163	35.	The start of the s				-	***	41 5
165   172   Hardware   Cookery   glassware   porcelain, crockery   glassware   porcelain, crockery   glassware   166   36.   Trade in building materials   167   143.   Trade in building materials   143.   Trade in building materials   144   28   17     2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	164	NI W	141. Trade in furniture, carpets		1000		100		36
166   36. Trade in building materials (stones, plaster, cement, sand, thatch, etc.) other than bricks, tiles and woody materials.   14. Dealers and hirers in mechanical transport, motors, cycles, etc.   145. Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carris, boats, etc.   146. Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carris, boats, etc.   146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, Caitle, asses, mules, etc.   15. Sec.   16. Dealers in fire-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc.   16. Dealers in fire-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc.   172   187. Dealers in fire-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc.   188. Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.   192. Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.   192. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   193. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   194. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, flowers, etc.   195. Dealers in precious stones, etc.   195. Dealers in precious stones, etc.   195. D	165	181		T. P	3	3	1000		
167  143. Trade in building materials (stones, plaster, cement, sand, thatch, etc.) other than bricks, tiles and woody materials.  37. Trade in means of transport 593 346 11 26 144. Dealers and hirers in mechanical transport, motors, cycles, etc.  170  144. Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carts, boats, etc.  145. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, Caitle, asses, mules, etc.  171  146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, Caitle, asses, mules, etc.  172  38. Trade in fuel 5,986 1,838 1,680 109 104 104 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	166	36.	bottles, articles for gardening, etc.  Trade in building materials	114				2	69 69
168   37.   Trade in means of transport     593   346   11   26       170   144.   Dealers and hirers in mechanical transport, motors, cycles, etc.   3   3         170   145.   Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carts, boats, etc.   3   3         171   146.   Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, cattle, asses, mules, etc.   5,986   1,838   1,680   109   104     172   38.   Trade in fuel     5,986   1,838   1,680   109   104     173   147.   Dealers in fire-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc   5,986   1,838   1,680   109   104     174   39.   Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and the arts and sciences.   148, Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.   1,926   1,044     50       176   149   Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   6,685   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,675   6,755		The state of	143. Trade in building materials (stone:		2	0			181
168   169   144. Dealers and hirers in mechanical transport, motors, cycles, etc.   145. Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carts, boats, etc.   146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, Cattle, asses, mules, etc.   15,986   1,838   1,680   109   104     172   38. Trade in fuel	4 6		other than bricks, tiles and wood materials.	y l	1 1 1 1			20	236
170   145. Dealers and hirers in other carriages, carts, boats, etc.   3   3   3       171   146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, Caitle, asses, mules, etc.   5,886   1,838   1,680   109   104     172   38. Trade in fuel           173   147. Dealers in fire-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc     5,986   1,838   1,680   109   104     174   39. Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and the arts and sciences.   148. Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.   1,926   1,044     50       176   149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel.   6,000   6		37	Trade in means of transport 144. Dealers and hirers in mechanic		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			2027/	11
171 146. Dealers and hirers of elephants, camels, horses, Cattle, asses, mules, etc.  172 38. Trade in fuel		14	transport, motors, cycles, etc.		1	3	-		
172   38. Trade in fuel   5,986   1,838   1,680   109   104     173   147. Dealers in fire-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc   5,986   1,838   1,680   109   104     174   39. Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and the arts and sciences.   148, Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.   1,926   1,044     50       176   149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.   1,680   633   161   49       176	-	1	ages, carts, boats, etc.	720	34	2	1 26	1000	. 225
172   38. Trade in fuel   147. Dealers in fire-wood, charcoal, cowdung, etc.   1,838   1,680   109   104		The L	camels, horses, cattle, asse	100	1		0 100	101	2,468
cowdung, etc  39. Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters and the arts and sciences.  148. Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.  176 149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.		38.	Trade in fuel	P. 4504	C 100000			5 30000	2,468
pertaining to letters and the arts and sciences.  148, Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.  176  176  176  176  177  178  178  179  179  179  179  179	12 200	20	cowdung, etc. Trade in articles of luxury and tho	se 6,67	2,81	0 63	3 211	49	3,232
175 148, Dealers in precious stones, jewellery (real and imitation), clocks, optical instruments, etc.  176 149, Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.	-14	39	pertaining to letters and the ar	ts			1 1 12	196	882
optical instruments, etc.  149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.	175		148. Dealers in precious stones, jewe lery (real and imitation), clock	TO THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF	1,04	***	30		101
necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel.	170	1	optical instruments, etc.	is. 4,47	1,68	63	3 161	49	2,160
Rowers, etc.	*10	1	necklaces, fans, small article	CS <sub>4</sub>	1		1 100	1 5	Sty Cal
122 140. Publishers, booksellers, stationers. 275	172	Mu	flowers, etc. 140. Publishers, booksellers, statione	rs. 27	6	86		-	190
dealers in music, pictures, musical instruments, and curiosities.	11/	1 10	dealers in music, pictures, music	cal	- "	100	7 192	190	10 00

		THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	-			The last	- 19	-	-		
			G I	RD,	Shr			17 3	ВНІ	ND.		
GL.	s and		ACTUAL 1	WORKERS.	185	7	s and	42 4	ACTUAL	WOZEERS.		
Numb	Porker	Ton	TAL.	Partially ap	griculturists	fants.	Vorker	To	PAL.	Partiallyag	riculturists.	fante.
Serial Number.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Rependents.	Males	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.
WE	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
136 137	937 937	334 334	21 21	4	1	582 582	530 530	172 172	30 30	7 7	5 5	328 328
138	106 106	48 48	7	18 18		51 51	28 78	55.01	48 48	***	6	30
87						(NET)	(2)	-		THE REAL PROPERTY.		
140	99	2 2			-	97 97	91 91	48 48		32 32		43
142 143	105 105	48 48	6	-	-	51 51	723 223	86 86	this I s	-	Oll	137 137
144	157 157	91	18	***	***	48			-	***		
145 146 147	234 234	91 118 118	18		7.7	48 115 116	33 33	16		1	I	17 17
148	250	1000					Contract	51	Samuel S	15		108
149	249	. 78 . 77		23 23		172 172	171 166	61		15	-	105
150	(49)	1	344	222	100	156.26	5	44 DE	2	***	44	-3
151 152	12,355 42	3,997	1.722	447	149	6,633 22	9,860	3,180	1,994	1051	257	4,186
153	5,985 1,424	2,162	688	308 38	95	3,135 852	4,854	1,857 123	806 113	682	155	2,191
155	295	95	9	***	***	191	155	56	9	6		50
136	2,244	E54	561	32	25	1.029	2,388	616	802	217	167	970
157 158	1,882 105	613 53 17	143 8 1	68	11	1,126 44	1,303 74	442 58	184	107 21	11	677 15 5
159 160 161 162	89 289 437	50 238 238	76 35		2 15	71 163 164	7 162 40	26 26 2	74 16	6	11	62 11 22
162	437 437	238	35		15	164	40 40	2	16	-	***	22
163	13 13	10	244			3 3		355		7844		***
164	13	10	-	4			***		**	200	144	***
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46	Contract of the Contract of th	26	10	-	28	0 115	36	- 12	1		62		
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36	57 144	26	9	100	19	7 109	eg 31	= 15 to	- she	2 -	61		
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		113	NAR	WAR.		THE P	ISAGARH.						
	gur .		ACTUAL	Workers,			pur		ACTUAL V	VORKERS.			
lumber	orker	Ton	AL.	Partially as	griculturists	ants.	oricers	-	TAL.	La maria	riculturists.	rst III	
Serial Number.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	
-	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43		
136 137	613 613	275 275	6	27 27	2 2	332 332	1,230	351	54	13	45	825	
138 139	357	199	25 25	43	16	133	1,230	351	54	13	***	825	
TEST Y	357	199	25	43	6	133	T	312	***	***		147	
140	121 121	27 27	***	- 4	= 1	94 94	36 36	11		***	***	25 25	
142	316 316	19 19	77 77		23 23	220 220	223 223	9	7 7		-	207 201	
144 145			-			-	111		***		1 110	1	
146	+ 33	33		3.	***	20		3 3		i	1	7	
148 149	144 130	44 42	-	5 5	***	100	247 242	57 55	(4 <b></b>	11	E 1977	190 187	
150	14	2				12	5	2	- ""	200	(944	3	
151 152	11,134	3,605	2,285	776	296	5,244	9,264	3,511	1,185	409	27	4,568	
153	3,691	1,191	818	485	165	1,682	2,618	1,160	297	204	17	1,161	
155	19	212	298	8	23	688	932	225	182	16	1	525	
156	659	190	220	39	38	249	1,486	484	291	63	3	711	
157 158 159	3,837 20	1,475	570	158	41	1,792 15	3,164	1,209	285 2	106	6	1,670	
160 161 162	1,702 44 44	521 6 6	379 32 32	32	29 12 12	802 6	923 215 215	12 402 110 110	16 103 4	19 18 18	17	33 418	
102	44	6	32	***	612	6	215	110	1	18		101	
163		447				***	3 2					2 2	
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170	- ***	4.14				200	1	1	-		= 20	***	
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172 173	1 309	384 384	487 487	Alfa Alfa	57 57	438 438	1,228 1,228	293 293	252 252	8 3		683 683	
374	1,065	533	125	34	20	407	449	132	66	5	4	251	
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176	640	256	125	1514	P 20	259	423	115	66	5	1	242	
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	Tota	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen	Total	Males-	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depe
L	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
1	381 381	177 177	11	3 3	1	193 193	1,163	407 407	25 25	2 2	2 2	731 731
ı	83 83	19 19	6	1 1	22	58 58	148 148	142 142	110	8 8	=1	6
	72 72	32 32	***	4		40 40	28 28	18 18	**		000 100	10 10
	154 154	104 104	***	22	***	50 50	169 169	91 91	68 68	m.	-	10 10
		86	==	374			1 1				-3-	1 1 84
1	171	86		34 44		85 85	138	54 54	110	-	22	84
-	618 618	213 213	7,220	5 5	- 2	405 405	548 434	377 292	1	13 13	1	170 142
	****	122	100				114	- 85	1			28
1	4.221 4 1,321	1,649	477	68	18	2,095	7,824	2,908	743	165	16	4,173
1	234	489 95	210	1	13	622	1,698	565	218	53	1	915
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1	1,207	541	132	19	5	534	757	245	175	6	4	337
	1,075	375 11	96			604	3,968	1,451 332	200 24	83	3	2,317 186
1	207 113	54	5 6	2		148 58	542 70 281	19	5	14 6 3	6	46
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2	s and	1 10	ACTUAL	WORKERS.			s and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.	METE	
Serial Number.	Total Workers : Dependants.	Тот	AL.	Partially as	griculturists	dants.	Total Workers and Dependents.	То	TAL.	Partially agriculturists		dants.
Serial	Total De	Males	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total I	Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Dependants.
	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68
136 137	1,303 1,303	288 288	146 146	6 6	2 2	869 869	931 931	317 317	226 226	5 5	3	388 388
138 139	77 77	6	8 8	TA T		63 63	26 26	17 17	722	200	-	9
140 141	57 57	2 2	=	15	=	55 55	39 39	20 20		2 2		19 19
142 143	108 108	22 22	13 13	244		73 73	3 3		2 2		-	1
144 145 146 147	6 6 31 31	 21 21		**		6 6 10 10	9 110 110	5 5 55 55				4 55 55
148 149	1,138	322 272	15	(22)		801 703	194 189	57 53	***	5 5		137 136
150	163	50	15	440	(##81	98	5	4	44		***	1
151 152 153	8,565 85 3,759	2,981 32 1,440	753 13 322	236	8	4,831 40 1,997	6,714 9 1,216	2,290 7 366	1,362  362	69	30 7	3,062 2 488
- 154	341	121	50	2	***	170	977	291	190	15	9	496
155	23	9	#11	-	200	14	10	9	1		***	***
156	981	1,008	157	39	2	1,830	3,413	143	171	5	10	1,599
158 159 160 161 162	194 85 23 14	63 49 14	32 7 36	- 1 		99 20 73 2 2	163 86 336	1,344 34 43 53	470 38 17 113	45 	2	91 26 170
162	14	6	6 6	***		2	9	6	1			2 2
153 164		12	22	=	22	=	38	2	***	-		36
165		***	3407	344	Jan 6.	24.	38	2		-		36
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168 169	31	29			A 344	2	11	7		***		4
170			777.5.00				***		100		***	
171	31	29	***	110	941 (1)	2	11	7	1112	-	**	4
172 173	76 76	24 24	17 17	1		35 35	24 24	6	2 2		=	16 16
174	891	440	67	4	1.00	378	551	247	57	6	4	247
175	426	245	905		-	181	151	112	144	2	E	39
176	465	201	67	-4	344	197	400	135	57		*	205
177	-				200	- 5	-	1		-		

13		1117	AMJH	ERA.	E	1.70	LASHKAR CITY.						
69    70    71    72    73    74    75    76    77    78    79    80	and .		ACTUAL	WORKERS.	N/E		pur s	- Carl	ACTUAL N	Workers.			
69    70    71    72    73    74    75    76    77    78    79    80	orkers	Tot	TAL.	Partially ag	triculturists	lants.	Worker dants.	. Tor	AL.	Partially a	griculturists	lants.	
360	Total W Depe	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depend	Total 1 Depen	Males.	Females.	Males:	Females.	Depend	
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		113			1555	238 238	561 561	206 206	5 5	0.000	1 322	350 350	
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321     81      4      240     120     28     2         1,942     496     226     7     42     1,220     5,528     1,727     603     8      3,1       806     206     76     2      524     2,134     716     100      1,2       315     63     46       206     773     186  .				The second second	77,550	11	72	32		1 2 2 2 2 2 2	100000	40	
1,942     496     226     7     42     1,220     5,528     1,727     603     8      3,11       806     206     76     2      524     2,134     716     100      1,2       315     63     46       206     773     186        4            295     95     9       4	323 321	- 8t 81	10.00		-6700	241 240	121 120	29 28	2 2	0.444	2017	90 90	
806       206       76       2        524       2,134       716       100        1,22         315       63       46        206       773       186         4            295       95       9         4	2		1		**	. 1	1	1					
315       63       46         206       773       186	-	200		****	940.	***	36	11	5	111	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	3,196 20 1,252	
117		63				206	773	186	0 32			487	
482       136       12       1        334       471       149       6         3         157       61       15       2        81       98       52       4 <t< th=""><th>1 600</th><th>1000</th><th>1100</th><th></th><th>#1</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>the same of</th><th>1 91</th></t<>	1 600	1000	1100		#1						the same of	1 91	
157 61 15 2 81 98 52 4	1		And the same					100		11111111		762	
14 3 4 7	157	61	15	2		81	98	52	4			316 42	
14       3       4 <th>63 2 2</th> <th>2 2</th> <th>55</th> <th>24</th> <th>775</th> <th>222</th> <th>347 347</th> <th>238 238</th> <th>1200</th> <th></th> <th>***</th> <th>1 125 109 109</th>	63 2 2	2 2	55	24	775	222	347 347	238 238	1200		***	1 125 109 109	
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96 63	14	3				7	55555	1 10000	1		2.01		
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96 63 33 8 8	A. Carried Street, or other Designation of the last of	100	4000	7,000.0	1.500	The Country of the Co		172	17000	1 50.500	100		
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	72	27	18	***		27	400		-	1944	***	230	
198 69 8 1		***	=	#		<u>A</u>	198	69	8	144		121	
	72	27	18			27	150			-	-	84	
52 27	-		-		·	100	52			1			
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	HE KIND OF THE REAL PROPERTY.			GWALI	OR STA	TE.	
÷		pur s		ACTUAL 1	VORKERS.		1 5 5 1
Serial Number.	Detail of Occupation.	Total Workers Dependants.	Tor	TAL,	Partially ag	riculturists.	dants.
Seria		Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants
1	2	3	- 4	5	. 6	7 .	8
178 179	40. Trade in other sorts 151. Dealers in rags, stable refuse, etc.	44,644	17,476	4,297	2,093	418	22,871
180	152. General store-keepers and shop- keepers otherwise unspecified.	31,905	12,054	2,867	1,279	. 244	16,984
181	153. Itinerant traders, pedlars, hawkers,	7,100	3,041	921	430	117	3,138
182	154. Other trades (including farmers of pounds, tolls and markets).	5,606	2,361	509	384	57	2,736
183 184	C.—Public administration and liberal arts	121,129	51,557	3,359	4,276	366	66,213
185 186	41. Army	42,404 22,384	19,868 11,385	261	996 46	74	22,275 10,999
187	156. Army (Indiah States)	1,586 20,798	10,497	777.000	40	1444	10,301
189	159. Police	20,020 10,370	8,483 4,278	261	950 172	74	11,276 6,092
191 192	VII. Public Administration	9,650 37,806	4,205 15,163	261 329	778 579	74	5,184 22,314
193 194	161. Service of the State	37,806	15,163 13,022	329 257	579 258	13	22,314 18,156
195	162 (a) Chiefs and their families 163. Municipal and other local (not	68 774	20 217	72	3	***	48 485
196	village) service.  164. Village officials and servants other	5,529	1,904		318	-044	3,625
197 198	VIII. Profession and liberal arts	40,919	16,526	2,769	2,701	279	21,624
199	165. Priests, ministers, etc.	21,665 11,336	9,470 4,900	1.020 972	2,168 1,458	197 197	11,175 5,464
201	166. Religious mendicants, immales of monasteries, etc.	252	65	25	3	95	162
202	167. Catechists, readers, church and mission service,	9,195	4,076		645	1999	5,119
	168. Temple, burial or burning ground service, pilgrim conductors, circumcisers.	882	429	23	62	300	430
203	47. Law 169. Lawyers of all kinds, focluding	1,952	646		42	- 64	1,306
205	Kazis, law agents and Mukhtars. 170. Lawyers' clerks, petition writers,	1,401	429	***	18	(69)	972
206	48 Medicine	551	217		24	***	334
207	171. Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists, occulists and veterinary surgeons.	5,075 1,177	1,730 522	474	129 20	23	2,871 655
208	172. Midwive vaccinators, com- pounders, nurses, masseurs, etc.	3,898	1,208	474	109	23	2,216
209 210	173, Professors and teachers of all	4,142 4,115	1,349	314 314	31 29	6	2,479 2,467
211	174, Clerks and servants connected	27	15		2		12
212 213	50. Letters and arts and sciences	8,085	3,331	961	331	53	3.793
214	176. Architects, surveyors, engineers, and their employees.	128	56	44	344	100	72
	177. Authors, editors, journalists, artists, photographers, sculptors, astronomers, meteorologists,	211	92	9.	16		119
215	botanists, astrologers, etc.  178. Music composers and masters, and players on all kinds of musical instruments (not military), singers,	7,516	3,088	961	310	53	3,467
216	179. Conjurors, acrobats, fortune-tellers, reciters, exhibitors of curiosities	230	95		5		135
217	D.—Miscellaneous  IX. Persons living on their income	417,601	146,518	95,300	6,534	2,631	169,783
219	51. Persons living on their income income.	3,073 3,073	1,055	337 337	49 49	10	1,681
220	180. Proprietors (other than of agri- cultural land), fund and scholar- ship holders and pensioners.	3,073	1,055	337	49	10	1,681
221	A. Domestic service	74,736	28,383	12,529	1,509	723	33,824
223	181. Cooks, water carriers, door- keepers, watchmen and other indoor servants.	74.736 72,314	28,383 27,125	12,529	1,509	723 723	33,824 32,660
224	182, Private grooms, coachmen, dog	1,509	905	140	10		604
225	boys, etc. 183. Private motor drivers and cleaners.	913	353	-	14	44	560
-	Cicaners,						
					-		

	M		GI	RD.	100	71			ВНІ	ND.		
and			ACTUAL W	ORKERS.		77.7	pur s	8	ACTUAL	WORKERS.		
Total Workers and	endants.	To	ral.	Partially ago	riculturists.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Ton	AL.	Partially agri	iculturists.	Dependants.
Total	Dep	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Deper	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
-	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	30
	32	2,208 20	535	267	57	2,693 12	4,266	1,820	497	475	52	1,949
3	3,643	1,454	346	254	35	1,843	2,389	987	257	319	43	1,145
,	252	. 86	27	1	4	139	1,535	226	220	108	8	708
175	.829	78,854	162 364	571	18 32	22,611	9,581	3,553	633	943	83	5,395
21 18	473 3,452	10.753 9,525	6	141	2	10,714 8,927	1,905 266	759 107	54	212	14	1.092
18	3,452 021	9,525 1,228	6	10	-	8 927 1,787	266 1,689	107 652	54	207	14	159 933
	708	944 284	5	23 108	2	1,369	436 1,302	64 588	54	204	14	372 660
13	3,988 3,988	5 661 5,661	6	78 78	1	8,321 8,321	3,330	1,004 1,004	56 56	136	5	2.270
13	5 4	5,486 1 2	6	40	1	8,011 4 2	2,457	760	56	62	5	1,641
117	476	172	044	38	100	304	866	239	-	71	***	627
	3,368	2.440	352	352	27	3,576	4,346	1,790	523	595 470	64 44	2,033
1	3,386 1,653 235	1,301 551 63	149 124 25	327 137 3	27 27	1,846 978 147	2,450 2,176	1,186	177	90000	44	955
3	,206	617	1	151	***	589	220	88	344	9		132
N.	292	160		36	1215	132	54	54			***	744
	494 477	151 146	***	1	-	343 331	413 186	110		8 8		303 126
	17	5	***			12	227	50		-		177
	583 370	177 129	51	7 2	2	355 241	390 38	34 19	235	4 2	9	121 19
	213	48	51	5	2	£14	352	15	235	3	9	102
1	1,197	357	134	3	-	706	249	83		9		163 163
	1,193	355	134	3	-	704	1000	81		7 2		U
1	708	364	18	14		326	844	2000	and the same		11	359
7	49	30	-			19	****		4	***	-	44
	23	14		1	***	9	22	10		9	14	12
1	591	297	18	13	344	276	803	361	10	8 90	11	336
	45	23		275	**)	2:	17		s	5		- n
6	5,717	25,29	13,271	952	319	27,153 693	22,172	7,89	5,93	2 1,210	340	8,J46 88
	1,184	416 416	73 73	2 2		69:	140	45	6.	3 18 3 18	W	88
	1,184	416	73	2		69	140	41	2	3 18		88
2	21,752 21,762 20,663	8,419 8,419 7,725	2,769 2,769 2,769	186	67	10.57	6.15	2,03	1.71	2 181	104	2,404 2,404 2,401
	1,092	691	-		***	40	1 1		1222	-	-344	1
	7	3	1 144	**	m.	4	41		2	-	-	2
		-	1	1 .	141	1		1	1	1		1

1	34	3.0	TONWAI	RGHAR.	1			4-11-1	SHE	PUR.		
ť	rs and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.	1484		pue s.	7	ACTUAL	WORKERS.		
Serial Number,	Total Workers Dependents.	Ton	TAL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	Dependants.	Total Workers Dependants.	To	TAL.	Partially ag	priculturists.	Dependants.
Seria	Total Dep	Males.	Females.	Males,	Females.	Depe	Total Depu	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dopen
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
178 179	5,863	2,794	552	580	201	2,517	1,760	727	169	127	15	864
180	2,534	1,411	161	224	102	962	T,613	668	153	125	13	792
181	2,263	961	325	214	85	977	119	51	14	1	2	- 54
182	1,066	422	66	142	14	578	28	8	2	1	222	.18
183	7,781 932	3,388 454	297	524 62	43	4,096 477	3,497 784	1,572 374	76 1	272 42	8	7,849 409
185 186	193	134 16	***	12	-	59	61	29	111	4	277	32
187	739	118 320		50		59 418	61 723	29 345		38		27 337
189	367 372	89 231	1	14 36		278 140	552 171	282 63	- A	19 19	***	270 107
191	1,276	666 666	2 2 2	33	- to	608 608	966 966	497 497	2 2 2	31	175	467 467
193	1,035	586	2	28	***	447	803	423	2	20	***	378
195	16	12	344	4		4	7	2	441	***	***	5
196	225	68	225	5		157	156	72	144	11	- 222	84
197 198 199	5,573 1,883 1,414	2,268 826 540	294 188 188	429 262 177	43 33 33	3,011 869 686	1.747 1.300 570	701 562 281	* 73 30 29	199 178 115	8 6	973 788 250
200	***	***	***	344	44	V	244				***	***
201	463	283	855	85	697	180	709	273	2	63	10 1881	436
202	6	3	775	1,***		3	21	8	- 1	794	144	12
203 201	110	38		12 2	-	72 11	24 14	11 5	H	6		13
205	94	33	***	10	-	61	10	6		6		4
206 207	2,848 28	1,051	23	102	8	1,774	100	13	11	3	1	76 52
208	2,820	1,041	23	100	8	1,756			20			
209	182	152	23	7.450	1000	24	37	2	11	1924	***	24
210	182	152	6	1	2 2	24	131	52 52	1 1	2 2	***	78 78
211	Tay	100		THE R. P.		777		1000	500	V 244	T. MIC	100
213	550	201	77	52	•••	272 6	192	63	31	10	2	98
214	40		1000	50 1	***	6		1	***)	***		7
18		- 10	- 111	100	330		8	1	312	***		
215	524	189	77	51	147	258	183	61	31	10	2	91
350	The state of	363	No.		1911							
216	8	6				2	12	***				***
217	18,496	3,937	4.086	804	502	8,473	15,658	5 ,428	1 2 205	200	56	6,425
218 219	547 547	208 208	104	. 28 28	***	235 235	22 22	II .	3,805	348	940	11
220	547	208	104	25	100	235	22	11	***	1		11
1323	Tall 1	17.394	7.00	1000	140	10 Les	44		***	1	399	15
221 222 223	6,462 6,462 6,434	1,638 1,638 1,620	1,492 1,492 1,492	184 184 181	222 222 222	3,332 3,332 3,322	1,518 1,518 1,518	609 609 609	297 297 297	66 66 66	17	612 612 612
224			-		- 200			14	4	- 11	- Sal	Side.
225	28	18		3		10	.772	***	22.00	***	94	
Ji.	1 1 9 1				***	40	- "		772	-	2000	""
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## Means of Livelihood.—(contd.)

		NAR	WAR.				dinte	ISAG	ARH.	100	
bun s		ACTUAL	WORKERS.			s and		ACTUAL V	VORKERS.	mhigh	
Total Workers and Dependants.	Tor	AL.	Partially a	griculturists	Dependants	Fotal Workers and Dependants.	Tor	rat <sub>i</sub> .	Partially ag	riculturists	Dependants.
Total Depen	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen	Total Depe	Males.	Females.	Males:	Females.	Deper
33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
2.698	1,173	263	371	53	1,262	4,202	1,239	507	155	24	2,456
2,244	1,004	179	232	36	1,061	4,132	1.210	497	150	24	2,425
449	169	79	39	17	201	49	19	10	3	***	20
9,658	4,299	383	767	113	4,976	10,757	4,610	312	301	3	5,835
2,417 289	1.193	55	218	21	1,169	3,066 690	1,172	81	43	222	1,812
289	203	***	1	133	86	421 269	200 106	#	1 3		221 163
688	990 253	55	217 31	21	1,083 435 648	2.376 1,517 859	866 582 284	81	39 8		1,429 935 494
1,4+0 3,262 3,262	737 1,588 1,588	55 32 32	186 81 81	21 1	1,642 1,642	3.503 3,503	1,572	40	31 57 57	77	1,891 1,891
2,741	1,399	32	45	î	1,310	3,018	1,424	23	40		1,571
19	17	- 111	100	***	***	109	16	17	4.1	200	
502	172		36		330	368	131	191	17		2,137
3,979 3,023 2,422	1,518 1,324 1,204	296 254 254	468 430 409	91 85 85	2,165 1,445 964	4.188 2.793 1,572	1.866 1,195 653	91 91	204 181 109	3 1	1,501 8237
572	120		21	444	452	1,217	540	3	. 72	16	677
29	***	1	She:	***	29	4-	2	753			2
75 43	29 14	***	10	***	46 29	88 69	26 15	125		7	62 54
32	15		7		17	19	11	-		1944	8
84 42	14 8	7	2 1		63 34	315 189	163 143	32	3 2	1	120 46
42	6	- 7	1		29	126	20	32	1	1	74
571 571	38 38	31 31	6	2	502 502	353 341	131 126	14	4	. [	208 201
3/1		244	6	2		12	5		200		7
226	113	4	20	4	109	639	351	54	16		234
100	er.	100	ter	222	I CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	3	11	37.0	***	***	6
5	5	***	5	***		17	41	""	240	***	TO E
221	108	•	15	4	199	596	330	54	16		212
	£			225	E	23	8		-		15
46,797	14,617	14,508	7,067	440	17,672	42,718 332	15,672 43	9.063 64	709	158	17,983 225
14	2			-	12 12	332	43	64	***	1	225
14	2			-	12	332	43	64		1	225
7,656 7,656 7,565	2.941 2,941 2,859	1,780 1,780 1,700	446 446 437	127 127 127	3,015 3,015 3,006	6,763 6,763 6,488	2.990 2.990 2,885	1,081 1,081 1,081	211 211 211	59 59 59	2,692 2,692 2,522
91	82		9		9	262	98				164
(600)	1		-	322		13					100
	4			-			100		1		7

			BHI	LSA.	1 2 1		-	1	nll	AIN.		
	pur s	HILL	ACTUAL	WORKERS.			s and		ACTUAL 1	WORKERS.	7 10	
Serial Number.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Tor	AL.	Partially a	griculturists	Dependants.	Total Workers a Dependants.	Тот	AL.	Partially as	griculturists	Dependants.
Serial	Total Depe	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen	Total Depe	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females-	Depet
	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
178 179	1,934	945	50	16		939 1	7,887	2,876	359	61		4,652
180	1,780	861	49	14	***	870	6,597	2,303	296	48	***	3,998
181	151	82	3	2	260	68	998	511	41	10	5556	446
182	2	2 020	770	84	244	2 452	292	4,807	22	368	56	208 6,872
183 184 185	4,802 1,810 146	2,230 845 76	719	43	2	2,453 965 70	72,132 3,504 856	,409 237	453 16	142	33	2,079
186 187	146	76	100	3	***	70	25 831	13 224		2		12 607
188 189	1, <b>664</b> 840	769 345	211	40 18		895 495	2.648	1,172 550	16	140	33	1,460 529
190 191	824 1,112	424 499	12	22 16		613	1,569 3.170	622 1,145	16 70	124 42	33	931 1,955
193	610	499 329	111	16 12		613 281	3,170 2,408	1,145 896	70 70	42 18	2 2	1,955
194	40	*** 13	111		= 1	27	*** 87	50	- 44	-		37
196	462	157	11844	4		305	675	199	1412	24	***	476
197 198 199	1,880 827 352	886 373 126	119 14 14	25 13 5	2	875 440 212	5.458 2.708 281	2,253 1,182 142	367 16 13	184 123 8	21 	2,838 1,510 126 5
200	427	208	1946	8	**	219	2,340	995		112	***	1,345
202	48	39	100		***	9	82	45	3	3	***	34
-	100000								1,55			*11011
203	143	56 34	100	2	***	87 70	200 157	78 52	200	. 1	***	122
205	39	22	100	1		17	43	26	-	***		* 17
206 207	193	90 35	47	3	2	56 31	275 191	94 85	20	2 2	11.	161
208	=127	55	47	***	2	25	84	9	20	5444		55
209	241	115 115	8 8	3 3		118	525 516	235 229	78	1		212 209
211					144	118	9	6	78		***	3
212	476	252	50	4		174	1,750	664	253	57	21	833 35
213	1	1	>**	***	TA .	***	49	14	***	***	***	
214	11	6	***	_ S++ LE	GH 11	5	76	26	366	1984	***5	50
215	464	245	50	4	50/2	169	1,580	605	253	57	21	722
				1 180	77	272	1,550	803	0.		1	
216			**	1.45		Aug.	45	19	wait.		- n-	26
217 218	47,222 85	27,045	71,898 20	97	112	14,279	72,292	24,397	13,194	530	107	34,707
219	85	13	20	- SE	1	52 52	2.0	83 83	49 49	***	8 8	158 158
220	85	13	20	***	1	52	290	83	49	:***	8	158
221 222 223	6,799 6,799 6,765	2,075 2,075 2,045	2,129 2,129 2,129	74 74 73	101 101 101	2,595 2,595 2,591	9.897 9,897 9,859	4.433 4.433 4,414	922 922 922	70 70 70	5 5 5	4,542 4,542 4,523
274	-	22		7	TO PO	122		1				
224	26	8		. 1	*** :	•	35	18	***	***	***	2
7000			· ·	2000	****	-	33	48	***	344	444.5	17

## Means of Livelihood.—(contd.)

		MANI	ASOR.					SHAJA	APUR.	200	
and		ACTUAL '	WORKERS.			and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.		7 10
orkers idants.	To	TAL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	dants.	Vorkers ndants.	Тот	AL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	Dependants.
Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen
57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68
5,544	1,969	554	117	8	3,021	3,869	1,339	753	15	8	1,777
2,768	936	146	93	***	1,686	3,169	***872	739	13	8	1,558
2,235	803	396	12	4	1,036	241	133	7	1	1000	101
541	230	12	12		299	459	334	7	1	5	118
11,211 4,270	4,210 1,764 664	465 36	217 47	37	6,536 2,470 484	7,712 1,302 262	3,117 686 98	225	29	***	4,370 610 164
1,138 967 181	584 80	***	6	-	383 101	157	75 23	***	***	***	82 82
3,122 1,578	1,100	36	41 27	T 4	1,986	1,040 556	588 320	6	29 11		445 236
1,544	1,320	36 113	14 21 21	4	1,068 2,359	484 2,847	268 1,012	6 7	81	***	1,828
3,792 3,045	1,320	113	21 9	4 4	2,359 1,853	2,847 1,398	1,102	7 5	1		1,828
48	13 84	*** 42	111		35 275	85	21	2	7	***	57
258	92	- ·	12	(000)	196	1,369	530		66		839
3,149 1,424	1,126 510	316 76	149	13	1,707 838	3,563 1,576	1,419		69	5	1,79
255	32	76	11	1	147	565	286 1	6	26	***	THE PARTY
1,044	414	***	84		630	824	457	***	32	145	367
118	64	777	12	- m. 1	54	- 183	40	13	11		130
141	47		1		94	201	80	344	1	244	121
138	44	200	1		94	135	35	1	1	***	100
3	74	***	77.51	-	90	63	15	10000		1000	21
202 133	65	38	1	116	68	40	13		i	-	42 27
69	9	38	***	1	22	23	2		5		15
202 202	81 81	13 13	=	- 422	108	448 448	96 96			1	3283 328
			260		-		***		Med		
1,180	414	189	40	11	577 11	1,275	444	163	3 13	4	668
39	15		***		24			-	Cons.		
				11	513						
1,095	393	189	40	11	513	1,233	414	16	3 13	1	636
29	100	-		-	29	42	30		-	-	12
29,671 373	9,406	5,948	491	493	74,317 165	35,959 42	25	9,94	COL 1-278	90	13,250
373	194	14			165	42	21	3		- 11	14
373	194	14			165	42	2		***		14
3,691 3,691	1,049	238 238	44 44 33	13	2,404	3,8735 3,873	2,16 2,16 2,15	9 12	7 47	1	1,577
2,873	752	238	33	13	1,883	3,839	2,15	8 12	1	1	1,554
-	***	***		-	3	34	1	1	-	144	23
818	297	-	11	***	521	***	***	4	(14)	T	
1		1					1				

199			Course of	AMJI	HERA.	7 71				LASHKA	R CITY.		
CO	oer.	rs and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.			rs and		ACTUAL	Workers.		
C	I Nami	Worke	To	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists.	mdants	Worke	То	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists.	ndants
1.18	Serio	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depo	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depe
190	2 1	-	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
180	179		***		1 5 477	D3265 mm 8 H	352353	1,629 432		100		13371	390 12
182	1		348		6	88501		1,88		60		10 7007	831
183						***		109	46	3		(Mar)	60
18-9	725	3.007	VI - 42.5			***		- Consider			ees:	200	1000
136	184	941	459	5		980	477	12,895	5.805			140	15,202 7,090
188	186	****	100 C	3**	***	70	***	944	***		0.090	19704	6,022
190	188	920	453	5	18	* ***	462	1,804	736	18888	2011	***	6,022 1,068
192   560   199   1   5     360   10.085   3.851   6       6       6	190	476	264	5	16		207	494		10.000 100	277	111	6,228
194	192	560	199	1		200	360	10,085	3,851	6	***		6,228 6,224
196     142     72      4      70	194	***	***	444		***	***	5	1	344	-	***	4
107	196	142	77.57	***	THE PROPERTY OF	- A			1000		1975		
188	197		259			1044		100	1,115	189	344		1,884
200	199	76	41	40	101	2024		1,137	449 157	16	13.150	E 586	651 304
202       45       14       6        25       79       55	=-0	Julia	The said	***		1111	2631 131		500		220	-	111
203       63       20        43       330       86 </td <td>10,000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>000</td> <td>8</td> <td>344</td> <td>17.05</td> <td></td> <td>1000</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>***</td> <td>212</td>	10,000			000	8	344	17.05		1000	2		***	212
203       63       20         43       330       86 </td <td>202</td> <td>45</td> <td>14</td> <td></td> <td>(100)</td> <td></td> <td>- 25</td> <td>79</td> <td>55</td> <td>***</td> <td></td> <td>***</td> <td>24</td>	202	45	14		(100)		- 25	79	55	***		***	24
205       1       1 </td <td>203</td> <td>63</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>330</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1 200</td> <td></td> <td>244 244</td>	203	63						330			1 200		244 244
206       22       5       4       1       1       13       374       114       28            208       5       1       4        69       13       12	300	100		Mar.	200	7.77	43		80		200	1	-
208     5     1     4      60     13     12        200     43     9     2      32     980     261     121        211        1     1          212     245     88     14     1      143     367     205     3         214         37     23          214         5     3         214               214                214                 215     224     85     14     1      125     286     158     3         216     21     3        18     39     21	1 -23.00		100	181	No.		1000	4 1000	1000	DOM: N	977		The state of the same of
200       43       9       2        32       980       261       121           211          1       1	207	17	4		i		13	305	101	16			232 188
210       43       9       2        32       979       260       121 <td>208</td> <td>5</td> <td>1</td> <td>4</td> <td></td> <td>- A</td> <td>940</td> <td>69</td> <td>13</td> <td>12</td> <td></td> <td>***</td> <td>44</td>	208	5	1	4		- A	940	69	13	12		***	44
211       1     1	209	43	9	2	2.52	***	32	980	261	121	E-333	- TOUG	598 598
212     245     88     14     1      143     367     205     3         214               214               215     224     85     14     1      125     286     158     3         216     21     3       18     39     21         217     74,899     4,064     3,653     41     15     7,182     25,732     9,699     3,360     10         218     44     8     10       26     1,038     360     50          219     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50         220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50         221     160     21     62      7     77     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1000 100</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>577</td> <td>100</td> <td>1/5-11</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				1000 100				577	100	1/5-11			
213 <td>212</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>205</td> <td>N See</td> <td>200</td> <td></td> <td>159</td>	212								205	N See	200		159
215     224     85     14     1      125     286     158     3         216     21     3       18     39     21          217     74,899     4,064     3,653     41     75     7,782     25,732     9,699     3,360     70      12,6       218     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          219     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50         221     160     21     62      7     77     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7       222     160     21     62      7     77     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7       223     160     21     62      7     77     77     13,623     5,106     1,413     10      7 <t< td=""><td>213</td><td>***</td><td>717.7014</td><td></td><td>***</td><td>0.400</td><td>OCTOBER OF</td><td>37</td><td>23</td><td>and the same of th</td><td>1000</td><td></td><td>14</td></t<>	213	***	717.7014		***	0.400	OCTOBER OF	37	23	and the same of th	1000		14
216     21     3      18     39     21          217     14,899     4.064     3,653     41     15     7,182     25,732     9,699     3,360     70      12,4       218     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50           220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          221     160     21     62      7     77     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,2,2       222     160     21     62      7     77     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,3       223     160     21     62      7     77     77     13,623     5,106     1,413     10      7,3       224 <td>214</td> <td>(885)</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> <td>**</td> <td>799</td> <td>444</td> <td>5</td> <td>3</td> <td>***</td> <td>1966</td> <td>***</td> <td>2</td>	214	(885)	3		**	799	444	5	3	***	1966	***	2
216     21     3      18     39     21          217     14,899     4.064     3,653     41     15     7,182     25,732     9,699     3,360     70      12,4       218     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50           220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          221     160     21     62      7     77     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,2,2       222     160     21     62      7     77     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,3       223     160     21     62      7     77     77     13,623     5,106     1,413     10      7,3       224 <td>215</td> <td>224</td> <td>0.5</td> <td>100</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>To a series</td> <td>-</td> <td>140</td> <td></td> <td>Ex.</td> <td>-</td> <td>100</td>	215	224	0.5	100			To a series	-	140		Ex.	-	100
216     21     3       18     39     21          217     14,899     4.064     3,653     41     15     7,782     25,732     9,699     3,360     10      12,6       218     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          219     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50         220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50         221     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     -1,413     10      7       222     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7       223     160     21     62      7     77     77     13,623     5,106     1,413     10      7       224          993     616	413	424	85	14	1		125	486	138	3	-77		125
217     74,899     4,064     3,653     41     45     7,782     25,732     9,699     3,360     10      12,6       218     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          219     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50         220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50         221     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,32       222     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,32       223     160     21     62      7     77     13,623     5,106     1,413     10      7,32       224          993     616	216	21	3	***	144		18	39	21	300	244	***	18
219     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          220     44     8     10       26     1,038     360     50          221     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     -1,413     10      7,3       222     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,3       223     160     21     62      7     77     13,623     5,106     1,413     10      7,3       224	212	14.800	1001	1,650	-			25 700	0.600	2 200	***		10.074
220     44     8     10      26     1,038     360     50          221     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,3       222     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,3       223     160     21     62      7     77     13,623     5,106     1,413     10      7,3       224	218	44	8	10	(555)		7,182	1,038	360	50	2000	746	12,073 628 628
221     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5.724     -1.413     10      7,23       222     160     21     62      7     77     14,522     5,724     1,413     10      7,3       223     160     21     62      7     77     15,623     5,106     1,413     10      7,3       224          993     616	1000	10000		200	5	- V						3"	628
223 160 21 62 7 77 13,623 5.106 1,413 10 7,1 224 993 616 2				0		- 42				77			
	222 223	160	21 21	62 62	222	777	77 77	14.522	5,724 5,106	1,413	10	***	7,385 7,385 7,104
	224	***					- 0 I	993	616		-		277
225 6 2	225	ATT THE	***	5-1-1	19113			6	2	***		0.1	4
	_	1		100	15.1		- I	19:33					-

## Means of Livelihood .- (contd.)

1	Commence of the Commence of th	446-		GWALIOR	STATE.	1	6 95
		and	ALT V	ACTUAL W	ORKERS.	Tallian I	
amber.	Detail of Occupations	orkers ndants.	Тот	AL.	Partially As	griculturists.	Dependants.
Serial Number.		Total Workers and Dependants.	Males.	Semales.	Males.	Females.	Depe
1	3	, 3	4	5	6	7	8
226	XI. Insufficiently described occupations	272,346 272,346	93,058 93,058	71,060 71,060	3,184 3,184	1,215 1,215	108,228 108,228
227	53. General terms which do not indi- cate a definite occupation.	6,955	2,014	709	99	15	4,232
228	184. Manufacturers, business-men and contractors otherwise unspecified. 185. Cashiers, accountants, book-keepers, clerks and other employees	19,480	8,605	1 24:	426	9/100	10,875
230	in unspecified offices, warehouses and shops.  186. Mechanics otherwise unspecified.  187. Labourers and workmen, other-	106 245,805	82,392	70,351	2,656	1,200	93,06
231	wise unspecified.	61,446 1,344	24.022 1,276	11,374 60	1,792 1	683	26,05
233	hospitals.	1,344	1,276	60	1	11 11	
234	188. Inmates of jails, asylums and almshouses.  SS. Beggars, Vagrants, prostitutes	59,769	22.663	11,158 10,490	1,789	683 676	25,94 25,11
235 236	189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, &c.	58,058	22,455	668		7	83
237 238	190. Procurers and prostitutes 36. Other unclassified non-productive	1,711	208 83	156	2	344	9
239	industries.  191. Other unclassed non-productive	333	83	156	2	, instru	9

	300		G I	RD.					вн	IND.		
er.	s and		ACTUAL '	WORKERS.			s and		ACTUAL 1	WORKERS.	-	01
Serial Number.	Worker	То	TAL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	Dependants.	Vorker	То	TAL.	Partially ag	griculturists.	dants.
Seria	Total Workers a Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen	Total Workers Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males-	Females.	Dependants.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	- 15	16	17	18	19	20
226 227	36,614 36,614	13,587 13,587	9,338 9,338	640 640	220 220	13,689 13,689	12,835 12,835	4,445 4,445	3,676 3,676	746 746	193 193	4,7
228	1,791	806	11	15	-	974	133	52	10	8	300	
229	4,715	2,168		100	***	2,547	1,281	877	4	151	100	
230 231	30,097	10,612	9,327	525	220	10 10,158	11,421	3,516	3,666	587	193	4,3
232 233	6,157 1,167	2,849 1,108	1,091 59	124	32	2,197	3,042	1,361	541	265	43	1,1
234	1,167	1,108	59	1949	***	4 242	2	2				
235 236	4,988 4,743	1,761	1,030 882	124 124	32 28	2,197 2,100	3,018 2,978	1,352	541 517	263 263	43	1,1
237 238	245 2	=	148	-	*	97	40 22	4 7	24	2	1	
239	2	3443	2		0		22	7		2		

## Means of Livellhood .- (contd.)

		ONWA	ARGHA	R.				SHEC	PUR.		
Pr and		ACTUAL	WORKERS		2	s and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.		17
Total Workers Dependants.	Тот	AL.	Partially as	riculturists.	Dependants.	Total Workers Dependants,	Тот	AL.	Partially ag	riculturists	Dependants.
Total Depe	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	De	Total V Depe	Males	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depet
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
8,374 8,374	2,843 2,843	1,892 1,892	368 368	223 223	3,639 3,639	12,033 12,033	3,889 3,889	3,087 3,087	162 162	30 30	5,057 5,057
131	81	6	9	100	44	337	138	14	17	744	185
752	288	1885	,		464	1,987	825	Varia	56	-	1,162
7,489	2,472	1,886	***352	223	3,131	16 9,693	2,922	3,073	89	30	3,69
3,113	1,248	598	224	57	1.267	2.085	919	421	119	9	745
775.1	777	***	-		= 1	1	1		1 111		- 186
3,106 3,060	1,247 1,247	592 582	224 , 224	57 57	1,267	2,083 2,078	915 915	421 421	119	9	74
46	- 1	10		242	36	5	2		e sec	-	***
7	1	6				1	1	-	- 111	244	200

			NAR	WAR.					ISAG	ARH.		
1	bus s	3 11	ACTUAL	WORKERS.			and	8 X	ACTUAL	WORKERS.		T.F
Serial Number.	Total Workers Dependants.	Ton	AL.	Partially ag	griculturists.	dants.	Vorkers ndants.	To	FAL.	Partially as	griculturists.	dants.
Seria	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total Workers Dependants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.
	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
226 227	34,985 34,985	10.151 10,151	11,845 11,845	393 393	266 266	12,989 12,989	26,465 26,465	10,004 10,004	5,558 5,558	284 284	75 75	10,201
228	1,806	172	58	15	8	1,576	1,522	123	572		100	82
229	1.404	473	***	17		931	890	306	1944	23		58
230 231	31,775	9,506	11,787	361	258	10,482	24,051	9,573	4,986	261	75	9,49
232 233	4,142	1,523	963	226	47	1,656	9,158 151	2,635 150	2,360	214	23	4.16
234	777	-	***	3444	***	344	151	150	144		***	
235 236	4,142 3,958	1,523	963 857	226 226	47 47	1,656 1,583	8,899 8,332	1,467 2,465	2,326 2,070	214 214	23 23	4,10
237 238	184	. 5	106	=	=	73	567 108	1 18	256 34			31 5
239			1(***)	22.	***		108	18	34		- 3	50

## Means of Livelihood .- (contd.)

1.50		ВН	LSA.		145			n 11 v	IN.		
s and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.			S and		ACTUAL V	WORKERS.		
Total Workers and Dependants.	Ton	FAL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	dants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Ton	AL.	Partially a	griculturist.	Dependants.
Total Dep	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants.	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen
45	46	42	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
32,619 32,619	15,339 15,339	8,410 8,410	17	8 8	8,870 8,870	51,419 51,419	15,377 15,377	10,810 10,810	244 244	44	25,232 25,232
130	46	3 m	1	1990	84	301	174	1	9	. 1	126
276	161			1200	115	2,874	1.248		45	(	1,626
12 32,201	15,121	8,410	1 15	8	s,670	20 48,224	15 13,940	10,809	190	43	23,475
7,119	3,618	1,339	-	2	27,621	10,686 20	4,504 13	1,413	216 1	50	4.769
2	2	777			-	20	13	1	1		6
7,684 7,467	3,601 3,513	1,339	244 24	. 2	2,744 2,641	10.665 10,652	4,490 4,488	1,412 1,412	215 215	50 50	4,763 4,752
217 33	88 15	26	-	2	103 18	13	2 1		:::		11
33	15			***	18	1	1	144	***	***	***

			MAND	ASOR,					SHAJ	APUR.		
-	pue .		ACTUAL V	VORKERS.			buw s		ACTUAL	WORKERS,	45.4	Ho
Serial Number.	Total Workers Dependants.	Tor	TAL.	Partially as	riculturists.	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants.	Ton	AL.	Partially ag	riculturists.	Dependants
Serial	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen	Total Dep	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females	Depen
	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68
226	19,826 19,826	6,015 6,015	5,006 5,006	180 180	75 7	8,805 8,805	24,011 24,011	7,815 7,815	8.039 8.039	127 127	75 75	8,1 8,1
228	282	99	21	1	6	162	442	305	6	24		13
229	2,369	1,053		22		1,316	1,060	513	#	5	***	
230 231	43 17,132	12 4,851	4,985	157	69	31 7,296	22,509	6,997	8,033	98	75	7,4
232 233	5,781 1	2,148	690	267	404	2.943	8,033	2.755	1,776	117	14	3.5
234	1	10 mg/d		120	100	1		100	Hy	751		
235 236	5,646 5,411	2,108 2,006	596 579	267 267	404 404	2,942 2,826	8,008 7,853	2,755 2,749	1,756 1,680	117	14	3,4
237 238	235 134	102 40	17 94	- 12.5°	-77	116	155 25	6	76 20	1000		
239	134	40	94	11	***	101	25	100	20	***		

## Means of Livelihood .- (concld.)

		AMJI	HERA.		200	THE PARTY NAMED IN	L	ASHKA	R CIT	Y,	
s and		ACTUAL	WORKERS.		ept.	ra and		ACTUAL	Workers.		
Total Workers and Dependants.	То	TAL.	Partially as	griculturists	Dependants.	Total Workers and Dependants,	To	TAL.	Partially a	griculturists	Dependants,
Total Dep	Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Depen	Total	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Depen
69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
13,165 13,165	3,593 3,593	3,399 3,339	23 23	6	6,173 6,173	6,299 6,299	1.793 1,793	1,371	=	=	3,13 3,13
80	18	10	***	- N	52	697	244	6	344	100	41
1,872	693		2	-	1,179	244	89	***	***	-53	15
11,213	2,882	3,389	21	# ··· 6	4,942	5,349	1,460	1,365			2,52
1,530	442	182	18	2	905	3,273 1,167	1,822 1,108	465 59	-		92
			·		***	1,167	1,108	59	7844	iii.	***
1,530	442 442	182 179	18 18	2 2	906 905	2,104 1,990	714 714	576 391	-	1	92 88
4	=	3	=		1	114	=	74 2	-	=	4
***	***			***		2	100	2	***	***	

## Appendix to TABLE XVII.

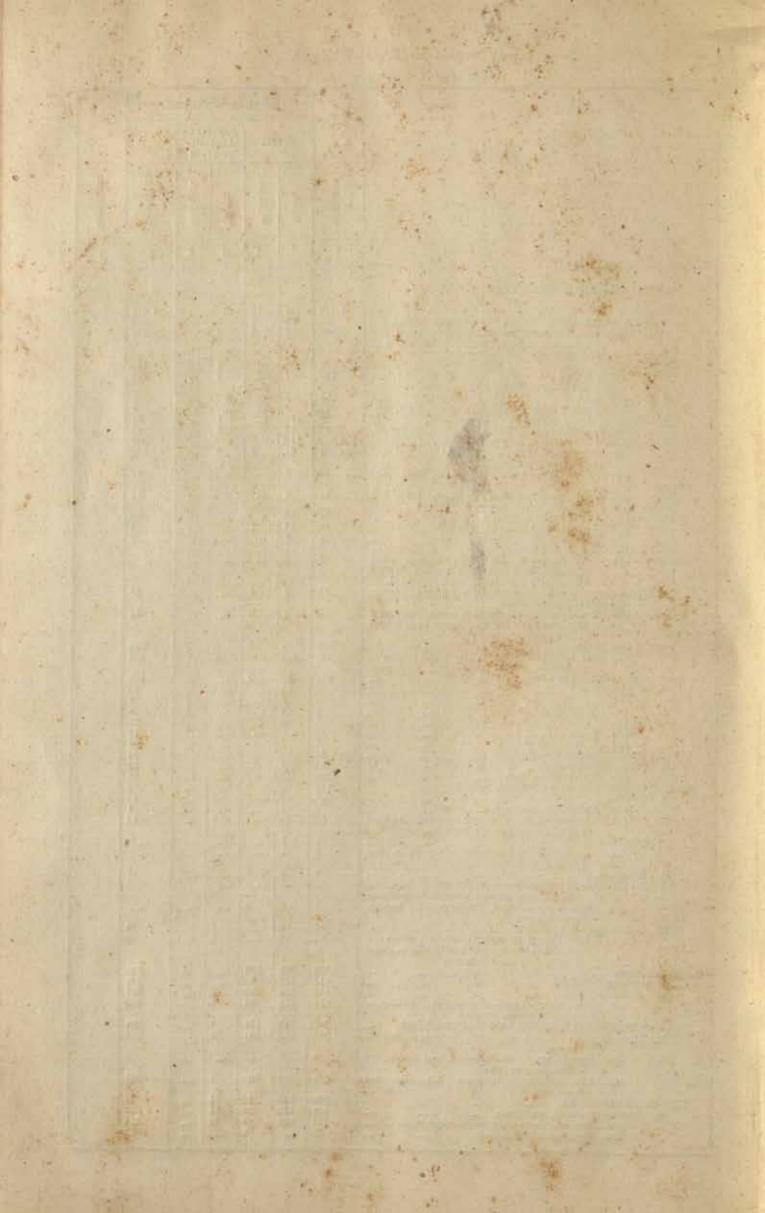
Gangapur Pargana.

	de-		ACTU	AL W	ORKE	RS.	
	workers and	Ton	AL.		CUL-		
Detail of Occupation.	ork	023		100000	200	- 3	1100
			*	300	of.	an	KS.
	Total dants.	· .	nale	70	alle	enc	AR
	Total pendants.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Dependants	REMARKS.
	-	-	2 12.71				12
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
						-	0
NGAPUR PARGANA	9,401	1,580	484	128	7.	6,337	Di
Description of Description	1000000	1.127	160	6		3,023	28
		1,127	160		3.	3,023	
I.—EXPLOITATION OF ANIMALS AND VEGETATION			1000	***		3,023	
1, Pasture and agriculture	4,208	1,127	160	***	100	2,962	
1. Income from rent of agricultural land	3	2	272	(222)	27.0	2 240	-
2. Ordinary cultivators	4,004	1,048	108	Table	****	2,848	
5. Field labourers f	201	41	47	1944	1447	113	
(c) Forestry	7	3		17	1447	4.	
8. Forest officers, rangers, guards, etc 9. Wood-cutters, fire-wood, catechu, rubber, etc.,	6	2	***	744		3.11	1
collectors and charcoal burners.	0.5	22		100		145	
(d) Raising of farm stock	95 16	33	5	6	***	57 10	18-22
camels, asses, etc.).		F-56		100		1 300	1.0
14. Herdsmen, sheepherds, goatherds, etc	79 3,514	978	165	6	266	2,371	
Preparation and Supply of Material Substances	2,018	569	116	****	***	1,333	
6. Textiles	550	136	83	9		331	
25. Cotton ginning, cleaning and pressing 26. Cotton spinning	81 85	24	5 62	***	222	52 19	
26. Cotton spinning	299	85	7	9	***	207	
37. Dyeing, bleaching, printing, preparation and	85	23	9	***	1949	53	
7. Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal	479	138	4	21	-340	337	
kingdom.	100	138	100	0.000		337	
40. Makers of leather articles, such as trunks, water bags, saddlery or harness, etc.,	479	*30	4	21	222	337	
excluding articles of dress.	52515	100		-		200	
8. Wood	81 78	28 26	1	11	***	52	11-
45. Basket makers and thatchers and builders	3	2	-14	***	(211	1	
working with bamboo, reed or similar							
materials, other industries of woody material, including bones.		125	113			-	
9. Metals	97	19	***	6	200	66	
48. Other workers in iron and makers of implements and tools principally or exclusively of	45	1000	344	6	2454	40	-
iron,	200	140		-	2	200	
49. Workers in brass, copper and bell-metal	52 202	12 52	6	17	***	144	
53. Makers of glass bangles, glass beads and glass	27	8	4	200	***	15	
ear-studs, etc.		44		-0.000		120	12,0
55. Potters and earthen pipe and bowl makers	175	1	2	17	****	129	
11. Chemical products properly so-called and analogous.	114	25	5	No.		84	
58. Manufacture of matches and explosive materials.	112	24	1 4		-	84	1
12. Food Industries	25	9	ī	***	344	15	1
65. Rice-pounders and huskers and flour-grinders.	3		1	***		2	
67. Grain parchers, etc	7	1	***	***	9#	5	to.
72. Sweetmeat makers, preparers of jam and condi-	14	6	***	***	777	8	-
ments, etc.	236	79	11	1100		146	
77. Tailors, milliners, dress-makers, darners and	77	32	2	7 2	200	42	
embroiderers on linen.	the second	100	. 7		100	20	
87. Washing, cleaning and dyeing 81. Barbers, hair-dressers and wig makers	118	36	9	5		22 82	
15. Building industries	71	14		***		37	
89. House builders (other than buildings made of	71	14	1	1999	222	57	
bamboo or similar materials), painters, decorators of houses, tilers, plumbers, etc.	7 7			10.00		1 1 1 1 1 1	8 8
18. Other miscellaneous and undefined industries	163	57	. 5	2	177.8	101	
98. Workers in precious stones and metals, enamellers, imitation fewellery makers,	103	32	***	344	***	71	
gilders, etc.	2	250				-	
103. Sweepers, scavengers, etc	60	25	30	2	74	30 23	
21. Transport by Road	79	26	30	***	775	23	
114, Owners, managers and employees (excluding	36	7	29	***	777		
personal servants) connected with other vehicles.	FF	1		•		-	
116. Pack elephant, camel, mule, ass and bullock	43	19	1		222	23	1
owners and drivers.		10000	1	Trans.	No. of Control	1000	

## Appendix to TABLE XVII.

Gangapur Pargana.—concld.

Detail of Occupation.	Gangapur Pargana,	1		ACTU	T WC	Duch	e	-1
Page   Page		o pur		10101			-	
Page   Page	Detail of Occupation	rkers	Тот	AL.	AGRIC	CUL-		
Page   Page	betail of Occupation,	d wo		*		*	ants.	
B Proporation and Supply of Material Substances.   Concid.		Totan	fales,	cmale	ales.	emale	cbend	MARI
B.—Proparation and Supply of Maintrial Substances.—(consid.)  V.—TRADE  24. Bonk establishments of credit, eschange and insurance.  124. Bank managers, money-indirects, exchange and insurance agents, money changes and brokers and their employees.  125. Trade in metals.  126. Trade in metals.  127. Trade in metals.  128. Trade in metals.  129. Trade in metals.  129. Trade in metals.  129. Trade in metals.  129. Vendors of wine, liquors, scrated waters and icc.  129. Vendors of wine, liquors, scrated waters and icc.  129. Vendors of wine, liquors, scrated waters and icc.  1312. George and sellers of wavednesds. sugar, gur and molasses.  132. George and sellers of wavednesds sugar, gur and molasses.  135. Cardiamon, Metalseaf, vegetable, fruits and 136. Grain and pube dealers.  136. Trade in inching and coloring and coloring and inching and coloring and finding and coloring and finding and coloring and to a coloring and coloring and coloring and finding and coloring a		be	M	4	M	F.C	ă	2
V.—TRADE	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
V.—TRADE	B.—Preparation and Supply of Material Substances.—(concid.)				7.1			
12  Bank managers, money-lenders, exchange and insurance agents, money changes and brokers and their employees   12  Trade in textiles   12  Trade in textiles   12  Trade in metals   13  Trade in	V.—TRADE							
26. Trade in piecegoods, wool, cotton, silk, hair  123. Trade in piecegoods, wool, cotton, silk, hair  29. Trade in metals, machinery, knives, tools, etc.  11 3 8  22. Hotels, cales, restaurants, etc.  12 19. Venders of wine, liquors, arrated waters and icc.  12 19. Venders of wine, liquors, arrated waters and icc.  27 12 1 1 15  28. Hotels, cales, restaurants, etc.  27 12 1 1 15  29. Trade in metals machinery, knives, tools, etc.  20 12 2 1 1 15  21 19. Venders of wine, liquors, arrated waters and icc.  21 12 1 1 15  22 112 7 243  23 123. Grocers and seilers of vegetable ful, salt and concerns.  26 112 7 2 43  27 12 7 1 15  28 123. Cardamon sellers, sellers and concerns.  28 135. Cardamon, betel-leal, vegetable, fruits and concerns.  29 139. Dealers in law, grass and fodder dealers.  20 6	121. Bank managers, money-lenders, exchange and insurance agents, money changers and		2000					
29. Trade in metals 126. Trade in metals, machinery, knives, tools, etc. 31. Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc. 32. Hotels, cafes, restaurants, etc. 33. One of the continuents of the con	26. Trade in textiles			27/2		18153.6		
32. Hotels, cates, retisarrants, etc.  139. Vends not wine, liquors, arrated waters and icc.  33. Other trade in food-stuffs.  33. Other trade in food-stuffs.  134. Genera and sellers of vegetable /il, salt and other condiments.  134. Sellers of sweetingats, sugar, gur and 20 6 9 1157 other condiments.  135. Cardamons, betel-leaf, vegetable, fruits and arcanus sellers.  136. Grain and pulse dealers of vegetable, fruits and arcanus sellers.  137. Tobacco, optium, Ganja, etc., sellers 4 15 1 22 177. Tobacco, optium, Ganja, etc., sellers 4 15 1 22 179. Dealers in hay, grass and fooder 3 1 1 22 179. Dealers in hay, grass and fooder 3 1 1 22 179. Tobacco, optium, Ganja, etc., sellers 4 15 1 22 179. Tobacco, ready made shoes, perfumes, etc.).  35. Trade in ready made shoes, perfumes, etc.).  36. Trade in ready made shoes, perfumes, etc.).  37. Trade of other sorts 400 100 2 6 298 1012. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 112. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 112. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 112. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise 400 100 2 6 298 1152. General liberal Arts 400 115 42 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	29 Trade in metals			10000	DATE:	MINE COLUMN		
33. Other trade in food-stuffs  134. Gelears and sellers of vegetable /il, salt and other condiments.  134. Sellers of sweetingats, sugar, gur and 20 6	32. Hotels, cases, restaurants, etc	27	12	***	1	100	15	
134. Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gur and manage   20   6   14     135. Catedamom, betel-leaf, vegetable, fruits and a   19   4     15     136. Grain and pulse desters   137. Tokacor option, Carial, etc., sellers   139. Tokacor option, Carial, etc., sellers   139. Tokacor option, Carial, etc., sellers   139. Tokacor option, Carial, etc., sellers   13   1   26     137. Tokacor option, Carial, etc., sellers   13   1   26     139. Trade in clothing and toilet articles   1   1       14   15   1   26     15   17   17   18   18   18   18     15   1   26   18     16   17   17   18   18   18   18     17   18   18   18   18   18     18   19   19   18   18   18     19   19   18   18   18   18     19   19   18   18   18     10   10   18   18     10   10   18   18     11   18   18   18     12   18   18   18     15   18   18   18     16   18   18   18     17   18   18   18     18   18   18   18     18   18	33. Other trade in food-stuffs 132. Grocers and sellers of vegetable ril, salt and	362		7	***	1948	243	700
135. Cardamom. betelelear, vegetable, fruits and all post of the process of the	other condiments.  134. Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gur and	20	6	312	***	995	14	
136. Grain and pulse dealers	· 135. Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetable, fruits and	19	4	***		***	15	121
34. Trade in clothing and loilet articles  140. Trade in ready made clothing and other articles of dress and tollets (nats, umbrellas, socks, ready made shoes, perfumes, etc.).  39. Trade in articles of luxnry and those periaining to letters  140. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fanse small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.  40. Trade can be ready to the common bangles, beads, necklaces, fanses, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.  40. Trade can be ready to the common bangles, beads, necklaces, fanses, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.  40. Trade can be ready to the common bangles, beads, necklaces, fanses, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.  40. 100. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  40. 110. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  40. 110. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  40. 100. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  40. 100. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  40. 100. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  40. 100. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  40. 100. 2 6 298  152. Greatore-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unspecified.  41. 1. 1	136. Grain and pulse dealers	11	15			3.5363	28	199
articles of dress and tollets (thats, umbrellas, socks, ready made shoes, perfumes, etc.).  39. Trade in articles of luxury and those perialning to letters and the arts and sciences.  149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, 149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, 151. Dealers and selected in common bangles, 152. Dealers in article, 152. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common bangles, 153. Dealers in common ban	34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles		1	711	***	114	***	116
39. Trade in articles of luxury and those periaining to letters and the arts and sciences.  149. Dealers in common bangles, beads, necklaces, fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing tackel, flowers, etc.  40. Trade of other sorts.  132. General store/keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unuspecified.  C.—Public Administration and liberal Arts.  40. 100 2 6 298  132. General store/keeper and shop-keeper otherwise unuspecified.  C.—Public Corce.  40. 13 88 3 152  VI.—PUBLIC FORCE.  40. 15	articles of dress and toilets (hats, umbrellas,		1	-			***	18.33
Ann. small articles, toys, hunting and fishing ackel, flowers, etc.	39. Trade in articles of luxury and those pertaining to letters	31	4		146	MIN	1990	
40. Trade of other sorts   400   100   2   6   298   132. General store-keeper and shop-keeper otherwise   400   100   2   6   298	fans, small articles, toys, hunting and fishing	31	1	2	444	***	25	
C.—Public Administration and Liberal Arts   243   88   3   152	40. Trade of other sorts	7	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN			100000		
## 1. Army   9   5   4   4   4   Police   156. Army (Indian States)   9   5   4   4   Police   159. Police   23   9   5   4   4   160. Village watchmen   23   9   14   161. Village watchmen   8   1   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7   7	C Public Administration and Liberal Arts	1.77(50)			2460LH	10 may 20 mg		
139. Police	41. Army	9	5	ake	-11	777	4	
VII.—PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION   84   33     51	159. Police	23	9			100	14	
VIII.—PROFESSION AND LIBERAL ARTS   119   40   3   76	VIL-PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	84	33	***	755	A	51	
46. Religion	161. Service of the State	84	33	***	344	1	51	
1	46. Religion	67	. 24		7		43	
169. Lawyers of all kinds, including Kazis, law agents and Mukhtars.	pilgrim conductors, circumcisers.		7 (11)			***	42	140
43. Medicine 9 3 3 3 3  171. Medical practitioners of all kinds including dentists, occulists, and veterinary surgeons.  172. Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc.  50. Letters and arts and sciences 42 12 1 30  178. Music composers and masters and players of all kinds of musical instruments (not military) singers, actors and dancers).  D.—Miscellaneous 42 12 1 30  all kinds of musical instruments (not military) singers, actors and dancers).  X.—DOMESTIC SERVICE 411 118 23 270  52. Domestic service 411 118 23 3 270  181 Cooks, water-carriers, door-keepers, watchmen and other indoor servants.  XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OCCUPATIONS 543 148 101 4 294  53. General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.  184. Manufacturers, business-men and contractors 4 1 3 otherwise unspecified.  187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.  XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE 379 120 32 11 227  55. Byegars, vagrants, prostitutes 379 120 32 11 227  189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc 379 120 32 11 227  189. Beggars, vagrants, prostitutes 379 120 32 11 227  189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc 362 120 27 11 215	169. Lawyers of all kinds, including Kazis, law	375		The state of	MI TYPES	10000	1 2 3 3 5 7 7 7	
172. Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc.   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3   3	48. Medicine	6		100				
50	dentists, occulists, and veterinary surgeons.  172. Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses,	3	-	3	1	****	***	1 14
all kinds of musical instruments (not military) singers, actors and dancers).  D.—Miscellaneous X.—DOMESTIC SERVICE M. Miscellaneous M. Missellaneous M. Miscellaneous M. Missellaneous M. Missel	50. Letters and arts and sciences				70		1000	
D.   Miscellaneous   .	all kinds of musical instruments (not military)		The Capital				-	JOHN
181 Cooks, water-carriers, door-keepers, watchmen and other indoor servants.  XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OCCUPATIONS 543 148 101 4 294 53. General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.  184. Manufacturers, business-men and contractors 4 1 3 otherwise unspecified.  187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.  XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE 379 120 32 11 227 55. Bgegars, vagrants, prostitutes 379 120 32 11 227 189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc 362 120 27 11 215	D.—Miscellaneous	411	118	23	-	10000	270	1 13
XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OCCUPATIONS   543   148   101   4     294   294   33. General terms which do not indicate a definite occupation.   184. Manufacturers, business-men and contractors otherwise unspecified.   187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.   187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.   379   147   101   4     291	181 Cooks, water-carriers, door-keepers, watchmen			1 1100		0.00		- 100
184. Manufacturers, business-men and contractors otherwise unspecified.   187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.   187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.   187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.   189. Beggars, vagrants, prostitutes   189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc.   189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, witc	XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OCCUPATIONS	70.00	100000			200		
187. Labourers and workmen otherwise uncertainty and specified.  XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE 379 120 32 11 227 55. Bgegars, vagrants, prostitutes 379 120 32 11 227 189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc 362 120 27 11 215	occupation.  184. Manufacturers, business-men and contractors	1 6%	1	***		200	3	
XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE 379 120 32 11 227 55. Bgegars, vagrants, prostitutes 379 120 32 11 227 189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc 362 120 27 11 215	187. Labourers and workmen otherwise un-	539	147	101	4	542	291	
189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc 362 120 27 11 215	XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE	379	120	32	11	- 444	227	100
	189. Beggars, vagrants, witches, wizards, etc	10		70		944	1 3 4 7 7 7 7 7	



## TABLE XVIII.

## Subsidiary Occupations of Agriculturists.

- 1. This Table is identical with Table XV, Part B, of the last Census.
- 2. It deals with the subsidiary occupations of agriculturists ( actual workers only ) and is divided into three parts:—
  - (1) Rent receivers,
  - (2) Rent payers, and
  - (3) Farm Servants and Field labourers

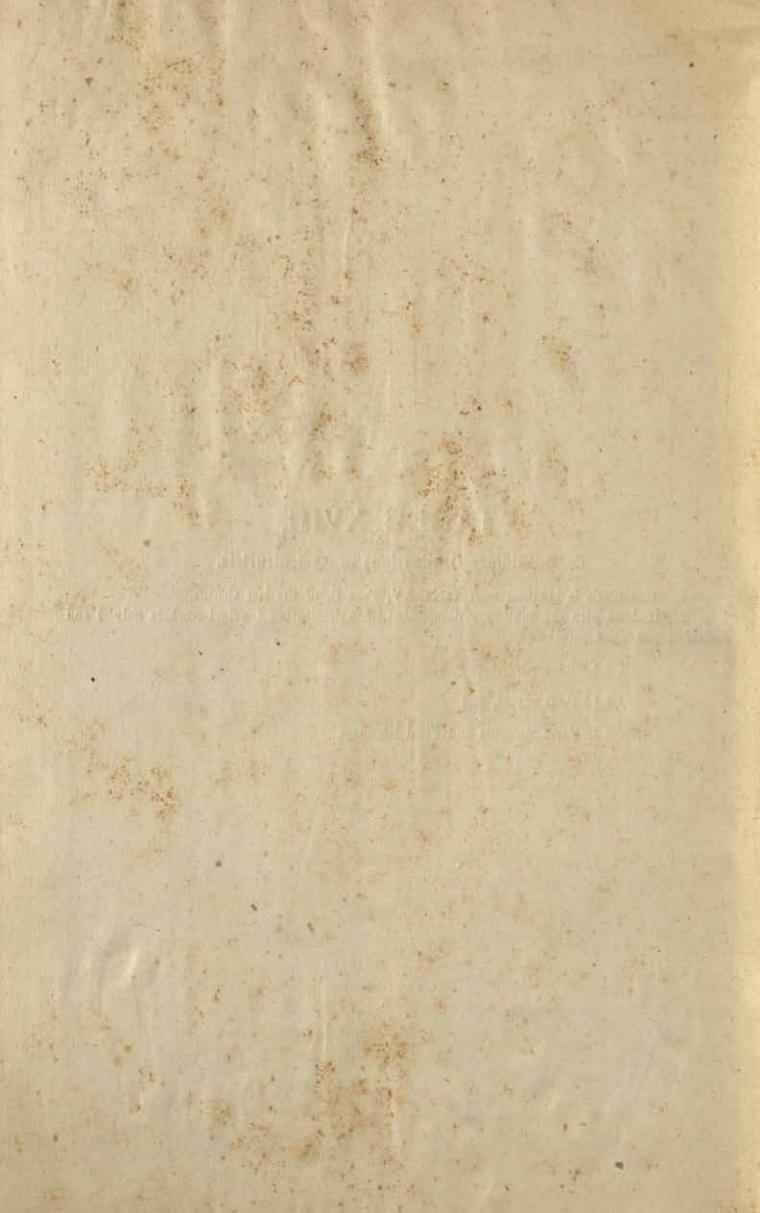


TABLE XVIII, -Subsidiary Occupations of Agriculturists (actual workers only).

# (1) Rent receivers.

-		-	Name of	-1			-			-	-	11/2	200	EZA COL	-	6	-	
F	100	ź	Ecmales	7	25	:	8	41	1	.1	1	*		77	18	1	1	
1		Others.	· Males,	30	206	1	200	107	1	143	1	\$	-17	H		1	2	11
1		us:	Females.	20	iii	1	19	112	46	1	1	2	1	-	-	- 3	1	1
1	71	Artisans	ylaics.	28	85	1,	86	1,	32	-	1	1		45	11/1	-	22	
1		<b>第</b> 本点	Females.	27	-	1	1	- 1	9	1	1	1	TIE	1	1	1	1	
1		Medical practi- tioners.	Males.	26	1	-	*	1	10		1	1			1	1	ce	
1		10 m	Females.	23	1	1	1	No.		A	1	35	1		1913	Si I	3	35
1		Estate Agents and Managers.	ptujes:	24	91		16	1	To the second	30	le		1	80	4	1	1	1 5
1	3	1 1	Females.	23		1	1	1	320		1 -	1			15	1	4	3
	14	Lawyers.	Males,	22	28	No.	2		113.	1	T.	+	-	0	1	1	**	
	NED	-4	Females,	21	54	9	**	1	10	47	1	7	1	11	1	1.	-	1
-	RETURNED.	School masters.	-solete	- 20	89	1	89	1	39	17	di	.4	*	12	64	5	*	30
	E N	70 .	Pemales.	10	1	1	1		3	de l	1	-	1	193	1	-	1	1
	UPATIC	Clerks all kinds.	Males.	18	8	1	113	*	3.5	n		**	-	51	THE PARTY NAMED IN	*	51	1
	Occ		Kemujea-	17	2	13	55	-	17		1611	H	1	I	1301	S. Will	HERE !	1
1	SUBSIDIARY OCCUPATIONS	Priests.	Males	16	9		40	10	15	N	-	1		.10	1	1	12	10
	1880	43%	Females.	13	0=	1	=	13.3	*	1		7	48	1	1	1	1	
	10	Other traders of all linds.	Males-	14	001	!	100	8	9	80	10	9	-	19	10		*	1
+	DETAILS	~ E 2	Femiles.	13	22	1	2	1	00	-	4	10)	100.7	1	(10)	18	1	1
1	DR	Money lenders and grain dealers,	Males.	22	245	1	245	19	22	43	4	19	22	H	10	9	78	1
			Females.	1 =	60	1	63	1	CE		1	4	1	8	1	4	E.	1
1		Government servants of all kinds.	Males.	10	26	10	87	9	23	18	1	12	'n	30	1	*	•	.00
1			Females.	0	82	1	81	+	62	00	1	1	-	1	3	3.5	10	1
		Agricul- tural labourers.	Malcs.	00	288	N. Co.	288	m	8	109	20	4	*	16	•	0	+	1
			Pemales.	1	1,185		1,185	120	322	373	32	198	17	8.4	4		. 22	
		Rent payers.	Males.	0	080'6	1	080'6	1,095	3,409	2,539	171	762	463	335	128	11	18	1
-		Transition I	Lemajes	100	1.461	-	1,461	169	411	383	36	217	56	88	118	T &	43	-
	1	Number of actual workers who returned sub- sidiary occu- pations.	-	1		11.1	100	1,340	3,671	2,897	200	862	519	899	251	8	270	1
	1	Number of workers returned sidiary o	Males.	-	189'01 8	-	-	507 1.	147	N. A.	107	393	1,660	820	936	70	120	35
		int inclual inclual	Females	0	9,458	-	9,458		3,366	3 1,233	130	118	-			77	1 3	*
		Total number of rent receivers (actual workers).	Males	61	35,539	-	35,541	2,794	13,405	7,813	543	2,243	2,736	2,320	2,915	253	395	124
1	4		-	1	6	1	T	1	1	Ti		1	1	160	1	1	F	116
		DISTRICT.	Tax of		Owallor State (Excluding Gangapur)	Gangapur	Gwallor State	1. Glrdi	2, Bhind	3. Tonwarghar	4. Sheopur	5. Narwar	6. Isagarh	7. Bhilsa	8. Ujjain	9. Mandasor	10. Shajapur	11. Amjhera
-	Y	A		-	Ow (Exclus	Ganga	AD ON	1	2,	4 4			6	7	86	0	10	=

# TABLE XVIII.—Subsidiary Occupations of (2) Rent

	100			Total :	number	Number o							4	DETAIL	LS OF	Substi	IARY
nber.		Districts.		of rent	payers vorkers).	worker returned ary occu	subsidi-	Recei	ent vers.		ultural irers.	Gen labou	eral rers.	Gover servar all ki	its of	Mor lender grain d	rs and
Serial Number.	. 17			Malen.	Females,	Males.	Females	Males.	Females.	Males.	[Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1	101	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1 2	Gwali Gan Ganga	or State (excla		888,484	268,334	38,660	12,596	9,406	3,648	3,163	1,583	6,121	2,794	797	122	1,337	220
	12000		***	1,048	108	85	5	1	1000	1995	1	_14	1	1	***	6	***
3	Gwali	or State (Incli	iding	889,532	268,442	38,745	12,601	9,407	3,648	3,163	1,584	6,135	2,795	798	222	1.343	220
4	1.	Gird		69,161	17,809	4,630	1,227	354	97	176	57	970	447	119	80	151	14
5	2,	Bhind		119,542	39,347	11,299	5,650	6,761	2,967	1,319	850	1,675	997	182	25	105	45
6	3.	Tonwarghar	219	116,786	39,675	5,587	1,684	881	331	257	211	915	188	31	3	235	55
7	4.	Sheopur	***	30,685	6,857	2,293	539	65	24	102	58	495	183	12	1	63	3
8	5.	Narwar	***	100,498	41,821	5,217	1,440	600	154	147	84	746	397	241	10	199	39
9	6.	Isagarh	***	107,542	41,137	2,617	628	338	36	148	26	221	84	38	16	88	30
10	7.	Bhilsa	See	52,833	11,294	1,905	222	68	6	301	31	227	45	10	11	60	11
11	8.	Ujjain	***	76,491	19,923	2,020	576	121	10	255	165	477	246	108	14	168	9
12	9.	Mandasor		62,511	23,931	1,104	297	67	2	214	48	201	105	22	53	72	1
13	10.	Shajapur		87,196	23,039	1,725	202	150	20	168	46	171	82	24	6	195	12
14	20	Amjhera		66,287	3,609	348	46	2	1	76	8	127	21	1	3	7	1

TABLE XVIII.—Subsidiary Occupations of (3) Farm servants

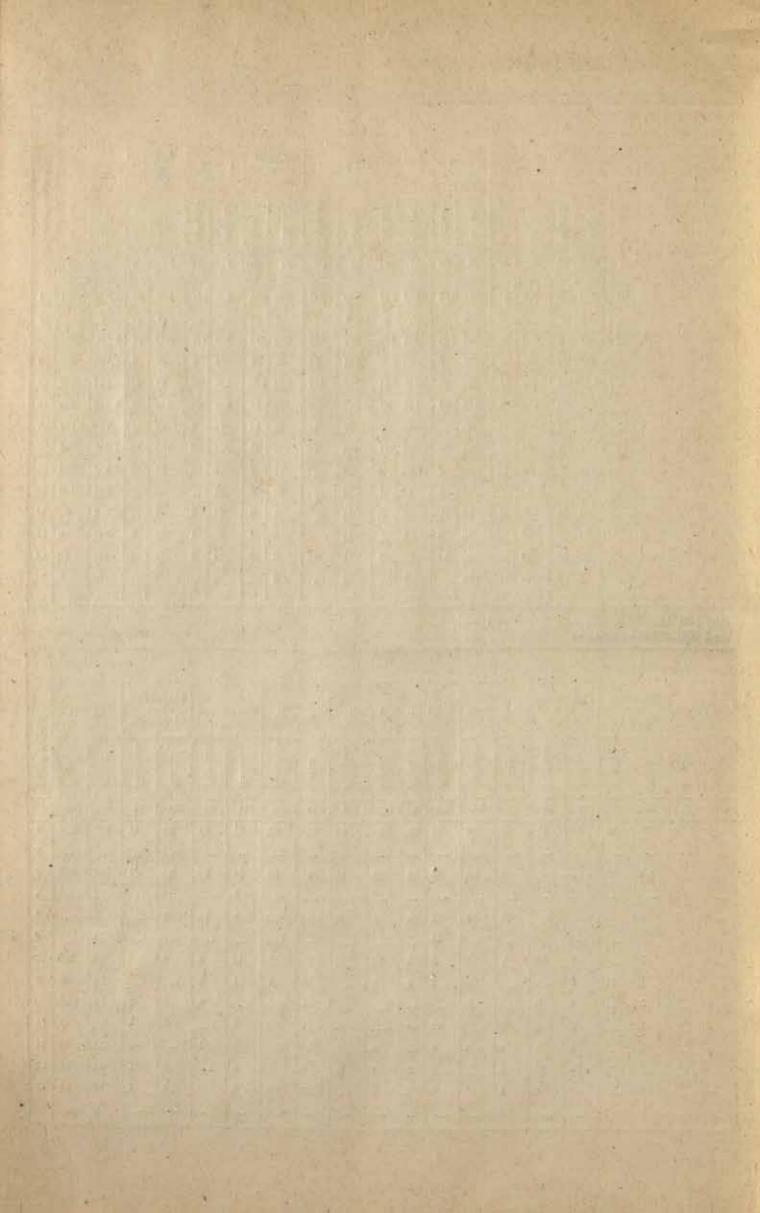
T		Total number	Number of actual		000	1517				*DETA	ILS OF	Suns	DIARY
mber.	Districts.	of agricultural	workers who re- turned subsidiary soccupations.		ent vers.	Re		Ger labor	eral irers-		lage imen-	breede	tile ers and men.
Serial Number.		Males. Females.	Mates. Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
11	2	3 4	5 6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Gwallor State (excluding Gangapur).	71,512 88,440	2,770 1,770	391	167	535	259	348	354	99	- 5	204	115
2	Gangapur	41 47	T	.1.	ile.	in a	***		***			***	
3	Gwallor State (including Gangapur)	71,553 88,487	2,770 1,770	391	167	535	259	348	354	99	5	204	115
4	1, Gird	1,944 1,870	116 55	13	22	52	5	6		8	946	2	***
5	2. Bhind	2,109 2,322	376 402	96	104	121	133	56	40	4	2	10	19
6	3. Tonwarghar	964 292	70 5	18	1	10	4	599	***	5944	540	12	200
7	4. Sheopur	5,769 8,753	400 418	8	3	48	16	45	93	1	***	122	76
8	5. Narwar	3,165 6,095	106 145	13	15	13	50	47	27	1	-		4
9	6. Isagarh	9,403 13,126	249 164	10	6	47	1	3	18	17	1	9	8
10	7. Bhilea	23,674 15,623	275 98	30	6	41	6	41	7	1	722	9	1
11	8. Ujjain	8,416 17,332	\$46 199	144	1	100	20	92	82	45	2	19	***
12	9. Mandasor	3,688 6,104	230 178	6	2	51	12	34	70	5	200	10	4
13	10. Shajapur	10,233 14,568	368 102	53	5	41	10	23	12	12	***	9	3
14	11. Amjhera	2,188 2,402	34 4	***	Jan 1	11	2	.1	1	3		2	

# Agriculturists (actual workers only).

Other t		Fisher and boatm	1	Catt breeder milker	15 &	Villa	ge nen.	Weav	ers.	Barbe	rs,	Oil pre	iscrs.	Wash mer		Potte	TA.	Black smiths carpent	and	Othe	zen.	er.
Males.	Females	Mates.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males,	Females:	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females:	Males.	Females.	Mates.	Females	Serial Number,
17	15	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	.31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
1.725	411	279	86	2,712	602	579	37	631	178	633	133	870	359	682	304	550	141	629	97	8,546	1.781	1
3	444		(10)	4:	2295	3.	159/	22	3	200	seet:	1	1750	1	***	200	212	4	70	25	1272	2
1,728	411	279	86	2,716	602	582	37	653	181	633	133	871	359	683	304	550	141	633	97	8,571	1,781	3
312	118	28	2	407	80	43	5	77	6	61	3	101	18	41	16	20	1	49	1	1,721	282	*
85	7	3	23	176	194	106	11	88	56	136	61	218	189		113	133	52	64	43	104	7	5
334	68	17	(922)	159	32	113	- 1	170	75	156	47	243	79	164	74	234	58	130	37	1,548	137	6
166	16	3	1	682	83	13	1	16	944	43	***	57	13	38	15	41	22	102	10	553	361	8
224	38	80	46	714	1000	56 28	11	93	24	72 63	11 8	56	45	172	57	40		79	4	1,002	274	9
138	86	54	7 2	226	47	13	Acc	BI	3	15	1 :	74	200	29	3	10	-	49		772	102	13
83	6 21	15	4	80	12	113	11	10		26		14	1222	8	4	13	2	49	-	416	77	11
59	38	42	-	53	3	42	3	30	3	7		12	4	6	4	20	1	43	2	214	30	12
167	8	34	1	97	. 9	41	***	50	10	47	2	10	10	5	5	12	1	41	1	513	80	13
13	5	3	077	9	1	14		14	404	7		2	1	2	100	3		3		65	6	14

Agriculturists (actual workers only). and Field labourers.

Mill h	ands.	Fisher an boatn	id	Shopke an Ipadi	id	Oil pre	ssers.	Weave	ers.	Pott	ers.	Leat	her ters.	Washer	rmen.	Blacks an carper	id	Othe	ers.	The same of
Males:	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Malcs.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Malcs.	Fem les.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	October 19 and 1
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	
14	3	28	28	67	41	46	29	63	39	39	14	184	58	31	34	20	11	697	610	ı
***	***	1	444		7250	***	***	100	***		1	100	322	144	144	50 E	***	7944	100	ı
14	3	28	28	67	41	46	29	63	39	39	14	184	58	31	34	20	11	697	610	ı
	1	A(6)	***	2		241	100	200	444		7444	***	***	1		1998	***	32	23	ı
***	2	1	444	198	***	24	19	12	16	21	9	24	39	4	19	2	***	1	315	ı
		444.	***		100	1191	***	16			7944	***			***	127		14	222	ı
++=		2		33	10	2	3	5	2	2	2	23	3	12	6	6	2	91	200	ı
***	***	1	13	1			3	2	2	1	944	10	4	1	2	144	1947	16	25	ı
3	277	12	11	5	9		2	1225	Large Control	1442	444	61	5		4	3	1	79	95	ı
4	200	1	1212	2	2	3		18	8		1	21	3	6		2	1	94	63	
3.1		1	-	5	1	8	2	4	2242	6	1	13	***	4	1	A	6	105	83	
		***	3	16	18	2		3	9	5	1	9	1	1	***	3	1	82	57	١
4	- 400	6		3	1	1		3	2	4	240	23	3	2	2	.4	1	178	64	
25.00	2000	4	1		- 5	6	****	1000	772			775	744		Tital		440	5		



## TABLE XIX.

#### Mixed Occupations.

- 1. This corresponds with Table XV-C of 1911.
- 2. This Table shows for certain mixed occupations the number of persons who returned each occupation as their (A) principal and (B) subsidiary means of livelihood.
  - 3. No mixed occupation is recorded in Gangapur Pargana.

## TABLE XIX-Showing for certain mixed occupations the number of persons who

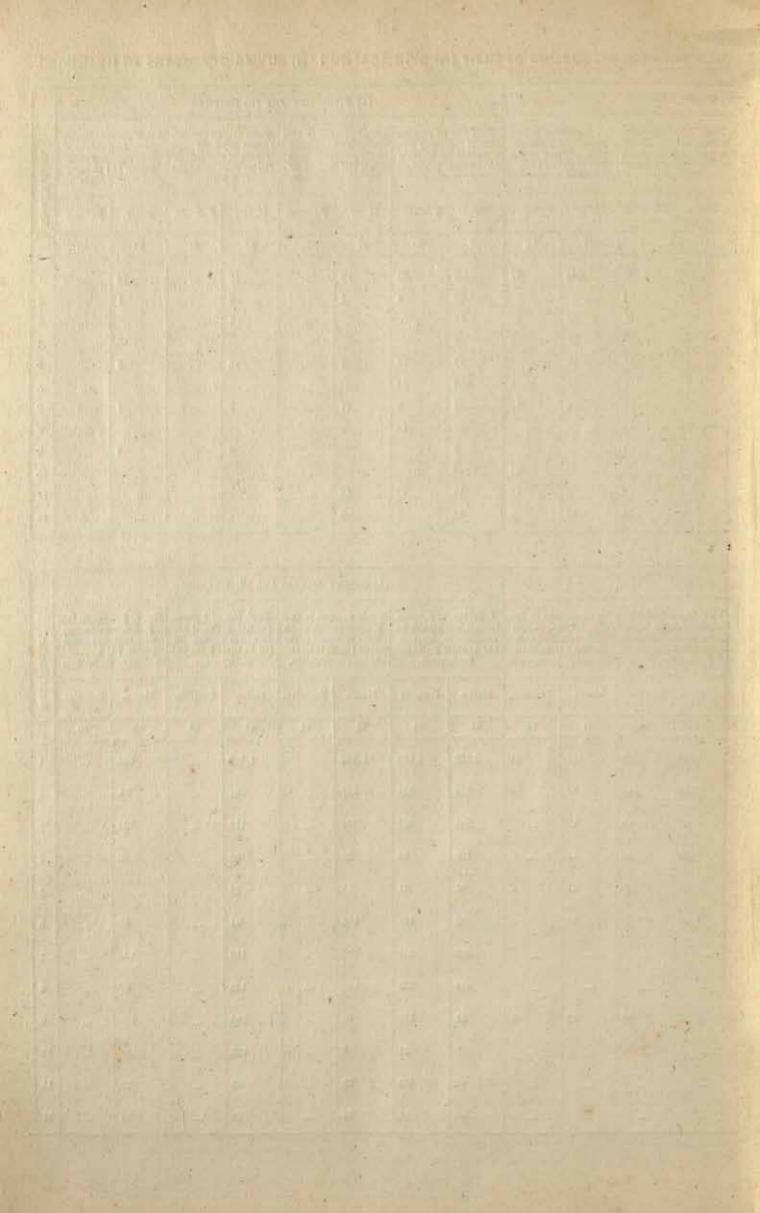
	1-18		Tree .	(A) S	HEPHER	DAND (B)	BLANKE	T WEAVE	RS.		(	A) GRAIN	DEALERS A	ND.
Serial Number.	Distric	7,	(actual we returned (A) as th	of persons rkers) who occupation eir princi- apation.	ed occup as their	ho return-	kers) wi ed occu as their	no return-	umns wh occupat their st	ion (A) as	who ret pation ( princip	of persons workers) wrned occu- A) as their al occupa- tion,	who retu	g columns rned occu- 3) as their
Serin	1638		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
1	Gwalior S	tate.	4,936	1,219	207	98	368	216	17	11	8,827	3,200	5,378	1,629
2	Gird	777	619	113	37	9	24	13	-++1		613	143	257	41
3	Bhind	***	546	274	89	17	5	4	-197	2	442	184	294	37
4	Tonwargha	t	732	29	41	23	***	2	22		245	1,068	81	403
5	Sheopur	111	146	68	840	***		5		3	548	36	210	13
6	Narwar	244	974	423	***	19	71	89	8	2	1,475	570	924	395
7	Isagarh		517	29	222	2	60	15	4	1	1,209	285	856	188
8	Bhilsa	224	182	41	-	1	58	30	1	1	375	96	179	69
9	Ujjain		589	93	***		56	13		2	1,451	200	1,239	191
0	Mandasor	***	207	12	19	6	78	44	3	2	989	136	434	89
1	Shajapur	1244	201	128	11	21	16	1	1	- 16	1,344	470	887	203
12	Amjhera	1944	123	9	10		***		***		136	12	17	

	Francisco		- (2	) FIELD I								(A) CATTL		
Serial Number.	Districts	5.	(actual wo	r principal	ed occur	pation (R)	ed occu	no refuers	occupati their st	persons in ceding col- to returned on (A) as absidiary apation,	who ret pation princip	o, of persons I workers) urned occu- (A) as their al occupa- ion.	who retu	g columns irned occu- B) as their
Seri		- 4	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
			27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
1	Gwallor St.	ate.	69,166	88,181	4,729	1000	4,204	261	957	15	948	86	815	74
2	Gird	***	1,671	1,862	624	**	284	- 6	71	***	49	114	37	-
3	Bhind		2,046	2,321	917	***	588	54	107	7	***	142		30775
4	Tonwarghar		917	279	103	***	231	1	36	p44.5	4		1	5
5	Sheopur	***	5,407	8,743	621	344	63	1	8	775.		·	44	***
6	Narwar		3,035	6,095	100		737	55	178	2	880	74	769	65
7	Isagarh	***	8,966	13,071	745	227	284	81	114	4	***	700	200	
8	Bhilsa	****	23,266	15,499	809	***	424	***	192	400	15	12	8	9
9	Ujjain	***	8,273	17,308	626	(44)	622	16	66		***	-	-	200
10	Mandasor	****	3,611	6,054	116	-	459	36	87		44			***
11	Shajapur	***	9,786	14,547	20	42	268	_ 6	62	***	W.	477	394	440
12	Amjhera	***	2,188	2,402	48	***	264	5	16	2	22.5	100	Saw.	

## returned each occupation as their (A) principal and (B) subsidiary means of livelihood.

B) M	MONEY L	ENDERS.			17.34		(A) Fis	SHERMEN A	ND (B) BOA	TMEN.			
(act	rned occu	kers) who apation (B) cipal occu-	who retur pation (A	columns ned occu-	returned of (A) as their		who return pation (B)	columns med occu-	returned of (B) as their	rkers) who occupation	who return pation (A	ons in two g columns med occu- ) as their occupation,	Number
b	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Seein
	15	16	17	18	19	20	- 21	22	23	24	25	26	_
	2,374	1,101	164	81	445	98	73		19	911	14		
	436	95	222	442	20	4	5	n There	2	1000	-1	440	ı
	97	181	39	23	11	440	444	114.5	1	care.	666	340	ı
	256	225	21	9	2	***	144	9(4)	***		(44)	0 100	ı
3	97	40	18		17	12	4	***	10	1,000	8		ı
3	384	130	24	7	106	15	23	- 227	1000				ı
	265	67	38	10	52	9	11	***	2	144	1	112	ı
	86	16	444	1966	57	14	9	***	1664	Este	***	1989	١
	135	93	***	***	7	(444)	***	***	4		4	1999	ı
	144	90	8	11	3	200		775	25550	2.000	***	-	
	229	113	6	19	114	41	12	***		der .	***		
	245	51	10	2	56	3	9	346	444	1444	443		L

(B) MILEMEN	٤.					(A) BASKE	T MAKERS	AND (B) D	RUMMERS.			1
Total No. o (actual work returned occur as their prin patio	ters) who apation (B) scipal occu-	who retu	sons in two g columns rned occu- t) as their occupation,	(actual wo returned of (A) as their	of persons rkers) who occupation r principal pation,	who returnation (B)	cons in two columns rned occu- as their sub- ccupation.	(actual we returned (B) as their	of persons orkers) who occupation r principal ation.	who return pation (A	sons in two g columns med occu- i) as their occupation-	ber,
Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males-	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Serial
39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	
436	342	157	41	2,137	1.539	1,256	224	1,204	22	936	line .	1
104	113	48	23	213	324	147	77	18	11,75%	74	3555	2
67	46	13	***	568	107	435	27.50	117		105	644	3
39	21	16	***	107	94	27	***	. 88	5 ***	49	340	4
44	97	21	4	. 51	21	11	24.0	15	V	2117		5
90	7	47	6	378	199	176	112	91	Signer 1	67	200	6
A				289	201	204		115	:	103	-	7
279.	***	***	1.89	414	223	197		128	744	87	344	8
92	58	12	8	28	177	10	P 44	262		184		9
213	1			7	21	7		167	***	150	3990	10
77	(***)	***	hee	42	160	20	10 mg	82	***	75	344	11
795	***	16	***	40	12	22	***	58	344	45	120	12



## TABLE XX.

#### Distribution by Religion of Workers and Dependants in Different Occupations.

This Table, like Table XVII, shows by main religions the total number of actual workers and dependants who follow different occupations. This is optional and is identical with Table XV, Part D, of last Census.

The details for Gangapur are as under :-

I	per.	TO I		RELIGI	ON.		ber.		Dis	RELIG	TION I	ву	ber,	Earl	Dr	RELI		SY .
1	Group Number	TOTAL.	Hinda.	Musalman.	Jain.	Animist.	Group Number.	TOTAL.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain,	Animist.	Group Number,	TOTAL.	Hindu.	Musalman.	Jain.	Animist.
k	langap	ur 9,401	8,034	534	488	344	67	7	***	7	***	3555	137	44	39		5	
1	1	3	3	***		****	68	1	222	1	***	***	139	3	***	115		3
1	2	4,004	3,672	75	18	239	72	14	14	***			140	1	***	1	-	
1	5	201	122	***	340	79	77	76	76	275		1722	149	31	31	124	140	744
1	9	6	422	116		6				140	-	1000	2275	***	***		++41	144
1	13	16	14	2	Sec.	240	80	42	42	***	***	1000	152	400	251	24	125	344
1	14-	79	77		(846)	2	81	118	118	***	- 640	1000	156	9	8	1	244	200
1	25	81	26	55		101	89	71	2	69	***	***	159	23	16	6	1	322
١	26	85	52	11	22	***	98	103	103	275	***	322	160	. 8	***			8
1	27	299	261	38	100		103	60	60		***	100	161	84	67	12	5	
1	37	85	40	45	222	10.	114	36	35	1	***	.722	165	2	Haavii		2	
Į,	40	479	479	***	***	20	116	43	43	5.0	100		168	65	65	44	***	1974
Į,	44	78	78	344	(144	***	121	357	200		157	11400	169	1	1	411	***	
ú	45	3	3	270	199	311	122	77	67	2000	10	- 444	171	6	6	Sto	100	200
	48	45	44	1	***	***	123	152	86	7	59	57P	172	3	3	***	de.	
1	49	52	48	5550		4	126	11	11	***		1000	178	42	32	10	140	
0,4	53	27		27	22	mi	129	27	27	1944			181	411	367	21	22	1
	55	175	175	120	566	344	132	230	174	1000	56	-42	184	•	3	. 1	140	***
1	58	2	***	2	***		-134	20	20	***	446	7000	187	539	462	75	2	7 ***
	61	112	112	***	200	-	135	19	9	10	***	100	189	362	329	31		2
-	65	3	***		3	222	136	46	44	1	1	416	190	17	17	***		245
-7		1				150						NO.		1				

Note.-One Anglo-Indian to be included in Group No. 8.

# TABLE XX.—Distribution by Religion of Workers and Dependants in Different Occupations.

	Total number		Dist	RIBUTION B	RELIGION.		-
Occupation	of workers and dependants	Hindus.	Musalmans.	Jains.	Animists.	Christians.	Others.
1	2	3		5	6	7	8
Gwalior State excluding Gangapur Gangapur	3,186,075 9,401	2,805,924 8,034	176,883 534	38,906 488	161,629 344	1,649	1.084
Gwalior State including Gangapur	3,195,476	2,813,958	177,417	39,394	161,973	1,650	1,084
AProduction of Raw Materials IExploitation of Animals and Vegeta-	2,726,464 2,124,841	1,950,602 1,949,177	54,333 54,164	4.763 4.742	716,301 115,294	23 23	442 442
Pasture and agriculture     (a) Ordinary cultivation     Income from rent of Agricultural	2,123.370 2,064,737 100,275	1,947,758 1,893,949 96,869	54,141 52,499 2,230	4.742 4.618 361	116,272 113,222 748	21 21 3	436 428 28
land. 2. Ordinary cultivators 3. Agents, managers of landed estates (not planters), clerks, rent collec-	1,715,846 1,532	1,581,109	39,992 118	3,731 16	90,622 203	16 2	376
tors, etc.  4. Farm servants 5. Field labourers (b) Growers of special products and market	5,420 241,664 1,441	4,167 210,611 1,403	637 9,522 38	5 505	587 21,026		24
gardening. 7. Fruit, flower, vegetable, betel, vine, arecanut. etc., growers.	1,441	1,430	38	174	***	1575	0.000
8. Forest officers, rangers, guards,	2,880 369	1,764 237	177 120	11	927 11	1	1
9. Wood-cutters, firewood, catechu, rubber, etc., collectors and char- coal burners.	2,274	1,290	57	n	916		200
10. Lac collectors (d) Raising of farm stock 11. Cattle and buffalo breeders and keepers.	237 54,312 2,386	237 50,642 2,375	1,427	113	2,123 5		7
12, Sheep, goat and pig breeders 13. Breeders of other animals (horses,	259 34	149 23	69 11	1	36	***	•
mules, camels, asses, etc.).  14. Herdsmen, shepherds, goatherds, etc.	51,633	48,095	1,341	112	2082		3
2. Fishing and hunting	1,471 1,027 444	1,419	23 17	# W	22 10 12	1	6
II.—Exploitation of Minerls  4. Quarries of hard rocks  22. Other minerals (Jade, diamonds, limestone, etc.).	1,622 396 396	1,425 336 336	169 40 40	21 14 14	7 6 6		
5. Salt, etc.  23. Rock, sea and marsh salt  24. Extraction of saltpetre, alum, and other substances soluble in water-	1,226 1,028 198	1,089 1,027 62	129 129	7 7	1	=	
B, -Preparation and Supply of Material Substances.	536,282	449,296	47,530	30,684	8,330	293	149
6. Textiles	341,352 55,648 8,521	313,417 45,675 6,327	23,405 9,246 2,073	1,993 304 85	2,339 395 36	126 25	72
26. Cotten spinning 27. Cotton sizing and weaving	4,026 32,261	3,391 30,050	552	79 93	3	24	1
29. Rope, twine, and string 30. Other fibres (cocoanut, aloes, flax, hemp, straw, etc).	314 146	314 141	2,153		= "	= 1	
31. Wool carding and spinning 32. Weaving of woollen blankets 36. Hair, camel and horse hair	1,023	43 935	9 39	5	2	1	1
37. Dyeing, bleaching, printing, pre- paration and aponging of terriles	8,702	4,058	4,304	*** 26	313	***	1
38. Lace, crepe, embroideries, fringes, etc., and insufficiently described textile industries,	602	476	110	16	THERE	440	1144
7. Hides, skins and hard materials from the animal kingdom.	23,187	27,537	- 516	82	52		
39. Tanners, curriers, leather-dressers, and leather dyers, etc.	17,784	17,527	233	16	8	440	7000
tunks, water bags, saddlery or harness, etc., excluding articles	10,403	10,010	283	66	44	340	17464
8. Wood	34,79 <sub>6</sub> 21,535	33,609 20,900	639 446	88	431 159	21	8
45. Basket makers and thatchers and builders working with bamboo, reed or similar materials, other industries of woody material.	13,261	12,709	193	87	272		
9. Metals	22,265	19,267	2,485	120	382	3	8
of implements and tools princi- pally or exclusively of in-	13,460	11,917	1,442	18	61	3	6
49. Workers in brass, copper and bell metal.	5,712	5,466	205	20	20	-	1
					- 1		

# TABLE XX.—Distribution by Religion of Workers and Dependants in Different Occupations.—contd.

	Total.		DIST	IBUTION BY	RELIGION.	191	
O cupation.	of workers and dependant.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	Jains.	Animists.	Christians,	Others,
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
BPreparation and Supply of Material			-				
Substances.—(contd.)	VI JO		100.00				
III.—INDUSTRY.—(contd.) 9. Metals.—(contd.)						FRAN	911
50, Workers in other metals except	2,421	1,285	785	51	300	575.	17464
precious metals (tin, zinc, lead, quick-silver, etc.).					i cel	100	- 3
51. Workers in mints, die-sinkers, etc.	134	134	***	105	40	775	9
10. Ceramics 52. Makers of glass and crystal ware-	28,929	27,790 12	985	A777	448 h 2000	-52	100
<ol> <li>Makers of glass bangles, glass beads, necklace and glass ear-studs</li> </ol>		790	637	24	10	1.000	9
etc.	1 1 1 2	20			N. Barre		- 3
<ol> <li>Makers of porcelain and crocker.y</li> <li>Potters and earthen pipe and</li> </ol>		25,959	328	81	30	***	- 111
bowl makers.		300000000	7-137		1		227.3
56. Brick and tile makers 57. Others (mosaic, tale, mica,	888	870 40	2.00	984	***	777	
alabaster, etc., workers).  11. Chemical products properly so-called and	2.050	6,867	615	29	441	V	7
analogous.		60 10000	-		10000	100	2
58, Manufacture of matches and ex- plosive materials.	1,131	724	405	***	1777		
59. Manufacture of serated and mineral	8	8		226	2	***	***
waters and ice: 60. Manufacture of dyes, paint and ink.	73	53	12			***	***
61, Manufacture and refining of yege-	5,437	5,212			23		5
table oils. 64. Others (soap candles, lac. cutch,	1,310	870	22		418	300	***
perfumes and miscellaneous drugs.)		20		TO YOU			
12, Food industries	13,320	9,741					10
65. Rice-pounders and huskers and flour-grinders.	2,449	2,09	194	133	20	7.00	1 2
66. Bakers and biscuit makers		320			V 1		***
68. Butchers	22,232	2,31	- 1500 MARKET				***
69. Fish curers	223	16	7 56	5 100	***		12
70. Butter, cheese and ghee makers 71. Makers of sugar, molasses and gur			4775	- 22	***		
72. Sweetmeat makers, preparers of jam and condiments, etc.	5,108	4,04		821	12	2	-
75. Manufacturers of tobacco, opium	34		8 24	4 1			1 1995
and ganja.  13. Industries of dress and the toilet	104,458	100,77	5 3,359	8.	22	_ 13	
76. Hat, cap and turban makers	360	29	5 64	4	440	****	1 4
77. Tailors, milliners, dress-makers darners and embroiderers on linen	- THE STREET	14,06	8 1,41	3	1100		
78. Shoe, boot and sandal makers 79. Other industries pertaining to	T. T. A. S. S. S.				1.	5	***
dress-gloves, socks, gaiters, belts	706	68	2	3	1	-	-
buttons, umbrellas, canes, etc. 80. Washing, cleaning and dyeing	19,711	19,96	9 529	13	100	5 5	
81. Barbers, hair-dressers and wij			20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	2	***
82. Other industries connected with the	27	3	0 3:	7 10		1660	1941
toilet (tattooers, shampooers, batt houses, etc.).					1 1 1 1 1	100	1 30
14. Furniture industries		17	7 60	5	646	7	
83. Cabinet makers, carriage painters etc.	. 251			6			100
15. Building industries	10000				231		2
85. Lime burners, cement workers 86. Excavators and well-sinkers	0 220			The same of the sa	33	240	-
87. Stone cutters and dressers	8,845	7,64	7 971	5.		0	2
88. Brick layers and masons 89. House builders (other than build	3,877						4
ings made of bamboo or simila materials), painters, decorators o	T	- 6117	1 5: 50		Marie S		1
houses, tilers, plumbers, etc.	253	TALL TO			- 4	15	- 44
15. Construction of means of transport 90, Persons engaged in making			5 6		240	15	
assembling or repairing moto		Marie			2	R PARTY	1
vehicles or cycles.  91. Carriage, cart, palki, etc., maker	s 24	2	4		20 7	1 (1940)	***
and wheelwrights.  17. Production and transmission of physica	100	-	4 2	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	1000	F 7 3	*9
forces (heat, light, electricity, motiv	e 13/	10	4				
power, etc. ). 93. Gas workers and electric light power		10			222		
18. Other miscellaneous and undefined in		31125	A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2 9	5 17	10
dustries. 94. Printers, lithographers, engravers	494	26	2 22	7	2	3	
efc.					7.4	144	***
95. Bookhinders and stitchers, envelop makers, etc.				0	4 1 2 2 3		1
96. Makers of musical instruments 97. Makers of watches and clocks an				9	222		
optical, photographic, mathema	120		VIII I		6 455	1000	8
tical and surgical instruments, 98. Workers in precious stones an		13,37	3 13:	5 2	1	0	7
metals, examellers, imitatio		-0,0	The second	1	N THE REAL PROPERTY.		
jewellery makers, gilders, etc.							

# TABLE XX.—Distribution by Religion of Workers and Dependants in Different Occupations.—contd.

	Total number	10.0	DISTS	IBUTION BY	RELIGION.	JA T	
Occupation.	of workers and dependants.	H ndus.	Musalmans.	Jains.	Animists.	Christians.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
B.—Preparation and Supply of Material Substances.—(contd.)	3						
III.—IN DUSTRY.—(contd.)			W. S. C.			100	
18. Other miscellaneous and undefined in-	E 6191	CHICA					
dustries,—(contd.).  99. Makers of bangles, beads or neck-	100	52	46	***		la!	2
laces of other materials than glass, and makers of spangles, rosaries,						1350	
lingams and sacred threads.  100. Toy, kite, cage, fishing tackle, etc.,	57	52	5	4/4/		***	***
makers, taxidermists, etc. 101. Others including managers, persons	73	41	19		Ser.	13	
(other than performers) employed in theatres and other places of					The same		1
public entertainment, employees of public societies, race course service, huntsmen, etc.	2/1/2	13/13/		2	Sale Aut		
102. Contractors for the disposal of refuse, dust, etc.	246	238	7	***	120	m	1
103. Sweepers, scavengers, etc. IV.—TRANSPORT	17,164 18,233	15,951 12,717	1,076 5,024	51 83	85 362	1 32	15
20. Transport by water 108. Persons (other than labourers)	1.414	1,215	64	14 2	120		1
employed on the maintenance of harbours, and docks, streams, rivers	250					1	
and canals (including construction).  109. Labourers employed on the con-	639	491	19	9	120	***	200
struction and maintenance of harbours, and docks, streams, rivers		- E. E.	E'GEG			1	
and canals.  110. Boat owners, boatmen and tow men.	98	82	13	3	****	1000	
21. Transport by road	12,233	7,947	4,079 328	59	134 19	1	
maintenance of roads and bridges.  112. Labourers employed on roads and	2 220	2.45	130	7	6-		
bridges. 113. Owners, managers and employees	2,378	2,165	138	21	7.	100.1	2
(excluding personal servants)		- 100				- ***	
driven vehicles (including trams).  114. Owners, managers and employees	6,373	3,618	2,686	21	47	1	5.00
(excluding personal servants)	1000				100	1	
115. Palki, etc., bearers and owners 116. Pack elephant, camel, mule, ass and bullock owners and drivers.	70 1,218	1,192	16	9	" i		
117. Porters and messengers	377	30	347		# *** CECE	26	11
118. Railway employees of all kinds other than coolies.	4,171 3,939	3,193 2,986	821 821	9	107 82	30 30	11
119. Labourers employed on railway construction and maintenance and	232	207	-6	- 24	25		Tan.
coolies, etc.; porters employed on		120 5			1	Park A	183 T.
23. Post Office, Telegraph and Telephone services.		362	50	1	1	1	***
120. Post Office, Telegraph and Tele- phone services.	415	362	50	1	1	1	- ***
V.—TRADE	176,797	123,162	19,101	28,608	5,629		62
24. Banks, establishments of credit, exchange and insurance.  121. Bank managers, money-lenders.	16,017	10,837	638	4,465	70		277
exchange and insurance agents, money changers and brokers and	16,017	10,837	638	4,465	70	7	200
their employees.  25. Brokerage, commission and export	2,749	1,797	10-	789		7	
122, Brokers, commission agents,	2 740	1,797	105	789	51 51		
owners and employees.  26. Trade in textiles	0.246	5,226	963	2,160	5		7 21
128. Trade in piece-goods, wool, cotton, silk, hair and other textiles.	8,355	5,226	963	2,160	5		1
27. Trade in skins, leather, and furs 124. Trade in skins, leather, furs,	993 993	959 959		6	2 2		22
feathers, horn, and articles made from them, etc.  28. Trade in wood	7 6	F They			1 37	4)	
125. Trade in wood (not firewood), cork, bark, bamboo, thatch, and articles	644	551 551		5 5	11	10000	
29. Trade in metals	1 400	1,095	94	309		150	
126. Trade in metals, machinery, knives, tools, etc.	1,498	1,095		309	-		-
30. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles 127. Trade in pottery, bricks and tiles.	216	211	· · ·	5 5	-	-	
31. Trade in chemical products 128. Trade in chemical products (drugs,	813			62 62	24 24	= '	-
dyes, paints, petroleum, explo- sives, etc.).		Last in					The Color
			100000000			-	1

# TABLE XX.—Distribution by Religion of Workers and Dependants in Different Occupations.—contd.

	Total number	TA I		IBUTION BY	RELIGION.		
Occupation.	of workers and dependants.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	Jains.	Animists.	Christians.	Others.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
B Preparation and Supply of Material				1000	Mass III		
Substances.—(contd.) V.—TRADE.—(contd.)	Tues	DE ST		11/4/13			
32. Hotels, cales, restaurants, etc	3,762	2,987	467	242	30 27	31	5 5
129. Vendors of wine, liquors, rerated waters and ice.	3,438	2,745	420	239	3	29	
130. Owners and managers of hotels, cook shops, sarais, etc., and their	324	242	47	3		= 11	***
33. Other trade in food-stuffs	82,046° 172	61,457 172	6,317	11,818	2,431	*	23
131. Fish dealers 132. Grocers and sellers of vegetable oil, salt and other condiments.	28,660	22,544	1,541	4,367	6	***	2
133. Sellers of milk, butter, ghee, poultry, eggs, etc.	7,378	6,921	225	212	20	2000	***
134. Sellers of sweetmeats, sugar, gur, and molasses.	674	431	41	202	84	255	772
135. Cardamom, betel-leaf, vegetables, fruit and arecanut sellers.	11,989	9,490	2,298 1,715	6,483	74	***	18
136. Grain and pulse dealers 137. Tobacco) opium, ganja, etc., sellers.	26,424 1,392	891 441	266 143	230	67	-	3
138. Dealers in sheep, goats and pigs. 139. Dealers in hay, grass and fodder.	651 4,706 1,538	2,433 1,374	88 156	7	2,178	6	" 1
34. Trade in clothing and toilet articles 140. Trade in ready made clothing and other articles of dress and the toilet	1,538	1,374	156	1		6	1
(hats, umbrellas, socks, ready- made shoes, perfumes, etc.).	Part of	1100			2	LA.	
35. Trade in turniture	54 15	52 13	***	***	2	1	
and bedding. 142. Hardware, cooking utensils,	39	39	11.00	***	11.	0 (222)	***
porcelain, crockery, glassware, bottles, articles for gardening, etc.	114	83	17		14		***
36. Trade in building materials 143. Trade in building materials (stones, plaster, cement, sand, thatch,	114	83		3.00	14	1.00	***
etc.) other than bricks, tiles and woody materials.			-		96		200
37. Trade in means of transport	593 22	411 21		2	***		
transport, motors, cycles, etc.  145. Dealers and hirers in other car-		2	l less	1	•••		1997
riages, carts, boats, etc. 146. Dealers and hirers of elephants.	568	388	83	1	96	***	
camels, horses, cattle, asses mules, etc.	5,986	2,68	550		2,748		
147. Dealers in firewood, charcoal, coal cowdung, etc.	721222	2,688			2,748		***
39. Trade in articles of luxury and those per taining to letters and the arts and	i	- 04				Table .	
sciences. 148. Dealers in precious stones, jeweller;	1,926	1,25	2 128	546	-		-
(real and imitation), clocks, optica instruments, etc.	4,473	2,36	5 2,04	61	#	***	446
149. Dealers in common bangles, beads necklaces, fans, small articles			-		N. A.	Page .	1
toys hunting and fishing tackle flowers, etc. 150, Publishers, booksellers, stationers	276	9	0 7	110	Sec. 1	1900	***
dealers in music, pictures, musica instruments and curiosities.	4	22723			14	5 8	32
40. Trade of other sorts 151. Dealers in rags, stable refuse, etc.	44,644	2	9		***	444	***
152. General store-keepers and short keepers otherwise unspecified.	31,905		27,000		200		1
153. Itinerant traders, pediars, hawken			7	-		1	
154. Other trades (including farmers of pounds, tolls, and markets).	3,000					1440	
C Public Administration and Liberal Arls .	121,129		3.72.22	200000	7 6 4 60	3 Pos	300
VI.—PUBLIC FORCE	42,404	1500				75	
155. Army (Imperial)	22,384	5 33	13 42	9	5	1	1000
44. Police	20,798	0 11,94	6,92	0 8	8 1,0	78	9 8
160. Village watchmen	9,650	7,0	51 1,58	8 1 5 43	7 97	77 86 8	7 95
45. Public administration	37.80	6 283	29 8 79	5 43	100	19 7	7 9:
The second secon	6	8		6	- II-		1 " 1
village) service.  164. Village officials and servants oth	5190	9 4,9	75 31	5 14	5	7	13
than watchmen		1	No. 10	45	1	-	

# TABLE XX.—Distribution by Religion of Workers and Dependants in Different Occupations.—concld.

	Total number		DISTR	IBUTION BY	BUTION BY RELIGION.				
Occupation.	of workers and dependants.	Hindus.	Musalmans.	Jains.	Animists.	Christians.	Others.		
1	2	3	A	5	6	7	В		
C.—Public Administration and Libral Arts.—(contd.)		P Br.							
VIII.—PROFESSION AND LIBERAL ARTS	40,919	35,603	4,386	560	21	237	112		
46. Religion	21,665 11,336 252	21,202 11,217 247	275 85	93 11 2	2	90 23 	3		
monasteries, etc. 167, Catechists, readers, church and	9,195	8,908	158	60	2	67	1077		
mission service.  168. Temple, burial, or burning ground service, pilgrim conductors, circumcisers.	882	830	32	20	w	***	144		
47. Law	1,952 1,401	1,152 894	507 402	284 96	2 2	***	7 7		
Kazis, law agents and mukhtars.  170. Lawyers' clerks, petition-writers, etc.	551	258	105	188		74			
48. Medicine	5,075 1,177	4,581 850	374 251	22 17	4	37	18		
veterinary surgeons. 172. Midwives, vaccinators, compounders, nurses, masseurs, etc.	3,898	3,731	123	5	2	37	1999		
49. Instruction 173. Professors and teachers of all kinds. 174. Clerks and servants connected with	4,142 4,115 27	2,914 2,897 17	960 951 9	156	1	40 40	71 70 1		
education. 50. Letters and arts and sciences	8,085	5,754	2,270	5	10	33	13		
175. Public scribes, stenographers, etc 176. Architects, surveyors, engineers,	128	68	34	5		14	7		
and their employees.  177. Authors, editors, journalists, artists, photographers, sculptors, astronomers, meteorologists, botanists,	211	190	5	222	7800	10	6		
astrologers, etc.  178. Music composers and musters, players of all kinds of musical instruments (not military) singers,	7,516	5,332	2,165	1	10	9	100		
actors and dancers.  179. Conjurors, acrobats, fortune tellers, reciters, exhibitors of curiosities and wild animals.	230	164	66	-	7 <del>44</del>	-11	- 100		
D.—Miscellaneous	411,601	324,902	47,250	28,660	36,202	250	137		
1X.—Persons Living on Their Income 51. Persons living principally on their income. 180. Proprietors (other than of agricultural land), fund and scholarship holders and pensioners.	3,073 3,073 3,073	2,188 2,188 2,188	661 661 661	125 125 125	- 44 44 44	34 34 34	21 21 21		
X.—Domestic Service	74,736	57,277	15,391	975	965	100	28		
52. Domestic Service	74,736 72,314	57,277 55,408	15,391 14,845	975 975	965 965	100	28 21		
servants. 182. Private grooms, coachmen, dogboys,	1,509	1,125	384	***	10211		2775		
etc. 183. Private motor drivers and cleaners.	913	744	162	÷.	2.000	377	7		
XI.—INSUFFICIENTLY DESCRIBED OCCUPATIONS.	272,346	213,352	22,368	1,638	34,826	76	86		
53. General terms which do not indicate a	272,346	213,352	22,368	1,638	34,826	76	86		
definite occupation. 184. Manufacturers, businessmen and	6,955	5,545	1,277	45	31	20	37		
contractors otherwise unspecified.  185. Cashier, accountants, book-keepers, clerks and other employees in unspecified offices, warehouses	19,480	13,411	4,937	530	504	51	47		
and shops.  186. Mechanics otherwise unspecified  187. Labourers and workmen otherwise unspecified.	106 245,805	92 194,304	13 16,141	1,063	34,291	1 4	2		
XII.—UNPRODUCTIVE	61,446	52,085	8,830	122	367	40	2		
54, Inmates of jails, asylums and hospitals 188. Inmates of jails and asylums and alms houses.	1,344 1,344	1,203 1,203	68 68		33 33	40 40			
<ol> <li>Beggars, vagrants, providutes</li> <li>Beggars, vagrants, witches, wirards,</li> </ol>	59,769 58,058	50.577 49,402	8,754 8,230	102 90	334 334	2,	2 2		
190 Procurers and prostitutes 56. Other unclassified non-productive industries. 191. Other unclassified non-productive industries.	1,711 333 333 333	1,175 305 305	524 8 8	12 20 20					
	15			- 5					

# TABLE XXI-A.

## Occupation by Selected Castes, Tribes or Races.

This Table is divided into two parts.—Part A corresponds to Table XVI of last Census.

It is compiled on the present occasion for Europeans, Anglo-Indians and Armenians and some important castes of the State.

Part B is optional and is prepared only for Lashkar City.

The figures for Gangapur Pargana are appended at the end of the Table.

## TABLE XXI-A.—Occupation of

			Popula	TION DEA	LT WITH.	WHOSE T	ER OF ACT RADITIONA VAS RETUR	L CASTE	OCCUPA-	Number Workers i	eturning
ber.	Caste, Tribe or Race.	Traditional Occupation		workers.	Dependants.		al means elihood.		ary means	of livelth had some	n as their I means ood who subsidiary sation.
Serial Number.	The second second		Males.	Femiles.	Вот чехек.	Males.	Females.	Males	Pemales.	Mafes.	Females.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	15	11	12
	Gwallor State	including Gangapur.		1 3		1					
1	Hindu	and the state of		一方电			13	173		0 0 0	100
2		Agriculture	2,629	1,583	6,017	2,024	937	32	10	33	
3			12,765	2,873	20,638	8,874	1,444	490	36	1,110	99
4		Trade	7.762	7,515	12,478	5,428	805	246	19	738	56
5 6 7	171	: : ::	2,131 1,448 1,424	643 326 389	3,342 2,616	1,347 1,013	295 171	152 66	7 8	285 59	27 14
8	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Legend singers	2,422	1,031	2,202 4,497	7,086	173	26	2 2	28 82	2
9	Bhill	Agriculture	775	464	1,224	397	201	6	2	10	
10	Brahman	New 1991	47,569	1,1390	70,237	5,594	733	591	60	1,297	147
11	Bhagor Sanadhya	Priest	5,274	2,417	8,022	1,053	134	67	9	189	20
12 13 14	Shrigaur Dakshani	: : :	37,876 529 3,890	383	52,449 1,298 8,468	3,330 141 1,070	538 39 22	498 16 70	51	1,081 13 74	124 2 1
15	Chama	Leather workers	122,104	72,539	180,901	31,604	11,399	3,513	349	6,306	1,510
16	Gujar	Agriculture	36,842	13,966	56,528	27,512	8,696	1,525	90	1,896	219
17	Kalal	Distillers and Toddy drawers,	4 894	2,380	7,638	1,254	429	119	9	165	28
18	Kayasth	Writer	8,355	1,401	14,542	4,092		79	244	342	***
19	Khangar	Watchmen	4,462	2,701	5,604	1,002	117	38	10	229	61
20	Kirar	Agriculture & hunting	22,979	11,241	32,657	18,959	8,705	96	10	1,265	87
21	Maratha	Military & dominant Hunting and robbery	3,773	1,074 8,492	6,336	1,551	***	14	***	15	_ ##
23	PARTIES.		32,376	5,540	31,337 55,855	4,842	1,505	125	***	87	1
24	Rhadauria.	Military	6,830	650	10,167	1,016	23	158	3	231	6
25 26	Chohan Gehtot	: = =	3,039 458	1,218	7.226 822	549 150	5 9	7 29	777	15 18	***
27	Kachhawaha Ponwar		3,746	537 1,021	9,368	543 499	17	7 74	,	19 53	3
29 30	Rathor		2,339 10,899	7,071	4,470 17,692	276 1,560	17 24	28 30	2	29 63	7 2
31	Saharia	Hunting and collecting	sis	174	905	426	660	-	- Tan	3	6
32	Sondhia	Jungle produce. Agriculture & dacoity	12,249	5,114	28,335	9,994	3,279	305	16	63	3
33	Teli	Oil-pressers	17,131	8,082	26,883	8,541	3,509	1,283	316	2,160	542
34	Animist	Sec. 1	39,745	22,947	89,105	22,071	8,763	193	109	559	463
35	Bhil	Agriculture & hunting	10,665	8,226	43,941	11,263	2,995	15	43	33	16
36	Bhilala		4,731	604	21,147	4,316	402	7.0	3	- 11	3
37	Saharia	(M) (M) (M)	18,349	14,117	24,017	6,492	5,366	178	63	526	447
38	Musalman	Military & dominant	33,319	7,673	57,834	9,268	255	93	9	200	2
40 41	Saiyad	" " "	15,382 3,225 14,712	3,434 686 3,553	25,927 5,623 26,284	4, 476 939 3,853	175 32 48	41 10 42	7	24 20 156	-
42	Jain'		4,462	1,082	4,726	3,853	691	67	9	267	7
43	Oswal	Trade	2,887	533	1,801	2,101	252	61	4	189	3
44 45	Porwai Anglo-Indians	: 2 =	1,575	549 15	2,925	1,224	439	6	5	78	1
46	Armenians Europeans	= =	502	11	16		***	1	111		-
_								-			-

			_	_			ALS AND VE	OF ACT			(B1 0		I.	X RE C	TATIO	C Om	
	1			EXPLO	ITATION C	DF ANIMA	LS AND VE	GETATIO	N	wil.			11. 8		EALS.	V OP	
	ome for the		Cultivator kinds		Agents Manage landed e Planters, Officers a Clerks Collector	ers of states, Forest and their Rent	Field labourers and Wood cutters, etc.		stock, M	Raisers of live- lock, Milkmen and Hunting.		d	Mana	Owners, Managers, Clerk, etc.		iber.	
Malcs.		Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Serial Number,
13		14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
										10	0.00	-III		-	elu m	lion	
			ng T		10				Type .	V-1	54	700	[2X]				1
		11 2	- 9			50	- Land	ME I			1) 3				32	42	1
	145	25		1022	112	-	173	304	86	- 9	***	222	2		100	- 113	2
14	144	113	1,662	409	27	2	176 82	195	57	4	***	***		***			3
	108	38	533 101	223 110	20	2	40	61 22	9	2 2			2				5
	14	52	147	42 34	6		18	27	2 2	***	***	***	***	11	S		7
	24	41	754	264	3	1	178	171	39	11		***	***	***	2	1	8
	16	2	4	4	1000	eu.	129	102	38	4	***	***	***		077		9
3,	,258	929	27,503	5,212	98	1	1,007	1,128	407	120	****	2000	24	1	4		10
2,	287	316 533	2,042 25,162	979 4,049	11 53		253 735	301 788	67 338	43 77	-		16	-		3	1
11	18	11 69	132 167	33 101	17	994	18	39	2	***			8	",	***	***	1
	852	209	47,568	23,070		***	13,889	13,966	1,874	460		+		990	181	319	1
	815	133	44	24#	2	3	1,920	2,073	3,964	1,028	90	***	2	1988	446	40	1
	148	45	2,009	851	2	1	358	453	76	39	-	***	7	***	40	10	1
	282	67	1,916	730	96	6	108	42	36	41	-	2444	15		1	***	1
	134	11	1,729	946	***		363	530	125	27	3	***	127	***	23	1	1
	699	46	***	1965	2	1555.	1,068	1,106	314	34	222	277	777	-	24		3
	83	38	289	88	13	377	78	114	8	4	1	***	16		8	2	1
	596	419	9.090	2,678	10	1022	2,671	2,435	765	52	***	144	***	244	92	180	10
7	.136	664	17,476	2,781	90.	12	814	819	339	68	16	200	1	-	13	8	П
	705	713 140	3,894 1,583	394 542	3	02720.0	15 231	28 236	20 65	3 26	5	I	-	77	"11	5	
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	169	139	5,771	2,227	4	-411	6,443	912	783	23	1	***	***		23	33	ш
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	Caste, Tribe or Race.	Traditional Occupation	Mani	ners, agers, rks,	other	ans and Work-	Man	Offi-	Boatn ters.	ourers , nen Car Palki- rs, etc.		RADE.	sioner	imis- i and etted	Othe	ers.
	ocrial Number		Males.	Females,	Males,	Females,	Males,	Females.	Malcs.	Females,	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,
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14	Dakshani		29		32		12		***	277	61	19	77		162	
15	Chamar	Leather worker	45	144	510	241	1995	***	240	***	101	34		222	119	19
16	Gujar	Agriculture	1	100	19	61	1	-12	103	34	199	85	6	255	147	2
17	Kalal	Distillers and Toddy drawers.	2	***	14	21	2	1	14	3	231	53	1	100	45	1
18	Kayasth Khangar	Writer Watchmen	3	***	110	74	10	2	41	Case	202	52	6		231	***
20	Wetana	Agriculture & hunting	3	**	22	41	375	***	18	3	9	11	***	20.0	1	See
21	Maratha	Military & dominant	3		20	52	4		6	322	50	***	***	1946	94	1
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30	Tonwar		3	***	6	22 14	2	***	12	2	20 16	26	***		***	***
31	Saharia	Hunting and collecting Jungle produce.	72		10	***			1	140	1	***		***		***
32	Sondhia	Agriculture & dacoity		#	1	2	***	***	10	1642	12	8	11.		19	7 ALL
33	Teli	Oil-pressers	-		29	43	-		45	51	318	132			15	100
34	Animist		***	***	53	71	17	-	87	7	93	91	î		204	1
35	Bhil	Agriculture & hunting	***	***	4	5	8	2	18	7	18	44	1		193	1
36	Bhilala Saharia		**	"	***	-	***		2	122	1	-	***	***		***
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45	Armenians Europeans		2	ï	3	777	1 .		4			***	200	-	*	***
-			- 11	2	-	200	2	2		10	-de		463 .		***	***

## Selected Castes, Tribes, or Races.—(contd.)

An		PUBLIC		VII	I. As	TS AN	D PROI	PESSIO	ons.			110		DE	XI. INS	D Occu	NTLY PATIONS	XII	UNP	Og.
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ales.	Females.	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Malcs.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Malcs.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
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100	***	2,281		2		412	110	96	16	206	92	1,319	569	445	22	819	1,129	,433	824	
29 35		198 547		***		78 128	3 16	13 48	8	25 f19	8	256	87	56 180	1	202	276	347	149	11
5 31		1,495	***	2		17 189	91	10 25	1	62	45	893 13 157	343 54 85	12 197	13	593 24	743	1,030	616 28	13
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14	***	55	***	24	4	11	2	46	6	22	6	479	185	89	100	1,182	1,400	139	208	16
1	***	44		***	1	4		20	***	23	6	155	50	54	4	359	378	31	35	17
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		37		200	***	***	1	6	3	3	1	130	21	91	2	710	960	68	27	19
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		23 24		2	***	2 2		13	12	6 2	34	104	17	17 29	172	68 97	11 106	35 11	9	28 29
-	***	21		1	2442	6	2	6	7	7	444	137	37	23		77	65	20	7	30
***	***		***	2	0.00	1	1	5	773	44	***	14	52	16	15	80	60	1	4	31
***	355 5	25	-	244		1	2	11	3	31	10	208	223	47		775	745	8	69	32
***	1000	58		1		2	***	3	13			555	228	225	27	8,820	8,980	110	307	33
111	***	22		1				3	4		222	161	22	131	22	2,727	2,798	74	242	35
***	***	13				122	-		744		-	4	3	***	2441	133	65	17	200	36
***		23		***	200	2	***	640	9	***	***	250	203	94	5	5,960	6,117	19	65	37
27	***	2,833		70	1	282	40	273	153	103	34	1,345	765	761	28	2,470	V 700 00	.416	493	38
8		1,185		40	***	99	26	122	32	46	8	640	218	355	13	1,213	718	398	136	39
10	***	390 1,258	110	29	1	120	10	104	110	16	20	492	48	95 311	14	1,121	807	217 801	63 294	40 41
4	***	37	***	15	1	27	1	25	5	232	27	193	43	92	2	34	90	71	36	42
4	***	36		12	1	14		25	5	147 85	17 10	99 94	36 7	74 18	2	19	64 26	24	11 25	43
13	***	222	3	1	***	4	10			2	***	12	144	14	1	775	100014	***		43 44
12	***	***	3	1	1	5		7	2	224	***	***				111	7.	144	***	46

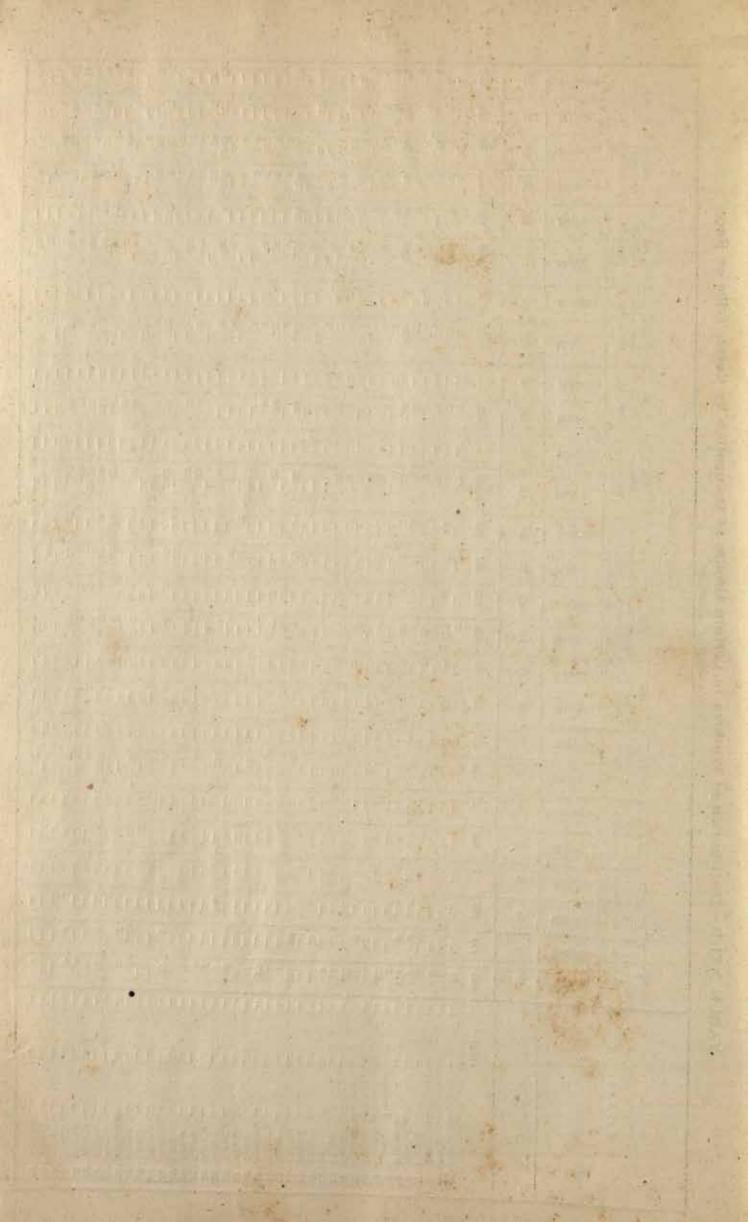
Appendix to TABLE XXI-A.-Occupation by Selected Castes, Rribes or Taces.

# Pargana Gangabur.

			1 300 0			
	Beggars,	futes, riminals and in-	jails of and and ylums.	Females.	33	
	Beg	0	E 8	Males-	32	1 110 11110111 111-11 11 1111
	Anny so	Labour- ers	fied.	Females	31	2
	ennery p	Labor		Males.	30	
9	Con- tractors,	clerks, cashiers, etc.,	wise unspeci- fied.	Males.	29	Tanta managa mang at man
ORDER).		Domestic service.		Females.	28	
1000		Domestice,		Males.	27	1 10 1a- 11 1a- 1a
(BY		Persons living on	income.	Pemales.	26	CHIEF THE THEFT
200	****			Males.	25	1 14171 11111111, 111111111111111
WORKERS	ARTS AND PRO-	SIONS	Religi-	Males.	24	
	PUBLIC ADMIN- 18TRA-	TION.	Others.	Males.	23	11 11 17 7 111 111111 20 7 7 7 7
RACTUAL	PUBLIC FORCE.		Others.	Males.	22	11111 111111 1 111111 11 111111
1 OF	3. 1116	de.	N. S. J.	Females.	12	IIIII
LION		Trade.	NE.U	Males.	20	11101 1111111 111111 000 101111
OCCUPATION	TRANS-		boatmen, carters, alki bear- ers, etc.	Females.	19	11111 11111111 1114 1114 11 111111
	H.S	1	cart cart Palki ers,	Males.	18	11121 1111 111 11111 11 11111
PRINCIPAL	1188,		THE STATE OF THE S	Pennales	17	020 11 711111 0 111111 01 101111
INCI	IN- DUSTRIES.	X	Artisans and other workmen.	Males.	191	19 111 111-111 11111 85 182 121
The second second		live-stock, milkmen and	men.	Pemales.	13	THE THE PERSON OF THE PERSON
RECORDED	Raffae	live-sto milkm and	berdsmen	Males.	14	114 - 1111 111 11111 11 111111
REC	10		, 000.	Females.	13	17 111 11177 111 111111 11 111111
		Field labourers and wood	cutters, etc.	Males.	12	11111 111 111 111 111 111111
	21.19	Cultivators of all kinds.		Pemales.	=	
		Culti all k		Males	10	" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
Number of actual	returning their raditional	as their principal means of	who had some sub- sidiary occupation.	Males.	6	NA
10000		Sub-		Males	00	-2111 1111111 17 17 11 11 11111
S WHO	E OCCUPAT S RETURNE AS THEIR.		140001100	Females.	4	1
NUMBER OF ACTUAL WORKERS WHOSE	CASTE OCCUPATION WAS RETURNED AS THEIR.	Peincinal	means of livelihood.	Males.	9	798 8
Z				Both sexes	5	- NOTE OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE
8014	DEALT WITH.	6	0) 9			000 + 0 - 1 1 4
Posta strong	EALT		Actual workers.	· Females.	San is	
8	a a		W	Males.	6	255 2 12 28 28 1 72 12 28 22 24 19 1
	ne de	Traditional	Occupanon		- 23	Trade Legend Singers. Agriculture Distillers, etc Writer Military and dominant. Military and dominant. Military and dominant.  Oil pressers Agriculture and hunting.  Military and dominant.  Trade  Trade
	4	Caste, fribe	nace.		1	HIndu—  Bavia—  Agarwal —  Agarwal —  Agarwal —  Oswal  Bhat —  Bhat —  Bhat —  Bhat —  Bhat —  Chaman—  Chaman—  Chaman—  Chaman—  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Chaman  Maratha  Maratha  Maratha  Maratha  Maratha  Maratha  Maratha  Maratha  Maratha  Rathor  Towas  Cowal  Aghal

TABLE XXI-B.-Distribution of Workers in Certain Groups of Occupation by Caste, Tribe or Race

	ars.	Pemales.	27	\$ :1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,
30	Beggars, vagrants, etc	Males-	26	8 1 1 1 8 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	ers fied.	Females.	23	8 121-8826 142 111 24+ 14- 178 12421 124 2244 14
121	187 L4bour unspeci	Males	24	8 -20-22   1 - 2 - 2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2
	1 sstic ice.	Females,	23	2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 2
	181 Domestic service.	Males	22	100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	e of ate.	Females.	21	
	Service of the State.	Males.	20	1, 100 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	ece.	Females.	19	1 11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11
	159 Police service.	Males.	18.	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	20	Females.	17	
SR.	Army service.	Males.	16	3,602 2,22 2,22 2,23 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,00 1,0
GROUP NUMBER.	oms, leaf	Ecmales.	15	2 1 1 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
ROUF	Cardamoms, betel-leaf etc., sellers.	Males-	7	\$ 1, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11,
,	s and fvege-	Females.	13	= 121:1111_21111511111111111111111111111
	Grocers and sellers of vege- table oil, etc.	-sales-	122	58 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
W. 1	ey s, etc.	Ecmales-	=	# 12 11 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
	Money lenders, etc.	Males.	01	<b>3</b> 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 3		Females.	0	
57	Carpenters, etc.	Males-	00	3 11:120 12:11:11:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:1
	82 her ers.	Ecmajos.	-	
	40 & 82 Leather workers.	Males.	0	\$ THE PERSON OF
7	ton and ing.	Females.	in.	
	27 Cotton sizing and weaving.	Males-	+	₹ 11111111111111
	tors.	Females	m	#
1 1 1	Ordinary cultivators.	Males.	74	g 78
	V II			1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
	1			# 111111111111111111111111111111111111
- 5	CASTES.		-	
	CAS	85 -	1	
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		A COLUMN TO A COLU		



## TABLE XXII.

#### Industrial Statistics.

This is identical with Table XV, Part E, of the last Census and is divided into 7 parts. Part VI is again split up into three sub-parts.

The information supplied in these Tables was collected on separate Industrial Schedules filled in by the owner or manager of each factory, mill, etc., where ten or more persons were employed.

Part VI (2) is not compiled as there is no establishment where electric power is generated on the premises.

In Central Jail, Lashkar, there are three Industries, viz., (1) cotton weaving, (2) wool weaving, and (3) furniture and so cotton weaving alone is given number—the others are left blank.

Control Counting & Processing to the State Sta	MEST TEST		ents	1000000	N.		TO SECOND		NE A	CLASSIE	CLASSIFICATION	CLASSIFICATION OF PERSONS EMPLOYED,	OF PERSONS EMPLOYED,	EMPLO	YED.				-	
Color   Colo		Classification of	mdeil	Total		DIRECTIO	N, Supp	TRVIBION	AND CE	ERICAL S	TAPP.	SKI	LLED W	ORKMEN.		UNSK	ILLED L	ABOURE	50	
The control of the	Description of Establishment,	according to the number of	( Estab	curpio	'nas	Manag	1	Supervisir Techn Staff	ng and iical f.	Clerical	Staff.	Europea Anglo-In	ns and	India	lis.	Aged I	b and	Under	14.	D
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10		(including management).	Number o	Malca-	Females.	Europeans and Anglo- Indians.		Europeans and Angle- Indians.	1 10	Europeans and Anglo- Indians.	.sueibal	,este	Ecmales.	Males,	Females.	Males.	Pemales.	Males.	Ecmales.	WE WE WE WE WE WE WE WE WE WE WE WE WE W
Using Power 33 5,566 431 5 35 3 121 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	7	65	623	+	5	9	7	89	6	10	=	12	13	14	15	16	17	000	10	96
Using Power			39	4,598	431	10	38	Par I	121		275	1	1:	3,260	122	832	202	1	2.7	2
10-20		1	33	3,656	431	94	33	6.0	103	1	203	1	1	2,451	221	10	202	10 %	6 0	
20-50 10 551 133 11 10 3 442 47 126 17 31 31 10 10 200 126 17 31 31 10 10 10 200 126 17 31 31 10 10 120 126 12			10	136	13	163	0	1110	0	I III	14		1	80	11	19	16		•	
50-100         10         541         133         1         10         3         42          47          277         73         146         54         145          150         4         34         24          150          151         151          150          151  <			4	204	55		7		15	944	15	2005	1	126	17	33	38			
100-200	The state of the s		10	541	133	1	10	m	42		44	-		277	75	146	16	2 2		
200-400   1 2400   3 24267   193   21   4   30   81   1,370   123   375   70   6    Not using Power.   8 942   1			24	368	52		64	1	4	1	25	-	ı	180	+	75	24	2		
Not using Power.  8 942   1			1	240	)iii	- Interest	-	Sale:		1000	21	:		218					1	
Not using Power. 8 942 1 5 5 18 72 899 7 25 10-20 1 1.7 1 1 1 1 2 10	1	400 and over	8	2,267	193	7	*	- "	30	1	18		11	1,570	123	575	20		#1 S	
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Three Industries (Cotton; weaving, wool weaving and furniture) are being carried in one establishment, vic. - Central Jail, Lashkar,

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		Description of Establish-	ment.	22		Gwalior State	Cotton Weaving Pactory Wool Lace, etc., Factory	Leather Factory Metal Works Workshop	Technical Works Pottery Works Oil and Soap Factory Americand Yun	Pharmacy. Farniture Factory Motor Works	4	Cotton Ginning Factory		Cotton Ginning Factory	Cotton Presses	Cotton Spinning Weaving Mills.	Flour Mills		Cotton Ginning	Cotton Ginning and Press		Cotton Ginning		Cotton Ginning
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Three Industries ( Cotton-weaving, Wool weaving and Furniture ) are being carried on in one Establishment, viz. - Central Jall, Lashkar,

TABLE XXII.-Industrial Statistics.

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TABLE XXII.—Industrial Statistics—Part IV.—Caste or Race and Birth place of Skilled Workmen classified according to their Industry and Occupation.

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Part V.-Caste or Race and Birth place of Unskilled Labourers classified according to the Industry in which they are working. TABLE XXII.-Industrial Statistics.

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1		CES.	.isnail	29	-	7	1	3	1 1	1	1	1	101	1	1
		PROVINCES	-arobnī	238	35	7	1	1	71		19.	64	6.5	23	ST .
1			Dewas.	27	20	14	. 1	. )8	1	:	*	9	10	3	13 11
		OTHER	C. P. & Berar.	18	81	1	1	排	1	1	1	p. !"	1	82	18
	ORN	IN O	Bombay.	25	*	-2		1	1	18-	64	1	1	.04	64
	BO		Baroda	24	20	-	1	1	+	1	m.	1	1	91	16
		312	Agra-	23	10	24	. 1	1		1	64	-	94	7	
		INCE.	Office Districts.	22	209	65	1	1	n	64	37	1		3	134
-		THE PROVINCE	Contiguous Dis-	21	31	31	1	10	64	1	20	1	i.	1	
(0)		IN TH	District of Enu-	20	392	86	4	0 4 12	7	15	89	16	16	278	278
-	1		Others.	10	304	126	•	- 62	31	16	73		64	176	176
			.namlasnM	18	213	7	-	1	4		37		1	168	168
			Parai.	17	0	:			1	1			111	6	9
		-	Marsiba	16	80		1	I	-	1	-	.,	m	22	20
		CE	Lohar	15	15		10	1	-	1	0		-	37	37
1		RA	Kayasth.	14	6.2	60	-		-	-		00	200		2
L		OR	Kachhl.	13	6	122	1	1	en .	. i	255	-	+	91 0	16
ı		I E	Chamar.	H	25	8 10		1	+	m			m	\$	9
1		CASTE	Brahman	=	3 11		. 1	1	m		-	1			1
		O	BPII	10		- BIII		- 101		1	12	-	1		8
			Bhate	8 9	24 84	14 21	1	4	1	0	n3 C4	4	1	9 01	01
			-sinad	7	22	-	-		-	1	-	3	+	20	20 1
1		ding it	Abir. Balai.	9	7		-	1		64	1		1	1	
-				-	00	œ				-	80	-		-	-
-	5	Children under 14.	Pemales.	10			1	III Bei	114	military.	1	11 1		*	1
SR OF	RERS.	Chill Chill	Males.	+	98	8	04 E	1	141	i di	30	1	1	1	I
UMBE	LABOURERS.	Adults.	Females.	-	146	76	64	1		21	90	1	1.,	20	02
Z	H	Vq	Malcs.	7	697	148	•	64	9	15	87	26	26	523	523
		nent.	Dell of 3		-	1	1-	1		1		- 1	1		
		Description of Establishment.		-	Gwallor State	Cotton Ginning	Amjhera	Bhind	Mandasor	Shajapur	Ujjain	. Cotton Press	Ujjain	3. Cotton Weaving	Ujain
L		De		1	0	2						ń		.0	

## TABLE XXII.-Industrial Statistics-Part VI:-Details of Power Employed.

#### 1. For Establishments using Steam, Oil, Gas, Water, etc.

DESCRIPTION .	Numbe	EMPL	STABLISH OYING	MENTS	No	MBER O	F ENGIN	28.	Tor	AL HO	SE-POWE	R.	10.00
ESTABLISHMENT.	Steam.	Oil.	Water.	Gas.	Steam.	Oil.	Water.	Gas.	Steam.	Oil.	Water.	Gas.	REMARKS
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	-14
Gwalior State	29	***	99 (	1000	29	***	200	242	2,851			1944	=
. Cotton Ginning	20	-	. teta	2000	20	0.00	>0	***	723	Y. 664	24	***	N
Cotton Ginning and Pressing.	1	***			- 1	-	9447		69			""	1151.00
. Cotton Press	4			1744	4	- 111	-	772	193				
Weaving	2	-			2	***			1,550	-			
Flour Mill	1	177.5		***	1	1255			300		-	***	1
Oil & Soap Co	1			***	_ 1	***	8441	100	16	***		-	1

## 3. For Electric Power supplied from outside.

DESCRIPTION OF ESTABLISHMENT.		Number of Establishments.	Number of Motors installed,	Total Horse-power.	REMARKS.
0 1		2	3	*	5
Gwallor State	- And	4 %	46	337:5	
Alijah Darbar Press	-	1	30	62	
Leather Factory	-	1	4.4	13	
State Workshops	1	1	9	215	
Pottery Works		1	3	27.5	

## TABLE XXII.—Industrial Statistics.

## Part VII.—Number of Looms in use in Textile Establishments.

		COTTON	WEAVING	ESTABLE	SHMENTS	WOOL V	VEAVING	ESTABLE	SHMENTS.		
DISTRICT.	2		NUMBER OF LOOMS AT WORK.			A.F	NUMBER	T WORK			
District.		Number of Establish	Worked	Worked	by hand.	Number of Establish-	Worked	Worked	by hand.	REMARKS.	
	men		by Power-	With fly shuttle.	Without fly shuttle.	ments.	by Power.	With fly shuttle-	Without fly shuttle.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Gwallor State	-	3-	796	40	7	***	100	59	-	1 2	
I. Gird	300	1	1	40	7	4		***			
Cotton Weaving	440	1	200	40	7	- 222	1222	at 3	Total .	S. H.	
Wool Weaving	1487	-	344	200	4	2001	340	59	100		
a. Ujjain	***	2	796		1982	See	-	911	T		
Weaving Mills	***	2	795	1000		***		710	15 m		

# PROVINCIAL TABLE I.

Area and Population by Parganas.

- 1. The figures shown in this Table are inclusive of Gangapur.
- The figures for Sheogarh and Abhepur have not been included in this Table as the decision regarding their transfer to the Gwalior State was received too late. They are included in the Central India figures and the necessary adjustment should be made in the next Census.

The figures are :-

The said		ble	1921					
N		Total.	Males-	Females	Both sexes.			
Sheogarh	-44	220	119	101	237			
Abbepur	****	38	25	13	38			
Total	116	258	144	114	275			

## PROVINCIAL TABLE I.

## Area and Population by Parganas.

	STATE OF THE STATE											100
		W100000	N	UMBER OF	-	1	POPULATIO	N,	2000	VARI	NTAGE OF	o. of persons per square mile in 1921.
or.	Parganas and Districts.	Area in square	4		No. of occupied		1921		1911 Both	4		squ n 19
Number.		miles.	Towns.	Villages.	houses.	Persons	Males.	Famales.	sexes.	1911 (0)	1901 to	No. of per mile
Z		U.S. C.	T.					* Billiance				N. C. B.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	.11	12	13
	Gwalior State	25.383	27	10,517	717,816	3,195,476	1,696,510	1,498,966	3,237,158	- 1:3	+ 5.3	121
	Gualior Prant	16,156	15	6,054	428,120	1.924,339	1,037,438	886.901	2,022,862	4:9	+ :3	119
	Lowlying	7,803	10	2,916	259,813	1.170.624	640,500	530,118	1.217.779	- 3.9	- 7.5	150
1	Gird District	1,712	4	742	79.870	326,466	178,371	148,095	312,339	+ 4.5	-18-9	190
	1. Gird	449	3	206	41,738	161,358	90,636	70,722	138,859	+16.2	-28.1	359
	2. Pichhor (Gird) 3. Mastura	622 420	***	552 166	15,240 12,694	67,583 53,366	36,017 28,849	31,566 24,512	73,049 54,308	- 7:5 - 1.7	- 8-5	108
	4. Bhander	221	ï	118	10,198	44,159	22,869	21,290	46,123	- 43	-13-1	126
2	Bhind District	1.721	2	862	79,333	382,633	208.765	173,868	400,564	- 4.5	- 43	222
	5. Bhind	569 368	:1	275	28,057 15,687	139,048	76,693	62,355	150,118	- 7.4	- 19	244
	6. Mehgaon 7. Lahar	397	***	203 214	19,707	74,972 89,968	40,614 48,466	34.358 41,502	73,688 96,441	+ 1.7	- 6·5 -13·5	204 226
	8. Gohad	387	1	170	15,882	78,645	42,992	35,653	80,317	- 21	+ 4.4	203
3.	Tonwarghar District.	2,004	2	751	71,433	3.36,660	186,908	149,752	379,113	-11:2	- 0-6	167
	9 Joura	452 393	1777	188 144	16,917 19,453	77,170 98,541	43,012 54,731	- 34,158 43,810	97,938 113,564	-21.2	+ 7 + 5 3	170 250
	11. Nurabad 12. Sabalgarh	627 532	1	177 242	16,387 18,676	75,759 85,190	42,907 46,258	32,852 38,932	81.678 85,933	- 7.2	- 5-1	120
4	Sheopur District	2,366	2	561	29,177	124.865	66.462	58,403	125.763	- 07	- 6:2	52
	13. Seopur	1,505	2	340	18,327	76,402	40,288	36,114	76,913	- 07	- 5:3	1700
	14. b) lipur	860	275	221	10,850	48,463	26, 174	22,289	48,850	- 0.8	- 91	50 56
	Plateau	17,259	17	7,028	430,560	1,888,332	987,019	901,313	1.893,603	- 0:2	+14-4	109
5	Narwar District	3,763	2	1,280	80.575	369,627	195,548	174,079	408,129	- 9:4	+12.0	98
	15, Shivpuri	1,564	1	445	25,141	110,780	58,674	52,106	117,202	- 5:5	+ 2.8	70
	16 Karera 17 Pichhor (Narwar)	637 554	T.	255 282	17,524 21,577	87,728 97,101	46,810 51,338	40,918 45,763	95,800 106,302	- 814 - 817	+ 359	137
6	18. Kolaras	1,008	TAKE .	298	16.333	. 74,018	38,726	35,292	88,825	-16-7	+11+0	73
6	Isagarh District	4,590	3	1,868	87,732	384,088	201.384	182,704	396,954	- 3.2	+18:3	83
- 1	19. Bajrangarh 20. Isagarh	2,059 830	2	792 324	34,754 17,565	150,895 80,021	79)254 41,511	71,641 38,510	153,089 73,637	+ 5.7	+39-7 +22-9	73 96
19.7	21. Mungaoli 22. Kumbhraj	1,057	1	377 375	18,021 17,392	81,367 71,805	42,490 38,129	38,877 33,676	87,234 82,994	- 6.7	+ 2.8 + 2.2	77 112
	Malwa Prant	10,227	12	1,153	289,696	1,271,137	659,072	612,065	1,214,296	+ 47	+74.7	124
7	Bhilsa District	1,934	1	905	48.083	247.667	130,252	117 415	196,085	+26:3	+36-9	128
	23. Bhilsa	759	4	401	22,166	123,315	64,621	58,694	88,869	+ 38-8	+34.0	162
	24. Basoda	1,175	700	504	25,917	124,352	65,631	58,721	107,216	+ 16.0	+ 38:6	105
8	Ujjain District	2,745	3	1,090	84.194	344,218	179,347	164.871	344,770	- 0.2	+11-6	125
	25. Ujjain 26. Barnagar	587 449	1	284 183	28,700 14,772	107,985	57,887 32,674	50,098 31,179	105,142 58,135	+ 2.7	+ 5.6	183 142
	27. Khachraud	490	1	212	14,177	60,100	30,854	29,246	59,475	+ 0 1	+ 1 +23-9	122
	28. Sonkach		-	411	26,545	112,280	57.932	54,348	122,018	- 3-0		92
9	Mandasor District	1,778	4	873	57,504	237,745	122,645	115,100	237,128	+ 0.3	+ 9.3	133
	29. Mandasor 30. Nahargarh	555 226	2	219 188	20,302 9,483	81,816 42,309	42,194 22,062	39,622 20,247	85,896 40,132		+119.6	187
	31. Nimach 32. Singoli	672 299	1	228 228	14,330 11,341	57 661 46,558	29,931 23,648	27,730 22,910	57,114 44,789	+ 3.9	- 28°0 + 88°4	85 155
	33. Gangapur	26	7	10	2,048	9,401	\$810	4.591	9,197	+ 2.2	+ 2.2	361
	Shajapur District	2,449	4	1.012	72,471	304,987	157.843	147,144	310.537	- 1.8	+ 8:5	124
	34. Shajapur 35. Agar	581 703	1 2	289 272	20,819	84,593 68,326	43,472 35,666	41,121 32,860	88,424 72,794	- 43	+ 8.8	145
_	36. Susner 37. Shujalpur	200	- T	211	14,446 21,435	90,074	32,201 46,504	29,593	60,990 88,329	+ 1.3	+11.4	123
	W10-	04-7227	-	573	27,443	136.520	63 985	67.535	evenem F	+ 85	+21:4	103
and the	Ambhan	1 200	-	573	27,443	136,520	68,985	67.535	TATA SERVICE OF	- 8.5	- 21-4	103
100	10 Am Prins	730	**	263	14,678	69.002	34,915	34.087			+12.3	
	38. Amjhera 39. Bakaner	10 to 20 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2	310	12,765	07,518	34,070	33,448		+ 22.8	+35-7	114
		-	-			-		-	-		-	-

## PROVINCIAL TABLE II.

Population of Parganas by Religion and Education.

OH.						Total.	Males.	Females
1.	Arya	1000	***	***	***	167	96	71
2.	Christian	***	1000	***	1000	1,650	1,058	592
3.	Jew	Harres .		1		1	1	
4.	Parsi	320			***	255	123	132
5.	Sikh				1000	661	419	242 -
		18 1		TOTAL		2,734	1,697	1,037

2. Sheogarh and Abhepur lie in the Agar Pargana of Shajapur district. Their figures are not included in this Table as the decision regarding their transfer was received too late. Their figures by religion for 1921 are:—

	Total			His	DU.	Mos	ALMAN'.	34	IN.	
	Fomb	Males	Females.	Malcs.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1. Sheogarh	220	119	101	96	84	20	15	3	2	
2. Abhepur	38	25	13	25	13	**		1969	a region	
TOTAL	258	144	114	121	97	20	15	3	2	

# PROVINCIAL Population of Parganas

	are por		100		al rais	1	A'C.	DISTRIBU	TION BY
District and	Parganas.			POPULATION	1 15	His	ion.	Musai	MAN.
	HAR		Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Gwallor State		***	3.155,476	1.696,510	1,498,966	1,496,498	1.317.460	94,969	82,448
Gualior Prant	744	144	1,924,339	1,037,438	886,901	949,164	809,086	44,763	37.515
Lowlying	364	544	1,170,624	640,506	530,118	591,902	489,201	32,003	26,401
I Gird District		694	326.466	178.371	148,095	156,422	130,249	18.611	15,023
1. Gird			161,358	90,636	70,722	72,851	36,441	16,121	5000000
2. Pichhor 3. Mastura		244	67,583 53,366	36,017 28,849	31,566 24,517	34,785	30,441	1,147	12,091
4. Bhander	27	1	44,159	22,869	21,290	26,443 22,343	22,548 20,818	822 521	514 469
II Bhind District	1400	644	382,633	208.765	173,868	199,325	165,270	5,831	5,125
5. Blind 6. Mebraon	1866	***	139,048 74,972	76,693 40,614	62,355	72,542	58,944	2,201	1,817
7. Lahar	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Comme Comme	89,968	48,466	34,358 41,502	38,680 47,193	32,673 40,269	1,089	971
8. Gohad	344	***	78,645	42,992	35,653	40,911	33.884	1,358	1,176
III Tonwarghar Dist	trict	8.00	336,660	186,908	149,752	186,461	144,642	4,982	3,988
9. Joura	745	222	77,170 98,541	43,012 54,731	34,158 43,810	41.309 53,254	32,794 42,630	1,526	1,235
11. Nurabad 12. Sahalgarh	1990	144	75,559 85,190	92,907 46,238	32,852 38,932	41,120	31,604	1,427	1.023
IV Sheopur District	3 - 1	248	124.165	65,462	100000000	44,778	37,614	1,106	1,000
13. Sheopur	10 2 6	111	76,402	40,288	58,403 36,114	55,693 32,790	48,541	2,579	1.966
14. Bijaipur	170	1444	48,463	26,174	22,289	22,903	19,376	365	299
Plateau	****		1.888,332	987,019	901.313	873,680	797,121	59.924	53,330
V Narwai District	77.	***	369,627	195.548	174.079	179,500	159,218	4,451	3.723
15. Shivpuri 16. Karera	H 140	44.	110,780 87,728	58,674 46,810	52,106	51,869	45,816	2,111	1,779
17. Pichhor 18. Kolaras	4	- 72	97,101 74,018	51,338 38,726	45.763 35,292	44,586 47,319	38,994 41,997	1,114 450	897 399
VI Isagarh District	122	777	384.088	201.384	182.704	35,726 177,762	32,411 160,667	776 8,309	7,391
19. Bajrangarh		/44	150,895	79,254	71,641	68,171	61,297		
20. Isagarh 21. Mongaoli	707	- Page -	80,021 81,367	41,511 42,490	38,510	36,798	33,996	3,342 1,678	2,971 1,511
22. Kumbhraj	***	2000	71,805	38 129	38,877 33,676	38,914 33,879	35,643 29,731	2,118	1,866
Malwa Prant		17-	1,271,137	659,072	612,065	547,334	508,374	50,206	44,933
VII Bhilsa District	144	144	247,667	130,252	117.415	119,032	107,467	6.638	5,594
23. Bhilsa 24. Basoda			123,315 124,352	64,621 65,631	58,694	58,494	53,049	3,587	3,149
VIII Ujjain District	-	1	344,218	179.347	58,721	60,538	54,413	3,031	2,445
25. Ujjain			107.985	57,887	50.098	-	144,093	17.432	15.339
26. Barnagar	144	100	63,853	32,674	31,179	47,575 27,608	41,406 26,612	2,370	7,774 2,150
27. Khachrand 28. Sonkach	244	***	112,280	30,854 57,932	29,246 54,348	27,594 53,018	26,245 49,830	2,131 3,767	1,961 3,454
IX Mandasor District		***	237,745	122,645	115,100	100,809	94.920	10.952	10,035
29. Mandasor	200	648.	81,816	42,194	39,622	33,948	31,954	4,656	4,201
30. Nahargarh 31. Nimach	1000	200	42,309 57,661	22,062	20,247	20,610 23,452	19.009	3,278	740 3,012
32. Singoli 33. Gangapur	-	244	46,558 9,401	23.648 4.810	22.910 4.591	18,690	18.078	1,917	1,825
X Shajapur District	3445		304,987	157,843	147,144	140,182	130,761	12,142	11,448
34. Shajapur	3900		84,593	43,472	41,121	37,355	35.212	3,901	3,809
35. Agar	<u> </u>	123	68,526 61,794	35,666 32,201	32,860 29,593	32,691 29,114	30,116	2,158	2.026
37. Shujalpur	***	22	90,074	46,504	43,570	41,022	26,676 38,757	1,527 4,556	1,405 4,008
Hilly	H		136,520	68.985	67,535	31,516	£ 31.138	3.042	2,717
XI Amjhera District 38. Amjhera	-	12	136,520 69,002	68,985 34,915	67.535 34,087	31,516	31,138	3.042	2,717
39. Bakaner	(999	***	67,518	34,070	33,448	9.406	9,328	1,763	1,595
Annual and	1997		97,318	34,079	33,448	9.406			

TABLE II.
by Religion and Education.

RELIGION.					MANA.		NUMBER	OF LIT	ERATE P	ERSONS.	
JA	IN:	Anim	ist.	Отя	ERS.	0-	15	15	20	20 AM D	OVER.
Malas.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males	Females.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21.125	18,269	82,221	79.752	1.697	1.037	16,726	2,569	10,523	1.226	73,918	5,917
10,295	8,753	32,525	31,123	691	424	9,459	1,413	6,038	683	41,840	J,238
5.862	4,803	10.222	9,385	517	328	7,324	1,163	4,537	551	31,392	2,725
1,313	1,081	1,670	1,503	355	240	3,119	721	2,231	381	16.509	1,877
886 82 340 5	704 76 298 3	437  1,233	350 1,153	341 3 11	236	2,352 223 264 280	566 17 21 17	1,744 153 164 170	363 8 7 3	13,153 1,083 1,075 1,197	1,753 38 48 38
3,420	2,858	37	19	151	. 86	1,859	160	1,135	83	8,204	329
1,939 845 85 551	1,587 714 69 498	  3 34	3 16	11 2 138	7	519 137 682 521	55 1 <sub>3</sub> 60 32	348 101 382 304	34 7 26 13	1,872 538 2,315 3,479	125 26 133 45
1,102	821	359	301	4	***	1,738	137	899	58	5,617	294
172 551 357 22	128 448 224 21	4 3 352	1 2 1 297	3		206 567 572 393	18 44 41 34	135 242 323 199	6 9 22 21	980 1,347 2,045 1,245	52 59 97 86
27	33	8.156	7,562	7	2	608	145	272	32	2,052	255
26 1	29	5,256 2,900	4.953 2,609	2 5	t 1	335 273	87 58	152 120	21 11	1,208 854	116 109
14.236	12,582	38,658	37,637	1,122	643	8,919	1,315	5,657	624	39,205	3,002
1,509	1.347	10,071	9,774	17	17	833	109	549	52	3,654	227
416 338 459 296	316 323 423 285	4,262 772 3,109 1,528	4,180 703 2,943 1,948	16	15 1 1	285 171 129 248	63 24 6 16	183 124 71 6171	23 12 2 15	1,234 817 591 1,012	99 49 22 57
2,924	2,603	12,232	11,964	157	79	1,302	141	952	03	5,794	336
944 684 1,165 131	852 599 1,041 111	6,652 2,346 286 2,948	6,445 2,401 327 2,791	145 5 7	76 3	375 269 445 213	48 28 53 12	256 227 313 156	23 17 38 2	1,871 1,077 1,779 1,067	121 70 113 32
10,830	9,516	49,696	48.629	1,006	613	7.267	1,156	4,485	543	32,078	2,629
1,076	847	3,453	3.471	53	41	793	105	642	60	3933	220
583 493	462 385	1,924 1,529	2,017 1,454	33 20	17 24	540 253	88 18	451 191	48 12	2,815 1,148	166 54
2,447	1,963	3,486	3,330	187	146	2,636	447	1553	211	10,836	1,083
753 730 573 391	603 525 484 351	239 1,960 545 742	211 1,885 536 698	156 6 11 14	7	1,474 498 236 428	66	919 245 127 262	133 31 16 31	6,032 1,702 955 2,147	697 161 76 151
3,980	3,776	6,219	6,011	685	358	1,826	300	1,159	111	8,618	706
1,756 333 737 906	1,664 298 676 898 240	1,829 292 1,791 2,132	* 1,799 198 1,738 2,107 169	5 3 673 3	350 2	652 234 378 491	109 19 103 61	154 274 410 262	9 43 32 19 6	987 3,085 2,201 1,967 378	29 323 22 <sub>0</sub> 125
2,300	2,046	175 3.197	3,087	22	2	1.529	212	59 802	110	6,340	428
494 %40 549 617	394 570 541 511	1,722 136 1,010 309	1,706 147 970 264	21	1	604 276 415 234	97 34 38 43	229 201 215 157	35	3,162 1,460 1,461 1,257	96 74
1,027	884	33,341	32,730	59	66	483	91	329	51	2,321	190
1,027 799 228	884 678 206	23,341 10,197 23,144	32,730 9,950 22,780	59 46 13	66 54 12	483 294 189	91 54 37	329 192 137	26	2,321 1,349 972	190 1 <sub>0</sub> 3 82

to 100 all matter as 4.5

## PROVINCIAL TABLE III.

Population Etc. of Jagirs and Feudatory Estates.

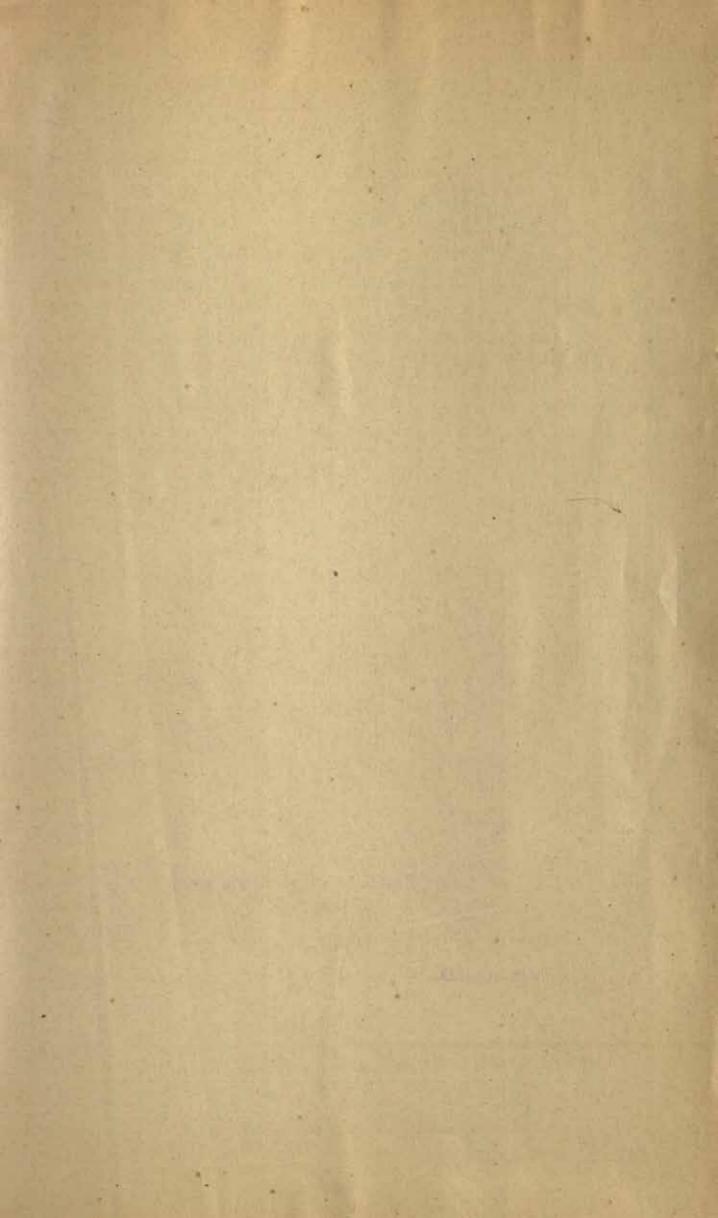
## Population of Jagirs by Districts.

NEW TO	Mary III	18.12	0-20		P	OPULATION.			
	Name of Jagir	with District			Persons.	Males.	Females.	REMARKS.	
		1		-	2	3	4	5	
Bhind Distric	t-			SI.			M. T.		
1. Lachura		***	222	***	695	374	321		
Sheopur Distr	lct_				12000				
					11000			11 7 7	
1. Baroda		***	***	344	7,574	3,974	3,600	THE REAL PROPERTY.	
2. Khatoli		-	200	:000	1,038	560	478	MARKET BAS	
3. Amalda	Balapur	***	1	-	445	214	231	,	
Narwar Distr	ict_				14.25			HOLES	
							100		
1. Pohri		-	5775	.00	43,821	23,054	20,767	- 50 mm	
Isagarh Distr	ict_				75				
Tought to Diot.	Albert !				11-12				
1. Miana		SILE	I MI	****	15,192	6,830	6,362		
2. Arone		1		-	26,408	13,940	12,468		
3. Bahadury	dr south's	ASS VARIABLE	Sugar 6	W.F	13,975	7,273	6,702		
4. Maksuda:	ngarh		***	***	13,240	6,962	6,278		
Ujjain District							100		
						3.4			
1. Berchha		<del>20</del> 7	100	777	3,761	1,980	1,781		
2. Pan Biha	r	440	***	***	4,772	2,514	2,258		
3. Neori	***	**		***	10,990	5,665	5,325		
4. Bhonrasa		-	667	***	11,908	6,162	5,746		
Mandasor Dis	trict-			413	11	MIN			
				1150	P. Total				
1. Jiran	***	444	140	***	4,694	2,394	2,300	191	
2, Bhatoli	· ~		***	222.0	1,371	714	657		
Amjhera Dist	rict—			Tr.			THE P		
The Line	FIGURE .					11			
1. Desai			***	V-61	4,480	2,273	2,207		
2. Digthan		17		***	7,901	3,947	3,954		
3. Sagor		140	-	1947	8,513	4,311	4,202		
4. Piplia	111	***	***		6,640	3,278	3,362		

## Provincial Table III.—Population Etc. of Feudatory Estates.

			**		POPUL	ATION I	N 1921.	Popul	ATION I	N 1911.	stince crease e (-)	
Name of Holding	with <b>D</b> istri	ict.	No. of villages.	Arca in square miles,	Persons.	Males.	Females.	Persons.	Males.	Females	Net variation since 1911 = 21 Increase (+) Decrease (-),	Density.
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Total	***	565	1,240'50	99,962	51,970	47,992	112,021	57,832	54,189	-12,059	81
Sheopur District-	(Kathon)	***	2	5	3,330	1,764	1,566	3,546	1,859	1,687	-216	666
Isagarh District-	in the	244	15	82	2,797	1,473	1,324	2,902	1,577	1,325	- 105	-34
Dharnaoda	100	***	33	55	4,950	2,601	2,349	5,509	2,858	2,651	- 559	90
Garha		***	77	134	10,008	5,176	4,832	12,402	6,484	5,918	-2,394	74
Khiaoda		***	8	22	1,094	574	520	1,128	592	536	-34	50
Paron	1000 1000	***	34	113	7,088	3,664	3,424	6,199	3,190	3,009	+889	63
Raghogarh	(444)	1990	131	237	18,276	9,673	8,603	22,010	11,503	10,507	-3,734	72
Sirai		400	37	114	3,019	1,596	1,423	4,907	2,648	2,259	-1,888	26
Umri			39	70	3,440	1,850	1,590	3,629	1,967	1,662	-189	49
Bhilsa District—					2001202		1000000	Locales	- COLUMN	14000		
Agra Barkhera	***	***	34	83:75	6,449	3,321	3,178	7,178	3,611	3,567	-729	77
Basoda (Nawab)	***	125	26	40	4,242	2,176	2,066	4,630	a:305	2,275	- 388	106
Pathari (Nawab)	277.	***	21	29	3,404	1,741	1.663	3,66	1,924	1,942	- 462	117
Ujjain District-		***	53	135-23	14,449	7,386	7,063	16,498	8,401	8:097	-2,049	107
Dotria	***	***	1	***	275	148	127	218	116	102	+57	
Kalukhera	200	***	4	6	971	483	488	1,112	552	560	- 141	162
Karodia		200	1	2*23	328	163	165	332	165	167	-4	164
Kheri Rajpura		146	- 1	6	244	129	115	655	346	300	-411	40
Narwar	***	***	3	16	2,005	1,013	992	1,817	938	879	+188	125
Patharia		***	1	7	465	259	206	955	485	470	-490	66
Sheogarh		****	1	-90	264	144	120	256	134	122	+8	264
Tappa (Sukaliya)		100	11	15	1,127	614	513	1,324	659	665	- 197	75
Mandasor District			1		95	57	38	85	49	36	+00	111
Shajapur District						-						
Dariakheri	***	(666)	2	6	539	270	269	534	265	269	+5	56
Dhabla Dhir		***		12	1,481	775	706	1,777	874	903	- 296	123
Dhabla Ghosi	#	444	1	6	556	284	272	590	286	304	-34	92
Dugri	***	***	1	3	104	59	45	164	78	86	-60	34
Jabri	444	544	-1	1	1.03	64	39	138	73	65	-35	103
Jabria Bhil	(444)	***	- 1	4	663	326	337	706	362	344	-43	166
Khajuri (Aladad)	***	1885	1	1	405	213	192	533	256	277	- 128	405
Lalgarh	***	*	2	8-24	1,005	548	457	938	510	428	+67	125
Piplianagar	Teac	1444	-1	2	675	370	305	836	433	403	-161	337
Sadankheri	314	(664)	1	6	215	123	92	296	167	129	-81	36
Amjhera District Bara Barkbera	346	447	7	13:15	2,738	1,349	1,389	1,729	842	887	+1,009	210
Chhota Barkhera	7444	1070	2	144	784	387	397	902	429	473	-118	***
Jamnia	***	200	3	5	1,337	679	638	862	423	439	+475	267
Kali Baori	-		1	***	331	165	166	- College	137	152	+42	
Nimkhera	***	-	1	****	706	3 53	353	569	284	7.50	+137	
	- 20					1	1		(38)			

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CATALOGUED.

"A book that is shut is but a block

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